"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and warmer today; Saturday cloudy, becoming unsettled; moderate south winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 23,057. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1921. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FRANCE IS SOUNDING HARDING ON JOINING MODIFIED LEAGUE

Unofficial Washington Accepts French Foreign Office Statement as True

BUT OFFICIALS KEEP SILENT

Overtures Probably Preliminary, With Jusserand Well Knowing the Difficulties Here.

AMERICA CAN MAKE TERMS

"Best Minds" Generally Agreed In Telling Harding No Separate League Was Possible.

PARIS, March 10 (Associated Press).—It was stated at the Foreign Office today that negotiations were under way between the French Embassy in Washington and the State Department in an effort to induce President Harding to favor acceptance of a modified League of Nations.

The French position is conciliatory, and is believed to relate to expressions by officials connected with the present Washington Administration made during the Peace Conference.

Soundings in Progress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Despite the silence of officials qualified to make an authoritative statement, there is reason to believe that the report from Paris that the French Ambassador here is endeavoring to induce President Harding to accept a modified League of Nations represents the true situation.

Secretary Hughes refrained today from authorizing any statement, but there is no denial at the State Department that M. Jusserand has begun to sound the Administration with a view to ascertaining whether it would favor conditional participation or co-operation with the League.

In French Embassy circles the Paris report was neither confirmed nor denied.

The use of the word "negotiations" in the Paris dispatch is not believed to have stated the situation correctly. It is believed that M. Jusserand has not yet gone beyond sounding the new Administration and indicating the attitude of his Government.

The French Ambassador called at the State Department Tuesday afternoon and had a long conference with Secretary Hughes. Whether he then began sounding the Administration about accepting a modified League has not been ascertained. He would not take the matter up except under instructions from his Government.

The Ambassador has been in as close touch with Republican Senate leaders in the treaty fight as it was possible for any diplomat to be. From his relations with prominent Senators, he was able to obtain the clearest inside view of the treaty situation and to report to his Government what the fate of the treaty would be.

The Ambassador has never lost contact with Republican Senate leaders, and is today well aware of their views. For this reason it is believed that, whatever he may have done in any effort to induce President Harding to accept a modified form of the League, he was acting under instructions from his Foreign Office.

France Wants Us on Any Terms.

The best information obtainable here is that the French Government is not only conciliatory but also so anxious to have the United States enter the League that it would be willing to favor our entrance with almost any reservations designed to "safeguard" American rights.

From all that can be learned the conferences which President Harding held with "best minds" has not favored the formation of a separate League or association of nations.

The understanding is that the general opinion, expressed in the "best mind" conferences was that as the League of Nations was already operating and had the support of most nations of the world, it would be impracticable to form a separate association. President Harding's attitude toward this view has not been told.

It is not believed that the President has yet reached any definite decision concerning his peace policy or that Secretary Hughes, who has been studying the problem of America's attitude toward world peace and the Versailles Treaty, is yet ready to state the attitude of the Administration toward overtures seeking to bring the United States into a modified League. It is thought that Mr. Hughes will refrain from giving more than careful consideration to any overtures by the French Government until the Administration has begun to formulate its foreign policy.

Says Overtures Fit Harding's Plans.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Today's dispatches from Paris, saying that the French Embassy here was reported to have approached the State Department on the subject of the League, were the first public intimation that negotiations regarding the League had been begun.

There was every evidence that such a move on the part of the Paris Government would fit in with President Harding's own notions of how the subject should be approached. It has been the understanding among those close to Mr. Harding that he not only has hoped for a frank expression from the other Governments concerned, but also has planned to feel about informally early

Continued on Page Three.

HAVANA—MIAMI—PALM BEACH—Train de Luxe via shortest route. No extra fare. 4:20 P. M. daily. SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY. 1184 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1378—Advt.

$25,000 Worth of Liquor Hidden in Load of Potatoes

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., March 10.—Billed as "potatoes," twenty barrels of brandy and ninety-five cases of whisky were found secreted in a carload of potatoes in the New York Central yards here today by customs officers. The shipment, valued at approximately $25,000, was consigned from Montreal to a firm in Luzerne, Pa.

BREWERS JUBILANT OVER 'MEDICAL' BEER

Ready to Supply All Physicians Require for Patients Under Ruling of Palmer.

W. H. ANDERSON SKEPTICAL

$5,000,000 Worth of Liquor Said to Have Been Taken from Newark Storage.

Leading breweries in the metropolitan district announced yesterday that they were ready to supply the legitimate trade with all of the real beer required for medicinal purposes, under a decision of former Attorney General Palmer. All that was needed to start the movement of beer to the drug stores was the issuance of permits. Brewers said that they expected these permits to be available within a few days.

All of the breweries have been making beer, but virtually all of them have been careful to reduce the alcoholic content to the requirements of the Volstead act. A few brewers have not been so careful, according to Boston prohibition enforcement agents, who said that they had been able to buy real beer in some restaurants. The bottles bore no labels and the agents were unable to trace the brewers.

"It is the most cheerful news in a business way I have heard in five years," said Colonel Jacob Ruppert. "We are ready on a moment's notice to put out real beer."

Colonel Ruppert added that he believed the ruling would stand. He said that there was a great public demand for beer, and expressed the opinion that the Anti-Saloon League would not be able to secure a modification of the ruling.

"It is a fact," he said, "that beer formerly was generally prescribed by physicians. Since prohibition went into effect I have been approached by a number of physicians who appealed to me for beer on the ground that it was absolutely necessary for the welfare of their patients. I was not in position to help them."

The property of the brewers will be made more valuable by the ruling and employment given to a large number of former workers, said Colonel Ruppert. The sale of one-half of 1 per cent. beer has been about one-third of that when real beer was legitimate. Colonel Ruppert believed that the breweries would be enabled to operate on something like the old schedules.

Dry Agent Skeptical.

Federal Prohibition Director Charles R. O'Connor said that physicians probably would be restricted in prescribing beer, although he had received no official word.

The department, Mr. O'Connor said, had adopted a regulation limiting physicians to one book of 100 blanks every ninety days. This action was taken, he said, because one physician in Chicago wrote 7,000 prescriptions for liquor, none for less than a pint, in the course of a few weeks. There are 4,500 physicians in this city who have the privilege of writing prescriptions for alcoholic liquors, the largest number since prohibition went into effect.

"The opinion," said Mr. O'Connor, "is not of such sweeping effect as might at first appear, as in thirty-nine States the laws prohibit physicians from the writing of prescriptions."

"In our judgment the late Attorney General Palmer's ruling in behalf of the brewers as medicine men," said William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, "will not bring back beer for beverage purposes as the brewers hope will be the result of this entering wedge, but will ultimately result not only in withdrawing legal sanction of the beer and wine leaks on alleged medical grounds, but also in withdrawing the permission to prescribe even alcoholic spirits for medicinal purposes.

"Since whisky and brandy have been kicked out of the United States Pharmacopoeia as medicines there is a growing sentiment that the law should not permit their being prescribed for medical use except in the form of alcohol as a part of some compound remedy which is sufficiently medicated to negative the probability of use for beverage purposes.

"The lawlessness of the liquor traffic has simply made the people of the American nation as a whole more determined to see that prohibition has a fair chance at enforcement, and if necessary they will insist that the law shall be changed on disputed points so as to remove the possibility of doubt and the danger of construction favorable to the liquor interests."

Sees Enforcement Harder.

The enforcement of the prohibition law will be made harder through the manufacture and sale of real beer, according to United States Attorney Leroy W. Ross of Brooklyn. The new ruling, Mr. Ross said, would leave a chance for leaks at the breweries, "just as up to the present time it was at the distilleries that the greatest leaks of whisky took place."

Government agents have discovered a shortage of 107,000 gallons of liquor, valued at more than $5,000,000, according to the present wholesale bootleg prices, in the Government bonded warehouse operated by Edmond J. La Brecque at 110 Front Street, Newark, it became known yesterday. It was announced in Trenton that the Federal Grand Jury had returned an indictment against La-

Continued on Page Four.

PALL MALL Rounds, round in shape—at better class shops.—Advt.

BRITISH PREMIER PREDICTS GERMANY WILL CHANGE MIND

Rebukes John Clynes, Labor Leader, for Assailing Reparations Policy of the Allies.

THEY MEAN TO BE JUST

Scouts Boycott Talk, Pointing Out Bulk of Germany's Trade Is With Entente.

SIMONS UPHELD IN BERLIN

Railroads and Mines in Newly Occupied Zone Now Under Military Control—Strikes Forbidden.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 10.—It had been intended to introduce the German Reparations bill in the Commons today, but the Prime Minister recognized that there was a general desire to discuss the situation arising out of the London conference, so the bill was put over until tomorrow and discussion was provided for on today's stage of the vote on account of the civil services.

Lord Robert Cecil opened the debate with a reminder that the business of the allied conference was not merely to decide whether Germany could pay or not. "We are bound by the Treaty of Versailles," he insisted, "and we must honor our signature." The Treaty could only be revised with the consent of all parties to it, and in his opinion the time for revision had not arrived.

A jarring note was struck by John Robert Clynes, Labor member and former Food Controller, who maintained that the attempt to obtain a settlement with Germany by force instead of by reason would tend to increase unemployment. Why had Parliament not been allowed an opportunity of expressing its opinion on the nature of the pressure to be used upon Germany? The week-end at Chequers Court had altered the whole policy of treatment of Germany by the Allies. Any step that could have been taken to effect a peaceful settlement would have been better than military measures, and he laid the responsibility for this, "the worst mistake in foreign policy," at the door of the Government.

Clynes Chided by Premier.

Mr. Lloyd George, who followed Mr. Clynes, commented that the latter's speech was an unfortunate one. "It will have no effect," said the Premier, "except to stiffen German resistance, and if it does it is no service to Germany. The best service rendered to Germany would be an appearance of complete unanimity in the enforcement of what the right honorable gentleman himself admits to be a fair and just claim.

"Is it a very extravagant demand that Germany should pay for the next two years £100,000,000 plus 10 per cent. on her exports, or £130,000,000, which is about one-fourth or one-fifth of what we are paying for our debt charges for the war and our pensions? France has to find £500,000,000 or £600,000,000 this year. She has a gigantic pension charge, for her losses were colossal. She has a population of 43,000,000 against more than 60,000,000 in Germany. She has to find £1,100,000,000, while Germany is called upon to find £130,000,000.

"Yet the League of Nations is invoked against us and we are charged with disturbing the peace of Europe. There is no sense of justification in this.

"Mr Clynes asked why we did not accept the German proposals. Even the Germans admitted when they had put forward their second proposal that their first was preposterous.

"As to the second German proposal, it was an offer providing that Silesia must vote in favor of remaining with Germany—not part of Silesia, but the whole of Silesia.

"If they did not do that," continued the Premier, "it broke that arrangement. In three weeks' time they would be back here and say, 'There is a village in Silesia that has gone over to Poland, and therefore the agreement is no good.'

"The right honorable gentleman says: 'Is this a French settlement or a British settlement'? It is neither. It is an allied settlement. It is the settlement we came to after a good deal of discussion among ourselves and very considerable investigation by experts. They were all agreed, and I think it is a perfectly fair settlement.

"He says it disturbs Europe, and that you will never restore trade as long as you get armies marching and sanctions enforced. Does that mean that you are not to enforce them? You will never get an agreement with Germany if she knows that under no condition will you enforce it.

German Opinion Not Informed.

"Supposing Germany believed the right honorable gentleman represented the view of the English people. Is there any Government in Germany that would ever come forward to propose anything? Let me take the position of the German statesmen. I do not wish to say a harsh word that will create difficulties with public opinion. They have got a public opinion which is only informed on one side of the case. They do not accept responsibility for the war. They do not accept responsibility for the devastation in France and Belgium. That is the frame of mind in which Germany is considering these claims.

"You must make it clear in their own interest that the Allies, not merely

Continued on Page Two.

TACOMA. BEST PORT TO ORIENT. Established Manufacturing Centre.—Advt.

Country's Finances Sound, Says Mellon; Cure Will Be Found for Present Depression

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, said today that the financial condition of the nation was fundamentally sound and, while he was unwilling to predict that there would be an immediate industrial and business revival, he was confident that sound and sane policies as to taxation and tariff would be evolved by the Administration which would prove helpful in providing a cure for the present depression.

There will be no radical changes in the conduct of the Treasury Department without careful thought as to the consequences. As evidence of this Mr. Mellon said he hoped the three Assistant Secretaries who served during the Wilson Administration and were reappointed by him yesterday would continue to serve for some time. They had arranged to take up other work, he added, but had consented to remain with him for a time at his request.

Mr. Mellon said he was not ready to make any announcement as to his attitude in regard to the allied obligations, revision of the revenue laws or other department problems. He had heard discussion of the adoption of a sales tax, but was not prepared to express an opinion. All of these matters, along with the tariff, Mr. Mellon added, would be taken up within a few days in conference with Chairman Penrose of the Senate Finance Committee, Chairman Fordney of the House Ways and Means Committee and other leading Republicans.

It was evidently the hope of Mr. Mellon that the problems involved in tax revision and tariff would be handled without unnecessary delay. They were so closely related, he said, that it might be possible to consider them at the same time.

In discussing what the future held in store for the country, Mr. Mellon said the situation was so complex that he hesitated about offering a prediction. It was a situation, he added, such as had never been faced by the nation in the past, because it involved world conditions rather than simply domestic problems.

The depression now being experienced by the country, Mr. Mellon said, was to a certain extent a natural development at this time of year. "The fundamentals," he added, referring to the condition of the banks, "are sound."

It is practically assured that W. P. G. Harding will remain for some time, at least, as Governor of the Federal Reserve Board. The only comment Mr. Mellon would make was that "so far as I am concerned, no change is contemplated."

FINANCIAL INQUIRY ASKED AT ALBANY

Measure, Ostensibly Aimed at "Bucket Shops," Would Cover "Wash Sales."

PASSAGE DEEMED LIKELY

Legislative Committee Could Force Testimony Regardless of Incrimination.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Senator Fred B. Pitcher of Jefferson, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Banks and one of the most conservative as well as influential members of the Republican majority in the upper house, presented to his astonished colleagues today a concurrent resolution providing for a legislative investigation of certain practices in Wall Street.

Information gained following the introduction of the measure leads to the belief that the resolution will receive the sanction of both Senate and Assembly.

While ostensibly the resolution is directed against bucket shops, operating in violation of Section 390 of the penal law, its language is broad enough to permit any committee created under it to investigate reprehensible practices conducted under more respectable auspices in the financial district.

Lawmakers who have studied the resolution said tonight that it would enable the committee to look into so-called "wash" sales, which have been prevalent during some hectic periods in Wall Street and at times when the income tax collector was due to ring the doorbell.

There are those who believe that the inspiration for the Pitcher resolution may have emanated from some highly influential Wall Street group affected by recent stock raids by "shorts."

Compels Witnesses to Testify.

The resolution charges any committee taking up the investigation with taking necessary steps to bring offenders to justice. It would confer unusual powers on the committee in that witnesses would be compelled to testify before it and produce books and documents, regardless of whether their testimony would tend to incriminate and degrade them or cause them loss or forfeiture of any right or privilege now exercised by them.

The principal enabling clause of the Pitcher resolution, defining the scope of the proposed inquiry, follows:

"Resolved (if the Assembly concur), That a joint committee of the Senate and Assembly be hereby created, to consist of five members of the Senate to be appointed by the Temporary President, and five members of the Assembly to be appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, to investigate and ascertain whether any person, copartnership, firm, association or corporation, whether acting in his, their or its own right or as an officer, agent, servant, correspondent or representative of another, has made or is making or offering to make, or is assisting in making or offering to make any contract respecting the purchase or sale, either upon credit or margin, of any securities or commodities, including all evidences of debt or property and options for the purchase thereof, shares in any corporation or association, bonds, coupons, scrip, rights, choses in action and other evidences of debt or property and options for the purchase thereof, or anything movable that is bought and sold, not intending the actual bona fide receipt or delivery of any such securities or commodities, but intending a settlement of such contract based upon the difference in such public market quotations of prices at which said securities or commodities are, or are asserted to be, bought or sold; or is conducting or has conducted or operated or is operating any 'bucket shop,' and report and disclose the facts showing the nature and extent of such operations."

The clause of the Pitcher resolution dealing with the prosecution of offenders, provides that the committee must transmit to public prosecutors in the proper jurisdiction all evidence in its possession that might be of aid in bringing them to justice. This clause reads:

"Resolved, That whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of said committee that sufficient proof of a violation or violations of Section 390 of the penal law is obtained or is available, as to justify a prosecution or prosecutions of any person, persons, copartnerships, firms, associations or corporations, then the proof thereof, together with such information as is available,

Continued on Page Seven.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION, Quick Relief.—Advt.

BOLSHEVIKI CRUSH MOSCOW UPRISING

Official British Reports Show Workers Still Threatening—Kronstadt Rebels Hold Out.

PEASANTS GREATER MENACE

Lenin Says Internal Affairs Demand Serious Consideration—800 Reds Reported Drowned.

LONDON, March 10 (Associated Press).—After ten days of conflicting reports regarding events in Russia, information received in British official circles today are believed to give something of a true picture of conditions there.

It is stated that the anti-Bolshevist risings in Moscow which were more in the nature of trade unionist strikes than military operations, have been liquidated, and that the communists are continuing their rule. The belief is expressed, however, that settlement of the trouble was by force, rather than by an amelioration of the economic difficulties, and that strikes may be expected to occur at any time with increasing seriousness.

The situation in Petrograd remains obscure, official circles limiting definite statements to the fact that Kronstadt and several fortresses on the south shore of the Gulf of Finland are holding out against the Bolsheviki.

The first information concerning the exact nature of the Kronstadt revolt is reported to have been received in Finland in a newspaper published by the Kronstadt revolutionists.

In this paper it is stated that no attempts are being made to re-establish anything approaching the Czarist régime or even to overthrow the Soviet system, but that the revolt is against what is termed the military dictatorship of Lenin and Trotzky, by which the people have been robbed of the benefits of the Russian revolution.

This newspaper disclaims the leadership of General Kozlovski and names M. Petrichenko as the leading member of the revolutionists.

It declares that the association by the Bolsheviki of the names of Czarists and such reformers as Alexander Kerensky with the revolutionists is a dodge on the part of the Bolshevist propagandists to obscure the real nature of the Kronstadt revolt and make it appear to be the work of foreigners and Czarists rather than of the Russians themselves.

The presence of Kerensky in London, which became known today, after he had been reported to be in Kronstadt leading the revolutionists, is considered in some quarters here an indication of the truthfulness of the statement of the newspaper.

The greatest importance is being attached here to Wednesday's official Bolshevist wireless dispatch admitting that communication between Moscow and Siberia had been cut off for a fortnight and indicating that the smouldering opposition of the peasants was becoming active. The belief was expressed here today that peasant uprisings would be more dangerous to the Bolshevist régime than active military opposition from an isolated fortress such as Kronstadt, where, if immediate success did not attend the mutineers, the result would be starvation and ultimate surrender, while no such success could be hoped for in a Bolshevist campaign against the rural populations.

Revolts Are Spreading.

Trustworthy news received from the interior of Russia, says a dispatch to The London Times from Reval, shows that anti-Soviet revolts are spreading throughout the country. The food situation is described as catastrophic, no food trains having reached the country from Siberia since Feb. 11. The situation is made more serious through the congestion of the transport system. On the main railway from Perm to Vologda 300 trains are being held up.

It is announced, the dispatch continues, that 40,000 Communist troops are approaching Petrograd, but that their loyalty is doubted. A Chinese regiment is reported to have been destroyed.

Heavy fighting continues in Petrograd. The Nikolavisk railway station has been bombed by airplanes from Kronstadt.

A Helsingfors message reports the anti-Soviet peasant leader Antonioff has badly defeated the Red troops in the Kursk region.

The Bolshevik General Tuchatschewski received re-inforcements from Smo-

Continued on Page Twelve.

JAMES A. STILLMAN ASKS DIVORCE; WIFE FILES COUNTER SUIT

Referee Appointed and Hearings Begun at Poughkeepsie.

$10,000 A MONTH ALIMONY

Mrs. Stillman, Who Is Daughter of Mrs. James Brown Potter, Asks $25,000 Counsel Fees.

GUARDIAN NAMED FOR CHILD

Counsel for Banker Says Net Income Last Year Was $220,000—Canadian Witnesses Called.

The marital differences between James A. Stillman, President of the National City Bank, and Mrs. Stillman, who was Miss Anne Urquhart Potter, daughter of Mrs. James Brown Potter, the actress, have culminated in an action for divorce by Mr. Stillman and a countersuit by his wife, it was learned yesterday.

The allegations made by Mr. Stillman were said to have concerned incidents at the Stillmans' Summer camp, near Three Rivers, Quebec. Although every precaution had been taken to keep both actions secret, it was learned yesterday that Justice Joseph Morschauser of Poughkeepsie had appointed Daniel J. Gleason of Poughkeepsie as referee in the action brought by Mr. Stillman, and John E. Mack of Poughkeepsie as a special guardian for Guy Stillman, the two-year-old child of the Stillmans.

An argument upon an application by counsel for Mrs. Stillman for permission to serve an amended complaint took place last Saturday before Justice Morschauser at Poughkeepsie. Application was also made for an order to compel Mr. Stillman to pay alimony of $10,000 a month and $25,000 counsel fees, pending trial. It was said that Mr. Stillman, who inherited great wealth from his father, the late James A. Stillman Sr., had been paying Mrs. Stillman at the rate of $60,000 a year.

Mr. Stillman's Income.

In opposition to the application for alimony, counsel for Mr. Stillman contended that his income, which was $800,000 last year, was reduced to a net amount of $220,000 by payment of his income tax and other taxes.

Justice Morschauser, when seen at the White Plains Court House yesterday, admitted that counsel for Mrs. Stillman had made a motion to amend the complaint in her action against her husband and had applied for counsel fees and alimony. He said that the hearing on these motions had been adjourned for a week.

DeLancey Nicoll and Cornelius J. Sullivan of New York City were said to be counsel for Mr. Stillman. Mrs. Stillman, it was said, has been represented by John B. Stanchfield of New York City and John F. Brennan of Yonkers. None of these lawyers would discuss the case in any way yesterday.

Mr. Mack, when seen at Poughkeepsie, refused to give any information concerning his appointment as guardian of the child, Guy Stillman.

"I do not admit that I am a special guardian or that I am acting in any capacity whatever," he said. "I am simply declining to talk.

Mr. Gleason could not be found at his office or home in Poughkeepsie nor at Millerton, N. Y., where he was said to have gone. It was learned, however, that he held a hearing in Mr. Stillman's action recently and that a number of French-Canadians, residents of the country around the Stillman's camp at Three Rivers, were called to testify.

At the Stillman country home at Pocantico Hills last night it was said that Mrs. Stillman had left during the day. An attempt to reach Mr. Stillman was also unsuccessful.

Mr. Stillman's Career.

Mr. Stillman, one of the youngest Presidents of the large banks in New York City, was elected Chairman of the Board of Directors of the National City Bank on April 3, 1918, two weeks after the death of his father, the late James A. Stillman Sr., who as President and Chairman of the Board of Directors had made the National City Bank one of the leading financial institutions of the world. The younger Mr. Stillman entered the employ of the bank in 1898, two years after his graduation from Harvard University.

After a year's service as a clerk, he was elected an assistant cashier, and later became a Vice President and one of the executive managers. He has been a member of the Board of Directors for half a dozen years. On June 3, 1919, he was elected President of the bank, to succeed Frank A. Vanderlip, who resigned, the Chairmanship of the board being left vacant.

Mr. Stillman, besides being President of the National City Bank, is an officer or Director of the American Alliance Insurance Company, the American International Corporation, the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company, the Discount Corporation of New York, the Fifth Avenue Safe Deposit Company, the Great American Insurance Company, the Montana Farms Corporation, the National City Company, the New York and Brownsville Improvement Company, the Queen Insurance Company, the Second National Bank, the Terminal Warehouse and the Tlahuailio Agricultnral Company.

Mr. Stillman is particularly interested in golf and yachting, and while in college was a member of the Harvard crew. He is one of the trustees of his father's estate.

Mrs. Stillman was Miss Anne Urquhart Potter, daughter of Mrs. James Brown

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Fifty Dutch Firms Combine For Baltic and Russian Trade

AMSTERDAM, March 10.—Fifty of the biggest firms in Holland combined today and founded the Netherlands-Baltic Trading Company, with the object of establishing business relations and carrying on trade with the East European countries, including Russia.

Representatives of the company are leaving Holland to establish offices in Finland, Esthonia, Lithuania and Poland and to enter into negotiations with representatives of the Russian Soviet at Berlin.

GOVERNMENT PLANS A RAILROAD INQUIRY

Cummins Will Move for an Investigation as to Needed Changes in Present Law.

HOPES TO CHECK DISPUTES

Tale of Government Ownership Scheme, With Hoover to Direct Roads, Is Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Following a conference with President Harding today, Senator Cummins, Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee and one of the authors of the Transportation act, announced that when the extra session opened he would offer a resolution for an investigation of the railroad situation by a Senate committee. The inquiry, he said, would go into the question of rates, wages and management.

Evidence will be sought from railroad executives and workers in regard to needed changes in the Transportation act and means to settle the widespread disputes between the railroads and their men, some of which are already before the Federal Labor Board at Chicago with many others to be carried there.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's announcement of its step toward reducing wages and the imminent action of other roads on the same line gives point to the proposal for a Government inquiry, which, it is believed, will be helpful in averting serious trouble between the railroads and employes.

Denial was made here today that the Administration had any intention of adopting a course which would lead to Government ownership of the railroads.

A story in the Hearst newspapers that Secretary Hoover might be named Director General of Railroads with a view to moving toward Government ownership was quickly contradicted today. Mr. Hoover said that the first he heard of it was when his attention was called to the article. He has been at no time an advocate of Government ownership.

The Government's policy, it is predicted, will be toward bringing about conditions that will help the railroads to operate successfully under private ownership and find a solution for the difficulties between employers and employes rather than taking any steps toward Government ownership.

ITALY CAN'T FIND HAVEN FOR KAROLYIS

All Consuls Reject the Hungarian Family Expelled by Giolitti's Order.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, March 10.—In pursuance of a peremptory Giolittian decree for expulsion from Italy, Count Karolyi, former President of the Hungarian Republic, has been arrested at Fiesole, together with his household. Since their arrival in November the Countess Stefania Turr, daughter of the famous Hungarian General who joined Garibaldi's army staff, has carried on a journalistic campaign against Karolyi, whose loudly trumpeted sacrifice of his lands in favor of the peasantry is alleged to have been a fraud which enabled him to pocket £6,000, whereas his estates were mortgaged well nigh to their total value.

Then during the last five weeks Karolyi and still more so his beautiful and talented consort, Countess Catherine, has been publicly accused of Bolshevist propaganda and are suspected of having distributed lavish funds to the Florentine insurgents. On the very eve of the recent rising they quitted the city and entered into possession of a lovely villa in the above named suburb leased to them by the notorious Communist Councilor Dr. Gino Frascani. Notwithstanding Karolyi's wail about his straitened circumstances, the police search disclosed about $5,000 in cash, $40,000 worth of jewelry, also a mysterious pile of envelopes, each containing a 100-franc note.

Karolyi, who pleaded he had come to Italy in quest of a job, and his private secretary, Dr. Faxechas, who is said to have been Bela Kun's confidential agent, were both placed in irons. After a preliminary fit of sobbing, Countess Karolyi comforted herself with cigarettes. She and a Socialist governess in company with the three children were gently driven forth from their paradise of pleasure by flaming uniformed Carabinieri and deposited in a separate wagon for conveyance to Police Headquarters.

But whither this sorry septet is to be sent is still in doubt. Every foreign Consul applied to has bluntly refused to visé their passports in their dilemma. The Italian authorities are conducting the whole party provisionally to Tarvis, as they must be got rid of somehow. It is thought they may have to be dropped down over the Czechoslovak frontier by airplane.

ROME, March 10.—Count Michael Karolyi, former President of the Hungarian National Council, who was recently expelled to Austria by the Italian authorities because of his connection with communists, was suddenly returned to the Italian police office in Tarvis, near the Italo-Austrian frontier, today by four Austrian gendarmes with the statement that the Austrian Government refused to allow him to reside in Austria.

Count Karolyi asked to be sent to Czechoslovakia, but the latter country has also declined to receive him. He then asked to be sent to Fiume or Switzerland, but the authorities declared Fiume to be out of the question.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND WESTERN ROADS WILL REDUCE WAGES

Sweeping Cut by Central, Effective April 16, to Affect 43,000 Employes.

85 LABOR CLASSES INVOLVED

Average Cut to Be 22½ Per Cent., and Is Expected to Save Over $600,000,000.

FREIGHT RATE CUT LIKELY

New Haven, Reading, and Delaware & Lackawanna Also to Make Reductions.

The New York Central Railroad yesterday announced a sweeping wage reduction, to become operative on April 16, which will affect 43,000 employes on the lines between New York and Chicago. The New York, New Haven & Hartford followed with the statement that wages on its lines were to be revised downward after April 15, and the Long Island Railroad proposed a reduction to certain of its employes, but it was asserted that no agreement had been reached.

Wage reduction proposals affecting other thousands of men also were officially announced by practically every Western railway with headquarters in Chicago, among them being the Santa Fé, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago, Great Western, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and the Chicago & Northwestern.

The announcements of wage reductions, following similar action by the Pennsylvania, the Erie, and Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic, and proposals for wage conferences on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western and the Lehigh Valley constituted another step in the endeavor of the railroads to lop $650,000,000 off their payrolls. This is the amount saddled upon the carriers by the wage award of July 20 last year.

In all 69,000 New York Central employes are facing a wage reduction, the decision as to 26,000 unskilled employes having been announced several days ago. The total of New Haven employes who will be called upon to accept wage cuts, said to average 40 per cent., is 23,000, 17,000 being affected by the order put out yesterday and 6,000 unskilled workers being affected by an order issued some time ago. This brings the total of employes on the two roads affected by the wage decision up to 89,000.

Reductions Estimated at $26,000,000.

It was unofficially estimated that the cut in wages on the New Haven and the New York Central would amount to about 22½ per cent. There was no definite announcement on this point, however. The opinion was expressed that the reductions would aggregate from $26,000,000 to $30,000,000 a year. This was based on the popular belief that the increase of last July was equivalent to a dollar a day for each man employed. The decrease in the payroll in the case of the New York Central alone, it was believed, would approximate $20,000,000.

The New York Central statement says "this move is on behalf of the rate-paying public and of general industry just as much as of the railroad." An intimation that lower rates will follow a reduction in wages is clearly indicated in the statement, which says that the railroad "now proposes to eliminate the gross evils which have been imposed upon it through the unprecedented events of the last few years and to get back to the management that is in harmony with correct business practices on behalf of giving the traveling and shipping public the utmost of good railroad service at the lowest possible price."

It was believed that the action of the New York Central Company would be followed by wage reductions affecting the entire system known as the New York Central Lines. In such a case, the revision of pay would affect 174,000 employes, including, in addition to the New York Central Railroad, those of the Boston & Albany, Michigan Central, Big Four, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, Lake Erie & Western Ohio Central, Zanesville & Western, Kanawha & Michigan, Kanawha & West Virginia and the Indian Harbor Belt Railroads.

Men Affected by Reductions.

The men affected by the new York Central announcement are:

Clerks, train and engineer crew callers, train announcers, gatemen, baggage and parcel room employes, elevator and telephone switchboard operators, employes engaged in assorting way bills and tickets, operating appliances and machines for perforating, addressing envelopes, numbering claims and other papers, gathering and distributing mail, adjusting dictaphone cylinders and other similar work; office boys, messenger boys, chore boys and other employes filling similar positions, station attendants, building, bridge, painter, construction, mason and concrete, water supply and plumber foremen; pile drivers, ditching and hoisting engineers, bridge inspectors, section, track and maintenance foremen and assistant foremen; mechanics in the maintenance of way and bridge and building departments, mechanics' helpers in the same departments, drawbridge tenders and assistants, pile driver, ditching and hoisting firemen, pumper engineers and pumpers, foremen and assistant foremen in the locomotive and car departments, machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, sheet metal workers, electrical workers, carmen, molders, cupola tenders and coremakers, together with regular helper apprentices and helpers for such mechanics; stationary engineers, stationary firemen and engine room oilers, boiler room water tenders, signal foremen, assistant signal foremen and signal inspectors, leading signal maintainers, signal gang foremen and leading signalmen, signal-

men, assistant signalmen, signal maintainers and assistant signal maintainers and signal department helpers.

Would Accept Nominal Reduction.

William Parker, General Manager of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, said he feared he would have to submit to a nominal decrease in wages for his men, but he would fight against any drastic cut. The heads of the railway labor organizations felt, he said, that they could not accept a reduction of wages until a decision had been given out by the Labor Board in Chicago. If this body agreed to allow the reduction, he would have to abide by its decision, he declared.

It was stated by railroad managers that while the cuts so far announced did not embrace all classes of railroad labor it would not be long before representatives of the four big railroad brotherhoods would be asked to meet them to consider a reduction in the wages now paid to engineers, firemen, conductors and trainmen and telegraphers. The economy campaign will be even more searching and in the case of many of the companies eventually will result in salary cuts for executives even up to the Presidents themselves, it is asserted.

Some of the companies have already started new working schedules, and many of the subordinate executive positions created under Federal control and in the busy period just before the roads were taken over by the President in 1917 have been abolished. Demotions have been frequent and general, and will continue until the companies are on an entirely new efficiency basis, with each employe performing maximum duties, as nearly as such a situation may be brought about.

Crowley Issues Statement.

The formal statement issued by P. E. Crowley, Vice President of the New York Central Railroad Company, after enumerating the classes of employes affected by the wage revision, said:

"Since the effective date of the rates now paid, there has been a marked change in conditions and these changed conditions justify and require reduction in existing rates.

"This is to notify the above mentioned employes and subordinate officials that effective April 16, 1921, the rates of pay will be revised. In the meantime, it is desired to have a conference with the duly accredited representatives of the employes and subordinate officials concerned for the purpose of arriving at an agreement on the proposed changes.

"The head of your respective departments will advise you later as to the date and place selected for the conference to which you are invited to send proper representatives."

The statement was posted on all employe bulletin boards and was addressed to the eighty-five classes affected, ranging from office boys to foremen and assistant foremen in the track and maintenance departments.

Of the eight-five classifications covered in the new notice, the shop employes, including machinists and similar craftsmen in both the locomotive and car departments, are numerically the greatest under normal conditions, although these employes have been idle for some time through a general shutdown of the New York Central shops at various points on the system.

Explanatory Statement Issued.

Accompanying the formal statement to the men the company issued the following explanatory statement:

"This move is on behalf of the rate-paying public and of general industry as much as of the railroad.

"The wage rates imposed upon the railroads by war-time Government operation, aside from the absurd restrictions, inequalities and abuses brought about by the national agreements, are entirely out of line with the standards of today in all other branches of industry. The railroads have been compelled by law to maintain artificial standards and unbusinesslike practices in the management of their forces. The Transportation act, however, expressly provides that the railroads shall be economically managed, so this action is in strict conformity with the letter and the spirit of the law.

"The New York Central Railroad, throughout the years preceding Federal control, successfully maintained harmonious and satisfactory relations with a loyal and efficient force of high-class workers in all branches of the railroad organization. It now proposes to eliminate the gross evils which have been imposed upon it through the unprecedented events of the last few years, and to get back to management that is in harmony with correct business practices, on behalf of giving the traveling and shipping public the utmost of good railroad service at the lowest possible price.

"Chief among the evils which the public rightfully should demand to be eliminated is wage waste, involving the payment of vast sums for services not rendered and a loss of normal efficiency amounting in many departments to upward of 50 per cent. The public is entitled when it pays a dollar to receive a dollar's worth of service from a railroad the same as from any other business institution.

"Grotesque Injustices" Produced.

"Artificial and unwarranted high wage scales upon the railroads are detrimental to industry generally, as well as a direct burden upon the railroads themselves which the public must pay in high rates, with the more serious alternative of the suffering of the nation for breakdown of the transportation machine, upon which the prosperity of our whole population depends.

"On behalf of the public, the railroads are combating the so-called national agreements and rules which have produced grotesque injustices and almost insurmountable handicaps to efficient management, before the Labor Board, now sitting in Chicago. Before this tribunal the railroads are presenting volumes of evidence upon this subject and a decision will be reached in due time.

"The Transportation act and the rulings of the Labor Board provide that the railroad managements shall confer with their own employes in advance of any revision of wages in an effort to arrive at agreement. The New York Central is conforming strictly to these rulings and the first of these conferences, covering its unskilled labor, was held last Tuesday, with further similar meetings to be held as the task of rehabilitation of the working personnel proceeds.

"It is a noteworthy fact that up to date the representatives of labor have entered no denial whatever to the statement frankly presented to them by the managers that existing railroad wages are decidedly out of line with those prevailing in other industries. The New York Central has in progress a comprehensive study of the going rates of compensation being paid for all branches of the labor which it requires, so that its position with respect to fair treatment of its valued employes and essential business prudence may be correct and entirely justifiable."

Present Rates of Wages.

The existing minimum rates of wages for the leading classes affected by the New York Central notification, with some variations in several instances, follow:

Present hourly rates for a portion of the classes covered by circular of New York Central Railroad of March 9, 1921:

Class.	Regular Hourly Rates.	Hourly Overtime Hol. & Sun. Rates.	Hourly Rates.
Clerks	$.56-$1.11	$.84-$1.67	†.56-$1.11
Maint. of way mechanics	.68-.925 Minimum.	1.02-1.38½ Minimum.	†.68-.925 Minimum.
*Machinists	.85	$1.275	$1.275
*Boilermakers.	.85	1.275	1.275
*Blacksmiths.	.85	1.275	1.275
*Sheet metal workers	.85	1.275	1.275
*Elec. workers	.85	1.275	1.275
*Molders	.85	1.275	1.275
*Cupola tenders	.85	1.275	1.275
*Coremakers.	.85	1.275	1.275
*Carmen	.80	1.20	1.20
Linemen	.81	1.215	1.215
Signal depart. mechanics	.85	1.275	1.275

*Where required to work in excess of one hour overtime, entitled to a minimum additional allowance of five hours at regular hourly rate.

†Minimum of two hours at overtime rate for any Sunday or holiday service.

The eight-hour day prevails in all branches of railroad work with time and a half for overtime.

New Haven Statement Like N. Y. C.

The formal statement issued by the New Haven Company and the Central New England Railway Company jointly closely followed the sense of the New York Central announcement, with the exception that it included all other employes who received wage increases under the July 20, 1920, award. It will affect 17,000 men.

It was addressed "to the classes of employes whose rates of pay were increased in accordance with the designated articles and sections of Decision No. 2 of the United States Railroad Labor Board dated July 20, as follows:

Certain classes were then enumerated and the statement concluded:

"All other classes of employes in any department whose rates of pay were adjusted under any of the above mentioned articles and sections of Decision No. 2 of the United States Railroad Labor Board, effective May 1, 1920.

"This is to notify the above mentioned employes that we desire to have conference with the proper representatives of the employes concerned for the purpose of discussing and reaching an agreement as to revision in rates of pay which will become effective as of April 15, 1921.

"There have been marked changes in conditions since the effective date of the rates now paid, and these changed conditions justify and require reductions in the existing rates.

"Notices designating date of conference with accredited representatives of the respective classes will be issued later by the management."

It also was posted on all employe bulletin boards on the New Haven system and was issued by E. G. Buckland, Vice President and General Counsel, C. L. Bardo and other officials, but was unaccompanied by an explanatory statement.

Officials of the New Haven will confer with its unskilled employes in New Haven today. The road will propose that its men accept a cut of 40 per cent. according to advices from that city last night. About 5,000 men would be affected by the proposed decrease.

President E. J. Pearson of the road was quoted as saying that he hoped the wage situation might be adjusted without disturbance. He said the condition of manufacturing and mercantile business was such that the railroads had been compelled to reopen the wage question.

Freight and Passenger Cuts Seen.

A 22½ per cent. average cut in the wages of all of the employes affected by the contemplated cuts will allow, according to some railroad executives, for an almost immediate decrease in freight and passenger rates. The high rates now prevailing, they say, have checked business in many instances, and while no definite public promises have been made, it is understood that the majority of the operators would favor reductions if the wage reductions are effected.

Statistics presented by the United States Railroad Labor Board in Chicago when it announced the July 20, 1920, award for all rail workers show in detail what the cuts contemplated by the roads will be.

The following compilation shows at a glance what increases for representative classes at that time were. It shows, in addition, the number of employes on the payrolls as of that date:

	Number.	Av. Daily Rate. Jan., 1920.	Av. Daily Rate. July 20, 1920.
Clerks (1 year or more)	170,117	$4.21	$5.25
Train announcers, gatemen, &c.	11,756	3.05	4.09
Watchmen, janitors, &c.	10,015	2.57	2.97
Section men	275,352	3.02	3.70
Drawbridge oper...	1,610	3.24	3.92
Boilermakers	16,018	5.85	6.80
Carmen	147,782	5.44	6.48
Helpers (all crafts)	111,038	3.96	5.00

1,828,772 Men Got Increases.

The statistics presented by the Railroad Labor Board showed in addition that the total number of employes affected by the increases was 1,828,772. As the result of the big jump in the volume of freight offered to the carriers after the decision had been announced additional employes were taken on, and the aggregate yearly increase was considerably in excess of the $558,-180,155 which was announced by the board.

Since then many men have been laid off, and while the saving to be effected by the contemplated wage cuts will not be as great as might be expected it will have a more searching effect, inasmuch as expense of operation has materially declined in recent months.

After the conference between representatives of unskilled labor and officials of the Long Island Railroad yesterday, U. R. Savage, General Superintendent, said:

"In accordance with the terms of the Railroad Transportation act, a conference was held today between officials of the Long Island Railroad and employes working under the classification of common laborers.

"At this meeting it was proposed that the hourly rate of pay of common laborers be reduced from 48½ cents per hour, with the maintenance of such differentials as are now in existence between various grades of employes.

"As no agreement was reached on this proposition the subject will be presented as early as possible to the United States Railroad Wage Board for review and decision."

LARGE WESTERN ROADS MOVE FOR WAGE CUTS

St. Paul, Northwestern, Santa Fe and Rock Island Take Steps to Confer With Employes.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Proposals for wage reductions, affecting thousands of employes, were announced today by virtually every railroad in the Western territory, among them the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, the Chicago Great Western, the Santa Fé and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

The roads will first hold meetings with their employes in an effort to reach agreements regarding a reduction in wages. If the roads and workers are unable to reach agreements, the disputes, it is announced, will be allowed to go before the Railroad Labor Board.

"Wages must come down," said A. G. Wells, Vice President of the Santa Fé system. "Everybody knows that. We will in a few days, as a start in a general readjustment, ask representatives of maintenance of way and shop workers, especially the unskilled workers, to come to Chicago and agree to a more seemly wage scale."

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and the Chicago & Northwestern likewise notified its maintenance of way employes to meet here March 18 and 21, respectively, for a discussion of wage readjustments.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 10.—A conference to discuss the proposed wage reduction for unskilled crafts on the Boston & Albany Railroad, effective April 4, was held by railroad officials today with representatives of 900 workmen on this part of the system.

RUTLAND, Vt., March 10.—Unskilled employes of the Rutland Railroad met here tonight, preliminary to their representatives' conference tomorrow with the road's officials concerning a wage cut. It is understood that the men's representatives were instructed not to accept a reduction.

OMAHA, March 10.—A conference between W. M. Jeffers, General Manager of the Union Pacific, and representatives of maintenance of way employes of the road, on the question of reducing the wages of unskilled labor, was held here today.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 10.—Officials of the Ontario & Western Railroad will confer here tomorrow with representatives of 400 unskilled laborers, throughout the system in regard to a cut in wages. The men are disposed to fight the proposed reduction.

READING BEGINS ACTION.

Pennsylvania to Take Up Problem With Separate Crafts.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Announcement was made today at the offices of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad that a meeting of representatives of unskilled labor with General Manager Frederick M. Falck would take place Tuesday, "to discuss the necessity of making reductions in the existing rates of pay." About 35,000 men are employed by the road. Fewer than 5,000 of these are unskilled labor.

Executives of the Pennsylvania Railroad plunged today into the task of working out the reduction in wages ordered yesterday by the Board of Directors. The task may require a month. After that another month will elapse in most cases before the reductions can go into effect.

The railroad officials will deal separately with each craft with which they have agreements. If a craft agrees to the reduction appeals to the Railway Labor Board will not be necessary.

A report of payroll figures of the Pennsylvania for December was completed today. At that time the railroad employed 270,354 persons. Since then the force has been cut to about 210,000 employes.

The December payroll totaled 43,-418,000. Of that amount $889,000 or about 2.05 per cent. was paid to 2,426 employes classified as officials. The average monthly pay for officials was thus about $370.

The largest item on the list was for the pay of 58,103 clerks, who received $5,660,666. Other items were 10,122 road freight brakemen and flagmen, $1,872,-349; 5,142 road freight engineers and motormen, $1,383,250; 5,492 road freight firemen and helpers, $1,053,409; 3,372 road freight conductors, $790,573; 1,771 road passenger engineers and motormen, $454,194; 1,711 road passenger firemen and helpers, $331,601; 1,381 road passenger conductors, $348,907.

Harry S. Jeffrey, who represents seven crafts of workers affiliated with the Federation of Labor, threatened today to fight wage reductions to the bitter end. He said it was possible that a strike would be resorted to if the Railroad Labor Board turned down the protests which the men intended to make.

C. E. Musser and H. E. Core, officials of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, were in Pittsburgh today attending the monthly meeting of the joint reviewing committee, composed of representatives of the workers and the management of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

RAILROAD SHARES DECLINE.

Speculators Use Wage Situation to Hammer Down Prices.

Speculators took advantage of the railroad wage situation yesterday to make further attacks on railroad shares in the stock market. There was a disposition on the part of such operators to read into the action of the railroads the possible foundation for labor difficulties, and in applying pressure against the stocks of the carriers, which were in some cases sharply depressed, the entire list became weak.

It was reported from many quarters that liquidation of long stock was almost entirely absent, actual holders of railroad shares apparently feeling that there was good reason to believe the wage reductions would bring a lowering of notes and a consequent improvement in business, which, it is admitted by many, has suffered because of high freight charges.

The volume of business in railroad issues was unusually large in proportion to that of previous market sessions, and while it was admitted in brokerage circles that there was some real liquidation on the part of investors it was stated that the greater part of the selling came from speculative interests. Declines in the high-grade railroad stocks ranged from 1 to 2 points, such losses being common in such issues as Northern Pacific, Great Northern preferred, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Lehigh Valley. The stocks of the weaker roads also suffered sharply.

St. Paul declined to a new low record for this year and ended the day only two points above the low record for 1920. The preferred stock sold down to 36, the lowest at which that stock has sold in more than a score of years.

Industrial issues declined in sympathy with the railroad list. Steel, oil and copper issues were affected particularly, although the entire list was unsettled. Steel common lost two points, selling down to 79¾, a new low record for the year. Republic Iron and Steel was weak at 64½ and Crucible Steel at 90¾.

Copper stocks declined sharply, but these reflected conditions in that industry.

MORE PLANTS CUT WAGES.

Two in Massachusetts Make Reductions Up to 20 Per Cent.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 10.—The H. H. Brown Shoe Company of Brookfield announced today that a reduction of 20 per cent. in the pay of all employes will become effective March 14.

HOLYOKE, Mass., March 10.—Wage reductions amounting to between 10 and 18 per cent. were announced today by the American Writing Paper Company in notices posted in its mills in this city today. The reductions take effect next Monday. Several thousand employes in the mills here are affected.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, March 10.—Reduction of 13½ per cent. in wages of union sheet mill workers and of 7 per cent. in those of the workers outside made today at the bi-monthly settlement between manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association. This reduction is in addition to one of 9½ per cent. made two months ago. The settlement today was based on January and February sales and will be in effect until May 1.

ALBANY, March 10.—A wage reduction of 25 per cent., effective May 1, was announced by the Albany Builders' Exchange in notices sent to all employes today. The exchange comprises virtually all local contractors engaged in construction work.

ENDORSES 44-HOUR WEEK.

International Printing Trades Council Leaves Wage Issue to Unions.

MONTREAL, March 10.—Action of the Printers' Industrial Conference yesterday in declaring for the forty-four-hour week was followed today by announcement that the International Joint Conference Council of the Printing Trades, also in convention here, had gone on record for the short-hour work week.

The Council, which represents the majority of the printers' unions in the United States, decided that it had no jurisdiction on the question of wages, and left this matter up to the various local unions for adjustment.

SHIPYARD LAYS OFF 400.

Bethlehem Plant in Delaware May Cut Force of 2,000 to 400.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 10.—Between 400 and 500 men will be laid off in the next few days by the Harlen plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, it was announced here today. Beginning tomorrow, about 100 will be laid off daily until next Tuesday. Every class of worker is affected.

It was announced that unless new contracts are secured, the normal strength of 2,000 will be cut to a skeleton force of 400 by April 1. Most of these will be carried on the payroll as overhead. With the launching of the E. W. Sinclair, a 6,900-ton tanker, March 26, the five ways will be empty.

MASTER OF HARDING HOUNDS

Negro Gets Charge of "Pack" of One —Bulldog to Join It Soon.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The post of master of hounds has been created, unofficially, at the White House, and William X. Jackson, negro messenger at the Executive Mansion since President Roosevelt's time, deputized to the job.

"Laddie Boy," the President's Airedale, now constitutes the "pack," but and English bull pup is to join it as soon as it is old enough to begin its public career. The pup was born March 4 and will be presented to Mr. Harding.

PACKERS' EMPLOYES TO TAKE STRIKE VOTE

Omaha Conference Decides for Immediate Action—May Also Try to Enjoin "Big Five."

APPEAL REACHES HARDING

Request for His Intervention Goes to Labor Department as Matter of Routine.

OMAHA, Neb., March 10.—The appeal by the conference of the Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen's Association to President Harding to try to prevent wage reductions and changes in working hours from going into effect Monday has been taken up by Mr. Harding with the Department of Justice and the Department of Labor, according to information received by telephone today from Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor at Washington.

The conference authorized the Executive Committe of the union to arrange immediately for a strike vote. The strike ballots will be mailed immediately from Chicago and the final result is expected to be known by Wednesday. The Executive Board has authority to call and conduct a strike if a referendum vote authorizes it, and to arrange the details of any settlement. All locals are warned to refrain from striking or taking other action, pending issuance of a general order.

In his telephone conversation from Washington with Dennis Lane, Secretary of the union here, Mr. Morrison said that a call had been issued to all allied unions in the packing industry for a conference in Chicago Wednesday. This meeting will outline a program for concerted action, if a strike is called against the wage cut approximating 12½ per cent.

The conference of packing house workers spent much of today considering the matter of seeking from the Federal court in Chicago an injunction to restrain the packers from reducing wages or readjusting working hours. This might be done if the appeal to President Harding to use his influence to prevent the changes did not bring desired results, said Redmond S. Brennan of Kansas City, general counsel for the employes.

"If the packers do not make some move to suspend the wage and hour changes or agree to arbitration, we plan to take the matter to the courts," Mr. Brennan stated. "If our petition for an injunction is turned down, we probably will ask that the packers be placed in the hands of a receiver. The packers have violated their contract with the employes and we are taking every step to prevent such unfair treatment."

Mr. Brennan declared that the decisions of Judge Samuel Alschuler, who arbitrated the packing house war-time agreement, were still in effect by consent. Abrogation of these agreements, as proposed by the packers, constitutes a violation of this contract, according to Mr. Brennan, and injunction proceedings would be taken to prevent any such violation.

Mr. Brennan, who arrived today from Washington, said he went over the whole situation Tuesday with the new Secretary of Labor, James J. Davis.

Mr. Brennan outlined to the delegates a talk he had with ex-Secretary Wilson before the latter went out of office, and told of his endeavor to have Mr. Wilson interpret the bachelor agreement. Mr. Brennan said that Mr. Wilson had ruled that the agreement had not expired.

Mr. Brennan also said that had the employes violated such an agreement, the employers would have resorted to court action and declared that the same equity rights existed for the employes.

Memorandum Left for Harding.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The position of the packers' employes as regards the wage reductions announced by the packers was embodied in a memorandum left at the White House late today by Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor. President Harding was receiving members of the diplomatic corps and Mr. Morrison left the memorandum with Mr. Harding's Secretary.

The President received earlier in the day a telegraphic appeal from packing house employes, represented in the meat cutters' and butchers' unions, who asked that he prevent the wage reductions and changed working conditions becoming effective Monday as proposed by their employers. The telegram was referred to the Department of Labor as a matter of routine.

Say Meat Supply Will Keep Up.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Assurance was given by the packers today that the nation's meat supply would not be interrupted, regardless of any action that might be taken by the unions on the recently announced reduction of wages and readjustment of working hours.

"Despite the strike threats being made by the agents of the union we do not expect any trouble that will interfere with the nation's meat supply," said a statement issued by Armour & Co. "A survey of the packing plants indicates that the individual employes understand the situation and do not want to be forced to idleness or to be asked to go on strikke. The union leaders who are talking strike do not represent 25 per cent. of the packing plants' employes.

"The nation is engaged in an effort to get back to normal, which is the main means reduction of prices. Those who are talking strike in order to uphold inflated war-time wages are obstructing the nation's return to normal. We stand with the public in the fight against war prices in times of peace."

The Live Stock Exchange issued a statement urging restricted shipments of all live stock, effective Monday. It was sent out because of what was termed "unsettled labor conditions in packing houses."

GOMPERS DEPLORES 'HARD WAGE BARGAIN'

Warns Enemies of 'Rational Labor Unionism' in a Speech at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 10.—Samuel Gompers tonight voiced organized labor's opposition to wage reductions and the open shop movement.

Addressing the student Liberal Club at Harvard University, the President of the American Federation of Labor warned the "enemies of national labor unionism" against driving too hard the bargain of wage revision. He said that labor regarded aspiration as a guarantee under the Constitution, and interpreted that in terms of "we want more." Asserting that the open shop was simply a subterfuge to close shops against labor unionists, he declared that the men of labor, having fought to protect the country and themselves against a political autocracy, were not now going to submit to an industrial autocracy.

In conclusion he said that the time was done to try men's souls and "what with the cutting of wages and profiteering still going on, the pirates of finance and of business have much to answer for."

"I have lived to see many industrial depressions and panics, so-called," said Mr. Gompers. "I have seen the pendulum swing both ways, through depressions and revivals as well. I want to say in all earnestness that it will not do, it bodes no good, for the enemies of bona fide national labor unionism of America to drive the bargain too hard.

"The men of labor are in earnest in this movement of ours. They are determined to see to it that as a result of their labor and services they are going to be regarded as sovereign citizens and obtain their guaranteed rights.

"It is of considerable interest," Mr. Gompers said in discussing the open shop movement, "to find employers, or many of them, organized in associations and spending large sums for the purpose of protecting employes in their freedom. History demonstrates no such case of master for his slave. I submit for your thought whether the National Association of Manufacturers, the National Erectors' Association, the Chambers of Commerce which have launched the campaign, conducting it with advertising, page after page against the closed shop, are seeking to protect employes in their right not to join a union.

"The fact of the matter is that there are still living among employers typical old Bourbons, those who forget nothing because they have learned nothing. There are some of these who still hold the hope that the time is coming when there will be re-established a condition of serfdom among the great mass of toilers of the land.

"The time when the worker was represented as a man with a hoe, bent back and receding forehead has passed, and the hostile employers should know that America's employes now stand erect demanding justice, and they will be satisfied with nothing but justice. Certain inalienable rights are guaranteed them by the Constitution. Aspiration is one of these that comes under the 'pursuit of happiness,' aspiration for something more and something better. We want more. I wonder if there is any hostile employer who does not want more? If I understand the strength of the labor movement aright, it wants more and more until the full measure of justice is received for its services."

The labor leader turned to a discussion of strikes, saying that, like the poor, they are always with us, and continued:

"The effort now being made by some to make strikes per se unlawful will fail. To make the cessation of work a crime will react on the authors of such a proposition and do more to shake the faith of the people in the freedom of our institutions than aught else."

He reviewed what he said had been the struggle of workers through the centuries against compulsory labor, declaring that it had cost millions of lives and millions in money in our own Civil War, and added:

"Now come men who want to drive the workers again into involuntary servitude. The law as it now exists in Kansas is a step further toward compulsory labor."

The Esch-Cummins Railroad law, he said, required that men should do everything possible to see to it that service should not be interrupted in any way, but no penalty was provided in that section because, and he quoted a railroad lobbyist for what he advanced as the reason, "it was better to have no penalty provided, because with writs of injunction issued only when there is no adequate remedy available at law omission of a penalty left no adequate remedy available and it was found easier to convict for violations of injunctions than for violations of law."

"The enemies of labor," Mr. Gompers declared, "consciously or unconsciously, are doing more to create radicalism in the country than any other body."

TYPEWRITES ITS NEWS.

Binghamton Press Issues Regular Editions Despite Printers' Strike.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 10.—The second day of the printers' strike which has tied up the newspapers and publishing houses of this city saw the first issue of The Binghamton Advocate, a publication issued by the strikers to present their side of the controversy. The Morning Sun did not appear this morning. The Binghamton Press printed three editions yesterday with the aid of the engraving department.

The publishers continue firm in their stand against the increase demanded in wages and the time reduction to a forty-four hour week.

The process adopted by The Press in utilizing its engraving plant included the typewriting of all news matter, which was then photographed and reproduced on zinc etchings, the matter being made up in plates.

The typewritten sheets were taken to the engraving department and reproduced direct in the same manner as ordinary illustrations. The matter was turned out as rapidly as by the linotype process, permitting the publication to catch all its mails for the three editions of the paper.

HYLAN NAMES BOARD FOR CLOTHING PEACE

George Gordon Battle Leads Committee Which Will Try to End 14 Weeks' Strike.

LITTLE INTEREST IN TRADE

Union Head Says Men Will Co-operate With Mayor's Body for Early Solution.

Mayor Hylan intervened in the clothing controversy yesterday with the appointment of a committee which will seek to compose the differences of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America and the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York—a strike and lockout now in its fourteenth week. The Mayor's committee will be led by George Gordon Battle, who has had previous experience in the mediation of controversies of this kind. The other members are Joseph S. Marcus, 77 Delancey Street, Charles L. Bernheimer, 120 Franklin Street; Arthur M. Lamport, 460 Broome Street, and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst.

A statement issued at City Hall said:

"With a view to securing a settlement of the difficulties existing between the two bodies concerned in the men's clothing industry, the Mayor today appointed a committee on inquiry under the Chairmanship of George Gordon Battle. The duties of the committee will include an inquiry on behalf of the City of New York into the existing deadlock in the men's clothing industry and authority to negotiate for a settlement of the difficulties if it be found that an opportunity arises during this inquiry to do so."

Neither Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the manufacturers, nor William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association, would discuss the selection of a mediation committee.

Manufacturers Indifferent.

In another quarter it was learned that the manufacturers viewed any attempt at intervention with indifference. Three manufacturers have obtained temporary injunctions against the union's activities. No decision has been rendered in the suit of the J. Friedman Company, in the name of the association, for the dissolution of the Amalgamated.

An attempt at conciliation on the part of the State Board of Mediation in December was rejected by the manufacturers, who said then they stood by their statement of principles and their seven demands. They would negotiate solely on the basis of piece work for the industry, the right of discharge and a revision of the union's constitution.

"The union has received no official notification concerning the appointment of a committee by Mayor Hylan," said Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated. "The union now, as it has several times in the past, welcomes any effort to put a stop to the unnecessary warfare. When the members of the committee appointed by Amalgamated there will be met in a spirit of co-operation and will find the organization ready to assist.

"Fourteen weeks of struggle has brought confusion to the industry, but not to the union. Two years ago the Union fought through another lockout by the New York manufacturers which lasted fourteen weeks and emerged victorious."

Committee Well Known.

Joseph S. Marcus, named by the Mayor as a member of Mr. Battle's committee, is President of the Bank of the United States, in Delancey Street, and has been prominent in charitable activities on the east side. Charles L. Bernheimer has had long experience in the arbitration of disputes. He was Chairman of the Committee on Arbitration of the Chamber of Commerce, and in this capacity healed a breach in the clothing trade in 1916 between the Amalgamated and the American Clothing Trade Association.

Supreme Court Justice Erlanger yesterday granted a temporary injunction against the Amalgamated in favor of Fruhoff Bros. & Co., clothing manufacturers. No opinion was rendered. The suit was similar to that of the Joseph Skoiny Company and the Heidelberg & Wolff Co., in which injunctions restraining union activities were granted.

The ranks of the 7,500 striking needle workers employed in the children's dress industry were strengthened yesterday by the addition of 1,000 workers, according to Harry Greenberg, strike chairman of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Freda Harders, 24, of 31 West Ninety-seventh Street, employed in a feather box shop at 37 West Twenty-first Street, was followed home from work last night by seven strikers, who were arrested, charged with disorderly conduct, at Columbus Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street.

Two private detectives accompanied her to Grand Central Station; Miss Harders said, but strikers who, she said, had threatened her still followed. When she got into a taxi they took another. She drove past her home until she found Policeman Ford of the West 100th Street Station. The seven were locked up in the West Thirtieth Street Station and will be arraigned in West Side Court this morning.

Three women and six men, employes of a clothing factory at 11 Rock Street, Brooklyn, were arrested late yesterday afternoon, charged with creating a disturbance. They will be arraigned in the Bridge Plaza Court today.

PREDICTS CHANGE OF MIND BY GERMANS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

France, Belgium and England, but all the Allies are standing together and mean to enforce their legitimate claims against Germany for reparation within the limits of her capacity. Until you do that you will never get a settlement."

Referring to the proposed 50 per cent. tax on German exports, Mr. Lloyd George said:

"The only German goods that are absolutely essential and indispensable to this country are aniline dyes. We have got in this country a stock of aniline dyes for twelve or fifteen months, and three-fourths of the factories that manufacture aniline dyes are in the occupied area. Another not irrelevant fact is that by the treaty Germany is bound to supply on demand one-third or one-quarter of her aniline dyes to the allied countries."

Dealing with the suggestion that Germany may divert traffic directly the Allies start deducting a percentage of the value of imported goods, he said:

"No country, however prosperous, could face the prospect of losing 50 per cent. or 60 per cent. of its exports in a single year, especially when it was borne in mind that the old markets of Germany in Central and Eastern Europe were gone.

She might talk about stopping all her exports to the allied countries, but if she did this there would be such unemployment in Germany as no great industrial country has ever witnessed in the world."

Lloyd George defended the reparations bill as the best way of meeting the just claims of the Allies without destroying Germany economically and without taking military action beyond what had been done up to the present.

"Germany is more likely to face her problem if it is made clear to her that the Allies are not going to flinch. Germany must understand that the Allies mean she should pay to the limit of her capacity. It was clear that however much Dr. Simons was anxious for a settlement Germany was not convinced of the need for settlement. It is because we want to convince her of that need that we have taken action. Dr. Simons had not been instructed to settle, Germany was not prepared to settle.

"I believe this settlement will come. I would rather have an agreement than mere victory over Germany. I believe it will be better for everybody. I believe we are more likely to realize our aims.

"This bill will work more smoothly under an agreement than it will if there is no agreement, but it will work, agreement or no—I do not want anybody to be under any misapprehension about that. And when Germany realizes what her present attitude means there will be an agreement.

"I believe that when Germany realizes that the allied powers and allied peoples without exception mean to deal justly with her, mean to deal faithfully with her, but mean also to deal firmly with her, she will come to a much better agreement than if she is encouraged to believe we are divided in our councils."

CABINET BACKS SIMONS.

Coffee Importers Start Boycott Movement Against Allies.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 10.—The tumult of shouting which marked Dr. Simons's return to Berlin has died down and "still, small voices" are heard again whispering of further negotiations. Having received the Foreign Minister's report, the Cabinet is now taking advice from the Ambassadors who were recalled from London, Paris and Brussels.

There is no evidence to support the idea suggested in some quarters that the summoning of these representatives to Berlin is intended as a hint that Germany is thinking of breaking off diplomatic relations. On the contrary, it means that a vague possibility is entertained that a way of renewing negotiations may be opened, and, if so, the Ambassadors are the persons best placed to convey proposals to the Entente countries when they return.

From a well-informed political source I learn also that the German Government is particularly anxious to hear Herr Sthemar's view of the political situation in England. Rightly or wrongly they attach great importance to the result of the Irish by-elections, and what they would like to hear from their London Ambassador is that there is a prospect, near or remote, of a Labor Government in England.

Optimism that there is a chance of Germany making fresh and better proposals is sadly tempered by opposition of the industrial magnates. Their political organization, the People's Party, is intransigeant. Their newspapers are continuing to attack Dr. Simons on the ground that the last offer of five yearly payments went beyond his instructions. The strongest press pleader for resumed negotiations is the Frankfurter Zeitung which says that is the only way by which the already committed mischief can be undone.

As yet, however, public opinion generally is still under the influence of the Nationalistic propaganda of the last few weeks, but it would be a dangerous illusion to believe that the atmosphere has been entirely engendered by this reactionary activity. It has to be recognized that, for the moment at any rate, the bulk of the nation is inclined to an attitude of passive resistance to the Entente demands.

Of affirmative gestures the most important is a movement of the Hamburg Merchants Institute of a trade boycott against England, France and Belgium. The coffee dealers have taken the lead and from Hamburg are trying to organize the dealers of Berlin, Cologne and Bremen to pledge themselves not to buy from or through Entente firms.

BERLIN, March 10 (Associated Press).—The German Imperial Cabinet today unanimously approved the manner in which Dr. Walter Simons, the Foreign Minister, had conducted the recent negotiations with the Allies in London. President Ebert presided at the session.

The fact that neither the Bourse nor the Leipsic fair have as yet shown any reaction on the possible effect of the carrying out of the Entente penalties against Germany moves the Boersen Zeitung to observe today that the contemplated customs régime of the Allies will prove "a bubble in the air."

This financial journal says further evidence in this respect is to be found in the self-control of the people and the manner in which the German financial and commercial world views the situation, and also in the circumstance that the German mark has not been shaken on neutral bourses.

"However," the Boersen Zeitung continues, "we are not inclined to minimize or underestimate the economic importance of the penalties once they are made fairly effective."

Continuing th newspaper says:

"The occupation of Duesseldorf, Duisburg and Ruhrort plainly indicates the intention of the Entente to control the German coal output, thereby paralyzing German industries. The Entente strategically also is in a position to command the important railway centres which are needed for the unrestricted hauling of coal, and, with the assistance of Polish bands, it eventually will be possible also to command the upper Silesian output, thus menacing all the German industries and transportation."

The organ of the Bourse mentions the possibility of the Entente occupying a North Sea port with the purpose of controlling overseas exports.

BELGIAN GUARD WOUNDED.

Shot Fired in Duisburg First Incident of Kind in Occupied Area.

BRUSSELS, March 10—A Belgian guard was wounded by a bullet fired by an unknown person in the streets of Duisburg, according to a dispatch from that city to the Dernière Heure. The circumstances of the shooting have not been disclosed, but an inquiry is under way.

This is the first incident of the kind reported from the newly occupied area.

DUISBURG, March 10 (Associated Press).—Excitement, arising out of the confusing rumors that the Allies intended a further advance into the Ruhr, coming after the occupation of Hamborn, and to establish a new inland customs frontier, seize Essen and levy a heavy tribute on Rhine commerce, rocked the big German steel, coal and other exporting corporations today and filled the streets with silent, staring crowds, which packed the spaces solidly around the French and British headquarters.

As the day wore on the crowds gradually dispersed, but the German exporters with whom the situation was discussed continued to be violently agitated. They reiterated their assertions that business was being ruined and declared that further occupations, particularly of Essen, might precipitate a crisis among the workmen which no business or industry could weather.

DUESSELDORF, March 10. — The allied forces in Düsseldorf will comprise 3,000 men, 3,000 of whom will occupy the barracks, the remainder being distributed throughout the town.

A proclamation issued today forbids the overcharging of members of the allied forces, and declares that lack of proper respect will subject citizens to court-martial. All assemblies of a public or private nature are forbidden without special permission. Petitions must be submitted three days in advance, giving the name of the organization and the approximate number of persons who are expected to attend. The display of the national colors is also forbidden.

RALLY FOR UPPER SILESIA.

Germany Mobilizing All Persons Entitled to Vote in Plebiscite.

BERLIN, March 10.—The mobilization of the men and women throughout Germany entitled to vote in the Upper Silesian plebiscite began yesterday in twenty of the large German cities. Special trains left Berlin for Breslau carrying banners with inscriptions urging Germans to rally to the salvation of Upper Silesia. Bands played patriotic music.

Vo

HARDING SEES MANY BENT ON PATRONAGE

Receives Nearly 25 Senators and Representatives, Beside Others, in a Day.

SENATE CONFIRMS SAWYER

White House Statement Gives Crisinger Record—Galbraith Tells Legion Demands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A recapitulation of President Harding's first week in the White House shows that in his working days he has dealt mainly with discussions of patronage, with definite decisions yet to come, and with efforts to assist Republican Congressional leaders in formulating a comprehensive legislative program for the extra session of Congress, which it is now predicted will be called for April 4.

While gatherings in Washington hotel lobbies have appointed Ambassadors, Director Generals of Railroads, members of the Shipping Board and bureau chiefs and are now ready to fill Postmasterships, Collectorships of Internal Revenue and Federal Judgeships, and bring back the troops from Germany, few names are being sent over from the White House for confirmation. The special session of the Senate will end Saturday, and the indications are that the Senate will adjourn without receiving many more Presidential appointments.

That any number of diplomatic appointments will come from the White House this week does not appear probable, for it is only since his inauguration that President Harding has been able to give much time to consideration of such matters, and before selections become definite approaches must be made to foreign powers regarding the acceptability of the appointees.

Many Congress Members Call.

Complicating the patronage drive on the White House is the fact that Mr. Harding, because of his service in the Senate, has seen a large number of his former associates who have brought their patronage troubles to him direct and not through the departments. Today, for instance, nearly twenty-five Senators and Representatives, some with appointments, others calling to "pay their respects," had audiences with the President. To all the President has given sympathetic hearings, but in doing so he is at his desk as early as 8 o'clock in the morning, working sometimes until after midnight.

White House attachés of continuous service since McKinley's time declare that Mr. Harding is working harder than any other President. One illustration of the President's attention to his duties is the fact that while he realizes the necessity of outdoor exercise to keep him in good physical condition, whenever he gives up a part of his afternoon to golf two stenographers are on duty for four hours at night while he catches up with his work.

Centring his attention upon patronage and the extra Congressional session, the President appears to have given full responsibility to his Cabinet in the affairs of their departments. He has left for the future, until the Administration is functioning smoothly, such matters as the Harding modified association of nations, and the details of taxation and tariff legislation to be brought up at the special session.

Sawyer Promptly Confirmed.

With the exception of nominations urgently requested by members of his Cabinet, Mr. Harding has forwarded but two personal appointments to the Senate. These have been the appointments of his two Marion friends, Dr. C. E. Sawyer, as Brigadier General of the Medical Section of the Officers' Reserve Corps, and D. R. Crissinger as Controller of the Currency. Dr. Sawyer's appointment was confirmed today, but Mr. Crissinger's was held over for a day under the Senate rule. These are the only appointments that the President will make among his Marion friends, his secretary, George B. Christian Jr., said.

The expected opposition to the confirmation of Dr. Sawyer did not develop. The Senate approved the nomination in executive session with scarcely a murmur. There were a few comments from the Republican side of the chamber. The Democrats kept quiet.

It is believed that President Harding will at once call Dr. Sawyer to active duty, and the physician will then receive $6,000 annually and allowances. The President has announced that Dr. Sawyer will investigate matters relating to public health, education and social welfare.

The nominations of three Assistant Secretaries of Treasury, S. Parker Gilbert of Bloomfield, N. J., Nicholas Kelley of New York, and Ewing Laporte of St. Louis, were also confirmed today. These Secretaries were in the Treasury during the Houston régime and are expected to remain for a short time during the reorganization.

In announcing Mr. Crissinger's appointment the following explanatory statement was given out at the White House:

"D. R. Crissinger of Marion, Ohio, is a lifelong friend of President Harding, they having been boys together at Caledonia, Ohio. Himself originally a Democrat in politics, Mr. Crissinger was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Thirteenth Ohio District in 1904. In more recent years he has been regarded as decidedly leaning toward the Republicans in national politics.

"He has been a leader at the bar and in industrial concerns of Central Ohio for many years. He was Vice President of the City National Bank of Marion, organized twenty-one years ago, and for ten years was its President. The City National Bank was last year reorganized into the National City Bank and Trust Company with $300,000 capital, and Mr. Crissinger is its President.

"Mr. Crissinger is a Director in the Marion Steam Shovel Company, the greatest industry in Marion, and the greatest of its kind in the world. It has been a boast of Marion people for many years that 'Marion built the Panama Canal,' by reason of the fact that Marion steam shovels did the lion's share of excavating the great ditch of the Istmus.

"Mr. Crissinger is also a Director in the Marion Packing Company, which, in the three years of its existence, has developed a live-stock marketing and packing business at Marion of such proportions that Marion is now rated among the score of greatest live-stock centres in the country.

"Mr. Crissinger is also Director in the Marion County Telephone Company, which is notable because it has established in Marion what is widely regarded as the most perfect automatic telephone system in the country. Electrical and telephone experts have come to Marion from all parts of the world to study the workings of this plant. President Harding is himself a Director in this company.

"Mr. Crissinger's activities have embraced the law—in which he is recognized as one of the leaders of the Ohio bar—banking, and farming. He owns a number of the finest farms in Marion County and is an experienced and expert farmer, particularly in the realm of live stock raising."

Colonel F. W. Galbraith, National Commander of the American Legion, had a long conference with the President this afternoon upon the Legion's recommendations for the relief of World War veterans. Bringing to the President's attention the findings of his investigations of hospitals for service men, Colonel Galbraith urged Mr. Harding to send a special message to Congress recommending appropriations for more hospitals and the incorporation under one head of such bureaus as now handle separately vocational training, hospitalization and compensation.

"What we ask for is hospitals placed where they are needed and not upon the demands of localities or politicians," Colonel Galbraith said. "We want hospitals for tubercular and psychopathic patients located according to the recommendations of medical authorities, in medical centres where the disabled will receive the best treatment possible."

Colonel Galbraith said that he had not discussed with President Harding the case of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, the wealthy Philadelphia draft evader, who escaped from confinement and is now in Germany.

"Bergdoll's case can wait until later," he said, "wait until we get justice for the disabled men who fought in the war. But the legion does not intend to let the Bergdoll matter drop. We are going to get him back, and very shortly there will be a campaign in every legion post in the country to that end.

"Let others go to Germany; Bergdoll is the only boche we want back. I say back, not home. And when he gets back, there's a place waiting for him where he'll be entertained."

At the first White House reception since President Wilson's illness began, the President and Mrs. Harding met the members of the Diplomatic Corps, with their official staffs and attachés, in the East Room at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Charles E. Hughes, Secretary of State, and Henry P. Fletcher, Under Secretary, presented the diplomats to Mr. and Mrs. Harding.

Earlier in the afternon Alfred Sze, the new Chinese Minister, was presented to President Harding by Mr. Fletcher. Mr. Sze is the first Minister to present his credentials to the President.

Tomorrow, before a meeting of the Cabinet, Mr. Harding will receive the special delegations sent by some of the Latin-American Republics to represent them at the inauguration. These include some of the Central America countries, Panama and Cuba, while the Minister of Ecuador also had a special mission from his Government for the occasion in return for the naming of the American Minister at Quito as special representative to the inauguration of President Tamayo. Those to be received by the President tomorrow are:

Cuba—General José Marit, Minister of War and Marine, and Francisco Vega y Calderon, Minister to Argentina.

Panama—Dr. Richardo J. Alfaro, Minister of Government.

Nicaragua—Dr. Maximo H. Zepeda, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Guatemala—Dr. Luis P. Aguirre, Minister of Foreign Affairs; General Felipe Pereyra and Eugenio Silva Pena.

Announcement is expected from the White House within a few days of the resumption of the custom dear to the hearts of Washington children of Easter Monday—egg rolling down the knolls of the grounds south of the Executive Mansion.

BACK CANDIDATES FOR ENVOYS

Washington State Delegation for Piles and Sammons.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Former United States Senator Samuel H. Piles of Washington will be recommended by the Congressional delegation from that State as Ambassador to Brazil, it was announced tonight after a conference of the delegation.

Mr. Piles, who was in the Senate from 1905 to 1911, has since been practicing law in Seattle. He is a native of Kentucky, but went to Washington State while it was a Territory and has been active in politics for about twenty years.

If appointed to the post in Rio de Janeiro he would succeed Edwin V. Morgan, who has been Ambassador there since 1912, and who has been in the consular and diplomatic service since 1900, when he was appointed Secretary of the Legation at Seoul. Mr. Morgan has been Minister to Cuba, Korea, Paraguay, Uruguay and Portugal.

The Washington delegation also decided to recommend Thomas Sammons, Consul General at Melbourne, Australia, who previously was Consul General at Mukden and Antung, Seoul, Yokohama and Shanghai as Minister to China. He is a Consul General of the second class, and has been in the service almost continuously since 1905. At Mukden he was active in connection with the opening of the post there and at Antung under the treaty of 1903.

DAUGHERTY WON'T OUST DEMOCRATS JUST YET

Says Clean Sweep Now Would Mean Duplication of Work and Much Expense.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—White the Department of Justice will be ultimately Republican in complexion, Harry M. Daugherty, the new Attorney General, does not intend, he says, to make a clean sweep of all the present Democratic incumbents at once. He declared this afternoon during his first conference with newspaper men that his particular department "could not be changed over night."

There are Federal attorneys throughout the country engaged in examining or prosecuting important cases, and it would be folly to supplant these officers with new men, thus creating not only duplication of work, but much expense, said Mr. Daugherty. In like manner he indicated that Democrats who have comparatively short periods of their terms to serve might be allowed to remain until the end of their service.

Asked whether he had inspected former Attorney General Palmer's ruling on wine and beer, he said he would read it within the next two or three days. It was suggested that it was customary that a former Attorney General's opinions were only reversed or affirmed by the courts, but Mr. Daugherty said it was true that this was the custom, and that, while having great respect for the opinions of his predecessors, he would not hesitate to reverse them if he saw that they were not based on good grounds.

Interest has been manifested in the attitude of the new Attorney General toward undesirable aliens in this country. Mr. Daugherty declared that he had talked with Secretary of Labor Davis and had advised him on the subject of deportations, but he did not indicate what this "advice" implied.

Another point brought up to Mr. Daugherty was Mr. Palmer's recent testimony before a Senate committee stating that prohibition cases and Mann law and narcotic cases were so clogging the courts that additional prosecutors, and even Judges, were necessary. Mr. Daugherty said that he would be loath to increase the expenses of his department unless it were absolutely necessary. He took the position that the courts were now getting into shape to carry on their business without enlargement, and that the "country was settling down"; that is, that the hysteria of crime was subsiding. He implied that rather than increase his forces he would reduce them when the opportunity offered.

The new Attorney General believes that women employed as legal assistants in his department would have a "wholesome effect." He said that Mrs. Annette Abbott Adams, the woman Assistant Attorney General appointed by Mr. Palmer, was now engaged with much important work and was an excellent example of what trained women could accomplish.

Mr. Daugherty asserted that the Department of Justice under him would be divorced from politics in its conduct and that there would be no "spite" cases.

BUREAU TO CLASSIFY COAL.

Federal Aid in Exports by Tidewater Exchange Here.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Bureau of Mines announced today that it had made an agreement with the Tidewater Coal Exchange of New York to classify all coal shipped to Europe through that port.

Under the agreement experts of the Bureau of Mines will test and classify all coal handled for export by the Tidewater Exchange, which is a co-operative agency of the principal railroads running into New York, organized during the war to expedite the movement of coal. The agreement applies to coal shipped from Pennsylvania, Maryland and northern Virginia. In the last eighteen months 48,000,000 tons have been shipped from these districts through the exchange.

PENROSE PREDICTS EARLY TARIFF LAW

Says Emergency Bill Based on Payne-Aldrich Schedules Would Pass House in Two Weeks.

REPUBLICAN CHIEFS AT SEA

They Have No Definite Fiscal Program and Await Word From President Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator Penrose, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, predicted today that an emergency tariff measure could be forced through the House "by a united and disciplined party" within two weeks after the opening of the special session, although he was not certain that the Senate would accept an emergency tariff bill in so short a time.

Mr. Penrose has shown uncertainty as to what policy will be pursued by the party leaders in fiscal matters. To a delegation of Republican Western Senators he said early in the week that consideration would be given to the farmers and intimated that the features of the Fordney emergency tariff bill, vetoed by former President Wilson, would be incorporated in an emergency tariff bill to be taken up in the special session.

Mr. Penrose said today that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law would be used as a basis for an emergency tariff, and that perhaps a number of other matters would be added. He said that the Payne-Aldrich law had brought prosperity to the country, but that many of its schedules which operated "successfully" thirteen years ago would have to be modified.

Despite the recent night conference at the White House, where the most divergent views were expressed, members of the committees delegated to deal with tariff and revenue matters are still wavering as to the best policy to pursue. Senator Penrose has told members of the Ways and Means Commitee that he is opposed to taking up the tariff first and believes that the revenue laws should be revised first. The same view is held by Representative Nicholas Longworth, a member of the committee, while Chairman Fordney favors immediate action by the special session on an emergency tariff.

Both Senator Penrose and Mr. Longworth doubt the wisdom of taking up tariff legislation at a time when industrial uncertainty makes it impossible to write a scientific measure. In discussions with leading Republicans they have expressed the opinion that if tariff revision is delayed several months no great damage would be done American industry, and that an anti-dumping law can be passed quickly and in the next few months foreign competition appears to be injuring American manufacturers.

The principal demand for temporary tariff legislation comes from the farmers and a few isolated manufacturers whose concerns have grown up during the war. The basic industries have asked for no protection and, in fact, showed opposition to any change in the tariff just now. Mr. Penroze feels it is impossible to write even a temporary tariff bill that will better the business conditions of the United States, while the differences of exchange rates and cost of production at home and abroad remain as they are.

In his talk with newspaper men today Mr. Penrose indicated that he favored the enactment of a temporary tariff bill. Yet to others who have been in on the tariff matters he had insisted that it would be wiser to revise the revenue laws first and later write a new permanent tariff law.

Republican leaders are uncertain what course to follow and they are apparently waiting some definite word from President Harding. The general belief is that the conference next Monday afternoon may decide upon a fiscal program which will contemplate a temporary tariff as the first step, followed by revenue revision and a permanent tariff bill not later than October.

SELECTION OF ENVOYS GETTING ATTENTION

Harding Talks With Craeger, Who Has Been Suggested as Ambassador to Mexico.

WASHINGTON, March 10 (Associated Press).—As the new administration settles down to a working basis President Harding and his chief advisors are giving increasing attention to the country's foreign relations. Selection of diplomatic representatives abroad, relations with Mexico and the Rhine situation are subjects in the forefront.

So far as diplomatic appointments are concerned, it was said authoritatively today that no final selections had been made, but that in several cases the field of availables was harrowing toward a decision.

The nearest approach to an actual choice is understood to be Myron T. Herrick of Ohio for Ambassador to France, a post from which he resigned early in the first Wilson Administration. Another who is regarded as certain to return to the service is Henry Lane Wilson of Indiana, former Ambassador to Mexico, who is mentioned in connection with the Ambassadorship to Italy.

The question of Mexican relations hinges on the ability of the Obregon Administration to establish a régime that will win American recognition.

Just what the requirements for such recognition should be is occupying the study of officials here, and some pointed intimation on the subject are to be forwarded soon to Mexico City. Much as the White House and the State Department hope for full restoration of diplomatic relations with the southern republic, there is little evidence of confidence that formal recognition may be possible in the near future.

President Harding discussed the Mexican problem today with R. B. Creager of Texas, who has been suggested for Ambassador to Mexico in case of recognition. Later Mr. Creager had a talk with Under Secretary Fletcher of the State Department, himself a former Ambassador at Mexico City. No announcement followed the conferences, but the impression was given that conditions to be required for recognition were under discussion.

In his consideration of diplomatic appointments, particularly to the European capitals, President Harding is seeking men who would be alive to all the considerations involved in League negotiations. Mr. Herrick, for one, not only is familiar with French aspirations through his experience as Ambassador at Paris during the trying early months of the World War, but he made a trip abroad last Summer and talked over the League with some of the leading European statesmen. Mr. Wilson has had a wide acquaintance with diplomatists through a period of service which took him into many parts of the world.

Colonel George Harvey, the New York editor; Cornelius Vanderbilt of New York and several others have been put forward for the ambassadorship to London, while Charles H. Sherrill of New York, former Minister to Argentina, and David Jayne Hill of New York, former Ambassador to Germany, and many others, have been called to Mr. Harding's attention as available men for any of the big diplomatic posts.

South and Central America presents a field which the President is understood to regard as deserving some of the best diplomatic talent available. His friends expect him to name some of the most able men of the service to posts in that continent, but the canvass of availables is far from a decisive stage. A few of the present diplomatic representatives, including Ambassador Morgan at Rio de Janeiro, may be retained.

Just as he kept his Cabinet slate more or less tentative until almost the last moment, Mr. Harding is keeping himself free from definite commitments regarding diplomatic posts in the belief that shifts may be necessary that will necessitate a rearrangement of a large part of his list. It is understood that he desires to be familiar with the whole field of available men before he makes any definite tenders.

ALL PULL TOGETHER IS HOOVER'S POLICY

Secretary of Commerce Plans to Make His Department One of Service.

WANTS WIDE CO-OPERATION

Calls for Closer Relations With Trades and Industries, and Elimination of Great Wastes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Comprehensive plans for the reorganization of the Department of Commerce along lines which will co-ordinate all Government work, to aid the business and commerce of the nation, were announced today by Herbert Hoover, the new Secretary of Commerce. Mr. Hoover indicated that final action would wait upon the general scheme of departmental organization which the Administration contemplates, but out of this general program, he believes, much that will be helpful will resut.

Mr. Hoover's plans for the department, as outlined in a formal statement, contemplate the elimination of any friction or duplication of effort by the Department of Commerce and the State Department. Criticism has been heard at various times that much effort has been wasted and opportunity for the extension of trade abroad lost.

It is the intention of Secretary Hoover, where foreign commerce is concerned, to establish a department which will get to work and develop markets for American producers and exports rather than simply hand out from time to time "canned" statements about prospective fields.

There is the suggestion also of a bureau of the Department of Commerce which would keep in touch with various industries so that a full knowledge of their ability to expand foreign trade might be obtained. Standardization of products and efficiency in production and transportation are a part of the general scheme.

Mr. Hoover called attention to the fact that increased efficiency must be developed if American industry was to hold its place in the fight against industry in other lands where living standards were on a lower level. He indicated also that a sensible tariff would help prevent "dumping" of foreign products on America.

There was no definite recommendation by the Secretary that the Department of Commerce should absorb bureaus of other departments or take over agencies of the Government such as the Shipping Board or Federal Trade Commission. If there are to be any such radical measures adopted they will come as part of the Administration's general plan for departmental reorganization.

Wants a Department of Service.

"The Department of Commerce should be in the widest sense a department of service to the commerce and industry of the country," Secretary Hoover's statement said. "It is not a department for the regulation of trade and industry. In order to do service to the greatest advantage I wish to establish a wider and better organized co-operation with the trade and commercial associations, and will in a short time present some plans to this end. I want to see the efforts to push our foreign commerce more closely related to our industries. This sort of enlarged activity is within the original purpose of the department and requires neither legislation nor burden upon taxpayers. This is no time to ask for appropriations to undertake new work. It is the time to search for economy and reorganization, for effective expenditure on essentials, the reduction of less essentials, and the elimination of duplication.

"Outside of voluntary measures, the only immediate extension of service lies in securing greater internal efficiency, in which I am certain all the bureaus join. The future of the department in its abilities to meet the needs of our industries and trade must await the thorough reorganization of the whole executive machinery now being vigorously undertaken by Congress. The need of it, both in economy and to secure more definite purpose in Government departments, does not need demonstration.

"The great economic difficulties that we inherit from the war are obvious enough, and they emphasize the necessity of better governmental machinery to assist in their solution. Their final remedy must rest on the initiative of our own people—the rate of recovery can be expedited by greater co-operation in the community and with the community by the Government, and this department and the whole Government wishes to assist wherever it can to stimulate and assist this co-operation.

"In the long run, we may as well realize that we must face a lower standard of living in Europe many years ahead. The production costs of her people will in consequence be lower than even before the war. If we meet this competition and still maintain our high standards of living we will have to work harder; we will have to eliminate waste; we will need to still further improve our processes, our labor relationship and business methods.

"If we would so improve our national efficiency and our foreign trade we must consider our transportation, railway, water and marine, as one system directed to serve the nation as a whole. The development of certain trade routes through our mercantile marine as the real extension of our inland transportation; the improvement of great waterways; the opening of the Great Lakes to ocean-going vessels; the development of great electrification of our power necessities, and the handling of our labor readjustment by moderate men on both sides are all problems that have a fundamental bearing on the recovery in commerce and on our ability to compete.

Would Eliminate Great Waste.

"If I were outlining one of the most essential directions for expansion of governmental activity, it would be in the constructive study and ventilation of the whole gamut of these possible improvements and of elimination of our great wastes in labor, in material, in power and a host of other directions.

"These are some of the directions in which I believe this department can secure some results by co-operation within the different trades and industries. Through this co-operation we shall be able to improve some of our business practices; to extend the standards in manufactured products which would make great savings to our consumers and promote our foreign commerce. These are not in any event, however, possible of accomplishment by regulation. They must be accomplished, first, by proof of necessity, and then by co-operation of the trades which must have a part in their determination and development. I am convinced that they are only too anxious to develop such demonstrated things. For instance, every builder knows that modern building codes, standards in sizes and grades of material, &c., would greatly lessen building costs.

"There are some economic difficulties arising from the war that will no doubt solve themselves with time, but an infinite amount of misery could be saved if we had the same spirit of spontaneous co-operation in every community for reconstruction that we had in war. Government departments can at least try to do something to inspire such renewed co-operation. For instance, we have three or four million idle men walking the streets and at the same time we are short more than a million homes; our railways are far below their need in equipment; our power plants, waterways and highways are all far behind our national needs in normal commerce.

"To apply this idle labor to our capital equipment is one of the first problems of the country. Its solution involves constructive action in many directions, but, among other things, definite resolution of each local community to secure co-operation in itself. In the building trades, for instance, a get-together attitude on the part of labor, material manufacturers and contractors in every locality to eliminate mispractices and bring down the expense of housing would comprise the first step of recovery—of re-employment.

Presents Problems for Bankers.

"Another outstanding economic trouble is that our farmers and our manufacturers are overloaded with food, raw material and goods that we cannot market abroad, and at the same time great masses of people overseas are cold and hungry. These people can only purchase on credit pending their own economic recuperation, and our own recuperation depends greatly upon theirs. We are thus not facing overproduction, but a breakdown of credit links between us and the areas of under consumption. Congress has provided the way for creation of foreign credits by banking co-operation under the Edge act, and the logical and economic thing in the whole national interest is for our bankers to work something out. Foreign credits are better than rotten food.

"There are some new forces in the world's commerce that must cause concern. There is a tendency in European nations to definitely mobilize the export, and in some cases the import, trades for militant commercial invasion. In some instances this is being done under Government direction and organization, and often even with Government finance; in others it is being carried out by Government leadership and suggestion. Such formal or informal combinations may render the position of our merchants and exporters precarious, indeed. Beyond this, where these controls are instituted over their own imports of cotton, food and other agricultural products, they seriously dominate the prices of our own farmers, and where they are instituted to secure control of the world's natural resources, in minerals, oils, &c., they may dominate our future supply of these vital raw materials.

"Our competitors are within their rights in these matters, but we must protect ourselves. Our commercial community has the right in law, and has been encouraged by Congress, to combine for business outside our frontiers precisely for the purpose of meeting such contingencies as this. But it all requires that our trades co-operate. In an enlightened sense of national service, as well as immediate interest.

"Altogether, more economic taxation, tariff, large economy in government through international bureaus, reorganization and agreements on disarmament, and systematic Government co-operation, will all contribute to help us out of the ditch. We will get out. Yet, when all is done, the rapidity with which we get out will have depended upon the degree to which we pull together."

NO ACTION ON ALLIED DEBTS

Mellon Denies He Recommended to Postpone Payment Fifty Years.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Secretary of the Treasury Mellon denied tonight that he had reached any decision to postpone for fifty years the payment of the allied debts to the United States Government.

Reports reached Washington through news channels tonight that Paris newspapers were discussing Washington telegrams representing it to be Mr. Mellon's intention to so postpone the allied debt payments. To obtain an authoritative statement in the matter THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent brought this report to the attention of Secretary Mellon himself.

"There is nothing in it at all," was the Secretary's reply. "That story has originated in the imagination of some one. I have not yet dealt with the matter of the foreign debt at all."

Congressional Record Has One Page

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Congressional Record came out today as a one sheet dodger and most of that devoted to "advertising" by the Government Printer. Senate proceedings yesterday took about 300 words to report. The Chaplain and Senator Lodge were the only contributors, and confirmation of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt as Assistant Secretary of the Navy was the only business recorded, so the printer filled up the page with information for the home folk on public documents.

Urge H. L. Wilson for Envoy to Italy

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Reappointment of Henry Lane Wilson, former Ambassador to Mexico, to the diplomatic service, was urged upon President Harding today by Senator Watson of Indiana. It is understood that the post for which Mr. Wilson is most prominently under consideration is the Ambassadorship to Italy.

SOUNDS HARDING ON MODIFIED LEAGUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

in his Administration. If the expectations of some officials are fulfilled, a considerable period of informal conversations will ensue before the stage of actual diplomatic interchanges is reached.

One plan, which is said to have been urged upon Mr. Harding, would provide for the dispatch of an emissary to establish a listening post at the next meeting of the League of Nations at Geneva the coming Summer, and later make a canvass of sentiment in all the European capitals. If that is done, it is expected that at the same time the embassies and legations here will be asked to lay on the table whatever information they have as to the attitude of their Governments, and that out of the whole inquiry a series of formal negotiations may be evolved.

Some of the highest officials of the Administration believe it is still too early to forecast toward what objective these negotiations might point—whether they would contemplate a modification of the present League to make it acceptable or the establishment of an entirely new international structure for peace.

HANOTAUX WITH HARDING.

Praises Inaugural—Blames Superstate Idea for League Setback.

LONDON, March 10.—In an interview given to The London Times correspondent at Barcelona yesterday, Gabriel Hanotaux, former French Minister of Foreign Affairs and presiding officer of the International Conference on Communications and Transit, now in session in that city, said:

"My impression of President Harding's inaugural address is excellent. In my speech tomorrow I will comment on Mr. Harding's statement: 'We cannot sell where we do not buy, and we cannot sell successfully where we do not carry.'

"Thus our work here continues the President's thought. If Mr. Harding were here he would discover that we are practically in full agreement. We have gathered to discuss matters of interest where all agree on the need of a common system.

"The League in a general way is considered on too high a plane. The superstate idea of the League is responsible for much misunderstanding, and the backbone of the dissent is America. I am not surprised that many friends of the League think that Article X. might have been dropped, but this point is out of my province."

Asked whether the new situation of the Allies in Germany would alter the conference, M. Hanotaux answered: "No, for the Germans came to speak and be heard, not to vote."

COUNT ON SETTLING ISTHMUS DISPUTE

Washington Believes Way Is Open, Though Panama Rejects the White Award.

LEAGUE CONSIDERED ALOOF

Panama Suggests South American Arbitration and Also Appeals to Geneva.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—While the incipient armed conflict between Panama and Costa Rica over their boundary controversy cannot be called a closed incident, the mediation interposed by Secretary of State Hughes in his identical notes to the two Governments has had the result of preventing war, and high officials today expressed the conviction that the situation would now work itself out satisfactorily.

Secretary Hughes today made public Panama's reply to the American note of March 5. The reply shows that Panama declines to accept the White award as a basis for peace between the two countries. Panama, however, has given instructions to its force to withdraw from Coto, but contemplates maintaining its civil and police authorities in the Coto region on the same basis on which they were there prior to Feb. 21, when the first Costa Rican advance was made into that territory.

The reply of the Panama Government was delivered to the American Minister at Panama by the Minister of Foreign Relations of that republic under date of March 8. It reads:

"My Government authorizes me to state to your Excellency that it has given instructions already to our military forces that they retire from Coto, but that our civil and police authorities will remain there as before the Costa Rican aggression of the 21st of last month, and that this act of Panama, inspired in the desire of putting an end to the armed conflict which has been imposed upon it against its will, should not be interpret in any case as an implied recognition of the White award which the Executive power, the Legislative Assembly and the public opinion of Panama have jointly refused to accept since 1914, the year in which it was rendered.

"I do not wish to close, Mr. Minister, without having your Excellency take note that the Republic of Panama was enjoying the benefits of internal and external peace, applying itself to work, to the cultivation of the arts and the sciences, and in friendly relations with all the peoples of the earth, when suddenly, like a thunderbolt out of a clear sky, fell the unexpected and unjustified attack upon it by the Government of Costa Rica.

"Whatever may be the result of the mediation interposed by the Government of the United States in the armed conflict which to our grief Costa Rica has imposed upon us, Panama reserves the right of establishing and of making effective in the course of the mediation the responsibilities which Costa Rica has incurred by reason of its unqualifiable attack and of demanding the obligation of indemnifying us for the damage caused and for the expenditures of the defensive expedition which by its fault we have seen the necessity of equipping and organizing."

Diplomatic exchanges between Panama and Costa Rica looking to a final adjustment of the boundary dispute will probably begin in the near future. These will take the form both of conversations and exchange of notes, it is understood, with the United States using its good offices as an arbitrator to bring about a definite settlement of the long-standing controversy.

It is believed that an agreement would have been arrived at long before this on the basis of the decision rendered by Chief Justice White in 1914, if it had not been for the interposition of the World War.

Officials declined to comment on a counter-proposal which President Porras is reported to have made, which would provide for submission of the dispute to a commission composed of representatives of Argentina, Brazil and Chile, or to some other disinterested body.

The suggestion that the matter be referred to the League of Nations is not understood to receive serious consideration here, in view of the position of the United States as regards that body and the complications which it would involve in connection with some constructions of the Monroe Doctrine. It is not believed that the European nations have any serious desire to incur the antagonism of the United States by undertaking to solve a problem which involves only a boundary dispute between two of the smaller American Republics. The League, it is believed, will leave the matter entirely in the hands of the United States, which is the country most interested and entirely responsible under its treaty with Panama for the independence of that country.

PANAMA SUGGESTS LEAGUE AID

Offers in Contingencies to Submit to the World Court.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 10.—The Council of the League of Nations has received from M. Garay, Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Panama, a cablegram declaring that the award of Chief Justice White in 1914 with regard to Coto and other territory upon which the United States bases its proposal of mediation, has not been accepted by Panama because the award is contrary to its Constitution. The cablegram states that the Constitution of the Republic of Panama in 1904 fixed the frontier with Costa Rica in accordance with the arbitration of ex-President Loubet of France in 1900.

It states that in 1914 Panama and Costa Rica submitted the interpretation of M. Loubet's award to Justice White, who, it charges, exceeded his powers in fixing another line which Panama could not accept. Panama would consent to retire its troops from Coto on condition that Costa Rica withdraw its troops from Bocos del Toro, and declares to the United States that if its refusal to accept the White decision affects the self-esteem of the American Government and makes impossible impartial mediation Panama is ready to submit the dispute to The Hague court or to the world court of the League of Nations.

GENEVA, March 10.—Panama's note to the League of Nations dealing with that country's conflict with Costa Rica was receeived here yesterday and was made public today. It will be communicated to Costa Rica.

It is considered possible here that the conflict may be settled by the Council of the League of Nations.

COSTA RICA DEMOBILIZING.

Pleased With American Action in Stopping Conflict.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, March 9.—The demobilization of the Costa Rican army which crossed the Panaman frontier and drove forces of that country back for upward of twenty-five miles has been ordered by the government.

The soldiers who captured Almirante and later retired in conforming with the request of the United States arrived at Puerto Limon on board a steamer this morning. The Costa Rican units which were attacking the Panamans near Coto, on the Pacific end of the frontier, are on their way back to Ponta Arenas. Advices received here state they had succeeded in cutting off the Panaman forces there, but retired as soon as orders were received. They were equipped with Mauser rifles, Hotchkiss machine guns and .75 millimeter field guns.

There is much favorable comment on the action of the new American Administration in quickly ending the conflict with Panama.

Saving Wise and Unwise

Saving is wise when the money goes into new enterprises, constructs new houses, produces new wealth.

Saving is unwise when the money goes into stockings or bureau drawers and is hoarded or is loaned at extravagant rates on insufficient security.

The right kind of saving keeps the world going ahead. The wrong kind is either unproductive or harmful.

Money invested in Mortgage Certificates guaranteed by us is wisely invested. It indicates thrift and prudence. It earns 5½% interest and it aids in the production of more houses.

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.

176 Broadway, New York City
175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

McCutcheon's

An Original Showing *of* Children's Dresses

THEY are as picturesque as story-book frocks—these quaint little dresses of French Sateen, made very simply and demurely. And extremely practical as well, for the dainty patterns and dull silk finish emerge from every tubbing as bright and soft as when brand new.

LITTLE GIRLS from two to eight will look their very sweetest in these frocks.

FOR BABY-GIRLS—two years old or so—there are Sunbonnets to match the dresses — for older girls Straw Hats Sateen-trimmed.

The fabric itself is an exclusive McCutcheon importation and these styles, especially designed for the fabric, are on display for the first time.

A Bevy of Smart Frocks of Ginghams—Pongee—Dimity—Linen

Somewhere between two and fourteen is a very fortunate age for a little girl this summer. One can wear such adorable frocks. They are all very simple, of course—little girls' frocks always should be—but they have real individuality that expresses itself in exquisite tailoring and in touches of hand-embroidery and in saucy color combinations.

Department for Children
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Fifth Avenue
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PRESENT
NEW
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ESPECIALLY DESIGNED
FOR THE
EASTER TOILETTE
NEW AFTERNOON FROCKS
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HANDSOME THREE-PIECE
COSTUME TAILLEURS
AND
SPRING HATS

If you believe in American Citizenship, why not help to teach it? A group of boys, ages 12 to 14, meeting in Settlement House, lower East Side, need a volunteer leader who will act as guide. W 268 Times.

BOOKS AND PRINTS OF OTHER DAYS

As a means of communication between buyers and sellers of rare old tomes and prints of by-gone times, there is nothing to surpass the advertisements in The Book Review and Magazine Section of Sunday's New York Times.—Advt.

Vision

Looking ahead through the eyes of the reader of magazine, newspaper, or booklet is our idea of vision as applied to engravers. Good engravings are a natural outcome.

Perhaps that's the way you see it.

It might be interesting and profitable for you to find out the meaning of "Sterling Results" to you.

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

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The smart fabric glove

Filosette is a Fownes creation—substitutes are not

Made in the U S A for men women & children

It's a
FOWNES
that's all you need to know about a Glove

Only 18 Minutes to Penn Station

There are 75 trains daily between Kew Gardens Inn and New York.

2 minutes on the Inn bus, 18 more on the train and you are right among the better shops and theatres.

You have wholesome country life and every city convenience at

KEW GARDENS INN *Kew Gardens Long Island*
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Worsted Will Last As Long As The Tailoring

Worsted is a strong good wearing cloth. For men's wear it is better than any. It is unwise to pay much for tailoring on average material; the best is cheapest. Here at $44 to $52 are splendid worsted suits. I made them, know them to be good, and at least $10 less than usual. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

PHILADELPHIA EXCURSIONS

$3.00 via New Jersey Central
ROUND TRIP
War Tax 24 cents

Sundays: Mar. 13; Apr. 10, 24; May 8
Leave W. 23d St., 8:17; Liberty St., 8:30 A.M.
Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:31 A. M.
Broad St., Newark, 8:47 A. M.

Atlantic City Excursion
EASTER, March 27, $3.60. Tax 20c.

OLD CURIOSITIES.

Opportunities for picking up rare old books and famous bindings, ancient manuscripts and prints, presented by the Book Exchange of the Book Review and Magazine Section of Sunday's New York Times.—Advt.

CALL ON DAUGHERTY TO BAR BEERMAKING

Dry Forces Lose No Time in Attacking Decision Opening Way to Medicinal Use.

HARDER WORK FOR KRAMER

Dr. Wiley Fears "Convalescence Will Be a Disease Which Will Kill More People Than Consumption."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Harry M. Daugherty, the new Attorney General of the United States, today refrained today from indicating what his probable attitude would be toward the eleventh-hour decision of his predecessor, A. Mitchell Palmer, who held that beer and wine could be prescribed by physicians as medicine and that the Internal Revenue Commissioner was without authority to restrict the number of permits for the manufacture or sale of any liquor for medicinal purposes.

That the new Attorney General will find it necessary to determine whether he will stand by the ruling of Mr. Palmer became apparent today when the International Reform Bureau, through its Superintendent, Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts, appealed to Mr. Daugherty to overrule the decision. Dr. Crafts asserted that if the Government should act in accordance with the new ruling it would be "a peril not only to the public but to the honor of two honored professions—the doctors and the druggists." Through the International Reform Bureau there was also submitted to Attorney General Daugherty a statement by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, former Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry and one of the fathers of the Pure Food laws, condemning the idea that beer is a medicine. Dr. Wiley insists that beer, wine and whisky have no medicinal value whatever and asserts that the practical result of placing whisky among remedial agents which may be prescribed by physicians has "brought criticism upon the ethical members of the medical profession."

Attorney General Daugherty said that he had not yet found time to read carefully the Palmer decision, but expected to do so in the next few days. He indicated that, while he would have the greatest respect for any decision handed down by any of his predecessors in office, he would not hesitate to reverse that or any other decision if he considered that there were good reasons for doing so.

Kramer to Go Ahead.

Reports were circulated today crediting John F. Kramer, the Federal Prohibition Commissioner, with having declared that the Palmer ruling had thrown a monkey-wrench into the prohibition enforcement machinery, and with the further statement that this new ruling would completely upset the plans of the prohibition enforcement officers. To a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES tonight Commissioner Kramer denied that he had made any such statement.

"It will require new rules and regulations to carry the Palmer decision into effect," Mr. Kramer said to THE TIMES representative, "but it will not upset our prohibition enforcement machine. Along some lines the ruling will make the enforcement work more difficult, but it will not upset our plans. We will observe the decision and immediately adopt rules and regulations in accordance with the opinion which will make it more difficult to enforce the law in the matter of manufacture of malt liquors."

Commissioner Kramer was asked when these new rules would become effective. He explained that they would have to be submitted to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and also the Secretary of the Treasury for consideration, and that this would require probably several weeks. He doubted if the new regulations would be ready to go into effect before April 1. Should the new Attorney General overrule the decision of Mr. Palmer, however, new rules would not have to be issued. Mr. Kramer explained that up to the present the Government had been refusing to issue permits for manufacture of malt liquors for use as medicine.

There was also a report today that Commissioner Kramer and his chief aids were preparing their resignations and that a new deal in prohibition enforcement was about to be staged. Commissioner Kramer said tonight there was no foundation for reports that he would resign. He explained that while his interpretation of the law had been different from that of Mr. Palmer, there was nothing personal in the matter on his part and that he did not contemplate resigning.

Dr. Wiley's Statement.

Dr. Wiley's statement, forwarded today to the Attorney General, says:

"From a theoretical point of view the ruling is doubtless correct. From a legal point of view I cannot express an opinion. From the medicinal point of view I agree to the Attorney General's opinion. However, this agreement has one reservation, viz.: Whisky, brandy and wine have not medicinal value. Have they a place, therefore, in any pharmacopoeia? Beer is not mentioned among the articles in the pharmacopoeia, ninth decennial revision. It is not found among the new and non-official remedies approved by the Council on Pharmacy and Chemistry of the American Medical Association. It is not found among any of the so-called patent or secret remedies. I have not looked over the prescriptions written in the United States for a year prior to the ratification of the amendment to the Constitution against alcohol. I feel certain, then, that if I could read every one of them I would not find beer prescribed for remedial purposes in a single one. Rated on the scale of usage, therefore, beer has not now and never has had any standing as a recognized remedial agent.

"Already application has been made to start breweries for making medicinal beer. If the ruling of the former Attorney General is carried into effect the profits of beer brewing in this country will rise to heights never known before. The vitality and morbidity statistics will be swelled by such a new multitude of sick and convalescent as to try the capacity of the printing presses of the Census Bureau. Convalescence will be a disease which will kill more people than consumption. Those who have the welfare of medical and pharmaceutical profession at heart and who want to see an honest and efficient execution of the Prohibition act will unite as one in the effort to secure a recall of this order by the present Attorney General of the United States. It was not a kindly act of Mr. Palmer to pass this buck to Mr. Daugherty."

"Dry" Enforcement Bills Advanced.

ALBANY, March 10.—The Mullan-Gage prohibition enforcement bills were advanced to the order of final passage in the Senate today over the objections of the Democratic members. The three measures will be on the third reading calendar in both Houses early next week, probably Monday or Tuesday.

FIGHT FOR WHISKY TRUCKS.

Two Men Are Mortally Wounded in Open Battle in Kentucky.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 10.—In a battle fought on the bridge between Newport and Covington, Ky., today, in which guards of two trucks loaded with whisky and bandits were engaged, Norman Ashcraft, a guard, and Elmer McCabe, said to be one of the robbers, were fatally wounded.

While the gun fight was at its height a street car ran onto the bridge between the opposing parties, who thereupon used the car as a barricade, firing through its windows at each other. Every window in the car was smashed and fully twenty bullets passed through it, but not a passenger was hit. After Ashcraft and McCabe had been wounded both bands of men mounted their machines and sped away leaving the injured men on the bridge.

The trucks were being transported across the bridge from Newport to Covington when a big automobile crowded with men drew in front of them, seemingly in an attempt to halt them. The guards on the trucks immediately sprang to the roadway and a moment later the automobile yielded up several men. Revolvers were put into play immediately.

SIX BURNED IN OIL FIRE.

Change of Wind Checks Flames in Greenpoint Plant.

Six men were badly burned by blazing oil in fighting a fire in the Standard Oil Company plant yesterday at Greenpoint and Kingsland Avenues, Greenpoint, in which five large tanks exploded. For a time it was feared that there would be a repetition of the disastrous fire of Sept. 13, 1919, which burned for four days, but after a strenuous battle the firemen got it under control and it burned out.

The fire started in a crude oil still used in refining. The company's department attempted to put out the blaze, but it got beyond control and three alarms were turned in, which called apparatus and five fire boats. The latter tied up in Newtown Creek near the plant and lines were strung to the blazing tanks.

As the fire became hotter the five tanks began to crack under the expansion of oil and vapor and their contents flowed out in a blazing stream that was only checked when sand dams were built. One of these tanks overflowed before men near by could get away, and hot oil got into the boots of five men, burning them severely.

They were John Marnel, William Seaman, Tony Karbrewski, Charles Cook and Edward Donohue. John Hoenighauser also slipped and fell into a sewer opening into which hot oil was flowing. Marnel, who was running to get treatment for his burned foot, stopped and helped Hoenighauser out, but both men were painfully burned before being rescued. They were treated by ambulance surgeons from Greenpoint and St. Catharine's Hospitals.

A large crowd gathered, but was held back by the reserves. The curious were attracted by the danger that threatened other tanks because of the strong wind. Water was turned on the tanks to keep them cool and the oil was drawn off as fast as possible. After a time the wind died down, and then the work of the firemen was confined to subduing the blaze from the five tanks. The fire was extinguished by 4 o'clock.

CHILD FALLS INTO SEWER.

Crossing Montreal Street, Stumbles Into Manhole and Is Swept Away.

MONTREAL, March 10.—While Mrs. Joseph Manning was crossing St. James Street this afternoon with her two little daughters, the elder, Lily, 4 years old, stumbled and fell into an open manhole in full view of the frantic mother. Before the woman had a chance to catch her breath the child plunged head first into the sewer and was swept away by the rushing water, four feet deep at the spot. Firemen and police were still searching for the body tonight.

The grief stricken mother explained she was carrying Gertrude, the younger child, across the street opposite St. Antoine Market, with Lily walking slightly behind her. She next caught sight of Lily doubled up and disappearing into the manhole. Distracted and bewildered, the mother bent over the opening, calling helplessly to the girl, but the rush of water beneath was all she heard.

A man who saw the accident ran to the next manhole a short distance away, climbed down and waited to snatch the child if she was swept by, but his effort was in vain.

UNDERWRITERS TAKE SHIP.

Efforts to Float British Steamer Wrecked Off Maine Abandoned.

KENNEBUNKPORT, Me., March 10.—Preparation to float the British steamship Wandby, wrecked here yesterday, were abandoned today when it was found that the engine room was flooded at high tide. Captain David Simpson and his crew of thirty remained on board, with the Coast Guard cutter Ossipee standing by as near as the reefs would permit, ready to take them off if it should be decided to abandon the ship to the underwriters.

After agents of Lloyds, the underwriters, had conferred with Captain Simpson it was decided to land most of the crew and send them to England on the first ship available at Portland. It was understood only enough men would remain on the ship to protect the interests of the underwriters.

BREWERS JUBILANT OVER MEDICAL BEER

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Brecque. He was arrested some weeks ago and released on bail. He has been directed to appear in Trenton today, and it was said that he would be required to furnish $50,000 bail.

Oscar C. Friedrich Jr. of 308 Washington Street, Newark, in whose saloon at Branford and Halsey Streets the La Brecque scheme was alleged to have been planned, was arrested last night. In default of $50,000 bail Friedrich was committed to Essex County Jail and will be taken to Trenton today.

The investigation of the La Brecque warehouse was started some months ago at the instance of the Anti-Saloon League of New Jersey. Two brothers by the name of Coe furnished the information to the league. One of the brothers is an electrician. While working in the warehouse he saw whisky being syphoned from barrels, he told the Anti-Saloon League. Entrance to the sealed portions of the warehouse was made by removing the screws in the floors, so as not to break the seals. After the whisky had been withdrawn the screws were than put back into place, in was charged.

Electrician Gave News.

Coe also told of conversations with La Brecque relative to the sale of whisky and of liberal commission being offered. Harry E. Sands, a special agent, was sent to Newark from Washington. He arranged in Friedrich's saloon, through the Coes, to buy thirty barrels of whisky from La Brecque, it was alleged. A first payment of $500 was made and a receipt obtained, according to Sands.

Another development in Trenton yesterday was the return of indictments against G. G. McCabe, G. S. Ridner and B. G. McGrath, Federal Prohibition Enforcement Agents, charged with having accepted bribes from Samuel Feldman of Jersey City. It was charged in the indictments that the three agents allowed Feldman to retain fifty cases of whisky they found in searching his premises on the payment of $2,500. It also was charged that Ridner accepted $2,000 from Feldman at another time.

Federal Judge Edwin L. Garvin in Brooklyn yesterday sustained the recent action of Commissioner Barmore in returning to Parrazzon Brothers of 436 Hicks Street 400 barrels of wine, a number of cases of whisky, gine and alcohol seized in a raid held to have been illegal because the agents had no search warrant. Internal Revenue Agent George E. Golding refused to obey the order of the Commissioner, and a motion was made to punish him for contempt of court. Judge Garvin reserved decision on the motion.

Fifteen cases of whisky and liquors on board the American freighter Mary, which docked in Williamsburg yesterday, were seized by customs officers. They also seized thirty-one bottles of whisky on the steamship Eastern Queen at the Bush docks.

Judge William R. Hayes in the County Court, Brooklyn, held three men in $20,000 bail each in connection with an alleged whisky fraud. They were said to have sold thirty cases of whisky for $12,600. It was later discovered that the casks contained only water. The defendants were John Baldwin, Max Jerkins and Robert Rockwood, all of 201 West Ninety-seventh Street, Manhattan.

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INFORMATION
REGARDING DELIVERY DATES
IS NOW AVAILABLE

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Best MADE CLOTHES FOR BOYS

Junior Norfolk Suits *for* Spring
SIZES 5 TO 10 YEARS
13.50 to 19.50

THE "breakaway" from the more infantile "middy" period. Master Young-hopeful is just now at the stage when his masculinity breaks upon him.

But also, he has reached the age of more activity and his clothes *must meet the strain.*

These Suits *will.* They are made with infinite care for detail—serviceable yet dressy. They are not just Norfolks—they are "BEST" Norfolks.

Boys' Sport Blouses of fancy percales in neat stripes and colors, long or short sleeves. **1.15** *Sizes 7 to 14 years*

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Established 1879

MALLORY quality satisfies critical men. The price satisfies economical men
The Mallory Hat Co.—Fifth Avenue, New York—Danbury, Conn.
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FINE HATS
New Spring Styles now showing—see them

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INDIVIDUAL CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP AND FIDUCIARY RETURNS PREPARED
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LIKES AUDITS . . SYSTEMS COSTS
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Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful
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GIRLS' SPRING COATS AT $28 AND $32

Specializing exclusively in the production of correct outer apparel for young people we present at all seasons many exclusive and distinctive models in dainty dresses, frocks and topcoats for girls from 3 to 16 years.

Our spring productions in topcoats made in fabrics imported from England, Ireland and Scotland have been marked at exceedingly low prices, which range from $28 for the younger girls, and $32 girls from 10 to 16 years.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Macy's Macy's

3000 YARDS
54-Inch All Wool
Double Warp Tricotine
For Easter Suits and Frocks

SALE PRICE
$4.39 Yd.

Macy's Usual Price, $6.44 yd.

Lowest verified price elsewhere, $7.00 yd.

A tricotine of such fine quality that it ranks with the best. Made of selected yarns.

An opportunity to purchase the season's smartest fabric for street wear, at a marked concession from our *usual retail price.*

Colors:
Correct shade of navy, dark brown, Copenhagen, gray, seven beautiful shades of tan, and a deep rich black.

Home Dressmakers Will Want to Take Advantage of This Sale!

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th Street, Broadway.

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HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

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OVERHEAD

A rough fireplace of brick built directly in the road—that means a restaurant to millions of Orientals.

A clean and attractive dining room equipped with every modern convenience—that means CHILDS to millions of Occidentals.

The one has no overhead expense; the other has considerable, and it is all for the comfort and enjoyment of the great American public.

Delicious wheat, buckwheat, or cornmeal cakes, baked to perfection on tempered steel griddles.

Childs

414—Italian leather guest books, various designs. $3.50 to $10

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Our specially trained staff of experts will assist and advise you in the preparation of your income and excess Profit Tax statements at reasonable rates. Our office will remain open evenings.
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IMMIGRANT CHILD A TYPHUS VICTIM

Officials Order Re-examination of Mother's "Sleeping Sickness" After Girl Is Stricken.

FUMIGATE BRONX PREMISES

Health Department Officials Also Keep Close Watch on All Who Came Near Pair.

When Health Department officials took Thorney Voratchig, 12, of 598 East 140th Street to the Willard Parker Hospital as a typhus victim yesterday, Health Commissioner Copeland ordered a re-examination in the case of Thorney's mother, Mrs. Lottie Voratchig of 84 Ridge Street, who is at Gouverneur Hospital with "sleeping sickness."

Thorney and her mother arrived here March 3 on the Kroonland. They went to the Bronx. Yesterday Dr. William L. Somerset, Chief Diagnostician of the Department of Health, decided that Thorney had typhus, and because of her symptoms tests will be made to make certain that the diagnosis of the mother's ailment is correct.

The report says the daughter on Sunday developed a severe headache and a fever ranging from 101 to 104 degrees. Later a rash appeared and the mucous membrane was intensely congested. The case, according to the report, warranted "a definite diagnosis of typhus."

The Health Department has fumigated the premises and is observing all persons exposed during Thorney Voratchig's brief stay here. As a precaution, it was announced, all necessary preventive measures have been taken at the homes of persons with whom the mother and daughter came into contact.

One case of sleeping sickness was reported in Brooklyn. Mrs. Ethel Irene Anderson McAuslin, wife of Dr. David McAuslin of the Brooklyn Veterinary Hospital, died in the Harbor Hospital on Tuesday of this disease. For the last two years she had been at the head of W. J. Anderson & Co., manufacturers and dealers in stationers' supplies. It was believed the strain under which she had been working was largely responsible for the malady that caused her death. She was 37 years old and lived at 127 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn.

While there have been numerous deaths from sleeping sickness in New Jersey recently, no reports as to this disease have reached the Bureau of Vital Statistics of the New Jersey State Department of Health. According to R. S. South, chief of the bureau at Trenton, the deaths in the State for January were about 1,000 less than in the same month for the last six years. Deaths in January totaled 3,458. Forty-seven of these were among residents of other States. In January, 1916, the number of deaths from various causes numbered 4,439.

Deaths from diseases of the circulatory system headed the New Jersey mortality list. There were 604 deaths from these causes. Pneumonia claimed 285 victims and there were 30 suicides in January. Cancer claimed 241 victims.

54 STOWAWAYS ON ONE SHIP.

Ten Found in San Guisto Lifeboats After Vessel Is Fumigated.

A special guard has been placed around the Consulich Line steamship San Guisto, now lying at Pier 7, Hush Docks, Brooklyn, and every one who leaves the vessel is subject to close scrutiny. This is because every time the vessel is searched since she got to port stowaways are found on board. Fifty-four unmanifested passengers have been found on board.

The San Guisto is scheduled to sail for Italian ports on Tuesday. She arrived here five weeks ago with typhus on board and for that reason her departure has been delayed. When she reached Quarantine, Dr. Leland S. Coffer, Health Officer, ordered a search for typhus-spreading vermin. In the steerage, cabin and cargo space they found many young men "stealing a ride" to New York. Some were hiding behind cargo, others were sorted out from the passengers and some were trying to pass as members of the crew. Thirty-three stowaways were thus discovered and sent to Hoffman Island with other typhus suspects.

When the vessel came to her pier the health authorities ordered that she be fumigated. Officers went through the vessel shouting through megaphones in several languages that she was to be fumigated with cyanide gas. This warning brought eleven more stowaways from cover.

As they were being taken off the steamship two attempted to escape down a baggage gangplank and fell. They were taken to the Kings County Hospital.

After the fumigation the crew returned on board. Yesterday inspectors of the Steamboat Inspection Service began an inspection of the vessel's life-saving equipment. They found in the lifeboats swung high above the decks and outside the zone of fumigation ten more stowaways. They were sent to Hoffman Island.

DEFENSE NEAR END IN MATEWAN TRIAL

Counsel for 17 Defendants in Murder Case Notifies State to Summon Rebuttal Witnesses.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., March 10.—There were indications today that the defense in the Matewan murder trial will rest soon when counsel for the seventeen defendants informed the prosecution that the State's rebuttal witnesses should be called to Williamson as soon as possible. J. J. Coniff of the defense, who made the announcement, could not say definitely whether his side would rest before Monday next, but he indicated that the end of the witness list was in sight.

Judge R. D. Bailey announced that the usual noon adjournment on Saturdays would be dispensed with hereafter.

The most sensational testimony of the day was given by Herman Moss, who said he was an eye witness of the start of the fight in which ten men met death. Moss told the jury that Isaac Brewer, a former defendant who turned State's evidence, had killed Albert Felts, a Baldwin detective. He added that he had not told this detail to the Grand Jury which returned the indictments because "they led me away from that point."

Brewer, who previously testified, told the jury that he turned State's evidence because he had learned that certain parties would testify that he killed the Baldwin man.

Several men who said they were eye witnesses of the battle testified today. Jim Webb said that Albert Felts fired at Mayor C. C. Testerman while the two men were discussing the warrant for Sid Hatfield. He added that Felts then fired into the doorway of a hardware store and that a moment later the Baldwin man fell, wounded fatally.

When asked by counsel for the State why he did not tell the Grand Jury that he saw Isaac Brewer fire a shot, Webb replied that he did not want to see Brewer indicted.

Britain Aids Farming in Palestine.

LONDON, March 10 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Pending the establishment of credit banks in Palestine, the administration has made advances to the farming communities, says a dispatch from Jerusalem today. During the last seven months the administration has advanced £145,000 in agricultural loans and has distributed live stock valued at £12,000. These advances are to be repaid within three years.

SCHWILL SET FREE IN THEFT MYSTERY

Magistrate Tells Malt Man That He Had a Very Narrow Escape.

HAD A STOLEN MONEY ORDER

Arrested When He Offered It in Payment for a Dinner at the Ritz-Carlton.

Magistrate Edgar V. Frothingham yesterday in the Tombs Court discharged from custody Julius Schwill, President of Albert Schwill & Co., malt manufacturers, of Chicago, who was arrested on Feb. 10 after he had offered in payment for a dinner at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel a money order on the American Express Company which was identified as part of $10,000 in money and securities stolen from the office of the International General Electric Company, 120 Broadway, in October last.

As he signed the discharge paper Magistrate Frothingham said: "I might state to the attorney for the defendant that his client has had a very narrow escape. The element of felonious intent, which is essential in such cases, hasn't been established, and I discharge him because of that fact."

Mr. Schwill testified yesterday that on the night of his arrest he dined at the Ritz-Carlton with his wife, her mother, Mrs. Arthur Schoelkopf, and several friends. He told of giving the express money order in payment for the dinner to a waiter and of his arrest later by two detectives. He said he and his wife were to have started for Europe the next day and the dinner was a farewell affair.

He said he had passed similar money orders at the Congress and the Sherman Hotels in Chicago, and at the Biltmore Hotel and two other places in this city. He declared he was "frightened almost to death" when the detectives told him the money orders had been obtained in the burglary of an office in this city.

Mr. Schwill was questioned by Assistant District Attorney Sabbatino and William Chadborne and Elias Mayer, his attorneys. He was asked if he knew "Lucille Unger" or "Annie Engle," and he said he did not. Later it was explained by a representative of the American Express Company that a woman questioned by the Chicago police in connection with the sale of more than $2,000 worth of the stolen money orders had admitted that she signed those names to the money orders when she disposed of them.

Mr. Schwill repeated part of his testimony at a previous hearing when he said he obtained about $1,200 worth of the money orders from Casper Staub, a bond dealer in Chicago, in advance payment for the sale of a collection of stamps he had left with Staub. He said that when he signed the name "Frank Miller" to the money orders he assumed that Staub had obtained them through legitimate channels.

Ex-Secretary Baker Honored.

CLEVELAND, March 10.—Colonel Newton D. Baker, former Secretary of War, was formally welcomed home at a reception and dinner given in his honor by Democrats tonight. On Saturday Colonel Baker will be the guest of the City Club at a luncheon, at which Mayor V. S. Fitzgerald will be the toastmaster. The Cleveland Bar Association will give a banquet in his honor on March 29.

39.50 29.50 29.50 39.50

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Announce for Friday and Saturday a Most

Remarkable Special Sale of

WOMEN'S

New Spring Polo Coats

At the lowest prices ever announced for coats of the same quality of material and tailoring. Four hundred coats in the collection—all *new* and most extraordinary value.

At 29.50

Smart belted coats of good quality polo cloth, with large patch or tailored pockets, half or full silk lined in color to match. Each coat tailored with care which assures splendid service.

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Swagger polo cloth and genuine camel's hair cloth coats in a variety of most exclusive models with half belts and strap cuffs or strictly tailored. Lined with peau de cygne or silk crepe.

Fourth Floor

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

LEIGHTON'S

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BROADWAY at 47th STREET

ANNOUNCEMENT

Initial Display of New Fashions

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Exceptional,—is the word that applies to the collection of new fashions in *Skolny* suits. They are unusual,—distinctly different,—and there is no commonplace style among them.

Each and every garment measures up to the idea and ideals of the most dapper dresser.

Regardless of the price the same characteristics apply to each garment.

Painstaking care, coupled with experience and skill enter into the making of every suit.

Skolny clothes are designed by *Skolny*, tailored by *Skolny* tailors, finished by *Skolny* workmen, and when the ultimate result bears *Skolny* label, you may be sure that you are purchasing the finest product that it is possible to buy, *at a moderateness of price* that is not to be found in any other ready-to-wear clothes.

$45.00 to $75.00

Skolny Clothes are sold with a guarantee of satisfaction or your money back.

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THE BORDEN BUILDING

Madison Avenue at 45th Street

Now Ready for Inspection

IT is entirely logical that institutions of character should choose the new Borden Building for their business home. Equipment, environment, service, location—all are such as to attract the highest type of tenant.

The tower floors containing 4000 to 5000 square feet, offer unusual advantages of light and exclusiveness. A limited number of desirable smaller offices and conveniently located stores also available.

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Detachable Collar COAT of Stitch-Quilted Satin or Canton Crepe 95.00

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A POPULAR PRICE FOR AN UNUSUALLY STYLED SUIT MADE POSSIBLE THROUGH THE RUSSEK POLICY OF PRICE MODERATENESS, IRRESPECTIVE OF THE HIGHER COSTS ELSEWHERE FOR HIGH TYPE MODELS OF THE SAME STANDARD.

Russek Original Spring Tailleur of TWILL CORD Tricotine or Poiret Twill $65

OF course your business is "different" —your problems different. For twenty years we have been successfully handling these different problems for different kinds of business.

That different kind of experience is yours on a basis which others have found profitable.

We go anywhere to talk or do business.

Walter Kidde & Company
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Broadway at 44th Street
Beginning Sunday

JESSE L. LASKY, *Presents*
A George Melford Production
"THE FAITH HEALER"
with MILTON SILLS
By William Vaughan Moody
A Paramount Picture

Great Sale of Imported Laces Great Savings

All the beautiful lace flounces, insertions, rufflings, metallic bands so charming for new Spring frocks.
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"Your Department Store"
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Business Opportunities

Bank and business references are required from persons who desire to insert advertisements in the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times. These columns should be consulted by those desiring to become affiliated with successful business enterprises.

MAID SAYS MAN SAW MRS. STOKES AT 3 A.M.

But She Didn't Mention the Incident Until a Year Afterward.

STOKES HAS PAID HER $2,100

She Didn't Do Much but Press His Clothing—Crowd at Divorce Hearing.

A "tall, dark haired young man," who, according to testimony, went into the bedroom of Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes one morning at 3 o'clock when her husband was away, was injected into the evidence in his suit for divorce before Supreme Court Justice Finch yesterday by Mrs. Anna Brannan, former "useful maid" in the Stokes home at 317 West Seventy-eighth Street, who was the chief witness at the third day of the hearing. The maid admitted that she had received $2,100 from Stokes for doing nothing except press about eight suit of clothes for him after the case was started. She further admitted that she didn't mention the "tall, dark haired young man" until about a year after she had been on the payroll. She didn't recall it until she read a statement by Mrs. Stokes reflecting on the character of some of the servants in the Stokes household, she said.

When questioned by Francis L. Wellman, attorney for Stokes, the witness said she was present on New Year's Eve, 1918, when Mr. and Mrs. Stokes quarreled over the presence of her cousin, Hal Billig, in the house, and Billig was ordered out by Stokes. She didn't hear anything because she was on the fifth floor, but she testified that on the next morning Mrs. Stokes said:

"Anna, I think it's terrible the way Mr. Stokes treated my cousin last night. He nailed up the door."

"That's all I know about that affair," said the witness.

"What other things do you know about?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"Between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning one night in December, 1918, Mrs. Stokes came in with two gentlemen and a moving-picture actress, Mildred Adams. They all remained awhile and then left."

"What else did you observe?"

Tells of Visit by Man at 3 A. M.

"Mr. Stokes went to Lakewood for a week in December. I think it was the 7th or 8th. While he was gone one morning at about 3 o'clock I heard the bell ring. I was sleeping with another maid on the top floor. I went down, and as I neared the third floor Mrs. Stokes came up the stairs with a tall, dark-haired young man. She said to me: 'Why, what are you doing up, Anna?' I told her I heard the bell ring and came to open the door for her. She said it wasn't the bell, it must have been a taxi horn. She and the young gentleman then went on to her room and, of course, I went on upstairs to my room."

Martin W. Littleton cross-examined Mrs. Brennan and got the admission from her that after she left the Stokes household, following the departure of Mrs. Stokes, she and Juliette Gassner, now Mrs. Groeger, the children's nurse, who was the first witness against Mrs. Stokes, went to live together at the home of a Mrs. Strube, 144 West 117th Street. They went down to see Stokes's attorney, A. H. Gleason, and he agreed to continue their salary and pay their board as well. Mrs. Brennan said she got $40 a month and $12.50 a week board.

Q.—What did you ever do for Mr. Stokes for the $2,100 you have received since you left Mrs. Stokes in January, 1919? A.—I pressed his clothes once in a while.

Q.—How many suits of clothes did you press for Mr. Stokes for the $2,100. A.—Seven or eight.

Mrs. Brennan said that Mr. Gleason told her and Juliette he would continue their old wages and board money until the case was tried, and when asked what they were to do for it she said, "I don't know."

"You have no idea?"

"I understand that in cases like this people are paid expenses, so I wasn't surprised when I got my check. I understood it was to be paid until the case ended, but Mr. Stokes and I never talked money. I rather felt I would like to do something for the money so I took up mending and pressing."

Witness in Stokes's Pay Now.

Mrs. Brennan said she entered the Stokes household as a servant again in June last and was there now, receiving $60 a month. Mr. Littleton commented on the "difference" in the pay and Mr. Wellman remarked:

"He has no knowledge that wages have gone up. We are paying $100 now."

"But pressing doesn't come high, Frank," retorted Mr. Littleton.

The witness had served Mr. Stokes's breakfast ever since she went back to his house, and sometimes his Sunday dinner. She denied that she has ever discussed the divorce case with him.

Mr. Littleton tried to get a few more details about the appearance of the "tall, dark-haired young man," but the witness couldn't say whether he had on a blue coat, a red coat or a raincoat. Mrs. Stokes had her hat on, but she had so many, that the witness didn't know which one, she said.

Mr. Littleton inquired if there wasn't a diner party in the house on the night in question and if Elliott Brown, college friend of Mrs. Stokes's stepbrother, did not sleep in the house that night and if Orson Adams, brother of Mildred Adams, was not with her, but the witness didn't think so.

Mrs. Brennan said finally that she thought the "dark man" resembled Mr. Littleton.

Explaining why she left the household, the witness said:

"I couldn't stay in the house after all that happened, and Mrs. Miller following me around made me nervous, too."

"What were you nervous about?"

"Mrs. Stokes said if I told anything about her she would follow me to hell."

Questions asked by Justice Finch brought out the fact that Mrs. Brennan did not tell about the "tall, dark-haired young man" until February, 1920, when she was making her third statement to the attorney.

"Why didn't you mention it before you got to the third statement?"

"I thought it over and decided not to refer to it at all."

"Why did you hesitate and then decide to tell about it?"

"Because I read in a newspaper that Mrs. Stokes said that any girl in Mr. Stokes's employ was immoral."

Mrs. Julia Strube, the next witness, was employed Dec. 4, 1918, to wait on the table and perform other duties. She said that on one occasion after Hal Billig had returned from a Western trip he said:

"I have got ahead of the old boy and have got the registers of different hotels, and have had a fine time. It cost me a good bit of money in Colorado."

The trial will continue today, when it is expected that testimony relating to another corespondent will be offered. So many persons attempted to crowd into the little court room yesterday after the capacity of sixty had been filled, that court officers were stationed outside to shoo the curious ones away.

TROOPS USED TO QUELL ITALIAN TERRORISTS

Communist Citadel at Siena Bombarded—Labor Chamber in Piedmont Stormed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, March 10.—The last sparks of the communist conflagration in Tuscany have provoked an outbreak in the mountain city of Siena. Two hundred revolutionists barricaded within the palace of the proletariat assailed a column of military nationalists with revolver shots and a shower of bombs.

While the awestricken population scampered beyond the city gates, mountain artillery was brought up and the terrorist citadel was bombarded with 3-inch shells until the defenders capitulated. Sixty-two of them were taken off to forts, some badly wounded. Then the Fascisti performed the usual rite of "baptism of fire," which, like an orgy of arson, has reduced the syndicalist edifices at Fucecchio, Empoli and Meleganano to heaps of ashes.

An exciting affair happened in the suburbs of Pisa. The Marquis Jerome Serlupi and a motoring party were waylaid by a Socialist mob, but thanks to their defense with pistols they furrowed their way through to safety. Thereupon the exasperated mob marched on the Marquis's family villa at San Casciano. His eldest son, Lieutenant Domenico Serlupi, and Count Vannicelli of Florence, assisted by a brigadier, four carabineers and servants on the estate, maintained a gallant resistance until troops with machine guns motored from Florence to disperse the besiegers. Meantime four of those inside the villa were shot down.

Since these events the central scene of political conflict has shifted from Tuscany to Piedmont. Nationalist demonstrators were fired on from the Labor Chamber at Casale Monefrate, in Alexsandria Province. Signor Carlotto, Secretary of the Turin Fascisti League, and three others were killed. Captain De Vecchi, leader of the movement, was wounded in the arm and twenty others were moved to a hospital. Troops stormed the building after a four-hour siege and captured 200 Socialists barricaded inside.

Dr. Giulio Doria, President of the Fascisti militants in Adria, near Rovago, was shot at by the Secretary of the Carters' Federation, and, though wounded in the head contrived to kill his adversary. At Savona the printing works of a Communist newspaper, the Red Banner, were blown up by nitroglycerine.

FAVORED ELDEST SON.

Francis Ross's Will, Made Public, Gives Francis Ross $100,000.

The fact that the will of Francis H. Ross, insurance broker at 58 John Street and Director of several fire insurance companies, cut off his wife, Mary D. Ross, with $10,000, gave only $1,000 to his son Edwin, left nothing to his son Gerald J. Ross and daughter, Beatrice Corbett, and gave the bulk of his $100,000 estate to his eldest son, Francis, because the latter upheld him in his "hour of need," became known yesterday when the contents of the document were read in the Surrogates' Court.

It was stated several days ago that the widow, two sons and daughter were contesting the will because of the residuary bequest to the eldest son, but the details were made public yesterday by Hugo Wintner, counsel for the estate, who declared that he would prove that Mr. Ross was of sound mind and that he had what he believed was sufficient reason for discriminating between members of his family.

Mr. Ross's will, made last June, stated that he left only $10,000 to his wife "for reasons well known to her and to my friends." The will said further:

"I make no provision for my son George H. Ross and my daughter, Beatrice Corbett, for the reason that during my lifetime they caused me no end of suffering and humiliation, and for the further reason that in my hour of need they had all forsaken me."

WANTS $9,600 ALIMONY.

Mrs. Winburn Sues Husband, Who Refuses Request.

Jesse Winburn, President and Treasurer of the New York City Car Advertising Company, has been sued in the Supreme Court by his wife, Mrs. Lilly Winburn, for an installment of $9,600 a year alimony, due on Feb. 1. While Mr. Winburn advertised in March, 1919, that he would no longer be responsible for debts contracted by his wife, the details of a separation out of court were not known until yesterday, when he filed an answer to his wife's suit.

Mr. Winburn states in his answer that he and his wife lived together at various times for fifteen years, and that on May 9, 1919, they signed a separation agreement under which each was to live "free from any control, restraint or interference from the other," and that neither was to molest the other. The defendant says he agreed to give his wife $9,600 a year, but that she broke the agreement herself. He ceased paying her on Jan. 1 because she wrote anonymous letters to him and his friends containing accusations of bad conduct "on the part of the defendant and members of his family," causing him great annoyance.

SEA FLIERS AT SAN DIEGO.

Eight of Pacific Fleet Units Make 3,300-Mile Flight.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 10.—Eight seaplanes of the surviving units of the Pacific fleet's air service, winged their way home to San Diego from a 6,500-mile flight to the Panama Canal today.

Captain Henry Mustin, Flight Commdanre, in describing the trip, said Yaqui Indians on the west coast of Mexico had been terror stricken when they heard the roar of the seaplanes' engines and saw them. The American Consul at Acapulco reported that the Indians fled to the hills and remained hidden several days. People along the Central American coast also were frightened at the noise and sight of the planes.

On the flight south the planes travelled 3,200 miles in 51 hours and 48 minutes' actual flying time. The return fight of 3,300 miles was made in 57 hours and 17 minutes. The average speed was approximately a mile a minute.

STILLMANS START DIVORCE ACTIONS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Potter, the actress, and was known before her marriage as "Fifi" Potter. Mrs. Stillman became estranged from her mother after the latter was divorced by James Brown Potter. They became reconciled about ten years ago, after Mrs. Potter, who continued to use the name of her former husband, returned from a long engagement in England.

Mrs. Potter, was a prominent figure in New York society, when, barely more than a bride, she gave the first evidence of her theatrical talent by her recitation of "'Ostler Joe." To indulge in her passion for the stage, Mrs. Potter gave up her husband and her position in society. She won success almost at once, first under the management of Harry Miner, and for several seasons appeared with Kyrle Bellew as a co-star. Mrs. Potter disappeared from the Broadway theatres about fifteen years ago and practically retired from the stage about ten years ago.

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Smart Hats

are shown in the new shapes for Spring wear

Soft Feft Hats

with the wanted narrow brims, in pearl, seal, tan and French brown,

are variously priced at

$8.00 & 10.00

Black Derby Hats

are variously priced at

$6.00, 8.00 & 10.00

War Revenue tax additional.

(First Floor)

Men's All-leather Street Shoes

are a special feature

at $10.00 per pair

These Shoes are made of selected calfskin in black and two shades of tan, and are high-laced, with medium or wide toe.

(Sixth Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Saks & Company

Direct Attention to Their

Chauffeurs' Wool Whipcord Spring Outfits

—Overcoat, Suit and Cap—

At **79.50**

—a saving of 44.70 from last season's price

¶ We waited until the very last moment to produce these outfits so that you would receive *the full benefit* of any price revision possible through a break in the woolen market.

Outfit consists of double-breasted overcoat, sack suit with four patch pockets, and cap, tailored in oxford gray whipcord. Sizes 36 to 44.

Prices for Separate Garments:

Overcoat—42.50 Suit—40.00 Cap—4.20

SIXTH FLOOR

Saks & Company

BROADWAY At 34th STREET

CARBONA Cleaning Fluid

Removes grease spots instantly without injury to fabric or color. Cannot burn or explode

20c, 30c, 60c & $1. All Druggists.

THE NEW REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA.

In the March CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE appears an official statement by Lenin declaring his policy. Also an official statement by Zinoviev, declaring the Bolshevist aims in Asia. These declarations are of timely interest in view of the new Revolution in Russia. These are two features of fifty or more in the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE for March. On news stands.—Advt.

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH AVENUE—37th and 38th Sts.—FIFTH FLOOR

Long Trouser Suits for High School Boys

$27.50

Made Up to the Boy
Not Cut Down from Father

New fabrics, new models, new and finer standards of tailoring, and a price, not fractionally, but substantially lower.

Ages: 16 to 20.

Service: Months and months and months.

HERE ARE THE LONG TROUSER ACCESSORIES

Shirts · Neckwear · Hats
Sox · Garters · Shoes

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH AVENUE—37th and 38th Sts.—FIFTH FLOOR

YOUTHS' Shirts Hats Shoes

The Right Quality
at the Right Price

THESE accessories present the best possible qualities at the lowest possible prices as well as offering a wide latitude of choice in the selections.

YOUTHS' MADRAS SHIRTS—
White or colored stripes, neckbands 12 to 14 . . . . . 2.75

YOUTHS' TWEED HATS—
Alpine models for the head above the long-trousers suit. Ages 16 to 19 years. 2.75

YOUTHS' WEARMOOR SHOES—
Tan or black Russia calfskin, made right. Sizes 1 to 6. . . . . 8.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Who wants a machine shop to do some work?

Why not a big, and the only, machine tool manufacturing plant right in the heart of New York City?

It has equipment and facilities beyond its own needs, for manufacturing practically anything in the line of machinery, and a reputation that guarantees workmanship of the highest quality.

Send along your blue-prints.

And it can handle job work in short order—whatever the kind or quantity!

That Plant Is
The Garvin Machine Co.
at Spring and Varick Streets
New York City
Phone Spring 2607

ADVERTISEMENT.

Keep Your Skin Clear By Using Cuticura

The Soap, for daily use in the toilet, cleanses and purifies, the Ointment soothes and helps heal little irritations or roughness. Cuticura Talcum soothes and cools the skin and overcomes heavy perspiration. Delicate, delightful, distingué.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 43K, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. "Cuticura Soap shaves without Stug."

A STRIKING STATUE OF THE FOUR HORSEMEN.

In this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL there is an etching of the striking allegorical statue of the Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse, just completed at the Yale School of Fine Arts. This is one feature only of 100 etchings in the number. There is an unusual number of news pictures from all parts of the country, and feature pictures in art, drama, sports, science, politics and personalities. Numerous etchings of beautiful women. On news stands, 10 cents.—Advt.

IRISH PEACE MOVES ARE AGAIN GAINING

Lloyd George's Insistence That Attacks on Troops Cease Not Regarded as a Barrier.

REBEL BAND SURPRISED

Three Killed by Crown Force—Murders and Reprisals Count Six More Victims.

DUBLIN, March 10.—In connection with Premier Lloyd George's announcement in Parliament that "the Government is willing to consider any suggestion for the future of Ireland apart from a demand for an Irish republic," it can be stated on excellent authority that the renewed discussion looking to peace, which began with the conferences of Mr. Lloyd George and Sir Edward Carson before reassembling of Parliament, are now well advanced.

The Government, according to this informant, insists that the first step in any consideration of a settlement with South Ireland must be the cessation of attacks by the Irish Republican army on Crown forces. The Government's position in this respect, so far as can be ascertained from those authorized to speak for the Dail Eireann, offers no barrier to a peace conference, provided the Government likewise agrees to restrain the activities of its forces, particularly the auxiliary police, against the Republicans.

Therefore no progress toward a solution of the situation can be made until a truce is arranged.

The churchmen Mr. Lloyd George commissioned to consult with the Sinn Fein leaders and explore avenues for peace first attempted just before Christmas to build a peace bridge, but they failed owing to the refusal of Sinn Fein to surrender their arms and the Government's reluctance to give amnesty to the so-called "murder gang."

This second attempt at a truce, the correspondent understands, has been intrusted to the Irish Labor Party, one or more of the influential members of which are now in London with that object in view.

How far the reported negotiations with the Government have progressed cannot be indicated owing to the reluctance of the informants of the correspondent to discuss the matter. They say that anything given out for publication might imperil the chances for a successful outcome of the negotiations.

Answering a question in the House of Commons today, Premier Lloyd George declared he had received a resolution passed at a meeting of Southern Unionists in Dublin asking for the postponement of the appointed day for the setting up of the Southern Parliament.

Mr. Lloyd George said the Government would consider this request, but that there would be no postponement in the case of the Northern Parliament. The Prime Minister denied that 300 military block houses were being erected around the northern counties.

Three Republicans Killed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, March 10.—At dawn today a party of the Second Staffordshire Regiment and the First Manchester Regiment surprised an armed body of rebels near Nad, about ten miles from Mallow, County Cork. A fight ensued, it is officially stated, resulting in the death of three armed rebels and the wounding of two others who evaded capture. Five service rifles, five revolvers, two bayonets and a quantity of ammunition were captured by the troops, who suffered no casualties.

While it was at luncheon yesterday, the centre of Dublin was startled by three heavy detonations and a fierce burst of firing from the direction of the Four Courts. It appears that as a party of Royal Irish Constabulary were motoring along the quays to the Phoenix Park Depot, bombs were thrown at them from a ruined building at the moment a tramcar was passing, the rear of which received the effect of the explosions. Only one passenger was slightly wounded however, while the police escaped injury.

BELFAST, March 10.—Following the killing of four men who had incurred the displeasure of the Sinn Fein, near here on Tuesday night, a party of armed and disguised men today at Thurles shot and killed Laurence Hickey, a republican, and William Loughnane, a Sinn Feiner.

Several houses in Thurles were raided, but their occupants escaped.

The bodies of James Maher and Patrick O'Mara, former soldiers and both residents of the town of Thurles, were found in a field. Maher's body was labeled "Spy." It is stated they were accused of giving information to the police. The bodies of two other men were found in a country lane at Augnacloy, and on their breasts were cards inscribed with the words: "Tried, convicted and executed by the Irish Republican Army." One was identified as Francis McPhillips, who was taken from his bed at an early hour yesterday morning by six armed men. The identity of the other slain man is unknown.

A youth was tied to a gate in the town of Keady on Tuesday night by two masked men, who fastened a placard to his clothing reading: "Too young to be shot. Beware. Keep your mouth shut."

J. J. O'Kelly, Sinn Fein member of the British Parliament and editor of The Catholic Bulletin, has been arrested. He makes the twenty-fifth member of the Irish Parliament now in custody. Police at Carrick-on-Shannon also arrested Alexander McCabe, a member of the Sinn Fein Parliament, and Michael McLoughlin, a prominent Sinn Feiner. McCabe has served several terms in prison, and was one of the men released from Mountjoy prison last Fall after having been on a hunger strike for some time.

Patrick Moran, who was tried on charges that he was connected with the murder of several British officers in Dublin on Nov. 21, 1920, has been sentenced to death, and the sentence has been confirmed by General Macready, Military Commander in Ireland.

Notices establishing "Curfew for Crown Forces" were posted in a number of places throughout Dublin on Tuesday night. These notices, which were signed "Irish Republican Army," gave warning that any soldiers or policemen seen on the streets after 10 o'clock in the evening were liable to be shot.

The military authorities propose to restore the curfew hour tomorrow to from 10 o'clock at night to 5 o'clock in the morning if the present situation remains unchanged, it was announced today. The hour was advanced to 9 P. M. on Friday last.

CORK, March 10.—The authorities claim to have discovered many revolvers, hundreds of rounds of ammunition and eleven bombs in the house of Councillor O'Riordan, who recently was placed under arrest.

TELLS OF RAID BY TROOPS.

Woman Testifies on Incident Which Led Crozier to Resign.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, March 10.—The incident which culminated in the resignation of General Crozier was described at the Trim quarter sessions today when Mrs. Chandler of Robinstown claimed £355 for brandy, bacon, sugar, money, jewelry, bed clothes and household requisites and damages to premises. She alleged that the articles were taken away by uniformed men on Feb. 9. Mrs. Chandler in her evidence said her store was raided by about forty auxiliaries.

"They all seemed to be officers," she said. "They were running up and down stairs and you would imagine they were mad."

They had eleven lorries into which they threw the bed clothes through the window. They left and about thirty returned. They went from one room to another, looting. Then, she added, they went to her shop, took all the drink—whisky, new milk, rum, port wine, stout, ale, twenty-three bottles of brandy, champaigne and 200 pounds of sugar. They swept everything into lorries.

The case was adjourned.

MILLER BACKS IRISH RELIEF.

"Purely Humane Undertaking Has My Sympathy," He Writes.

Governor Miller, in a letter to ex-Supreme Court Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Executive Committee Chairman of the American Committee for Relief in Ireland, yesterday indorsed the committee's campaign for $10,240,000 for the relief of sufferers in Ireland.

"The American committee is engaged, I understand, in a purely humane undertaking," writes the Governor, "to furnish the necessities of life to homeless and starving women and children, and, therefore, this effort enlists my sympathy and commands my endorsement."

Bishop Daniel Cohalan of Cork, who recently issued a decree of excommunication against Sinn Feiners in his diocese who were guilty of assassinations, has cabled his gratitude to the committee for sending American representatives to handle the relief problem.

SIX HELD FOR FARM FIRES.

English Civilians Capture Four Men After Outrages.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIVERPOOL, March 10.—Six men are now under detention following the thirteen Merseyside fires on Wednesday night. They are held under Defense of the Realm regulations as in the recent Sinn Fein outrages. Two of the men had revolvers and another carried a life preserver. One of them belonged to a party of three who were held up by a farmer with a loaded gun. As they refused to surrender he fired, whereupon one dropped and the others fled. The wounded man had two revolvers.

Four of the men detained were taken shortly after the fire broke out at Corsby through the resourcefulness of civilians. A man living in the neighborhood and members of his family were about to cross a footbridge over the railway at Hallroad station when a man dashed past him. This resident had served as a special constable, and seeing fires raging he called to his son: "Here's one of the devils," and his son grabbed the man. Then a second scared individual darted across the bridge. He, too, was tackled and secured. Several persons and the station staff had been attracted to the spot, and when two more men, also in a frightened condition, came over the bridge they were likewise seized.

Stringent precautions, especially in view of the King's visit, have been taken to prevent any outrages or terrorism at the Grand National race next week.

SUIT SHOWS CONTRACT TO SHIP GERMAN ARMS

Merchant Sues Prague Company for 90,000,000 Kronen for Export Deal's Failure.

Special to The New York Times.

VIENNA, March 10.—Armament and its allocation and control are important questions in Europe at present, and a sidelight is thrown on the armament movement by a case tried in Vienna.

A German merchant, Karl Hanauer, is suing the International Gesellschaft Für Handel und Inrustrie of Prague for 90,000,000 kronen as compensation alleged for breach of a contract which Hanauer entered into with the Prague company in July, 1919, to deliver certain quantities of arms from Germany, 15 per cent. of the cost to be paid him on the completion of deliveries, and the balance to be used for opening credit on his behalf.

The deliveries stipulated for were 50,000 Mauser rifles with bayonets, 15,000 machine guns, 4,000,000 cartridges, 60 field howitzers and 10000 guns. Hanauer had to obtain export permission from Germany, while the Prague company obtained an import license from the Czech Ministry of defense in July, 1919.

Later, however, the Prague company declared that the contract would be annulled, giving as one of the reasons that export from Germany would be refused by the Entente representatives. No deliveries were accordingly made and Hanauer is now raising an action for the recovery of 7,800,000 marks or some 90,000,000 kronen for loss sustained by him.

FINANCIAL INQUIRY ASKED AT ALBANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

shall be transmitted to the prosecuting officer of the county or counties in which such violation occurred, if, in the opinion of said committee, public interests shall be benefited thereby."

Pitcher Tells of Appeals.

Senator Pitcher, speaking in support of the resolution, said:

"This resolution looks to an attempt to put an end, if possible, to the unlawful practices of what appears to be a well-organized band of financial highwaymen who, in my judgment, are doing more to retard a recovery to normal conditions in the business and financial world, and are doing more to produce confusion and to continue to disturb conditions in the economic, industrial and financial world than almost any other one cause.

"If appeals that are continually being made by individuals and by interests of the highest standing are to be regarded as at all worthy of consideration, day after day there are being sold or pretended to be sold in the Exchanges of this State and upon the curbs, thousands of shares of securities of corporations and industries of the highest financial standing when, in fact, those shares have no existence whatever.

"This disturbs the whole financial world. It disturbs the banking. It disturbs the industrial and business concerns to whom loans have been made on collateral, because it continually gives apprehension or ground for the apprehension and the fear that loans which are secured by collateral are becoming poorly secured, when in fact there is absolutely no excuse or reason other than the raids made upon those securities by these conspirators and in the face of conditions which should enhance rather than impair the value of securities so deposited as collateral; and far more wide in its effect than could possibly be its effect upon those immediately concerned in the transaction is the resulting effect upon the community and upon our industries, the value of whose securities are at least upon paper reduced millions of dollars in a single day solely as a result of the tactics of the men who are pursuing these practices.

"Some years ago there was enacted by the Legislature—it was long before my membership in this body—a penal statute salutary in its purpose, and for the moment in its effect. It was aimed at these practices, and for the time stopped them. But, owing to the present condition of the financial markets, many markets of the world and of our own country, owing to conditions which have followed the war and of the natural depreciation in value of securities, due entirely to other causes, a condition has been created which makes the opportunity golden and rosy for further depreciation in values, if it can be brought about by the tactics to which I have referred, and millionaires are being made in a day as a result of these operations and with consequent loss and disturbance and disaster to legitimate industry.

"I do not know that we can remedy or correct the situation, but I believe it is an effort well worthy of our attention, and if we can put an end to it the expense will be little compared with the value of the result we will have obtained."

The resolution was referred to the Finance Committee, although Senator Pitcher asked for its immediate consideration. The committee would be empowered to hold sessions in any part of the State, beginning immediately on adoption of the resolution and continuing after the session shall have adjourned sine die, and required to report to the Legislature on or before Feb. 1 next. An appropriation of $25,000 is provided.

It was said to be probable tonight that adoption of the Pitcher resolution would lead to the scrapping of bills already introduced for the regulation of the sale of securities.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS

MISSES' FROCKS WITH SKIRTS ON CIRCULAR LINES

Increase in Prominence as Their Vogue Proceeds

THIS is the day of the frock with the circular influence which started its favor by causing a ripple and now extends its vogue by encircling the fashions of Youth . . .

Eight Different Models of Poiret Twill or Tricotine in Coat Dress, Bloused Back, Straight Line or Sashed Effects

59.50

Sizes 14 to 20 years

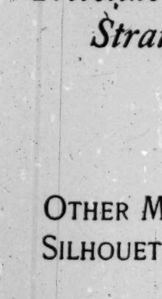
OTHER MISSES' FROCKS IN ALL THE ACCEPTED SILHOUETTES OF THE SEASON 45.00 TO 145.00

MISSES' GOWN SHOP—*Second Floor*

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

MISSES' SLEEVED COATS IN THE SEASON'S TEXTILES . . . . . .

Twelve Models Reiterate Smartness a Dozen Times



FOUR cardinal points on the compass of coat fashions are slenderness, simplicity, snug shoulders and sleeves. The right coat follows all directions and reaches its destination—the fancy and favor of Youth.

Of Wool Duvetyne, Orlanda, Ramona, Twillcord or Wool Tricotine. In Navy Blue, Sorrento Blue, Pewter Gray, Moufflon Tan, Ostrich Taupe, Hindustan Brown or Black

ALL SILK LINED. SIZES 14 TO 20 YEARS

79.50

OTHER COATS OF THE SEASON . . 29.50 to 285.00

MISSES' WRAP SHOP—*Second Floor*

WORN ON PARIS BOULEVARDS.

What the women of the French capital will wear on the street this Spring portrayed next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section.—Advt.

The Shop Original
RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Introducing an Innovation In the Presentation of

HIGH-TYPE
DRESSES
By
Featuring
FOR
To-Day & Saturday

A LIMITED NUMBER OF
Canton Crepe, Taffeta & Tricotine
RUSSEK—ORIGINAL
TEA & DINNER
FROCKS
AT
$59.50

taken from our regular stock of
Values Up to $135.00

AND SPECIALLY PRICED AS AN ATTRACTIVE INCENTIVE TO ACQUAINT MORE PATRONS WITH THE MODERATELY PRICED HIGH-TYPE MODES ALWAYS TO BE FOUND AT RUSSEKS.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

For Misses

THE SASHED SUIT OF NAVY BLUE TRICOTINE

Ties Itself to the Peak of Fashion . .

A PONY box coat because Youth says so, soutache braid because Fashion says so, a wide silken fringed sash because Paris says so—the "ayes" have it, because all eyes approve . . . . .

59.50

Fifty-Eight Distinctly Different Models In the Season's Fabrics and Colorings at This Price

SIZES 14 TO 20 YEARS

MISSES' SUIT SHOP—*Second Floor*

QUICK DISPOSAL SALE

of Two Popular Numbers at Unheard of Reductions.

$8.00 Genuine Cowhide Traveling Bags

$3.75

OUT OF TOWN PRICE $4.50

These bags are made of fine quality genuine cowhide leather, black walrus grain, lined with waterproof Keratol, inside pockets, have reinforced sewed-on corners, size 18". A remarkable value at the regular price.

GENUINE COWHIDE BOSTON BAGS

On Sale at

$1.95

OUT OF TOWN PRICE $2.25

This is without doubt the lowest price these fine cowhide Boston Bags were ever sold for, here or anywhere else. They are made of genuine cowhide, very flexible, no paper backing, neatly lined with sewed-on handles.

A few odds and ends in Wardrobe, Dress and Steamer Trunks left over from our last week's sale, will be closed out at less than cost prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded

Mail orders promptly filled

London Luggage EST. 1885 New York City

407 MADISON AV.
AT 48th ST., nr. Grand Central Station

2137 BROADWAY
AT 75th ST.

ADVERTISEMENT.

—Buy it from the Navy—

U. S. NAVY Sale

Clip this. Save it. Watch for later lists. OFF Navy's list prices now on orders over $250, instead of 10% off. Goods are all new. Excellent condition. Highest quality. Immediate deliveries. Quantities stated are approximate.

20%

Electrical Materials, Etc.

Bells—3" 3ohm platinum-contacts adjusting-screw dustproof case n50; Non-watertight 3" non-adjustable n50; do 2½" 6v d49; 5" 6v d25; 2½" 20v d341. Watertight vibrating 3" 6v d252; 6" 6v d80; 3" 20v d238 f268; 5" 20v d172; 3" 80v d19; 6" 80v d46; 10" 80v d23; 6" 110v d590; 3" 120v d100 f66; 6" 120v d790 f970; 8" 125v d7. (Total 3641 watertight; 515 non-watertight.)

Buzzers—Watertight "Salvo" portable, 6v d11; 20v d385; 120v d125. Non-watertight "Salvo" permanent, 20v d147.

Switches.—Snap NT 125v 5amp 1-pole, b1538; 125v 10amp 2-pole, b1500. Russell-Stoll, 5amp, f250. Snap ceiling 125v 10amp, f1300. Snap rotary 125v 5amp 1-pole, n125; do 2-pole, n100; do 3-pole, n50; 125v 10amp 3-pole, n10. Switch and receptacle, watertight, 5amp, f1850.

Switch knife, front connected, porcelain base, 1-pole, single-throw, 125v 15amp, f59. Knife spdt jr-battery composition base 15amp, n25. Swtp indicating-cover open-base 125v 10amp, n50. Knife, front-conn mtd-porcelain dpst without fuse, f50. Knife, front-conn dpst, C 250v 30amp, n25; do dtdp 125v 15amp, n25. Knife, dpstfc with fuse 250v 250amp, n10; do dpdt 250v 60amp, n20; do tpst 250v 30amp, n15; do front-conn dpst-C 125v 15 amp, f40.

Switches.—Steel enclosed sq-box 4" deep 2-pole 250v 60amp, n25. Push-button flush dp 125v 5amp, n50. Panel entrance dp plug fused top-serv spade-handle 125v 30amp, n100. Lock-type SP flush button 125v 10amp, n25.

Switch, Shunt, Magnetic S o'laoc 3 single-pole steel-cabinet, Electric Controller & Mfg. Co., 115w, b100.

Switch, Door, cast-I box (Crause-Hinds), with coml automatic door-switch (Cutler-Hammer-7246), boss at one end tapped for ¾" conduit (Cutler-Hammer-EK 137), 125v 5amp, b2500.

List changes daily.

Letters placed before quantities indicate LOCATIONS as follows: a South Brooklyn; b Navy Yard Brooklyn; c Ptsmth, N. H.; d Boston; e Newport, R. I.; f Philadelphia; g Washington Navy Yard; h Norfolk; i Hampton Roads; k Charleston, S. C.; m New Orleans; s Great Lakes Naval Training Station, near Chicago; p Puget Sound; q Mare Island.

If you can buy quantities of $250 or over ring up and ask prices, etc. Phone Sunset 3100, Ex. 585. Or CALL at sample room, Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, 30th and 3d Ave., Brooklyn.

EUGENE H. TRICOU,
Lt. Commander (S.C.), U. S. N.

U. S. NAVY

JURY PICKED TO TRY CLARA SMITH HAMON

Jurors Will Inspect Today Rooms in Which Accused Girl Lived With Jake L. Hamon.

COURTROOM IS CROWDED

Widow and Two Children Attend—Prosecution Counts on Alleged Dying Declaration.

Special to The New York Times.

ARDMORE, Okla., March 10.—The selection of a jury for the trial of Clara Smith Hamon, accused of the murder of Jake L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman and oil millionaire, to whose nephew she had been married, was completed at 5 o'clock this afternoon after forty-eight veniremen had been examined. The selection of the jury today came as a surprise, as both Hamon and the girl were well known locally and the case has been widely discussed in Carter County.

The twelve men who must decide the fate of the girl will be taken tomorrow morning to the two rooms—No. 28 and No. 29—in the Randal Hotel, where Hamon and the girl lived and where Hamon received the bullet wounds which resulted in his death. Clara Smith Hamon will be present when the jury is taken by bailiffs to the place where the State charges she killed the former Republican National Committeeman, and she must stand near by while the jury inspects the rooms.

The request that the jury look over the scene was made by Attorney General Prince Freeling, in charge of the prosecution. "The proof in this case will revolve about the rooms," he said, "and we desire that the jury be taken there to view the scene." No sooner had the request been made than counsel for the defense joined in the plea.

The furniture in the rooms will be arranged as it was at the time Hamon was shot so that the jury can get a true idea of the scene and so understand the evidence.

Outline of Evidence Expected.

Immediately after the visit to the Randol the twelve men will be taken to the courtroom, where, it is expected, Attorney General Freeling will make the opening statement, outlining the evidence as the State expects to produce it.

The State, jury qualifying questions indicated, is going to prevent the trial of Jake Hamon. Prospective jurors time and again were asked if they were willing to disregard the life of Jake Hamon. The talesmen were reminded by State's counsel that Hamon did not always regard his family ties, and, as the Attorney General termed it, did not always keep the Ten Commandments. The prosecution wanted to know if the prospective jurors believed "that the law was made for all and binding on all alike."

The State seeks to try this case solely on its merits and will contend that sympathy should have no place in the consideration of a verdict in the case of the girl. The State realizes that it is greatly handicapped with a woman as a defendant. It is indicated that the prosecution is willing to confine the issues to things that actually transpired between Hamon and Clara Smith on the Sunday afternoon in November in the Randol Hotel, when he was shot.

The State, it is known, is relying principally on a death-bed declaration said to have been made by Hamon in which it is reported that he admitted Clara Smith Hamon shot him. Until shortly before his death Hamon maintained, so far as ever was made known, that he shot himself accidentally. The alleged dying declaration is said to have been verbal and to have been made in the presence of a number of witnesses.

Courtroom is Crowded.

Througout the afternoon the courtroom was crowded to capacity. Spectators did not arrive in great numbers until after the noon recess, but then they jammed into every available spot. Big, brawny men lined the space around the walls, permitting the women to have the seats—rough-appearing fellows in for the day from the range and the oil fields, wearing big diamond studs sometimes stuck in shirts that were open at the neck.

The widow of Jake Hamon, dressed in black and wearing a heavy veil draped from her hat, entered the courtroom shortly after 3 o'clock. She took a seat opposite the accused. Accompanying her were her two children, Olive Belle and Jake; her father, Jasper Perkins of Chicago; a sister, Mrs. Olive Sheppard, and her sister's husband, O. H. Sheppard of Geary, Okla.

Across the table less than three feet away sat the woman whom the widow had denounced as a "vampire" and as responsible for the separation from her husband. The girl stared at the widow intently for a few moments, but not once was Hamon's widow noticed to glance in the direction of the defendant. As the afternoon slipped along, both became interested in the proceedings and apparently forgot the presence of the other.

Hardly once did Clara Smith Hamon change her expression. If she smiled it was not noticed. Now and then she would whisper to her mother or sister, who sat on either side of her, and once or twice she leaned forward and talked with William McLean, one of her attorneys. She has apparently left everything to the judgment of her lawyers.

The twelve men, who will pass judgment on the girl's guilt or innocence are for the most part men of middle life. Four grayheads are among them, three appear under 35, while the others are in their forties. The majority of the jurors live in Ardmore.

TO HONOR DEAD SOLDIERS.

Gen. O'Ryan Announces Program of Services Over 1,596.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan made public yesterday the plans for memorial services to be held on Wednesday, March 16, at Pier 4, Hoboken, for the American dead being returned from France. According to General O'Ryan, 1,596 bodies will be brought over on the army transport Somme. The Somme is due to arrive at Hoboken on Sunday.

The memorial service will start at 10 A. M. Father Peter Hoey, formerly Chaplain of the 107th Infantry; Rabbi J. Levinger, formerly Chaplain in the 27th Division, and the Rev. Frank I. Hanssom, formerly Chaplain of the 106th Infantry, will officiate. Dr. Herbert Shipman, rector of the Church of the Heavenly Rest and formerly Chaplain in the 27th Division, will deliver a short memorial address.

General O'Ryan and his staff will participate. Detachments of troops under Major Rutherford Ireland, formerly of the 106th Infantry, will be in charge of 300 or 400 men consisting of a platoon from the Twenty-second and Forty-seventh Engineers and detachments from the Seventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Twenty-third, Sixty-ninth and Seventy-first Infantry Regiments.

Evelyn Nesbit Ordered to Pay $3,224

The Supreme Court ordered a default judgment filed yesterday against Evelyn Nesbit for $3,224 in a suit of Francis & Co., dressmakers, for gowns, hats, wraps and capes sold in 1919. The papers were served on the defendant, but she did not defend the suit.

CUBA EXPECTS WOOD AS FULL AMBASSADOR

Reports Move to Raise Rank With General First Appointee—Washington Doubts It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 10.—Plans which have received tentative approval here and in Washington provide for raising the Ministerial relations between Cuba and the United States to the post of Ambassador. In a country place, not many kilometers from the capital, a very important conference was held within the week to discuss the political and economic situation.

American Minister Long's departure from the United States followed almost immediately after that conference, and the tour of the Provinces by General Crowder, which is to be concluded Saturday, was not long delayed thereafter. The United States Ambassador to Cuba will become the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps. It is known that the United States is the only nation with which Cuba is negotiating to raise its representative to the status and rank of Ambassador.

Mr. Long, the present Minister, expects to become an Ambassador, it is said, but not to Cuba. It is understood he may be sent to the Argentina. The name of Major General Leonard Wood has again come forward, and it is said that he is expected by leaders of both parties to be sent down as Ambassador within a few months. It is considered significant here that General Wood was not named as Governor General of the Philippines, which post would have required a considerable tenure of office, but has only accepted the post of special emissary there, from which he may hurry home at any time desirable. Major Gen. Wood is expected in Cuba as Ambassador or Minister Extraordinary before June 1.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Havana reports that the United States will send an Ambassador to Cuba, with General Wood probably the first appointee, could not be confirmed in Washington tonight, but the report was regarded as without foundation.

An American Ambassador could not be sent to Cuba until Congress created such a post. Whenever that is done Cuba would have to reciprocate by raising its Minister here to the rank of Ambassador. As Congress will not meet for a month, the necessary legislation could not be initiated until after April, but the opinion was expressed tonight that Congress would hardly raise to Ambassadorial rank our diplomatic representative to a nation the size of Cuba.

General Wood has already accepted the invitation of President Harding to go to the Philippines on a special mission of investigation. General Wood probably will sail for the Philippines on March 25, and will be in the Philippines at least four months. After that time it is expected that General Wood will accept an offer to become Provost of the University of Pennsylvania.

DECRIES STATE UNIVERSITY.

President Lowell of Harvard Wants "Good Time" Students Warned.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 10.—President Lowell of Harvard University before the Education Committee of the Legislature, opposed today the establishment of a State University by Massachusetts. He was, however, in favor of appointing a commission to give two years' study to the advisability of establishing such an university or of giving aid to existing educational institutions.

He wanted the commission instructed particularly to discourage young men from going to college simply to have a good time.

"Many people in Massachusetts think the youth of the commonwealth are not getting adequate educational facilities," he said. "This belief should be investigated. Personally I do not favor a State university as I think it would double the work of existing universities. If the present endowed universities do not serve the public as well as any other possible university, they should be brushed aside. Their right to exist depends upon their fulfilling completely their functions."

25,000 EX-SOLDIERS IDLE.

Service Club's Head Says 15,000 Are Homeless and Half-Fed.

The unemployment situation is worse than at any time since the armistice, according to Charles Haimes, director of the Service Club, who gave a summary of the work of the organization at a meeting of women yesterday in the home of Mrs. Edwin C. Jameson, 9 East Sixty-ninth Street. There are 25,000 ex-service men here without employment, 15,000 of whom are homeless, half-fed and half-clothed, Mr. Haimes said. "The club has been able to find employment for more than 100 every week until this week, when not half that number have been placed. More than 1,000 apply every week, Mr. Haimes said.

It was announced that a committee of 100 women would be organized to aid in providing funds to carry on the work. A committee of 100 men also will be named. The club's budget for the year beginning March 1 calls for $53,600.

WIFE GETS ARREST ORDER.

Says Japanese Restaurant Man Made Her Work in the Kitchen.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 10.—Because Mrs. Jean Yoshi of Yonkers alleged that he husband, Harry Yoshi, a young Japanese, whom she is suing for a separation, was about to go back to Japan and leave her stranded, she was granted an order of arrest today by Supreme Court Justice Morschauser. Yoshi is the owner of several restaurants in Yonkers.

Mrs. Yoshi in her affidavit said that her husband had an income of $1,000 a month, and that he villified her when she attempted to induce employes in his restaurants to become citizens. She also said that he made her work in the kitchen after their marriage, although he rode in a limousine.

GAS LEAK KILLS FOUR.

Mother and Children Suffocated by Disconnected Stove Tube.

A disconnected tube leading to a small gas stove caused the death yesterday of Mrs. Dora Herman and her three small children in their apartment at 752 Vermont Street, Brooklyn. Benjamin Herman, the husband, was sleeping in another room. He awoke early in the morning and smelled gas, and going into the other room sought in vain to arouse the family. His cries attracted neighbors and the mother and children were carried to the floor below.

The family retired early Wednesday evening, and the gas heater was lighted in the room in which the mother and children were sleeping. In some manner the tube became disconnected and the gas flowed out into the room.

STORM HERO
3.00 Up
At Department Stores and wherever umbrellas are sold.
If a gale turns Storm Hero inside out simply pull it back again. A new frame if the wind breaks it.
MILLER BROS. & CO. Manufacturers NEW YORK
MB Storm Hero
None Genuine Without This Trade Mark.

Macy's Macy's

Misses' Wraps and Belted Coats

For Immediate Wear

$33.75

Smart models in Bolivia and fine velours, trimmed with self stitching, slit pockets and large collars.

The Bolivia wrap illustrated has pleats down the back, a large collar and slit pockets. Full silk lined with radium silk.

In tan, rookie and gray.

14 to 20 years.

Most appropriate for in-between wear, when the fur coat is too heavy, and a suit coat is too light.

Macy's—Third Floor, 35th St., Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVE.—*37th and 38th Sts.*

With Covert Cloth a Favorite at the Court of Fashion

GIRLS' COATS OF COVERT CLOTH

ADD grace to the virtues they inherit with their name by being comely as well as competent; silk lined throughout . .

29.50

TAN COLOR

Sizes 8 to 16 years

OTHER GIRLS' COATS 18.50 to 98.50

GIRLS' COAT SHOP—*Second Floor*

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

READY! New Spring Togs

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Society Brand

Suits and Topcoats for Men of All Ages

$35 and up

Right here you'll find all the best of all that's new—the latest quips of Fashion in smart Spring garb for the smart young man—the new fabrics—the new lines—the new colors. And for the well dressed man of conservative taste—the correctness and perfection of tailoring for which Society Brand clothing is famous.

SALE: FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Society Brand Suits and Topcoats $27.50

A low-price end-of-the-week special for men—and for young men. Here's value for the man who knows the knock of opportunity. Suits half and quarter lined—single and double breasted—light and dark. Many fancy mixtures. Spring topcoats for wear right now. Sizes 34 to 44.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor.

The New* Saks Topcoats *for* Men are *Ready

—the finest that ever left the laps of our tailormen. They lead New York, *and New York Leads America*

YOU may wear a Saks topcoat with confidence, for none can be better tailored. Our standard of needlework is *very* high, our woolens of the most *dependable* character.

At $40 *and up* we have the largest collection of Spring topcoats in the city. Raglan and set-in sleeve models, half-belted or slightly fitted, with regulation, slash or patch pockets. Fabrics cover everything from English tweeds and homespuns to the ever-wanted knit cloths.

FIFTH FLOOR

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** At 34th Street

Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids NO COOKING

The "Food-Drink" for All Ages. Quick Lunch at Home, Office, and Fountains. *Ask for HORLICK'S.* Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

REIS UNION SUITS

REIS

MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

"Turner for Concrete"

A Recommendation.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

NORTH END AV., 000.—Will sublet my apartment of five sunny outside rooms; two baths; facing Hudson River; southern exposure; furnished with rare taste and care; complete in every detail, including silver and linen; references required.

A similar advertisement in next Sunday's edition of The New York Times will cost $3.30

Now Ready!
15,000 New Spring Suits & Topcoats

Come in and see These Spring Suits and Topcoats!

—you will find the largest and finest assortments in town. There are over 15,000 Spring Suits and Topcoats in all—the largest selection and the smartest styles we have ever shown. They are ready *now*—in both our Walker Street and our Bronx Store. Be sure you see them.

Final Price Reductions!
—there will be no further price revisions!

472 Suits were $65
523 Suits were $55
517 Suits were $50
487 Suits were $45
314 Suits were $40
118 Fur Collar Overcoats were $55

Now $23.50

322 Overcoats were $65
585 Overcoats were $55
510 Overcoats were $50
440 Overcoats were $45
325 Overcoats were $40

437 Suits were $80
577 Suits were $75
622 Suits were $65
252 Fur Collar Overcoats were $75

Now $33.50

476 Overcoats were $80
459 Overcoats were $75
477 Overcoats were $65

329 Suits were $100
387 Suits were $85
294 Suits were $80
216 Fur Collar Overcoats were $100

Now $47.50

344 Overcoats were $100
458 Overcoats were $85
321 Overcoats were $80

Spring Topcoats $17.50

489 Spring Topcoats, formerly up to $45. A good selection in all sizes from 33 to 42.

Now

Men's Pants $5.00

Final Price Reductions	558	were $8.
	460	were $9
	521	were $10
	445	were $11.50

Now

Kid Klothes! Sale!

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Final Price Reductions!

387 Suits were $18.50
487 Suits were $20
498 Suits were $25

417 Overcoats were $18.50
456 Overcoats were $20
583 Overcoats were $25

Now $8.75

235 Mackinaws were $18.50
276 Mackinaws were $20
341 Mackinaws were $25

231 Reefers were $18.50
256 Reefers were $20
398 Reefers were $25

Spring Kid Klothes now ready!

Spring Kid Klothes have just arrived in both our stores. There are over 5,000 new Spring Suits and Reefers—styled like our men's clothes, made of all-wool fabrics—and priced at one-third less. Bring the youngster in to see them.

Moe Levy & Son

Downtown 119-125 Walker Street

In the Bronx 409 East 149th St. *Between Third & Bergen Aves.* **Second Floor**

Every Subway or "elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station within sight of our Walker Street Store.

Walker Street Store Open Evenings Until 7, Saturdays Until 10.

Bronx Store Open Evenings Until 9, Saturdays Until 10.

WANTS TWO DECKS ON SIXTH AVENUE

Dr. Harriss Proposes to Relieve Congestion With New Street Level at Elevated Tracks.

LUNCHEON IN HIS HONOR

Traffic Signal Towers to Regulate Speeches Break Down in Flood of Laudatory Oratory.

Traffic signal towers, erected in the Waldorf-Astoria ballroom to regulate speeches, failed yesterday when members of the Fifth Avenue Association launched into praises of Dr. John A. Harriss, Special Deputy Police Commissioner. The speeches were made at a luncheon given in honor of Dr. Harriss on the first anniversary of the installation of the Fifth Avenue signal towers. Dr. Harriss constructed and maintains these towers at his own expense.

John B. Stanchfield, counsel for the association, acted as toastmaster, and ignored every red light on the highway of his oratory. George Gordon Battle "stepped on the gas" at every opportunity, and the congestion became so great when Dr. Harriss responded that Police Lieutenant Joseph J. Sheridan of Traffic C, in charge of the signal demonstration, gave up in despair.

Dr. Harriss said his efforts would have failed without the co-operation of Commissioner Enright and Inspector O'Brien.

"I will go the limit," he added, "and use every available means to prevent traffic congestion on all streets so as to obviate the loss of lives and of injury to thousands of persons every year."

Asked after the luncheon what new plans he had in mind to improve traffic conditions, Dr. Harriss referred to the viaduct he advocates building on Sixth Avenue from Fortieth to Fifty-ninth Street. His plan is to have roadways constructed on either side of and on the same level with the Sixth Avenue Elevated Line. There is a space of forty feet on either side of the tracks. This would relieve the congestion not only in Sixth Avenue, but would divert much through traffic from Fifth Avenue, thereby still further relieving conditions on that thoroughfare.

The chief difficulty in accomplishing this is to be found, according to Dr. Harriss, in the objection of the property owners on Sixth Avenue who think their property values would be greatly reduced by introducing such a structure. Dr. Harriss, however, maintains that with two street levels, the value of property on Sixth Avenue, between Fortieth and Fifty-ninth Streets, would be enhanced to the extent of $20,000,000.

He also hoped to bring about a better distribution of vehicular traffic by promoting the development of a marginal roadway from Seventy-second Street down the west side of Manhattan Island. In addition he thinks the time opportune to start the regulation of traffic in West Street.

Dr. Harriss told the association that the problem formerly met on Fifth Avenue was due to the authority invested in individual traffic policemen to stop traffic at their will. This resulted in confusion. The installation of traffic towers over thirty blocks not only united the control over vehicles, but provided a means for educating the public mind to work in unison with that of the Police Department.

That this method of educating the public had been effective was shown by Dr. Harriss, who said that at night when the traffic policemen had left their posts, 94 per cent. of the drivers on Fifth Avenue paid strict regard to the traffic signal lights. Not a summons had been issued since the system was introduced.

Mayor Hylan was unable to be present, but sent a letter congratulating the people of the city and Commissioner Enright in having in the Police Department such a "generous and public-spirited man as Special Deputy Police Commissioner Harriss." Resolutions adopted by the Fifth Avenue Association, in appreciation of the services of Dr. Harriss, also were read by Robert Grier Cooke, President of the association, and an engrossed copy was presented to Dr. Harriss.

CARUSO HAS A GOOD DAY.

Several Members of His Suite Attend Opera in the Afternoon.

The condition of Caruso was so satisfactory yesterday that several members of his suite left the Hotel Vanderbilt for the first time since he became seriously ill and attended the performance of Aida at the Metropolitan Opera House in the afternoon. They reported that the tenor was bright and cheerful and wished them a pleasant afternoon. The bulletin issued by his physicians, read:

"Mr. Caruso has had a good day, and rested well last night. There is no material change in his general condition.

"Dr. JOHN F. ERDMANN,
"Dr. SAMUEL W. LAMBERT,
"Dr. EVAN M. EVANS,
"Dr. ANTONIO STELLA,
"Dr. FRANCIS F. MURRAY."

At the Metropolitan Opera House it was said last night that the latest news from Caruso was encouraging, but that it could not be expected the tenor would show any radical improvement yet, because his recovery from pleurisy would necessarily be slow.

BARUCH PAID WAY AT PARIS.

Took None of Peace Conference Fund for Himself, He Declares.

Commenting on reports from Washington that statements of disbursements for the Peace Conference showed that he had received an allotment of $150,000, Bernard M. Baruch said yesterday that he had not personally received Government money for as much as a glass of water.

"I paid all my expenses to Paris to attend the Peace Conference," said Mr. Baruch. "I paid my own steamship fare to and from Paris, paid for my own meals, and even kept my own automobile at my own expense instead of using the Government machines that were available. Alex Legg, C. H. McDowell, and some others also paid their own expenses.

"Of the $150,000 mentioned as allotted to my department, about $24,000 was used in payment for the work of experts. A complete accounting of the funds was made and is now in the hands of the Senate."

WOMEN BLIGHT POKER GAME

Two W. C. T. U. Members Discourage Cards and Drinking on Voyage.

How two women, delegates to a W. C. T. U. Convention in South America, "spoiled" a perfectly good trip for several of the passengers of the Santa Ana of the Grace Line, on her last trip to South America, was told yesterday by members of the crew when the vessel docked at Pier 33, Brooklyn. The women succeeded in putting a stop to the poker playing usually indulged in in the smoking room, and also kept such a supervision over the liquors that the sale was reduced to a minimum.

The women made their appearance in the smoking room the first night out, buttonholed the men as they entered the room and succeeded in embarrassing so many of them that, to use the phrase of the ship's crew "the game was a frost." Few drinks were served in the men's saloon, owing to the work of the women, but there was a noticeable increase in the number of flasks sold, probably to be drunk in the staterooms.

HAYS NAMES CHIEF CLERK.

Ohio Athlete Succeeds McArdle in Post Office Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Will H. Hays, Postmaster General, announced this afternoon the appointment of William McKinley Mooney, a native of Steubenville, Ohio, to be Chief Clerk of the Post Office Department, a position formerly filled by Ruskin McArdle of Texas. The appointment was announced through the publicity office of the Post Office Department in a statement which declared that Mr. Mooney is an "all around amateur athlete," a "most enthusiastic sportsman" and a "famous fisherman as well as a good shot."

"In making this appointment the Postmaster General gratified a most popular desire among the employes of the department and selected a man of exceptional qualifications," says the announcement. "Mr. Mooney, who has been disbursing clerk of the Post Office Department during about ten years, is a native of Steubenville, Ohio. He first came to Washington about 1895 as private secretary to Thomas B. Colton, then Sixth Auditor of the Treasury. During the Cleveland Administration he took a civil service examination and was appointed clerk in the Division of Finance of the Post Office Department. During the Roosevelt Administration he was made Superintendent of the Division of Supplies and was later transferred to be Chief Clerk of the registry system, from which place he was transferred to the position held by him at the time of his present appointment.

"Mr. Mooney has a reputation as an all around amateur athlete, having been for several years the champion boxer of the United States. He and President Roosevelt were intimate friends, and during President Roosevelt's Administration he and the President boxed together at the White House a great many times and used to go shooting together."

SEEKS TO HOLD UP DUTIES.

Attorney Wants Pay for Obtaining Refund to Post Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Guy F. Allen, Acting Treasurer of the United States, was ordered today by Justice Stafford in the District Supreme Court to show cause on April 1 why he should not be restrained from paying over to Albertson Van Z. Post, surviving trustee of the estate of Henry A. V. Post, the sum of $50,383.46 due the estate for duties paid to the Government in excess of lawful duties imposed on importations of steel "blooms" by the firm of Clarke, Post & Martin of New York City in 1903, of which Henry A. V. Post was the surviving and liquidating partner in his lifetime.

Courtland C. Clements, who claims to have represented the liquidating partner in his claims against the Government and in his efforts to secure a Congressional appropriation for the money, alleges that Henry A. V. Post neglected to observe the terms of a contract to pay him a commission of 12½ per cent. on the amount mentioned.

The appropriation was obtained, Clements alleges, by a joint resolution of the Senate and House in 1912. He asks the court to appoint a receiver for the fund and instruct the receiver to pay him his commission.

LEPERS ARE MOVED SOUTH.

Massachusetts Sufferers Transferred to Federal Institution.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 10.—The leper colony that Massachusetts has maintained at Penikese Island, in Buzzards Bay, was evacuated today and the thirteen members were transferred by tug to this city. They then started by special car for the Federal leprosarium at Carville, La. On the way the car will pick up three additional unfortunates, one at Bridgeport, Conn., and two at Richmond, Va.

Eleven men and two women were in the group. The women were carried in chairs, while some of the men were lively and active. Some of those in the group had been at Penikese almost since the colony was established thirteen years ago.

Superintendent Frank Parker, who has lived with them for seven years, said that the unfortunates would have a better opportunity for the possible cure offered in revised experiments with chalmugra oil at the Federal leprosarium.

LENIENT TO BANK CLERK.

Judge Suspends Sentence of Hartford Youth Who Took $4,300.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 10.—Leo E. Boutellier, 17-year-old bank clerk, pleaded guilty in Superior Court today to a charge of embezzlement of $4,300 from the Fidelity Trust Company. Judge Haines sentenced him to the State reformatory, but suspended the sentence and placed him on probation.

Boutellier said he lost the money throwing dice. One of the alleged winners in the dice games is under arrest and bench warrants were issued for two others.

Search for Earle U. Richmond, a paying teller at the Hartford-Aetna National Bank of this city, was begun today when it was announced that he was short at least $2,500 in his accounts. Richmond left his home in Windsor on Monday and did not appear at the bank here. His wife received a telegram from him saying he had gone to New York on business.

WON'T IMPEACH JUDGE WADE

Arkansas Legislature Drops Proceedings After His Explanation.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 10.—Impeachment proceedings instituted by the House of the Arkansas Legislature against Judge John W. Wade were withdrawn from the Senate today, thus bringing about an amicable settlement of the controversy between the Assembly and the Judge, which had kept the Legislature in turmoil for three days.

Judge Wade appeared before both houses and made an explanation of his statements to the jury. His explanation was that he made no specific charges against the members of the Legislature, meant no reflection upon them or the women employes of the body, but had merely asked the Grand Jury to investigate reports that had reached him in order that they might be cleared up.

IGNORE GOMPERS'S ADVICE.

Detroit Unions to Send Delegate to Soviet Labor Congress.

DETROIT, March 10.—A reprimand by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, for what he termed support of the Russian Soviet Government by the Detroit Federation of Labor, was followed by a vote last night that a representative of the local federation be sent to Moscow to attend a labor congress fostered by the Soviet Government and scheduled to open on May 1. President William Bailey was authorized to appoint the delegate.

In his letter to the Detroit Federation Mr. Gompers charged members with being "servants of the Soviet Government," and recommended that they occupy themselves "with organizing unorganized workers instead of spreading the doctrines of Lenin and Trotzky."

DOG DIES FOR MASTER.

Chicago St. Bernard Attacks Hold-Up Men and Is Shot.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Leo, a St. Bernard dog, gave his life today in preventing an attempt to hold up his master's grocery.

Three bandits walked into Leonard Malone's store and ordered him to throw up his hands. The dog, watching from a corner, hurled his 135 pounds at one of the robbers, sinking his teeth into the man's throat. The man fired and the dog fell dead. The robbers escaped but did not obtain any loot.

PECK & PECK

The Princess—$4.00 a pair
Sheer, Yet Durable

THE Princess is Peck & Peck's wonder stocking. And the wonder is that so fine and so delicate a stocking should wear so well and that so fine an example of the hosier's craft should sell for as little as $4.00 the pair. In black, white, boulevard gray and all other popular colors.

PECK & PECK
586 Fifth Avenue 501 Fifth Avenue
ALSO AT 4 NO. MICHIGAN BOULEVARD, CHICAGO
At Palm Beach in Winter At Newport in Summer

PECK & PECK

J. M. Gidding & Co.
384 388 Fifth Avenue AT 40TH ST. N.Y.
NEW YORK PARIS

Will include today and tomorrow in their

Final Sales of Winter Furs

an attractive assortment of

Fashionable Neck Scarfs

in *single skin effects* of Choice Natural Russian Sable—Dark Hudson Bay Sable—Natural Blue Fox and Natural Silver Fox—

as for example

$150 Natural Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs..... $95
$195 Natural Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs.....$125
$600 Russian Sable Scarfs.....$295
$750 Russian Sable Scarfs.....$375
$350 Natural Blue Fox Scarfs.....$225
$375 Natural Blue Fox Scarfs.....$295
$1000 Natural Silver Fox Scarfs.....$575
$1500 Natural Silver Fox Scarfs.....$750

B. Altman & Co.

Women's
Spring Tailor-mades
featuring
smart styles, new fabrics
superior workmanship
and
reasonable prices
Ready-to-wear Suits Dep't
(Third Floor)
Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

The MUN-CEY

A new Brogue, with just enough punching to be very different. Made in tan and black Scotch Grain. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design.

Built by THE JOHN A. McMURPHY SHOE

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

Happiness Candy Club

Friday and Saturday

"The most popular club in the city!" one man declared last Saturday. The goodness of Happiness Candies pleases patrons, and the week-end "Treats" of the Happiness Club bring great numbers of new ones.

This week's club offer combines for $1, two delicious Chocolate numbers, a pound box each of our popular "*Arcade Chocolates*," an unusual assortment of tempting chocolates which we sell at 65c a pound—and "*Milk Chocolate Caramels*"—made of rich, fresh cream, pure cane sugar and the best creamy butter, heavily coated with the finest milk chocolate, the regular price of which is 75c a lb.

Assorted **Arcade Chocolates** *1 lb. Regular Price 65¢*

Milk Chocolate Covered Caramels *1 lb. Regular Price 75¢*

Both pounds for **$1**

Note: The Club offer is limited to one to a purchaser. No mail orders filled.
FULL WEIGHT—16 Ounces of CANDY in Every Pound Box

"Happiness in Every Box"

UNITED HAPPINESS CANDY STORES:—

13 Park Row | 1343 B'way, Nr. 35th St. | 42 East 23rd Street
90 Nassau Street | 2249 B'way, Nr. 80th St. | Fifth Ave., Nr. 23rd St.
32 Cortlandt Street | 2690 B'way, Nr. 103rd St. | 25 West 42nd Street
616 B'way, Cor. Canal St. | B'way, Cor. 146th St. | 135 West 42nd Street
1372 B'way, Nr. 33rd St. | 64 East 14th Street | Cor. 59th St. & 3rd Ave.
BROOKLYN:—Fulton & Nostrand NEWARK:—801 Broad St. & 785 Broad St.

UNITED RETAIL CANDY STORES

SOHMER FOR TONE

THE Cupid Grand is one piano which does not rob tone to pay size.

It is above all, a true piano first and a small piano second.

For The Cupid Grand has within its beautiful case, the soul of a remarkable musical instrument.

The Sohmer Cupid Grand is a small piano, but it is every inch a Sohmer in its fine tone qualities.

Allowances made on used pianos and periodical payments planned.

SOHMER
31 West 57th Street

VICTROLAS & VICTOR RECORDS

THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION.

The first rotogravure pictures of the inauguration of President Harding published in the country appear in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL. This is one feature only of 100 etchings in the number. There is an unusual amount of news pictures from all parts of the country, and features pictures in art, drama, sports, science, politics and personalities. Numerous etchings of beautiful women. On news stands, 10 cents.—Advt.

Repair Your Shoes

WE are one of the few shoemakers left doing hand work.

It's the Soles that must stand the punishment of all shoes. Let us reconstruct them in our repair department.

½ Sole Leather or Rubber Heels, $2.25
Entire New Bottoms, Welts if Needed, $3.50

A Card or Phone Call Will Bring Us to You.

The Forbes Shoe Comp'y Inc.

If it's Foot Trouble Call Here

6 West Broadway, 221 Greenwich St. (Near Vesey St.) N. Y.

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

The Home of 40 Famous Brands of Clothes for Men and Young Men

Georges OPPOSITE Waldorf Hotel

(Between 5th Ave. & B'way)

"SENIOR" "JUNIOR"

Sale Ends Tomorrow Night!

This is your last chance to take advantage of the biggest distribution of clothes ever undertaken in New York, in which nearly 30,000 garments were sold in the course of this sale

AT THE ONE PRICE OF

$20

There Still Remain To Choose From At This Price—

410 Overcoats

730 Suits For Men and Young Men

All Were Made To Sell at $40 to $60

Take this fair and friendly warning—if you want one of these amazing bargains you must take instant advantage of this opportunity, as this sale comes to a final close tomorrow night at 9:00. It gives you your last chance to buy a Suit of the correct cut, color and weight for Spring at trifling cost, or an Overcoat for next Winter. Small charge for alterations.

LAST CALL!

All of Our Higher Priced Suits and Overcoats—The Best Money Could Buy at

$75, $85, $90, $100, $115

To dispose of the unsold balance of our most expensive garments by Saturday night, we have grouped them all in one lot and marked them at ONE PRICE...

$39

Georges

ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR
(Between 5th Ave. and Broadway)
Opp. Waldorf Hotel

15 West 34th Street

Open Daily Till 6 P. M.—Saturday Till 9 P. M.

The Greatest Sensation in Men's Clothing Events in New York!

The Convenience of a Charge Account Will Be Gladly Extended to You Upon Request to the Manager of Any of Our Stores.

1/2 the Price
On a $1,000,000 Stock
Men's Suits & Overcoats

THIS sale means an extraordinary opportunity to every man in New York. It means the opportunity to select bench-tailored Joseph Hilton suits at $50 and pay only $25—to purchase $30 ALL WOOL Joseph Hilton garments at a price actually as low as $15—to stock up for Spring and *next* season at exactly HALF price.

But please remember that this event cannot continue indefinitely—that some definite time-limitation must be placed on an offer so extraordinary as this.

There are still wonderful stocks at each store. Plenty of splendid patterns and good styles to select from. Many garments of medium weight suitable for early Spring.

Make use of this remarkable event before it ends! Ample stocks insure a fine selection; extra salesmen and tailors guarantee you fit and service—and the Joseph Hilton Guarantee assures you of "Satisfaction or Money Back!"

Because of the extraordinary reduction, there will be a very slight charge for alterations.

You May Select Garments At $30 —*and Pay Only* **$15.**

You May Select Garments At $40 —*and Pay Only* **$20.**

You May Select Garments At $50 —*and Pay Only* **$25.**

You May Select Garments At $60 —*and Pay Only* **$30.**

Or Other Garments at Higher Prices—and Pay Only HALF

Joseph Hilton

Do not assume that you know the nearest Joseph Hilton Store! Locate it by looking for the FULL NAME—Joseph Hilton—at exact addresses given below!

243 Broadway
Opposite City Hall Park

Fifth Ave. at 33d St.
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

Nassau & Fulton Sts.
Raymond's Corner—99 Nassau Street

36th St. & Broadway
One Block Above Macy's—1333 Broadway

10 Cortlandt St.
Just West of Broadway

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.,
Fairfield and Middle Streets

WATERBURY, CONN.,
Bank Street, at Grand

8 WITNESSES HELD IN $466,000 THEFT

Prosecutor Traces $60,000 More of Bonds Stolen From Kean, Taylor & Co.

WAITER TURNS OVER $20,000

Securities Taken as Collateral for Loans, Says Mining Man, Held in $20,000 Bail.

Quest for the $466,000 in Liberty bonds obtained in November last by three thieves in a hold-up in Brooklyn of two messengers employed by Kean, Taylor & Co., bankers, of 5 Nassau Street, led yesterday to the arraignment of eight men in the Kings County Court as material witnesses in the disposal of $60,000 of the stolen bonds and the arrest last night of another man. The latter was alleged to have acted as a go-between for the hold-up men and the men who undertook to dispose of the loot.

After the eight men had been held in bail ranging from $20,000 to $1,000 each, detectives said they had learned that members of the "Nicky" Arnstein band in Washington were connected with the attempt to dispose of some of the stolen Liberty bonds in that city. It was understood that $60,000 worth of the Liberty bonds were part of a batch distributed in this city within the last three weeks, $20,000 of which were surrendered late yesterday afternoon by the head waiter of the Commodore Hotel. The latter said he had received them from Nathaniel Wheeler, a mining promoter living at the Plaza Hotel, who, with seven other men, was arrested in Wheeler's office in the Arcade Building, 1 East Forty-third Street, Wednesday evening.

Held in Heavy Bail.

Wheeler, William Parmelee, an engineer, of 112 Washington Place; Elman R. Seeley, broker, with offices in the Woolworth Building and living at 2,105 Beverly Road, Brooklyn, and Frank G. Martin, a horse trainer, of Lexington, Ky., stopping at the Grand Hotel, were held by Judge Bayes, in the Kings County Court, in $20,000 bail each as witnesses.

Richard Longenecker, broker, of 1 Wall Street, who lives at the City Club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street, was held in $10,000 bail, and Frank Gaino, head waiter at the Biltmore Hotel, and John E. Hertin, a clerk in Wheeler's office, were held in $5,000 bail each.

The eighth witness was August Chardenet of 108 Elwood Street, Washington Heights, head waiter in the Commodore Hotel. He was released in $1,000 bail on the recommendation of District Attorney Lewis, after the latter had recovered $20,000 in Liberty bonds from the Irving National Bank, where Chardenet had placed them Tuesday. Chardenet said that Wheeler sent $40,000 worth of the bonds to him to prevent him from complaining to District Attorney Swann that the mining promoter would not give him an accounting of $14,000, which, Chardenet alleged, he had entrusted to Wheeler for investment. He said he returned $20,000 of the bonds to Wheeler. Gainor, he said, had introduced him to Wheeler.

Wheeler's arrest followed the discovery that he had placed $20,000 worth of the stolen Kean, Taylor & Co. bonds with a bank as collateral for a loan.

Says Bonds Were Collateral.

"The bonds were left with me as collateral for a loan by two or three men," Wheeler said after he had been held as a witness. "I accepted them in good faith. When the bank accepted and passed them, I believed they were all right. I am ready at any time to turn the bonds over to the people whom the authorities can prove are the proper owners of them."

Later District Attorney Lewis was said to have received from Roy I. Guthman, a lawyer of 115 Broadway, information which may lead to the arrest of several men in connection with a widespread plot to dispose of stolen securities.

Abe Cohen, 30 years old, who, detectives said last night, had served prison terms under the names of Nash and Powell, was the man arrested last night. He was locked up at Police Headquarters on a charge of having participated in a plot to dispose of the $466,000 bonds stolen from the Kean, Taylor & Co. messengers. In a statement yesterday District Attorney Lewis said:

"Wheeler was engaged in speculative mining ventures and was in possession of a large number of the bonds stolen from Kean, Taylor & Co. When Wheeler entered his office Wednesday night and found several detectives and Assistant District Attorney Marshall Snyder waiting for him, he thought they were investors and became very loquacious.

Says Bonds Were Identified.

"From investigation it was discovered that Wheeler had secured $60,000 worth of Liberty bonds, all positively identified as being part of the $466,000 worth of bonds stolen from Kean, Taylor & Co. Of these $20,000 worth already have been traced to Leland Stanford Wood, of 3 West Seventy-fifth Street, who is connected with the Chevrolet Motor Company and is a member of the Leland Stanford family of California, and reputed to be very wealthy.

"Mr. Wood stated that he got possession of these bonds through William Parmelee, a mining engineer of 112 Washington Place. Mr. Parmelee said he got the bonds from Wheeler, and was told to deposit the bonds with Mr. Wood as collateral to secure the payment of a large sum of money which Mr. Wood invested through Mr. Parmelee and Mr. Wheeler. Mr. Wood's connection with the transaction seems apparently innocent.

"Twenty thousand dollars' worth of bonds were traced to the First National Bank of Jamaica, Queens, having been pledged by Wheeler as collateral for a loan of $15,000 made to him by the bank through the introduction of Richard C. Longenecker, an investment broker at 1 Wall Street. That loan was made yesterday in Manhattan.

"Twenty thousand dollars' worth of the stolen bonds were found in the possession of August Chardenet, the head waiter of the Commodore Hotel. Chardenet became acquainted with Wheeler several months ago, and invested more than $14,000, an accumulation of tips, in Wheeler's favorite enterprises.

Broker Threatened by Waiter.

"Chardenet became dubious as to his investments and threatened dire things to Wheeler. To allay suspicion Wheeler sent to Chardenet $40,000 worth of Liberty bonds, half of which Chardenet returned to Wheeler through one of the other witnesses arrested last night, and deposited $20,000 worth of the bonds in a vault in the Irving National Bank. Chardenet's only connection with the transaction seems to be that of a rather impetuous desire to recover his money without going through the form of law.

"We are now endeavoring to learn how Wheeler got possession of the bonds."

The alleged connection of members of the Arnstein band with the attempt to dispose of some of the Kean, Taylor & Co. bonds, it was said, was revealed through the questioning of Peter Duffy, now a prisoner in Washington, D. C., in connection with the disposal of $750 worth of Liberty bonds stolen from a printing establishment in Centre Street in this city.

Duffy was a New York taxicab chauffeur, and with another chauffeur visited Memphis, Tenn., about the time $300,000 of the stolen Kean, Taylor & Co. bonds were sold by brokers in that city to a Memphis bank.

When Duffy was arrested in Washington Detective Sergeants McCoy, Roddy and O'Hara were sent to question him Duffy, it was said yesterday, told the detectives that he had been requested to take $60,000 worth of the Kean, Taylor & Co. bonds to Memphis after the first batch had been sent there. He was reported to have told of conversations with two men who were indicted a year ago with "Nicky" Arnstein, "Nick" Cohen and David W. Sullivan in connection with the disposal of stolen securities.

Including witnesses, twenty-one men have been arrested in connection with the Kean, Taylor & Co. hold-up and the disposal of the bonds. Three are under indictment in Brooklyn in connection with the actual hold-up, and seven have been indicted in Memphis for aiding in the disposal of part of the securities. Including the bonds recovered yesterday, all but $82,000 worth of the stolen bonds either have been recovered or have been impounded, pending action to determine ownership.

It is said the detectives expect to arrest at least fifteen other men in connection with the disposal of the bonds.

STUDENTS AT POLLS BEATEN BY RUFFIANS

Princeton Men Tell of Attack by Jersey City Hoodlums at November Election.

HELD FOR HOURS IN JAIL

Legislative Investigation into New Jersey Municipalities Begins.

Tales of brutal assaults by hoodlums, while the police stood idly by, were told in Hoboken yesterday by Princeton students who attmepted to act as watchers at the polls in the "Tub of Blood" district in Jersey City at the last election.

Testifying at the opening of the legislative investigation into the conduct of New Jersey municipalities, the students swore that they were harried by the police, and that some of them were held hours in jail on trumped up charges which never were pressed. Though one was bleeding from wounds sustained when they tried to communicate with Prosecutor Pierre Garven, they said, he received no medical attention while behind the bars.

The joint committee, which began to function yesterday, is headed by Senator William B. Mackay of Bergen County, Republican leader of the Senate. It is authorized to examine sweepingly into political and administrative conditions in New Jersey municipalities. It is expected, however, to devote itself largely to Hudson County, with particular reference to the administration of Mayor Frank Hague in Jersey City. If it decides to extend its sphere it may take a peep into alleged vice conditions in Paterson.

John A. Bernarr, Assistant Prosecutor of Essex County, is chief counsel to the committee. He examined five witnesses, all of them Princeton men, who were among 250 students sent from the university to assist the Honest Ballot Association.

The students' trouble started when they took their credentials as challengers to the Pine Street School near Communipaw Avenue, where three voting precincts were housed. According to those who testified they promptly were ordered thrown out by one election official because their credentials were not stamped by the Secretary of State. Police Captain Timothy Murphy of the Fourth Precinct looked at the credentials, according to Thomas K. Drummond, a Princeton junior, living at 214 West Seventy-first Street, New York, and said "didn't give a blank blank who Garvin was, he wasn't going to let any one in there. He had orders not to."

Held on Flimsy Charge.

Drummond later was arrested and held for more than four hours on a charge of carrying concealed weapons when he showed the police a piece of garden hose about six inches long that he had picked up before leaving Princeton. This charge had never been pressed, he said.

Bearing an ugly scar over his right Temple, Ralph Gilmore Williamson of Indianapolis, a Princeton junior, told of being trapped with Charles Frazier, another student, in a saloon and attacked with fists, glasses and dishes by a gang of fifteen or twenty roughs when the two tried to telephone to Mr. Garvin that they were barred out of polling places, and that one of them had been arrested on a flimsy charge.

According to the witnesses, a dozen policemen, who had searched the pair twice for concealed weapons and had warned them against telephoning to the prosecutor, lounged less than a half block away, and disappeared when the injured men limped back to the point from which they had started.

"They were backed into a corner and a man gathered an armful of glasses and dishes and started to throw them.

"Some one hit me on the jaw with his fist," continued Williamson, "and I lost consciousness until I was in the street. In carrying me out Mr. Frazier stumbled and I fell against some cobblestones. This brought me to, and with Frazier supporting me we made our way back to where we had left the others, only a few feet away. My head was bleeding from several cuts, including this wound over the temple. The saloon was owned by Phil Grant and was located at 321 Communipaw Avenue."

Several Men Accused.

The committee permitted Williamson to read a list of men he believed to have been in the gangs. He explained that he had got the names from George H. Shaw, a resident of the district, who had been beaten unconscious by some men earlier in the day. Shaw, he said, was an employe of the prosecutor's office. Among the men named were Gus Rohde, Micky McCaullar, Walter Willbough, Clarence Miller, Danny Norton, William Cook, Chick Kaiser and William Burke.

William L. Morgan Jr., a Princeton junior and a football player, was the principal figure in the next mishap to befall the students. After Williamson and Frazier returned, the five students started away in an automobile. In applying the brakes at a slippery crossing, Morgan said, the car skidded and knocked down a woman, who was unhurt. The five men were taken first to one police station and then to a second, where they were locked up for four hours, Williamson still bleeding from his wound. No medical attention was offered the wounded man, Morgan said, but charges of reckless driving, operating a stolen automobile and assault and battery were lodged against him. The other four were held as witnesses, he said, until all were released on orders from Justice Dogherty.

Other students who testified were James Alexander Ross of Brooklyn, also a junior, and A. Barr Snively Jr. of Waynesboro, Pa. Another member of the Princeton group, Charles Frazier, was not called, though he was present.

The committee will meet next Friday in the Jersey City Court House.

At the next session it was said the committee would concentrate upon alleged election frauds in Jersey City last November, seeking to establish not only intimidation by the police and election officials, but also illegal balloting. Jersey City financial matters will be taken up after that.

BOLSHEVIKI CRUSH MOSCOW UPRISING

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

lensk and commenced on Wednesday a vigorous offensive on the Petrograd front, but suffered heavy losses, says a dispatch to The London Times from Riga.

War Minister Trotzky ordered from Petrograd the entire Bolshevist southwest army to the aid of Tuchatschewski, but the Moscow commissary of that army replied that he could not trust his troops and demanded special instructions.

General Avroff, the dictator in Petrograd, the dispatch adds, is reported to have ordered the electric light and water power stations blown up.

There are 40,000 sailors and soldiers at Kronstadt. They have a plentiful supply of ammunition and mines and their morale is excellent. More than 24,000 laborers are striking.

It is reported from Shlisselburg, near Petrograd, that the sailors of the fleets on lakes Ladoga and Donega have revolted and organized a revolutionary committee.

Lenin Tells of Internal Troubles.

Nikolai Lenin, the Russian Soviet Premier, speaking at the opening of the Tenth All-Russian Congress of the Bolshevist Party in Moscow on Tuesday with reference to the recent events in Kronstadt, predicted that the revolt in that city would be put down quickly, says a wireless message from Moscow today.

"The rising, organized by France in conjunction with Social Revolutionaries, will be crushed in a few days," Lenin declared. "Nevertheless, we are forced to consider most seriously the internal situation of Soviet Russia."

Lenin said the difficulties were bound up with the questions of demobilization, food and fuel, and stated that the fuel crisis was due to the fact that the Bolsheviki had attempted to restore industrial life too rapidly after the war. A mistake had been made in the distribution of the food stocks, he declared, although they were considerably larger than in former years.

800 Bolsheviki Reported Drowned.

RIGA, Latvia, March 10 (Associated Press)—Bolshevist forces yesterday attemped to reach Kronstadt from Sestroretsk across the ice, but were repulsed, according to Moscow advices.

Shrapnel broke the ice and it is reported that 800 of the Bolsheviki were drowned. Many wounded have been brought into Kronstadt.

A proclamation issued by the Kronstadt Government to the world's workers constitutes a long document, which is devoted mainly to showing that the new revolution is a movement on the part of the laboring population of Russia against attempts by "autocratic communists, led by the bloody Field Marshal Trotzky" to destroy the free-will of the laboring population. It also is a refutation of "calumnious accusations by that autocracy that we are led by White Guard Generals or have sold ourselves to Finland."

The Russian mission here publishes a statement by the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Tchitcherin, alleging that everything is normal in the Province of Pskov and adjoining districts.

[A Warsaw report of Wednesday said the White Ruthenians, in the provinces centring around Minsk, had proclaimed their independence from Russia.]

Tchitcherin's statement speaks of the "odious part" played by the Finnish Government in assisting the mutineers and by the British Foreign Office in claiming to possess official news of revolts at Petrograd and Moscow, which Tchitcherin characterizes as "a lie from beginning to end."

The Minister further declares: "I will inform the Turkish Government of this manoeuvre."

Three brigades of Bolshevist soldiers in Moscow have deserted and joined the revolutionary forces, it is said in advices reaching here. The action of the soldiers was prompted by the very acute food situation at the Soviet capital.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, March 10.—A special dispatch from Helsingfors reports that Petrograd is entirely surrounded by Red troops who are preventing fugitives from escaping toward the Finnish border. It is confirmed that fortresses on the mainland are again in Red hands, the cannonade has ceased, but there is no change in the situation at Kronstadt.

Fugitives say the Bolsheviki twice tried to storm Kronstadt, but were repelled, the last time leaving 700 killed on the ice.

At Moscow a new army has been formed to fight at Kronstadt commanded by Tuchachevsky.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 10.—The Matin learns that the anti-Soviet revolt which centres in Kronstadt was planned in Paris by the Social Revolutionary Party, which it calls the instigator of the movement. A number of leaders have left the French capital for Reval and Tchernof has already arrived there.

The Matin says that if Petrograd falls into the hands of the revolutionists a new Russian government will be proclaimed at Reval.

THE HAGUE, March 10.—According to the Reval correspondent of the Rotterdam Maasbode, Russian Radicals recently deported from the United States are playing a prominent part in the new revolution in Russia. This correspondent asserts the deported Russians had great expectations of Russia, but were bitterly disappointed when they found, he says, that the communistic régime represented "nothing but a sentence to an indefinite term of hard labor without adequate food."

LENIN BEHIND ITALIAN REDS.

Karolyi Implicated in Moscow's Revolutionary Plots.

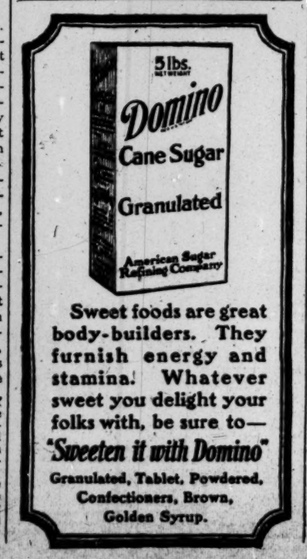
Copyright, 1921, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

ROME, March 10.—It has been established definitely by the authorities that the origin of the recent Communist disorders in Italy was in Moscow. According to documents obtained by the police, the disorders were ordered by Lenin. It is declared the Communist movement in Italy has only been begun and that the Soviet Government in Russia has high hopes of an Italian revolution. Funds for Bolshevist propaganda have been deposited in Swiss banks, and from there money has been smuggled into Italy by secret agents.

The Moscow Government is maintaining an elaborate forgery plant, completely equipped to turn out false passports, documents and other important papers. Each week couriers arrive from Moscow to spread Bolshevist propaganda throughout Germany, Switzerland, Italy and France. By numerous dodges they manage to elude the frontier police of the various nations.

In documents seized on the person of Count Karolyi in Florence, the police found confirmation of Russian Bolshevist machinations. Count Karolyi had at the time of his arrest papers from Lenin giving orders for a Spring revolution in Italy.

Following the arrest of the Count the Police searched the homes of a large number of suspected persons. Among those being sought by the authorities is the Mayor of Empoli. Several other Mayors have been suspended.



Sweet foods are great body-builders. They furnish energy and stamina. Whatever sweet you delight your folks with, be sure to—

"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown, Golden Syrup.

Special Phonograph Offer

Friday and Saturday

A Favorite "Graduola" Model of

The VOCALION

Including Records, Albums and Accessories—Total Price, $163

DELIVERED TO YOUR HOME FOR A MODERATE DOWN PAYMENT AND

BALANCE $7 MONTHLY

THE Style "450" Vocalion, price $150, included in this special offer, is one of the most popular in the whole line. It is the most moderately priced Graduola model and though of good size, made of the finest casewoods, and beautifully finished, it is simple and unobtrusive in design and appeals at once to those who do not care for ornate furniture.

The tone of the Vocalion is superb. The beauty and realism of its reproductions make it the most musical of all phonographs. Rich and mellow, yet brilliant and powerful its tone, too—when required. The simple elegance of the case and furnishings reflect genuine artistic taste. In mechanical equipment it is unequalled; and finally, its Graduola gives you the great privilege of taking an active part in the playing of its records.

The Graduola alone is sufficient to make the Vocalion your choice. It is an exclusive and fascinating device which makes it possible to vary the expression, the tone color of every piece you play. It develops and satisfies your own taste for music.

It is not necessary to use the Graduola, however; the Vocalion is a perfect and complete phonograph without it.

"As softly, with tones that are real and beautiful, the Vocalion begins to play May Peterson's record of 'My Old Kentucky Home.' I draw out this wonderful expression control, the Graduola, until the clear, silvery voice comes to me softened to tenderest pianissimo.

'The sun shines bright in the Old Kentucky Home
'Tis summer, the darkies are gay.
The corn top's ripe and the meadow's in the bloom
While the birds make music all the day.'

"Then I press the Graduola gently and the music swells forth as a quartet takes up the lovely old melody with Miss Peterson's pure soprano still clearly discernible above the rest—

'Weep no more, my lady; Oh, weep no more today'

"Now I draw out the Graduola again and slowly the music floats away to its tender, soothing close—

We will sing one song for the old Kentucky Home,
For the old Kentucky Home, far away.'"

What This Special Offer Includes

The Phonograph A beautiful style "450" Aeolian-Vocalion in selected mahogany or oak.

Universal Tone Arm—Will play all standard makes of records. No additional attachments required.

Automatic Stop — The simplest and most effective self-stopping device on the market.

Albums — Two record albums are also included in this offer, value $1.50 each.

The Graduola — This instrument is equipped with the famous Graduola, with which you may play the record yourself, if you wish.

This offer includes any $10 worth of Records you may select. The following list is simply a suggestion:

Miserere — Il Trovatore. Rosa Raisa — Giulio Crimi and Chorus	$2.00
Ave Maria, Marie Sundelius	1.25
My Old Kentucky Home. May Peterson and Quartet	1.25
Traumerei. (Reverie) Violin	1.25
Margie. Fox-Trot — Al Jocker's Dance Orchestra	.85
Caresses. Fox-Trot—Selvin's Dance Orchestra	.85
Love-Bird. Fox-Trot—Selvin's Dance Orchestra	.85
Broadway Rose. Elliott Shaw	.85
Cohen's New Automobile. Monroe Silver	.85
	$10.00

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Makers of the Duo-Art Reproducing Piano—The World's Leading Manufacturers of Musical Instruments

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In THE BRONX 367 E. 149th St. ▼ **In BROOKLYN** 11 Flatbush Ave. ▼ **In NEWARK** 895 Broad St. ▼ **In FORDHAM** 270 E. Fordham Rd.

SALE THIS AFTERNOON AT
THE ANDERSON GALLERIES

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FURNITURE

A LARGE COLLECTION OF HIGH-CLASS CHAIRS, TABLES, BEDS, ELECTRIC LAMPS, WROUGHT IRON GARDEN FURNITURE, ANDIRONS, RUGS AND DRAPERIES

THE PROPERTY OF SIX OWNERS

SAVE 30% ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

Compare These Prices

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Regular Price	Our Price
10 to 50	.40	.28
60	.45	.32
100	1.00	.70

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Regular Price	Our Price
75	.75	.53
100	1.10	.77
200	2.10	1.47

All Lamps Brand New and Guaranteed
COMPLETE LINE ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES AT SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS

Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th). Bryant 6874

New York Morning Newspapers'

Record of Advertising in February

	Agate Lines
The New York Times	1,493,692
The World	1,042,940
The New York Herald	859,950
New York American	737,050
New York Tribune	663,821

GASOLINE PRICE CUT IS NOW GENERAL

Texas Company Follows With 2-Cent Reduction — Tidewater Oil Down 1 Cent.

STANDARD SET THE PACE

"We Have to Follow Suit, for They Are the Biggest Sellers," Says Benson, Tidewater President.

Reductions in the price of gasoline have been put into effect generally by the producers in the past few days, according to information gathered yesterday by THE NEW YORK TIMES. The Standard Oil group apparently is setting the pace, because it is admitted by their competitors that they must meet the reductions of the Standard Oil companies or suffer serious loss themselves. They maintain that the slashing of prices is due to seasonal and other conditions.

On Wednesday the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey announced a cut of 2 cents a gallon, wholesale lots, in the price of gasoline in New Jersey and Maryland districts. Simultaneously the Standard Oil Company of New York announced that it had cut the price of gasoline in the New York district 1 cent a gallon. Yesterday it was learned from R. D. Benson, President of the Tidewater Oil Company, that his corporation had decided to follow the lead of the Standard Oil Company, and consequently the price of its gasoline was reduced 1 cent a gallon.

"We have to follow suit," said Mr. Benson. "They are the biggest sellers, and we must reduce our prices or run the risk of losing our customers."

As to the demand, Mr. Benson explained that it was at present increasing. On the other hand, Mr. Benson asserted that the export trade was in "pretty bad shape." "Domestic business generally is picking up, and the growing demand may mean a halt in the downward trend of prices, because the fall in the price of crude oil, of which gasoline is one of the by-products, has acted in a way to decrease the production.

As a general rule the price of tidewater gasoline has been 1 cent higher than that of the Standard Oil Company, but now the prices of the two products are the same in the New York district, although in other districts the Tidewater Oil Company still asks 1 cent more than the Standard Oil Company, claiming that the quality of its gasoline justifies the slight increase.

The same day that the Standard Oil companies announced their reductions, the Texas company decided to make a reduction of 2 cents, effective immediately. The wholesale price of the Texas company's product is now 1 cent lower than that of the Standard Oil Company, their gasoline selling for 26 cents as against 27 for Socony in the New York district.

CROWN PRINCE CAROL WEDS GREEK PRINCESS

Constantine's Heir and His Rumanian Bride and Queen Marie at Athens Ceremony.

ATHENS, March 10 (Associated Press). — Greece and Rumania were brought another step closer today by the marriage of Princess Helen of Greece, daughter of King Constantine, to Crown Prince Carol of Rumania. This was the second union of members of the reigning dynasties of Greece and Rumania within a fortnight. The other marriage was between the Duke of Sparta and Princess Elizabeth of Rumania.

The civil ceremony took place in the Palace. It was followed by an elaborate wedding in the Cathedral. The procession to the Cathedral was led by Carol and his bride, who in a golden carriage proceeded through the principal thoroughfares, which were lined with cheering thousands.

Queen Marie of Rumania and Queen Sophie of Greece occupied the second carriage. The striking beauty and animated features of Marie contrasted strongly with the somore, immobile countenance of Sophie.

Next in the procession came King Constantine, Prince George and the remaining members of the royal families. There were no fewer than fourteen Princesses and seven Princes at the ceremony. Princess Anastasia, the "American Princess," was represented by her husband, Prince Christopher of Greece.

The only foreign diplomats in the church were the Rumanian, Dutch, Belgian and Spanish representatives.

The bride wore a white satin gown trimmed with gold. Her veil, which was of rare beauty, was made by the women of Bucharest, and is valued at 500,000 francs. The head of the bride was surmounted by a jeweled diadem costing 1,000,000 francs. It was the gift of her husband. Crown Prince Carol was dressed in the uniform of a General.

The royal couple will remain in Athens for a week and then proceed on their honeymoon to Sinaia, in the Carpathian Mountains.

STARTS OUT FOR SEAL HUNT

Newfoundland Removes Restrictions to Increase Value of Catch.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, March 10.—All legal restrictions for the protection of seals have been removed from the operations of the Newfoundland sealing fleet which sailed from here today on its annual hunt. Nine steamers made the start, eight for the northeast coast of the colony and one, the Viking, for the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The work among the treacherous ice floes is dangerous and it is seldom that a season passes without some loss in the fleet.

Because the last two seasons were the most disastrous on record from the point of view of total catch and net value of seal products obtained, the Government decided to suspend for this year the protective laws designed to prevent too serious depletion of the seal herds. In 1916 eleven vessels brought back 41,302 seal pelts, with a net value of $642,463; last year the fleet of nine vessels obtained only 33,985 pelts with a net value of $159,049.

The open season, legally from March 14 to April 20, is extended to May 1, with permission to take any seals found before March 14. Guns may be used to kill seals in the water. Hood seals, an almost extinct variety which has been protected for several years, may be taken; and a second trip made to the sealing fields.

It had been planned to use an airplane to scout for seal herds, but the plane met with a minor mishap at Botwood, on the northeast coast, a few days ago, and, it is feared, needs new parts which cannot be obtained in time to enable it to assist in the sealing operations.

KILL FOUR WITH BOLOS.

Filipino Mountaineers Raid Cockfight—Their Leader Slain.

MANILA, P. I., March 9 (Associated Press).—Four natives were killed and eleven wounded by a band of mountaineers armed with bolos, who raided a cockfight in Iloilo Province, 300 miles southeast of here, according to advices reaching here today.

The band was led by Pedro Nayo. While his followers used their bolos, Nayo engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with native policemen. The mountaineers finally were overwhelmed by the native police and spectators, who beat Nayo to death. The rest of the mountaineers escaped, pursued by a detachment of constabulary.

ANNA PAVLOWA BACK IN 'MEXICAN DANCES'

Russian Artists and Associates Win Ovation With Novel Revels at the Manhattan.

Welcomed once more as the world's greatest dancing actress, and beyond a peradventure New York's favorite of them all, Anna Pavlowa swept the boards of the Manhattan last night for twelve nights and matinees of farewells after her greatest American tour. Society was in the boxes, and the Camp Fire Girls carried flowers to the stage, their own young society benefiting handsomely by the premiere. For the first night audience, above and below stairs, it was Pavlowa forever, but a new Pavlowa for all that.

The Russian artist brought a novelty of Spanish-American origin, as strange to her admirers here as when once in "Carmen" some years ago, on the same stage, she first put on high heels and ran away with the honors of the diminished vocal stars. For her present return she had reserved from last Fall a long promised production of "Mexican Dances," designed for Pavlowa by native musicians in Mexico City two seasons back and carried afterward to sensational success in Madrid, Paris and London.

"Mexican Dances," three lyric trifles, all lively and gay, tuneful with folk song or popular airs, florally colorful as a flame on a black-framed stage, will be repeated, according to the ten days' advance programs, only tomorrow night and at next Wednesday's midweek matinee. They should be seen oftener, judging by last night's reception of them, and especially of the famous triple dance on the rim of the men's hats. The three pairs of dancers held the house applauding, while Pavlowa in pigtails, pink shawl, red and gold hoops and low green satin slippers, with her more chile con carne companions, went the paces of the revel.

Musically credited to Castro Padilla and two fellow-artists of that country, the dance themes were as modest as they were fresh to Northern ears. The "China Poblana," heard first, was from a song of a Chinese girl of Pueblo, brought as a slave from the Orient, who became by good works a patron saint of local legend. Named in the bills "Danza Texana," its tune bore a not unneighborly resemblance to the old-time "The Arkansas Traveler." A second dance, "Jarabe Tapatia," was a roystering marketwomen's frolic from the gardens of Guadalajara, while the third and last was a presto fortissimo to a lively folk melody called "Diana Mexicana."

Mme. Pavlowa preceded the novelty with her dramatic dance of the gypsy sweetheart in "Amarilla," and the impressionist "Autumn Leaves," with Vollnine as Chopin and Stowitts as the young whirlwind. There were continued ovations for all the dancers, who returned in finer form than in some years. Even the "broiler bullet" had bettered its team work so that seemingly tiny girls shared many curtain calls, while the big uproar of the night came with a series of after-pieces in which Mr. Vestoff cast his shoe off in Boccherini's "Scene Dansante," finishing his pirouette on bare toes when his stockings went by the board also.

BERKMAN NOT HOMESICK.

Anarchist Says He Doesn't Want to Return to This Country.

Emphatic denial that he has any desire to return to the United States, from which he was deported in December, 1919, with nearly 300 other undesirables, is made by Alexander Berkman in a letter written to a woman friend in this city and printed in the New Yorker Volkszeitung last Sunday.

In his letter, which is dated Petrograd, Nov. 22, Berkman, referring to the various reports published concerning the alleged eagerness of Emma Goldman and himself to get away from Soviet Russia, says:

"I haven't bothered about it any more, as I know only too well what d——d liars newspaper men in general are, but as you say that the papers continue to print reports about her Berkman and Goldman long for the United States,' you may say in my name that I haven't the slightest desire to return to the United States. I have had enough of the political rottenness and capitalistic exploitation of that country, and I hope that the American people will soon rouse itself to social consciousness and revolutionary action in order to hurl capitalism and imperialism upon the junk heap of the past."

Otis Skinner's Scenery Burned.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 10.—Fire in a Chesapeake & Ohio baggage car at Louisville today destroyed a large part of the scenic equipment and wardrobe of "At the Villa Rose," in which Otis Skinner and his company were scheduled to appear here tonight. The performance was canceled, and a number of other one-night stands have also been called off.

Charles Frohman, Inc., producers of "At the Villa Rose," said yesterday that the accident to Mr. Skinner's production would necessitate cancelling the remaining performances of this week, but that the company would reopen in Milwaukee next Monday night.

Yvette Guilbert Reappears.

Yvette Guilbert, the one and only "Yvette" of former daring realism, was greeted by an audience that comfortably filled the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre yesterday, when the French artist resumed her famous recitals of old Continental character pieces and churchly legends, to which she added modern songs by Ferrari to poems of Jules Laforgue and Francis Jammes. Twenty-three young women assisted in popular "rounds," one an Easter song and in tableaux typifying the French cathedrals.

Cubistic Movie for the Capitol.

"The Cabinet of Dr. Caligari," a cubistic motion picture, made in Germany under the direction of Robert Wien, with settings designed by H. Worm, Walter Reiman and Walter Rork, will be shown at the Capitol Theatre in the week of April 3. So far as reported, it is the first photoplay built on the idea of cubism, and attracted considerable attention when shown in Berlin some time ago. Katherine Hilliker is writing the titles for the American edition of the film.

Olga Samaroff's Sixth Recital.

Olga Samaroff gave her sixth recital in a review of Beethoven's pianoforte sonatas at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon; the day's program including opus numbers 54, 79 and 81-A, culminating in the F-minor, op. 57 or "Appassionata." At the last but one of the cycle next week, Leopold Stokowski will speak on "Beethoven's Last Period."

"Mu Lan" for China Famine Fund.

"Mu Lan," the Chinese play recently acted at the Cort Theatre for a single performance, will be repeated on the Century Roof on Friday and Saturday nights of next week. The proceeds will again be devoted to the China Famine Fund.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The premieres of "The Right Girl" at the Times Square Theatre and "Love Birds" at the Apollo, originally announced for Monday, have both been postponed until Tuesday.

Russ Whytal and Charles Waldron are among those in the cast of Drinkwater's "Mary Stuart." George Drinkwater, a brother of the playwright, has composed the incidental music for the production.

A dramatization of Sinclair Lewis's "Main Street," by Harvey O'Higgins and Harriet Ford, is to be produced by the Shuberts.

Oscar Shaw and Stanley Jessup have been engaged for "Two Little Girls in Blue," which A. L. Erlanger is producing.

Edgar McGregor will present "A Dangerous Maid," a musical version of C. W. Bell's "A Dislocated Honeymoon," in Atlantic City on March 21. The cast will include Juliette Day, Amelia Bingham, William Cameron, Ada Meade, Juniata Fletcher, Creighton Hale, Vinton Freedley, Frederic Hurt and Arthur Shaw.

A musical number combining the best-known Winter Garden songs of the past will be sung at that playhouse next week in honor of the theatre's tenth anniversary.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich.

New York Symphony in American Music.

The concert in the New York Symphony's Orchestra's "historical cycle" yesterday afternoon was devoted to American composers. The survey of this field, much smaller though it is than most of the other fields that have been surveyed in this cycle, was necessarily summary and selective, as has been the case with them. It would be easy to deplore the omission of one or another composer who has taken part in the development of American music and made his contribution to it; but, after all, one essential aim of the concert was to interest an audience of the present day in music that it should enjoy for its own sake rather than for its historical significance.

The music played was all more or less familiar to concert-goers of recent years. Mr. Damrosch went no further back in the list than George W. Chadwick, "after Arthur Foote the oldest living representative of the New England school of American composers," as Dr. Kinkeidey's note described him. His "Sinfonietta" in D was played, representing admirably the better work of that school; music that still sounds fresh and spontaneous, and that shows the admirable skill and musicianship of its composer, though it suggests no trace of the modern and current idioms in which American composers of the present day are writing; and hence is easily open to the superficial charge of "old fashion."

Edward MacDowell's Indian Suite antedates it considerably, though the composer was a younger man. The suite is undoubtedly his strongest work for orchestra, and the two movements presented—the "Dirge" and the "Village Festival"—represent it in what was perhaps the earliest successful attempt of an American composer to voice an American art in the idiom of the aboriginal Americans. As MacDowell was cautious and conservative in his use of that idiom, his experiment was more successful and musically interesting than those of some of his uncompromising successors.

In John Alden Carpenter's suite, "In a Perambulator," the program moved on definitely to an altogether different period and later development of American music. Three of its six movements were given, enough to recall abundantly the smiling originality and exuberant inventiveness of this ingenious humoresque to listeners who had heard the suite not many seasons ago.

Charles Martin Loeffler's "Villanelle du Diable" was also familiar to inveterate concertgoers, in all its brilliant and macabre imaginative qualities, which, if they seem less startling than they did fifteen years ago, have lost little of their savor. In Charles Tomlinson Griffes's "White Peacock" there was something new to most listeners, though it has been produced in New York as a ballet. It is a transcription by the composer of a piano piece, extraordinarily successful in its luminous and shimmering orchestration, and in its substance a cumulative testimony to the lamented composer's originality and musical imagination. It evidently made a deep impression on the audience. Mr. Damrosch represented himself by five excerpts from his incidental music for Sophocles's tragedy of "Electra," music graphically suggestive of the scenes in the drama to which it belongs and orchestrated with skill.

The last piece was John Powell's "Negro Rhapsody," for piano and orchestra, in which Mr. Powell played the piano part. It is fairly named a rhapsody, for the rhapsodic spirit prevails in it throughout. A couple of negro "spirituals" furnish part of the musical substance, but the composer's imagination has supplied more of it, imagination that is not lacking in a sinister suggestiveness, and that is often given riotous play. Mr. Powell contributed a brilliant performance of the piano part.

It seemed to be doubtful from the amount of applause, whether much of this American music appealed very potently to the audience. Much of it, indeed, seemed to deserve more than it got.

PLAYS GOLDMARK'S 'SAMSON'

Philharmonic Also Repeats Tchaikovsky's "Pathetique."

The Philharmonic Society, within a fortnight of its 1,500th concert and with subscription books soon to open for its eightieth New York season, played to a full house at Carnegie Hall last evening a program of the less frequent sort in which the popular attraction was not a solo performer. A night without a star, offered instead a symphony, Mr. Stransky relying on a repetition of Tchaikovsky's "Pathetique."

The veteran orchestra was in its old-time form in Weber's overture to "Oberon," while a new and living musician supplied the needed forward look in Rubin Goldmark's "Samson," a work completed at Colorado Springs before the war and brought here in 1914 by way of Boston. The music, a program music" in a broad way, conveyed the character of the unshorn hero and more frankly the collapse of the temple at his hands. It was heard again with interest, and there was cordial applause for the American composer.

"Aida" and "The Blue Bird" Sung.

"Aida" and "The Blue Bird" were sung to large audiences at the Metropolitan yesterday afternoon and evening. Verdi's popular favorite had its seventh performance at the midweek matinee established for this year's overflow crowds, with Mmes. Muzio and Claussen, Messrs. Crimi, Zanelli, Mardones and Gustafson, under Mr. Moranzoni's direction. Albert Wolff conducted his own setting of Maeterlinck's fairy-tale for the evening subscription, a large cast again including Mmes. Delaunois Ellis, Axmar, Berat, Romaine, Perini and Gordon, Messrs. Ananian, Bada, Picco Chalmers and Rothier.

Florence Easton was absent from last night's cast, the reason appearing when it was announced that Geraldine Farrar was ill with a cold and that Miss Easton would again take her place in the leading rôle in "Carmen" this evening.

Janet Van Auken Makes Her Debut.

Janet Van Auken, a young soprano of Montclair, of agreeable stage presence and vocal gifts to warrant a professional début gave songs in four languages at her first appearance in Aeolian Hall last night, with Walter Golde at the piano. To early Italian airs, she added Hauser's "There Is a Lady Sweet and Kind," and after German and French groups, including Fevrier's "Chanson de Cedre," others in English by Carpenter, Scott, Curran and Hagerman.

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AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

THE WINTER GARDEN'S Greatest Laughing Hit! PASSING SHOW OF 1921 Presenting Willie and Eugene Howard. MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON. EVGS., 8:15. MATINEE TOM'W, 2:15.

The AMBASSADOR 49th, Near B'way. Phone Circle 8752. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. THE ROSE GIRL with CHARLES PURCELL and LYDIA LOPOKOVA in a New Ballet by M. FOKINE. NEW YORK'S PRETTIEST CHORUS.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Thurs., 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN Presents GRACE LARUE and HALE HAMILTON in Dear Me

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th St. The 1st Year. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Wed., 2:30.

LITTLE Thea. W. 44th. Special Matinee Tues., Mar. 15, at 2:30. 3 one-act plays by HAROLD CHAPIN and GRACE GEORGE in the first act of "The New Morality," by Harold Chapin.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. DORIS KEANE in ROMANCE

Wm. A. Brady's "FIVE" 48TH ST. Th., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. BROKEN WING. SEE THE CRASHING AEROPLANE!

BIJOU Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. JOHN GALSWORTHY'S THE SKIN GAME

NORA BAYES THEATRE 44th, W. of B'way. 24th Week. Evenings, 8:30. "Screaming Comedy."—Telegram. 3 LIVE GHOSTS. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Colossal Musical Show Next Week. HONEY GIRL Hit of the Season. DONALD BRIAN, PEGGY WOOD, RALPH MORGAN in "BUDDIES."

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. Ph. 31 Bryant. Margaret ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. Extra Matinee St. Patrick's Day. SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30. THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.

CENTURY PROMENADE. Above Century Theatre. MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS at 11:30. Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st St. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & THURS. HOLBROOK BLINN! As a lovable, laughable bandit—THE BAD MAN

BOOTH 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. GEORGE ARLISS IN THE GREEN GODDESS. By WM. ARCHER.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. "LADIES' NIGHT"

ELTINGE THEATRE — Special Matinees. LAST MATINEE TODAY 2:15. "The White Villa"

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134. 2D YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT. IRENE. MATINEES TOMOR'W & WED. AT 2:30.

The THEATRE GUILD Presents MR. PIM PASSES BY.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Fitzroy 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs.

BELMONT West 48th. Bryant 46. Mats. To'mw & Thurs. Miss Lulu Bett

APOLLO West 42d Street. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:30. LIONEL BARRYMORE in "MACBETH" JULIA ARTHUR. NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT. Seats Now.

PAT ROONEY & MARION BENT IN THE HIGH-FLYING "LOVE BIRDS" MUSICAL HIT.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE, 4th St.-7th Av. NEXT MONDAY EVE.—SEATS NOW. SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST

SELWYN THEATRES ON WEST 42D ST. SELWYN Evs. 8:30. Last Week. Last Mat. Sat., 2:30. William FAVERSHAM in Mark Twain's THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

TIMES SQ. at 8:30. Last Week. Last Mat. Sat. FLORENCE Reed in Edgar Selwyn's "The Mirage" NEXT TUES. NIGHT. Seats Now. "THE RIGHT GIRL" New Musical Play

LEXINGTON Thea., Evs. 8:30. | Subway Mats. Wed. & Sat. | at Door. WILLARD MACK in "SMOOTH AS SILK"

CENTURY THEA. 62d St. and Cent. Pk. W. | Evs. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, 50c-$2.50. Wed. Mat. 50c-$2. ALL-STAR CAST. *ROBERT WARWICK—JEANNE EAGELS— *MACLYN ARBUCKLE—CYRIL SCOTT— *MARGARET DALE—EDMUND LOWE— *MAX FIGMAN in the Super-Spectacle IN THE NIGHT WATCH. By Michael Morton. Staged by Frederick Stanhope.

CASINO 39th & B'y. EVGS. 8:30. MATINEES TOM'W & WED. LEW FIELDS & MOLLIE KING in "BLUE EYES"

ASTOR THEA., B'way & 45th. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.), 2:25. MADGE KENNEDY HERSELF in the Comedy 'CORNERED'. Drama Hit. MATINEE TOMORROW. BEST SEATS $2.

39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'y. LAST 2 WEEKS. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. BEN-AMI in "SAMSON and DELILAH" with PAULINE LORD.

SHUBERT Thea., 44, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. Nora Bayes "Her Family Tree." In the Musical Play.

CENTRAL THEA., 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.), 2:30. Last 4 Weeks. MATINEE TOMORROW. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The London Success. DELYSIA in the Musical Show "AFGAR." "Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. 8:30. GILDA VARESI Enter Madame NORMAN TREVOR. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thurs.

PRINCESS Thea., 39th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:45. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE EMPEROR JONES with CHARLES GILPIN. SPECIAL MATINEES at the PRINCESS TODAY, MON., TUES., THURS. & FRI. DIFF'RENT Daring Study of a Sex-Starved Woman.

SAM H. HARRIS' SUCCESSES

PLYMOUTH 45th Street, West of B'way. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. Little Old New York

LONGACRE W. 48 St. Bry. 23. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. GRANT MITCHELL in "THE CHAMPION" First Time On Any Stage. MONDAY AFT., MAR. 14. Seats Now. LONGACRE THEATRE. SPECIAL MATS. MON., TUES., THURS. & FRI. "THE HERO" by Gilbert Emery.

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. 4TH—MONTH—4TH. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST." —Herald. RUTH CHATTERTON MARY ROSE

BELASCO WEST 44TH ST. EVES. AT 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15. Matinee Today at 2:20. LIONEL ATWILL DEBURAU in Guitry-Barker's

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20. INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS." Avery Hopwood.

THE TAVERN. A Good Man, a Kind Man, an Honest Man. GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION. THE TAVERN

GAIETY, B'way, 46 St. MAT. TODAY, 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN PRESENTS. FRANK BACON "LIGHTNIN'"

GLOBE. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. FRED STONE "TIP-TOP" in

Sam H. Harris' Successes. HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. Mrs. Fiske in "Wake Up Jonathan"

KLAW THEATRE 45th St., W. of B'y. Bryant 6767. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20. Francine Larrimore in RACHEL CROTHERS' New Play. "Nice People"

SAM H. HARRIS' THEATRE W. 42D ST. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30. BRYANT 6344. WELCOME STRANGER with GEORGE SIDNEY.

NEW AMSTERDAM at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. MAT. TOM'W. 50c TO $2.50. NO HIGHER. Ziegfeld Production 'Sally' Marilynn Miller. Leon Errol in

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF at 9 and 11. NEW ZIEGFELD 9 O'CLOCK and MIDNIGHT FROLICS. DINNER AT 7—DANCING—SUPPER AT 11.

THE TAVERN. I'll Soon Rid the Shed of Shadows.

CORT West 48th St. EVGS. 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. Laurette Taylor in "PEG O' MY HEART" with A. E. by J. HARTLEY MANNERS. Matthews.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way. 38th St. MAT. SAT., 2:15. GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians. MARY. ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. EVES. 8:30. Mats. SAT. & WED., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S Production THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD with OTTO KRUGER and MARION COAKLEY.

THE TAVERN. THE STORM IS BLINDING, FATHER.

CLARE KUMMER Presents ROLAND YOUNG in Rollo's Wild Oat. Punch & Judy Theatre, 49th St. Evs. MATS. TODAY & TOM'W at 2:30. 4 PLAYLETS Mats. Mon., Tues., Wed. and Thurs.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. MITZI in the Musical Comedy Hit, "LADY BILLY." BEST SEATS TOM'W MAT., $2.00

THE TAVERN. Keep Him Covered, Son—Shoot If He Moves.

MOTION PICTURES.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. HARRY CAREY, "If Only Jim" "THE GREAT LOVER"

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BRAMHALL 138 East 27th. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. "THE TIE THAT LIBERATES"

MOTION PICTURES.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1921.

PREPARING FOR TAX REVISION.

Conferences between the Republican members of the Finance Committee of the Senate and of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, the Secretary of the Treasury, Chairman GOOD of the House Appropriations Committee, and the experts of the Treasury Department "to map out" a program for revenue and tariff "legislation" will begin next Monday, it is announced. They should have begun earlier, during the short session of Congress. Inasmuch as Congress will naturally insist upon revising the customs tariff as well as the income tax laws, it would be a marvel of expeditious work if the new statutes were enacted in time to take effect on July 1. Any delay beyond that date would bring upon Congress the just criticism of the country, which ought not to be compelled to bear any longer the burdensome war taxes. The people of the country, and those who are responsible for the management of its industries and business, will fervently pray that the conferees, who begin their work next Monday, will give attention not only to methods of raising revenue, but to means of reducing materially, very largely, the costs of government. The short way to lower taxes is to lower costs.

Senator PENROSE is reported to have said that one of the first matters taken up by the conference would be the sales tax as a means of providing revenue. Private reports from Washington indicate that the very general approval of the sales tax by business men and commercial bodies is reflected in a changed and favorable attitude at Washington toward that source of revenue. There are intimations that suggestions already widely favored of a uniform tax of 16 per cent. upon the profits of corporations, surtaxes with a maximum limit of 40 per cent. in the highest bracket, and a sales tax to be paid by manufacturers and wholesalers, retail sales to be exempted, are under consideration in influential quarters. There is need of light, of course, upon the probable yield of the sales taxes. Anybody can see that the enormous daily transactions of 105,000,000 people would produce a great volume of revenue, even at the rate of 1 per cent., which has been generally proposed in the discussion of the subject. Judging from the experience of Canada, where the annual yield of a limited sales tax is expected to approach the sum of $50,000,000, a tax of 1 per cent. upon sales here would go far to make up any loss of revenue due to the abandonment of the excess profits taxes and the higher surtax rates. Such a tax would not be burdensome upon anybody; it would be just, for as everybody enjoys the protection of government and shares in its benefits, it is right that all should contribute, and the burden would be fairly and equitably distributed by this form of taxation. The larger incomes would, of course, be subject to an additional tax, but at rates lower than those now in force. The argument that this would shift the burden from the rich to the poor has been answered many times and conclusively. The sales tax would be equitable and easy of collection, virtues conspicuous by their absence in the case of the income and excess profits taxes.

The revision of the tax laws would have a prompt and stimulating effect upon the industries of the country. In the absence of cause of disturbance now unforeseen, that result should be marked. Secretary MELLON speaks encouragingly of business and financial conditions as sound fundamentally. The banks are stronger in resources than in the preceding month. The Secretary feels that the continuance of this condition would tend toward lower bank rates. This is by no means to be construed as an intimation that the Reserve bank rates will be lowered. The Advisory Council at its meeting a few weeks ago was unanimous in opposing any present reduction of rates. This is a period of waiting, with some uncertainty; it is certainly not a time to encourage rapid expansion. Councils of prudence still control most branches of business, and the last thing to be desired is any increase in speculative ventures. There is sound and solid encouragement for business in the announcement that the work of revising the tax laws is to be taken up at once. A revival of activity and renewed prosperity will come in their time; there are signs of their approach. But their continuance will be best assured if they come gradually and naturally.

QUEER GERMAN EXPORTS.

Mr. KIPLING has argued convincingly that romance is not dead, on land or sea or in the air. But the romance of the sea in all ages has been less an affair of those who go down to the sea in ships than of those who go down to the waterfront to look at ships, this classification including both ship-news reporters and desk-bound landlubbers who yearn for the South Sea isles; and some of these have doubtless felt the melancholy which Mr. MASEFIELD has expressed in a poem that contrasts the tramp freighter of today, laden with vulgarly utilitarian articles of commerce, and the ships of Tarshish that brought ivory, apes and peacocks to SOLOMON'S court.

Of course, the sailors cannot be blamed for the deterioration of foreign trade. They bring back in all ages the articles for which there is a demand—though it does seem, from the narrative of the subsequent reign of REHOBOAM, that there was plenty of ivory in Jerusalem already without bringing any more from Tarshish. But the theory that a supply is created by a demand hardly explains the curious assortment of goods just brought to Galveston by a freighter arrived from German ports. The cargo includes sugar beet seed, hops, toys, skulls, tusks and print paper. The first and last items are plausible enough. But what Teutonic malignance is it that sends hops into Texas, home of the kiln-dried Senator SHEPPARD and heaven knows how many prohibitionists who regard hesitation over the interpretation of concurrent power as mere loose thinking? Texas should look to her welfare; she is being corrupted. And what use has Texas for skulls? Whose skulls are they? Germany has striven so desperately to evade most of the provisions of the Treaty that one suspects she is trying to smuggle out the famous skull of Sultan MKWAWA, with a few dozen more to keep him company. And tusks. Why tusks for Texas? In the great days of Texas her citizens grew their own tusks and didn't need to import skulls. If the romance of the sea is still alive, there is reason to fear that we have seen the last of the romance of Texas.

FACTS DECIDING POLICY.

It is now a week since Mr. HARDING became President, and all the indications of his attitude toward international questions within that time have been reassuring and hopeful. The Administration is new, but the facts are the same old ones which the country was facing before. And it is the hard fact that must determine sound policy. Campaign excitements and artificialities—even campaign promises, rashly made—have to yield to the stern realities of official responsibility. And it seems to be with a strong sense of the actual that the Government at Washington is addressing itself to the problems in which we are inextricably involved with Europe.

First came the decision not to abandon the military position held by our troops within German territory. This was not a matter of mere sentiment, one way or the other. The Administration had to consider a proposed act and to study the sane consequences, in the dry light of reason. And then it was at once discovered that, the German temper being what it is, and the desires and peace of France and England being what they are, it would never do to make even a gesture which might be misinterpreted. So the American Watch on the Rhine remains.

Next has come the indefinite postponement of the Knox resolution for a separate peace with Germany. Senator KNOX himself, to be sure, asserts that he intends to introduce and press it. But he is careful to add that in this he is not speaking for the Administration. The resolution is his own cherished creation, the visible proof of his superior statesmanship, and he naturally hates to see it dropped. But that it is to be dropped, at least out of the Administration program, all the Washington correspondents agree. Here again it is not the foregoing flourish but the present concrete situation that has been decisive. The Administration simply cannot favor the Knox resolution, which everybody can now see would delight Germany, depress the Allies, and put in hazard for ourselves the results, both material and moral, of victory in the war.

Highly significant are the dispatches from Paris and Washington bringing out the fact that the French Foreign Office is already in negotiation with our Government concerning the possibility of the United States entering a modified League of Nations. Such advances would not have been made by France, we may be sure, uninvited. Her Ambassador must first have learned from Secretary HUGHES that a friendly exchange of views on the subject would be welcomed. The inference is as clear as it is gratifying that the State Department, at the direction of President HARDING, is setting on foot inquiries to find out in what form of working agreement America can best renew hearty co-operation with her friends in Europe.

Facts are stubborn things. They cannot be made to budge by spread-eagle oratory and partisan denunciation. And the vehement assertions in last year's campaign that this country has and can have nothing to do with Europe sound flatter and emptier today than ever. A resolve of this nation to hold aloof from Europe has been declared to be not selfishness but "sanctity." Certainly it is sancta simplicitas to fancy that we can hold aloof. The politicians may, as JOHN HAY'S hero said, "resolook till the cows come home" on the subject of never, never consenting to entangle ourselves in European affairs, but the refractory truth is that we are already entangled. Sensible statesmanship will not seek to get on with that fact by ignoring it, but by making the best use of it.

THE CHARTER COMMISSION.

There is a general belief that the government of this city needs to be inquired into. The Senate has passed, and presumably the Assembly will pass, the bill introduced by Senator BURLINGAME of Kings creating a mixed commission of twenty-three members, besides the Mayor and Controller as ex officio members, to investigate the local government of Greater New York and to examine the Greater New York Charter and the local laws generally, and to propose amendments or even a new charter. The powers of the committee are of the broadest. It is to look into the methods of doing business in all branches of municipal administration. It is to find out overlapping functions in offices, if such there are, and to recommend improvements in organization and savings of cost.

There ought to be a thorough and impartial investigation, not for political or temporary purposes, but with a view to lasting ameliorations. It is doubtful if a large committee is best suited to the purpose. If the Legislature were willing to amend the Moreland act so as to give Governor MILLER the power to appoint investigators, that would be the most businesslike and the fairest way. The proposed commission will include four Senators and four Assemblymen from the city and fifteen members to be appointed by the Governor. Thus he will be able to name the greater number of commissioners, but they will not be responsible to him alone, as they would be under the amended Moreland act. There are too many commissioners; and there is the usual danger of political wrangling and of contradictory reports. Moreover, since the commission is to report and recommend at its discretion to the Legislature from time to time, it is possible that whatever is discovered will be used for transient political ends or that the whole proceeding will drag and dawdle and come to nothing.

Still, the inquiry is necessary. The commission has a great opportunity, if it will work honestly for good government and neglect small-potato partisanship. The Legislature is willing to put the responsibility upon the Governor. It will be his commission, since he is to name the majority of its members. No doubt his appointments will show his just appreciation of that responsibility.

"HUMANIZING" THE POST OFFICE.

Our always amiable and instructive friend WILL HAYS is going to "humanize" the Post Office Department. To those who lag behind the refinements of contemporary speech, the word "humanize" looks a little queer at first. What Government official comes nearer to the business and bosom than the postman? He is an acquaintance, a friend. The men and women who collect our income taxes are privately as "human" and mellow as the postmen, but they are clothed with an austere function which we venerate but kick at, and they are not in the daily public eye. The postal clerks and the railway mail clerks and the multitude of Post Office employés at Washington aren't in the daily eye either, but the Post Office brings us business as well as pleasure. It is romance as well as affairs. As for the country postmaster, who could be more "human"? To millions he or she is the familiar representative of Government as well as a gossip, friend and political oracle.

In purposing to "humanize" what has never been dehumanized Mr. HAYS reminds us only by accidental consonance of those beautiful sentiments of which "my young friend, Jo," was so unworthy: "You are a "human boy, my young friend. A "human boy. Oh, glorious to be a "human boy!" He means to show the Post Office employés his goodwill. Let us all work heartily, he means, to run the Post Office Department to the satisfaction of our fellow-citizens. As an Indiana man, tinctured with humane letters and bubbling with poesy, he puts his thoughts in a romantic form. He says that the 300,000 employés "have the brain and "they have the hand to do the job "well; and they shall have the heart "to do it well." Under a Democratic Administration, how could anybody have a heart? But now the blessed days are come.

Seriously, however, there is sound sense, as usual, in Mr. HAYS's literary discourse. Thus:

> The postal establishment is not an institution for profit or politics, it is an institution for service.

Certainly there is no "profit" in the Post Office Department, in the sense that the Government makes any money out of it save by fictional bookkeeping and oblivion of the cost of the plant. Politics has been disappearing from it, and Mr. HARDING and Mr. HAYS have promised to protect the merit system. So it is a pleasure to hear Mr. HAYS promise fair treatment to the 300,000 Post Office civil servants, "pledged to "serve all the people and honestly "discharging that duty."

PRACTICAL HELP FOR CHINA.

The sympathy aroused by the sufferers from the famine in Northern China has provoked a number of offers of relief in kind. California wheat growers, Middle Western corn growers, Northwestern dealers in prunes and salmon have offered large quantities of their products to the committee in charge of the relief funds in America. Some of those contributions might be made available if Congress should appropriate money for free transportation across the Pacific, but the bill failed in the session just ended, and to get it through the new Congress would take a good deal of time. It should not be forgotten that there is a good prospect that this Summer's wheat crop in the five stricken provinces will be a good one—good enough to end the suffering caused by the shortages of the past two or three years. The period of greatest need is that immediately ahead—March, April and May. The loss of time now means a loss of life.

And in other parts of China there is plenty of food to relieve the worst suffering if it can be bought and transported to the scene of the famine. That food will be cheaper, and will arrive sooner, than any that could be sent from this side; and the work of the Red Cross and other agencies is improving the facilities for distribution. The present need, and the great need from this time on till the end of the emergency, is money to buy this food and bring it to the famine district. Contributions should be sent to the China Famine Fund, Bible House, New York City.

SECRETARY HOOVER'S TASK.

When HERBERT HOOVER accepted the post of Secretary of Commerce there were those who thought the man was too big for the job. They wondered why he was content to take a back seat in the Cabinet, for had not his fame as Food Administrator in the war sounded through the world? The Interior Department seemed to be the proper field for him, the Department of Commerce would not test his capacity, and so on. As a matter of fact, there were opportunities for organization and development in the Department of Commerce that only a man of Mr. HOOVER'S genius and tireless industry could make the most of. No man could be too big for the office. He understood what could be done for American business by a Secretary with a free hand, and he entered the Cabinet with the understanding that he should be allowed to carry out his plans to make the department more useful.

The Federal Trade Information Service now outlines those plans. The existing Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce is to be made over into two bureaus. Secretary HOOVER will give his personal attention mainly to developing domestic trade. He proposes to organize a sub-bureau of transportation, which will co-operate with the Interstate Commerce Commission and with the Shipping Board in the work of solving transportation problems for the benefit of the American business man. But this is not all. Commercial aviation, good roads, inland waterways, marketing and distribution, and radio communications will be the concern of the new Secretary, with all the resources within the scope of his department that he can utilize.

This seems an ambitious program, perhaps beyond the strength and skill of even so able a man as HERBERT HOOVER, but Section 3 of the organic act of Feb. 14, 1903, provides that "it shall be the province and duty of "said department to foster, promote "and develop the foreign and domes-"tic commerce, the mining, manu-"facturing, shipping and fishing in-"dustries, the labor industries, and "the transportation facilities of the "United States." Since then a separate Labor Department has been created. In one of his last reports Secretary REDFIELD said:

> It is assumed that this law was meant to be taken seriously; that the duties imposed by it upon the Department of Commerce were real duties; and that it should have the authority and the responsibility of performing them.

Mr. REDFIELD went on to say that "other bodies exist that perform in "whole or in part the duty charged "by law upon the Department of "Commerce." He pointed out that there was "an excess of organizations, too little system." He used this illustration: "There exists in our "public commercial organization very "much the same condition that ex-"isted in the allied armies before "unity of command was secured." Secretary REDFIELD urged that the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Shipping Board, the Department of Agriculture and other bodies he had in mind "be linked formally to that "department [Commerce] which alone "the law charges with the duty to "'foster, promote and develop the "foreign and domestic commerce' of "the country." That is the view of Secretary HOOVER, and he will set himself to the task of bringing about effective and harmonious co-operation. He will have behind him the business men of the country as well as the President, and legislation may be necessary to insure success.

IMPROVING THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

In the rush and pressure of legislation at Albany, the pending amendments of the State Constitution should not be overlooked. One of them which was passed by the Legislature last year provides for the consolidation of administrative departments. On the desirability of this there is general agreement. Governor MILLER is understood to favor it, though he has gone ahead to do a certain amount of consolidating and eliminating by statutory changes. But the improvement which one Legislature may effect another one might undo. Lasting assurance of the betterment could be given only by a constitutional amendment. This one should without fail be submitted to the people in the next election.

Another change proposed is to give the Governor a term of four years, and to make him, the Lieutenant Governor, the Controller and the Attorney General the only elected State officials. Still another amendment would provide for an executive budget. The advantages of this are now universally conceded. Governor MILLER has been doing valiant work in cutting down the estimated State expenditures, even under the present awkward system, but there is no doubt that more could be done, more permanently, if the new plan could be made use of. The Legislature ought to allow the citizens to vote upon all of the suggested amendments.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Wonderful Linguistic Achievement.

As a general rule it is true that a language is really learned only in childhood, a fact that is a severe commentary on the way languages usually are taught in school, for the child acquires facility in the use of his mother tongue merely by constant practice in speaking and hearing and has no help—or hindrance—from dictionaries and grammars. His acquisitions, too, are made without any conscious effort—they are incidental, that is, to the carrying on of life's other activities.

To this general rule, as to most others, there are exceptions. However it may be as to speaking English, JOSEPH CONRAD writes it in a way that makes no revelation of the fact that until he reached adult age it was a foreign language to him, and an even more notable exception, perhaps, was brought to the attention of all who heard the address delivered Wednesday evening by IGNACE JAN PADEREWSKI at the Hotel Astor.

So much impressed were Mr. PADEREWSKI'S privileged auditors by other merits of his speech than the quality of its English that some of them may not have noticed the peculiar excellence of his diction and pronunciation; but those who did notice it realized that there are few American or British orators, and those few the very best, who speak better than he their own language.

Mr. PADEREWSKI'S command of English is practically perfect. It is for him a vehicle for the swift and easy expression of his widely diversified thoughts and emotions, and he has even passed the point attained by those foreigners who, though they speak good English, are obliged constantly and obviously to select their words with care and who never venture on the linguistic elisions and contractions that come so naturally to the native-born in every tongue. Mr. PADEREWSKI can be correct without being consciously careful, and that is more than can be said for many of our good speakers who, unlike him, have had to overcome bad habits of speech established in youth.

Demanding Real Literature.

Further discussion seems to be deserved by the often-heard statements to the effect that people are tired of reading about the war and that the author with a manuscript on that subject, whether history or fiction, will be told by every publisher to whom he offers it that there is no longer a demand, and therefore no longer a market, for literary wares of that kind.

As already suggested in this column, the assumption that a general war weariness exists among readers is a false one. The reception which not a few recent war books have received from the buying public shows that this is not true, and the impression that it is comes in great part as the result of a disguised propaganda directed against the publishers by those whose interest it is that talk about the war should cease. All pacifists, all Germans and pro-Germans, and all foes of one or more of the nations that conquered Germany are they who really are tired of war books and war stories in the magazines, for all such books and stories are arraignments of these folk, and by them, with good reason, are disliked.

But there is something more to the situation than this, and there has been a real change in the reading public's demand. While the war was on, so eager was the desire to hear about it, especially in detail from active participants, that all they wrote had a ready sale and prompt publication. The result was that much of what appeared in print was of poor literary quality—the crudely written narratives of men who had seen or done much, but were unable to tell well what they had seen and done. At present only the work of really able writers is wanted, but that work is wanted just as much as ever.

Evidently some publishers and editors do not like to say that when war manuscripts are offered, especially by ex-soldiers, and what they do say, when the literary merit lacks, is that readers are tired of war. Doing this is a mistaken kindness—an evasion of plain duty, sparing one set of feelings only more grievously to hurt another.

A Change Is Not Desirable.

What seemed to be a sound argument against adding to the work of our State police that of game protection was made in a letter printed on this page yesterday. As its writer, Mr. ALEXANDER STODDART, states, the enforcement of the game laws requires activities different from those expected of the troopers—so different that one or the other kind almost surely would be neglected or performed inefficiently if intrusted to the same men. The protectors of wild animals, like those who hunt them unlawfully, must be familiar with wild places, and with the habits and methods of a single, highly specialized class of criminals. They must often wander far from the highways and towns where the members of the State police are needed and sometimes are engaged in highly important business.

It would be poor economy, therefore, to save the salaries of the Game Wardens, only to distract the attention of the troopers from their proper tasks, and the fact that the mounted policeman's pay is considerably larger than that of the poacher's enemy is also to be noted as a reason for not making the proposed change.

He Scolds Without a Grievance.

One of the London papers is unnecessarily worried over what it has heard about the desire of certain "American publicists" to take Great Britain's islands in the West Indies as payment, or part payment, of the money she borrowed here. The belief that there exists in this country any eager desire, or even any measurable amount of, willingness, to make this purchase is a decidedly amusing delusion, and it is a poor basis for indignant or angry denials that British colonists are for sale.

It is pretty well known on this side of the water, if not on the other, that West Indian islands are a poor bargain at any price, for, so far as finances go, they all are liabilities, not assets. That is to speak of them with undeserved unkindness, but it is a truth justified by the scolding in which the editor of the London paper has been indulging. Somebody should tell him that the sale to which he objects so sternly was not an American proposal, but something suggested as possible by "publicists" of his own country, and the suggestion awoke no enthusiasm at all over here.

SOUTH IN THE WAR.

Its Part Overlooked by a French Commentator.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the study of President Wilson contained in "Great Men and Great Days," the new book by Stephane Lauzanne, the well-known French editor, the following statements are made:

"For early in 1917 the mind of America was far from unanimous in desiring war. All America was divided into three parts. There was the Atlantic coast, cold, foggy, wrapped in snow, which had nevertheless been enraged by the violation of Belgium, which had trembled with anger at the torpedoing of the Lusitania, which had been stirred by the flaming voices of its Roosevelts, its Becks, its Mannings, its Hibbens, its Herricks, its Butlers and its Parkers. On the other hand, there was the Middle West—Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the surrounding region—full of Germans or the descendants of Germans, further off, more disposed to wait and to equivocate. And finally, on the other side of the Rocky Mountains there was the Pacific coast," &c.

And again:

"It was and will remain to the imperishable credit of President Wilson that he solidified the three sections of America."

The omission to name the section which should have been mentioned to complement the sum of the United States of America is as striking as an absent arm or a missing leg of some man in the street. It is surprising to hear from a distinguished man of letters of "the three sections of America," and that "all America was divided into three parts." In view of the fact that Virginia, home of Washington and "Mother of Presidents," lies within that division of the country which M. Lauzanne does not speak of: that Lafayette visited the South: that the French founded New Orleans and colonized Louisiana to a large extent; that Woodrow Wilson himself lived in the South during a considerable portion of his life; that the Southern States supply France with the most of its cotton; that thousands upon thousands of their best young men fought in the great war to help save France from destruction, vast numbers of them dying in the effort; that Southern mountaineers (the famous Thirtieth Division), in liaison with the British, were the first to break the Hindenburg line; that Alvin W. Yorke, the most conspicuous private soldier of the war because of his amazing individual prowess—accounted such by the French themselves, and recipient from France of her highest awards for heroism on the field of battle—is a native of Tennessee—in view of all these facts, M. Lauzanne's overlooking the South as one of the sections which President Wilson "solidified" is curious, almost grotesque.

C. B. ROBERTS.
New York, March 8, 1921.

Current History Magazine as an Authority.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I found on my desk last evening a copy of the March number of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE.

I commenced reading several articles on naval affairs with more or less indifference, but before I laid down the magazine I found I had read every word pertaining to naval matters and found the articles exceedingly interesting and illuminating, and I am glad to say that in a greater part I was able to accept the views of several of the articles.

C. S. PAGE,
Chairman Committee on Naval Affairs,
United States Senate.
Washington, D. C., March 8, 1921.

THE CALL.

Willow buds are touched with green,
The snow is melting fast,
And I'm away tomorrow
To woods and fields at last.

Oh, I must leave the valley
And foot it up the hill;
When mandrake buds are breaking,
My feet will not be still.

Ah, never try to hold me—
It's death to make me stay—
But match your step to mine, love,
And come away, away.

We shall dance on Winter leaves
And drink of melted snow;
Winds shall tangle in our hair,
And flaming skies shall glow.

But, if you let me go, dear,
And never follow after,
'Tis you will live with loneliness
While I go forth to laughter.

ABIGAIL CRESSON.

AMERICAN SCHOLARSHIPS.

A Reciprocal Arrangement for Great Britain and the Dominions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A reference in yesterday's TIMES recalled to me an aspiration long felt and frequently expressed by Americans at Oxford—the foundation of an American scholarship reciprocal to the Rhodes scholarship to Oxford. I know from my own experience and associations in England that such an opportunity would be welcomed by the English and by the colonials, especially by the Australians and South Africans. It would, moreover, have the thorough support of English scholars and men of influence. I mention only one, the Master of Balliol, who has expressed himself whole-heartedly in sympathy with the idea. It is, in fact, very largely his conception of such a scholarship which I shall express.

The presumptive scholarship could hardly be on the same basis as the Rhodes foundation—that is, it should not be limited to enrollment in any one of our universities, nor, for that matter, perhaps, to any university at all, for the young Englishman and, to a less degree perhaps, the young colonial, would hardly be attracted from his own universities by the ordinary undergraduate course of our colleges. That arrangement which would make the greatest appeal, I think, is one which would afford an opportunity to graduates of English and colonial universities to take up advanced work in our technical and scientific institutions or at first hand to study our industries and manufactures. If it provided only for a year's residence and travel in America it would serve a very useful purpose.

In another point such a foundation would differ from the Rhodes scholarship, which is on a territorial basis, i. e., so many scholars selected from each State. This principle could hardly be applied to Great Britain, and the desired result could probably be best achieved by apportioning the appointments among the British universities.

I have confined my suggestions to England and the British colonies as I am more familiar with conditions there. I see no reason, however, why the principle could not be extended to other countries as well with results equally desirable.

One hesitates to multiply suggestions to our much pursued millionaires, but here, indeed, is an opportunity for the erection of a monument "aere perennius."

R. M. STEPHENSON.
Graduate College, Princeton University,
March 7, 1921.

Tax on Capital Gains.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As you have devoted considerable space to editorial discussion of taxation of capital gains you may be interested in a recent French decision on the subject.

The following matter is quoted from The London Economist, issue of Feb. 5, 1921, Page 224, and is embodied in correspondence from Paris under date of Feb. 1:

"An extremely important point of law affecting the system of premium bond drawings, which is so widely popular in this country, has just been decided by the Conseil d'Etat. It has hitherto been held by the fiscal authorities that persons who have been lucky enough to draw winning numbers entitling them to premiums—which in these days frequently amount to as much as a million francs—must be regarded as liable to have such sums treated as part of their income for the year and be taxed accordingly. In the case of a 'gros lot,' amounting to 1,000,000 francs, therefore, the winner would be liable to pay something like 50 per cent. as income tax on his windfall, and would consequently receive not the million he had been led to expect when he invested his money in the particular issue concerned, but only 496,000 francs. This was the view held by the former Finance Minister, M. Francois Marsal, and many other authorities.

"On the other hand, there were those who insisted that amounts derived from such a source must be regarded as an addition to capital and not as revenue, and in some cases where people had been called upon to pay income tax in respect of sums so derived the decision of the income tax authorities was reversed and exemption was granted. In order to decide the matter a test case was brought before the Conseil d'Etat, which has now given a decision supporting the view that such sums must be regarded as capital and are therefore not liable to the provisions of the income tax law. The judgment sets forth that the premiums form an integral part of reimbursed bonds, and as such must be regarded as capital. The decision, in effect, takes the view that income tax is a personal matter and must be calculated on the sums received in the way of revenue, so that in view of the conditions on which these premiums were originally based it is impossible to regard them as constituting imposable revenue."

A. H. ABBOT,
Executive Secretary, Business Men's National Tax Committee.
New York, March 4, 1921.

Ebert's Appeal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Associated Press quotes yesterday's proclamation by Friedrich Ebert, the German Imperial President, saying Germany cannot comply with the allied demands because "Our honor and self-respect forbid it." Why this belated parade of honor and self-respect? Did such a sense withhold them in Belgium and France? Not for a moment.

Then, "We can cry out, so all who still recognize the voice of righteousness may hear." They have no such voice. The only German voice the world has heard since 1914 has been the voice of unrighteousness.

He says, "Right is being downtrodden by might." In what other way than that was their conduct ruled during the great war? It was the only rule they knew, while even to might they added wanton and unspeakable atrocity.

Lastly, "The Imperial Government will not rest until the foreign power yields before our right." The nation that greedily and wantonly set out to destroy everything that hindered its world domination has no rights. What right has the burglar who enters a house and kills the occupant in order that he may rob him? Verily "It is to laugh."

TIMES READER.
New York, March 9, 1921.

British Great War Veterans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I bring to the attention of the public through your columns an organization of men and women who served with the British Empire forces in the war, known as the British Great War Veterans of America? The society announces a campaign to obtain honorary members who will pay $25 a year. The club, which is located at 139 East Fifty-sixth Street, has more than 800 members, making it necessary to acquire larger premises. The name of the club was decided on because "British" includes the whole British Empire, and "America" on account of the Americans who fought with the British forces. The Prince of Wales while in New York joined the association and presented it with the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack, and Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador, is also a member. The British Consul General, Gloster Armstrong, was the first to join as honorary member. Since its formation the club has given relief to members and other ex-service men, members or not, who are of good character and have honorable discharges.

JOHN DORGAN.
New York, March 9, 1921.

A March on Berlin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Mr. Arthur Hornblow's letter, published in today's issue of THE TIMES, it seems to me he has hit the nail squarely on the head. He pithily and without beating around the bush states conditions as they exist, and he is by no means alone in believing that the only way to bring the Germans to terms is by employing their own methods and marching on to Berlin. There are many who have always felt and who still feel that the march should have been made before the war was ever allowed to stop. But better late than never. Let the Allies all join together and give Germany a good big dose of her own medicine. Every one who has lived for any length of time must know that it is the only effective remedy.

WALTER HOWE JONES.
New York, March 9, 1921.

RED HAT CONFERRED UPON DOUGHERTY

Three New Cardinals Receive Emblems at Splendid Ceremony in Rome.

AMERICANS IN THE THRONG

Ancient Rites Seen at Reception of Recent Appointees to Sacred College.

ROME, March 10.—Ecclesiastical and secular Rome today turned its footsteps and thoughts to the Vatican, where three new Cardinals were formally received into the Sacred College.

This ceremony, one of the few that have come down virtually unchanged through the centuries to the present day, combined the brilliance of the period of Michelangelo, the historic atmosphere that ever envelops the Holy See and the impressiveness that clings to the rites of St. Peter's. Only three Cardinals were consecrated, because the three Spanish prelates elevated to the Cardinalate will receive their red hats from King Alfonso.

Archbishops Dennis J. Dougherty of Philadelphia, Josef Schulte of Cologne and Michael von Faulhaber of Munich, who yesterday received the first insignia of their new rank in the hierarchy, assumed in full today the dignities conferred on them by Pope Benedict. Since Monday these prelates have received great attention in the city, but today they were the centre about which revolved a pageant which impressed the eyes of a distinguished congregation and will long be remembered.

Pope Enters in Procession.

Long before 10 o'clock, the hour for the beginning of the ceremony, Roman citizens, Princes and peasants, diplomats and priests gathered before the great bronze doors of the Sala Regia. When the doors were opened the throng was admitted to the hall where distinguished visitors were shown to tribunes and others received places on the benches arranged about the great room. At right of the Pope's throne were small boxes reserved for members of the Pontiff's family, representatives of royal families and richly uniformed Knights of Malta and Knights of the Holy Sepulchre.

The minutes seemed to pass slowly as the throng awaited the beginning of the ceremonies, which was signaled by distant cheers for the Pope. Through a wide door came strains of music, and then there entered a majestic procession, led by a white-clad figure bearing a processional cross set with precious stones. In succession there came the Sistine choir, led by Abbé Perosi; abbots and heads of religious orders; priests and monks in black, white and brown; Cardinals in their scarlet robes; Swiss Guards and Palatine Guards, all forming a background for the Supreme Pontiff, who rode in the Sedia Gestatoria, borne by crimson-uniformed attendants.

After the Pope had seated himself on the throne, the Cardinals ranged themselves around him in the order of seniority, the Cardinal Bishops and Priests on his right and the Cardinal Deacons on his left. Then a hush of expectation fell over the assembly, broken by the opening of the doors of the Sistine Chapel, adjoining, and Cardinals Dougherty, Schuite and von Faulhaber entered. They had just taken the oath of office before Cardinal Cagiano de Azevedo Ottavius, Chancellor of the Church.

As they entered, the new Cardinals bowed low three times and then advanced slowly to the throne, where they knelt and did homage to the Pontiff. When they rose they took their places on the right of the throne. Consistorial advocates read Latin perorations and several Archbishops and Bishops were preconized by the Pope.

Presentation to New Cardinals.

The three new Cardinals received the embrace and welcoming kiss from each member of the Sacred College, and were conducted to the foot of the throne, where they again knelt. The two Masters of Ceremonies threw over them the purple "cappa magna," the Pope holding the Cardinal's biretta over the head of each prelate for several moments, repeating the words of presentation. The ceremony closed with the Papal benediction.

The Cardinals returned to the Sistine Chapel, where the newly created members of the Sacred College prostrated themselves before the altar, while the Sistine choir chanted the "Te Deum" and Cardinal Varnutelli intoned the "Super Creatos Cardinales." When they rose they were again embraced by their colleagues.

Archbishop Dougherty returned to the American College, where he received many friends during the afternoon. One of the last callers was a Papal Monsignor, who brought to the Cardinal the red hat.

Many Americans were present at the ceremony, including State Senator John Coyle, Dr. William Long, Joseph Gallagher, Mrs. E. de V. Morrell, formerly Miss Louise B. Drexel, and Mr. Newbold and daughter of Philadelphia. The Philadelphia Diocese was represented by the Very Rev. Michael J. Crane, Vicar General, and the Revs. Joseph A. Whitaker, James Nash, Michael C. Donovan, James A. Mullin, Dennis J. Broughal, John J. Rooney, Fenton J. Fitzpatrick and Joseph A. McCullough. Among the other American churchmen present were the Right Rev. Edward P. Allen, Bishop of Mobile, and the Right Rev. Patrick J. Supple of Roxbury, Mass.

Pope Benedict has assigned Cardinal Dougherty to the Congregations of the Sacraments, for the propagation of the faith and for the Oriental Church.

Welcome Awaits Dougherty.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10—Cardinal Dougherty will be welcomed to Philadelphia upon his return from Rome by a great demonstration, it was announced today following a meeting yesterday of committees under the direction of Mgr. Nevin F. Fisher, the vicar general. The Cardinal is expected here about May 1.

A large delegation of ecclesiastics and laymen will meet him at the North Philadelphia station, and a parade will move along Broad Street to League Island Park and then to the Cardinal's home. In the evening a civic demonstration in the Metropolitan Opera House, to which the Governor, Mayor and other State and city officials will be invited, is planned. The following day there will be a religious celebration, including a solemn pontifical mass, sung by the Cardinal in the cathedral.

Clergy from the archdiocese and many from distant places are expected to participate in the welcome, as well as thousands of members of religious and fraternal organizations in the Cardinal's jurisdiction.

SIGNS INDUSTRIAL BILL.

Governor Approves Measure Creating One Board in Place of Two.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Governor MILLER today approved the bill legislating out of office the five State Industrial Commissioners and the Industrial Council of nine members and substituting therefor a single headed industrial department with an Industrial Board of three to perform quasi judicial and quasi legislative functions relating to the regulation of industrial conditions.

Henry D. Sayer of Richmond Hill, Long Island, a member of the existing Industrial Commission, will probably head the new board, the other members of which, it is expected, will be Cyrus W. Phill

MRS. P. F. WAGSTAFF WEDS D. O. MAC RAE

Divorced Wife of Samuel J. Wagstaff and Young Banker Give Society a Surprise.

GET LICENSE, WED AT ONCE

Former "Polly" French of Family of Divorcees Wrote "Man the Obsolete" Before First Marriage.

Mrs. Pauline French Wagstaff, daughter of Amos Tuck French and Mrs. LeRoy French, was married to Donald Oliver MacRae of this city, son of Alexander K. MacRae, yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride, 129 East Eighty-second Street.

The first intimation of the marriage came when Mr. MacRae and Mrs. Wagstaff obtained their marriage license at the Municipal Building shortly before the ceremony took place. Their marriage will come as a surprise to many in society, arrangements for the wedding having been made very quietly.

Only the immediate family were present at the ceremony, which took place at 2:30 o'clock, the Rev. William A. Kirkwood officiating. Shortly afterward Mr. and Mrs. MacRae left on their bridal journey. They plan to spend several weeks in Washington, D. C., and at White Sulphur Springs.

When the couple made application for their marriage license Mrs. MacRae gave her age as 34, and Mr. MacRae said he was 29, giving his residence as 50 Vanderbilt Avenue.

Mrs. MacRae is a member of a family prominently identified with the social life of Newport and New York. This is her second marriage. Her first husband was Samuel J. Wagstaff, son of Alfred Wagstaff, whom she married in 1908. In June, 1920, she was granted a decree of divorce from Mr. Wagstaff in the Superior Court at Newport, on the grounds of neglect to provide, and the question of alimony was permanently waived in the case. Last December Mr. Wagstaff married Mrs. Olga May P. Thomas about a month after she had obtained a divorce from Arthur Paul Thomas.

Mrs. MacRae is popular in social life here and at Newport and strong in personality. She was known to her intimates as a girl as "Polly" French, and at that age she displayed much versatility in writing on deep subjects, although she excelled in outdoor sports. She read a paper at a club meeting at Delmonico's, five years before her first marriage, on "Man the Obsolete." Her marriage at Newport was a brilliant affair, the reception being held at Harborview, the home of her aunt, the then Mrs. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, now Mrs. Paul Fitz Simons, at present with her husband in South America.

There had never been a divorce in the French family until Elsie French Vanderbilt divorced the late Alfred Vanderbilt. Several years afterward, in 1913, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French, Mrs. MacRae's parents, were divorced, and shortly after that Mr. French married Miss Martha C. Beeckman, a sister of the Governor of Rhode Island.

Mrs. MacRae's younger sister, Mrs. Julia French, married Joseph Geraghty, whom she divorced in 1919, and her brother, the late Edward Tuck French, married Miss Lillian M. Harrington. Young Mr. French died in August, 1919, and his wife, who had left him several times, was with him at the time of his death. A reconciliation said to have been brought about by the young man's mother.

Mrs. Leroy French, the bride's mother, resides at the Commodore during the Winter with her mother, Mrs. Stuyvesant LeRoy.

Mr. MacRae is a banker and is a graduate of Princeton University, class of '17. During the war he served overseas as a lieutenant in the Naval Aviation Corps. He is a member of the Princeton Club of New York and Philadelphia.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Daniel Orth of 68 East Fifty-fourth Street are leaving this week for the Virginia Hot Springs for a stay of several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen have returned from a two months' cruise to Mediterranean ports, and are now at their apartment at the Vanderbilt.

A. Morris Bagby is leaving tomorrow for a visit at White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. James Cummings Barr of 11 East Sixty-eighth Street has gone to Washington, D. C., for a brief visit.

Charles E. Gautier of 781 Madison Avenue is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James at Miami, Fla.

Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar is Chairman of the committee for the Aviators' Ball, to be held on April 7 at the Waldorf-Astoria, and will be assisted by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman and Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer. Former Ambassador Myron T. Herrick and Lieutenant Charles Nungesser are to be the guests of honor.

Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris of 1,015 Park Avenue will open her home on Saturday afternoon, April 2, for a sale and tea dance, to be given by the junior members of St. Christopher's Guild of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children.

Lieut. Commander Harry Biddle Turner has just returned from a nine months' cruise in the Far East and is at the Astor with Mrs. Turner until tomorrow, when they will go to Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Wharton Sinkler have come from Elkins Park, Pa., and are at the St. Regis.

Ambassador John W. Davis and Mrs. Davis, who are returning from England on the Olympic, will be at the Biltmore for a stay of several weeks.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson will have the annual meeting of the Florence Crittenton League at her residence, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street, on next Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Henry Mottet, Mrs. William Alexander, Mrs. Burke Roche and Mrs. Samuel A. Tucker will be among those receiving at the private view of the loan exhibition at the Museum of French Art, 599 Fifth Avenue, on Wednesday afternoon, March 16, at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Henry J. Burchell of 29 East Sixty-third Street, who recently received the gold medal of the Italian Red Cross, has arranged a concert to be held on Thursday evening, April 7, at the Biltmore in aid of the Italian soldiers crippled in war.

OLD ENGLISH CHAIR, $825.

Sale of Mrs. C. Sears Ramsey Collection Yields $29,632.

An English walnut wing armchair, early eighteenth century, seat, wings and back in petit and gros point, No. 272, brought the top price at the Mrs. C. Sears Ramsey collection closing sale at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, going to S. F. Canavan for $825.

A pair of mahogany wing armchairs, No. 275, serpentine tops, upholstered in green leather, went to Walker & Gillette for $440. Mrs. H. Pratt paid $420 for No. 294, a set of six Dutch lacquer chairs in raised gold and black, eighteenth century; to Canavan went No. 290, an English mahogany table, hexagonal, Chippendale Chinese period, eighteenth century; Bernet, agent, paid $350 for No. 301, an Irish mahogany table, Chippendale period, with carved festoons of flowers, cornucopia and birds; No. 305, a set of three English walnut chairs and settee, sold to Henry for $300; No. 310, a pair of carved and gilt wood mirrors, Chippendale Chinese period, with pagodas and bells, sold to A. McCrea for $400; No. 317, an English inlaid walnut highboy, eighteenth century, sold to W. A. Conner for $520, and No. 330, an English walnut day bed, seat and back in woven cane work, went to E. F. McKinney for $250.

An English inlaid walnut desk, Queen Anne period, sold to Mansfield Terry for $330, and No. 332, an English mahogany escritoire, went to Colonel Rupert for $380; No. 338, an English inlaid mahogany dining table, in three sections, rectangular stand and four legs and brass paw feet, was bought by Thomas Hastings for $290; to Bernet, agent, went No. 341, an early American mahogany, for $400; Seaman, agent, paid $360 for No. 343, an early American mahogany lowboy; No. 352, an English inlaid and lacquered four-post bed, sold to W. R. Hearst for $290; No. 356, an English mahogany, four-post bed, Hepplewhite period, with chintz curtains and top, sold to H. L. Klemhans for $350, and to McCrea went No. 358, an English inlaid mahogany four-post bed, for $320.

The returns for the afternoon were $21,188, making a total for 362 numbers of the sale, $29,632.

OFFERED US NAVAL SECRETS

Japanese Lieutenant Is Held for Letters to Our Naval Attache.

TOKIO, March 10 (Associated Press).—Naval Lieutenant Tsuru Hamaguchi was arrested today and handed over to a court-martial in connection with an alleged attempt to sell Japanese naval secrets to Captain Edward Howe Watson, Naval Attaché at the United States Embassy here.

Captain Watson, it is said, turned the letters over to the Naval Department authorities, and an investigation resulted in the arrest of Lieutenant Hamaguchi.

1,800,000 FRANCS TO HIMMEL

Of Money Deposited in Paris Bank Only 73,000 Francs Remain.

PARIS, March 10.—An inquiry by the police in connection with the case of André Himmel, reputed general manager of the Franco-American Cinematograph Corporation, has revealed that 1,800,000 francs was deposited by Frenchmen in an American bank in Paris for the account of Himmel, of which, according to the police, only 73,000 francs remain on deposit. The money represented the investment of various Frenchmen in Himmel's cinematograph projects.

Himmel was arrested recently on his arrival at Havre from New York on the charge of having misused more than 1,000,000 francs invested in the corporation by a Frenchman named Rivary, who caused his arrest.

H. T. Morse Marries in London.

LONDON, March 10.—Huntington T. Morse, son of Mrs. E. W. Morse of New York City, was married to Anna Margaret Lindahl, daughter of Sophus Lindahl of Copenhagen, here yesterday. Mr. Morse was graduated from Yale University in 1915.

John Burroughs to Return Home.

PASADENA, Cal., March 10.—John Burroughs, naturalist, who has been in a hospital here for treatment for a minor ailment, has recovered sufficiently, it was announced today, that he plans to start for his home in New York about March 25.

Will Start Trains Out of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 10.—Partial resumption of the passenger service on the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway will be attempted out of here tomorrow for the first time since the wage strike began Saturday, it was announced today by B. L. Bugg, receiver.

WILL MAINTAINS TWO PEWS.

Mrs. Van Pelt Left $4,500 for Family Memorials in Church.

Perpetual maintenance of two church pews as family memorials is provided in the will of the late Mrs. Maria E. Van Pelt, widow of Townsend C. Van Pelt, of Van Pelt Manor, Brooklyn, which was filed yesterday in the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn. Mrs. Van Pelt leaves $2,500 in trust for the maintenance of a pew in the Dutch Reformed Church of Flatlands in memory of the Ditmars family, and $2,000 for another pew in the same church as a memorial to the Van Pelt family.

The position of the pews is designated, and the will provides that they shall be maintained in similar positions should the congregation occupy another church. The pews may not be rented to others than members of the families named, but may be reserved for visiting strangers. The value of the estate of Mrs. Van Pelt is estimated at not less than $60,000. To her "faithful nurse, Esther Taylor," Mrs. Van Pelt left $2,500, in addition to small bequests to some of her relatives.

MISS LUCY WHEELER WEDS.

The Bride of George Riggs at Her Father's Winter Home in Georgia.

The marriage of George Riggs of 58 East Ninety-fourth Street and Miss Lucy Dunham Wheeler, daughter of Dunham Wheeler of Wheeler Place, Hollis, L. I., took place Wednesday at Thomasville, Ga., where Mr. Wheeler has a Winter home. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William H. Higgins.

Mr. Riggs is the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. George W. Riggs. He was graduated from Yale with the class of 1915, and served during the war as a Lieutenant. He is a member of the Seawanhaka Yacht Club and is a brother of Mrs. Charles H. Tracy of New Rochelle and of Mrs. Edwin N. Perkins of 114 East Eighty-fourth Street, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Riggs are spending their honeymoon in the South, but expect to make their home in this city.

TRANSIT CONFERENCE OPENS

Argentina Not Represented at Meeting Called by League.

BARCELONA, March 10 (Associated Press)—The International Conference on Communications and Transit which opened here today under the auspices of the League of Nations has countermanded all official festivities as a tribute to the memory of the late Premier Dato, who was assassinated on Tuesday night. The French Minister of Public Works, Yves le Trocquer, made an address this morning on behalf of the French delegation.

It is understood the Argentine Government, having been sounded regarding the sending of a delegate, made its acceptance of an invitation conditional on Germany and Mexico also being invited. Although the two latter countries have sent delegates with "watching briefs," the Argentine Government is not represented.

Passengers for Liverpool.

Among those who are booked to sail tomorrow for Liverpool on the White Star liner Cedric are: The Rt. Hon. J. C. White, former Mayor of Belfast, and Mrs. White; Colonel James W. Woods and Joseph Norgam of Montreal, G. Harrington, British Vice Counsul at New York and Robert Wilberforce of the Consulate staff; Lady Lillian M. Willshire, G. A. Bailey, Mrs. M. M. Burgis, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cargill, Mrs. John W. Clark, Norman Coburn, Captain J. H. Cooper, Emiliano Degollado Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dunham, Sydney Fail, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hartman, Captain G. W. Higgs, Major A. Hilton-Johnson, D. M. King, Mr. and Mrs. Juan F. Larreategui, William H. Parker, Mrs. H. M. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas White, Benjamin Whittaker and Miss Margaret Winfield.

SEES HOUSING BOOM UNDER NEW LAWS

Chairman Hilly Predicts Building of Multiple-Family Houses Will Be Encouraged.

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Tenement House Commissioner Mann Reports 40,000 Violations of Sanitary Code.

Arthur J. W. Hilly, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, said yesterday that the cry of the realty men that the recent decision of the Court of Appeals would stop construction was an attempt to create popular alarm in the hope that the laws might be amended to their advantage.

The new laws will not prevent, but will encourage the building of multiple family houses, according to Mr. Hilly, who pointed out that new buildings were specifically exempted from the rent laws and that the owner of a newly built apartment house might charge any rent he pleased.

The immediate need for increased housing accommodations and the serious nature of the congestion in the city were emphasized yesterday by Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann in a statement summarizing the work of his department in the last year.

Commissioner Mann said the active work of the Health Department under Commissioner R. S. Copeland in cooperation with the Tenement House Department had facilitated greatly the work of looking after the sanitary conditions of the city's residents. In ordinary times, said the commissioner, the department receives about 40,000 complaints a year. The number last year was 80,000. About 40,000 resulted in the discovery of violations.

In explaining the status of the rent laws in connection with the pending appeal in the United States Supreme Court, David L. Podell, of counsel which argued for the constitutionality of the act last Monday said that in his opinion the decision of the Court of Appeals two days ago would have a most important bearing upon the outcome in the Supreme Court.

"During the argument in the Supreme Court, before a full bench, Associate Justice Day specifically inquired whether the Court of Appeals of this State had as yet rendered its decision," he said. "The Supreme Court always attaches a great deal of importance to decisions of the highest State courts upon local legislation, on the theory that the local court is more intimately in touch with the situation and can better appreciate the extent of the emergency which calls for relief."

GIOLITTI TALKS LONG WITH OWEN JOHNSON

Questions of American Investments in Italy and Recent Strikes Are Their Theme.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, March 10.—Premier Giolitti received today Owen Johnson of New York and had a conversation which lasted almost an hour.

Mr. Johnson discussed with the Premier the necessity of clearing up in American minds the facts of the metal workers' strike in Northern Italy. He told Signor Giolitti that in America there was a settled conviction that this was one of a series of attempts by labor to take possession of the property of capitalists. A great deal of the hesitation on the part of American capital to enter the Italian field, he suggested, was due to belief that the strike trouble was likely to become chronic.

Signor Giolitti explained that it was necessary at a critical time like that which Italy had passed through to convince labor of its limitations, and this could not be by arguments but by experience. The results of this policy had been extremely beneficial, he urged, and as one of the practical demonstration of the inability of the men to manage plants by themselves, Italy was much less liable to attempt destructive experiments than countries where such practical demonstrations had not taken place and were still agitated by theories that attracted working classes.

Mr. Johnson emphasized the necessity of reassuring American capital about the stability of the Italian situation and giving guarantees that if large amounts were invested in Italy they would not run the risk of being excessively taxed. If this were done, he thought Italy would be one of the most profitable fields for American investments. Moreover, Italy could feel perfectly safe since she need not fear any financial or commercial penetration by America with political ends in view.

DISGUISED GIRL ARRESTED.

Made a Bet She Wouldn't Be Detected in Male Attire.

A young woman who said she was Miss Elsie Fisher, 137 West Ninetieth Street, was locked in the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station early this morning charged with disorderly conduct. She was arrested by Patrolman Stalba at Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue, when he found her masquerading in the clothes of a man. At the police station the prisoner admitted that she had made a bet with friends at her home yesterday afternoon that she could walk from her home to Sixty-sixth Street and back in male attire without detection.

Aringlet of hair stealing from under her hat betrayed her to several young men who were leaving St. Nicholas Ring. Giggling, they followed the young woman and soon their number was augmented until the crowd attracted the attention of the policeman. Miss Fisher will be arraigned in the West Side Court this morning.

GRIFFITH IS FOUND INSANE.

Montreal Jury Is Told of Mock Trial at Which Holland Was 'Arraigned.'

MONTREAL, March 10.—Before adjudging insane Major Robert W. Griffith, confessed slayer of William A. Holland, Montreal broker, a special jury was told today of a mock trial held in the chambers of Police Magistrate Cusson a year ago, at which Holland was "arraigned" for exerting secret and malicious influence over Griffith.

Magistrate Cusson said the mock ceremony was gone through with at the request of a friend of Griffith in order to ease the latter's mind from a delusion that Holland was exerting an evil influence over him.

Griffith shot Holland last January. He will now be held pending receipt of instructions from the Lieutenant Governor.

Plan for Congress of British Universities.

The first Congress of the Universities of the British Empire was held in London in 1912, when all, to the number of fifty-three, were represented. It was decided to hold the congresses every five years, but the war made it impossible to do so in 1917. The second congress will be held in the Summer of this year. The number of British universities in the meantime has increased to fifty-eight. From July 5 to 8 the representatives will be entertained by Oxford University.

KING ALFONSO WALKS BEHIND DATO'S BIER

Premier's Widow Asks Pardon of Four Murderers of Civil Guard as a Boon.

MADRID, March 10.—The funeral of Eduardo Dato, the Spanish Premier, which was held today, was a simple one. The body was placed in a hearse drawn by two horses and conveyed to the Chamber of Deputies and later taken to the San Isidro Cemetery. The coffin enclosing the body of the Premier was an unpretentious one.

Señor Dato left his fortune, amounting to 2,000,000 pesetas, to his wife and three daughters.

King Alfonso was present, as well as all the Government officials, members of the Diplomatic Corps and large numbers of citizens of Spain. There was only a simple service held in the Dato residence prior to the removal of the body to the Chamber. Leaving the Chamber the coffin was placed on a gun carriage. The cortège then moved through the Plaza Canovas and thence to the cemetery.

King Alfonso was the object of loyal demonstrations during the funeral procession, in which he marched on foot behind the body of the Premier. During the procession a stop for a brief requiem was made at the Pantheon.

From the Pantheon the cortège, accompanied by relatives and friends, proceeded to the cemetery, where the body was buried beside that of the Premier's little daughter.

Huley Hafid, former Sultan of Morocco, attended the funeral and marched in the procession.

At the invitation of King Alfonso that Señora Dato make some request of him, the widow of the Premier asked for the pardon of the four men condemned to death for the assassination of two civil guards. The men were to have been executed in a few days.

The Provisional President of the Ministerial Council is being guarded by police motorcycles.

Former Premier Maura, referring to the proposal for a union of all groups of the Conservative Party in the present crisis, is reported to have declared that a rejection of this proposal at such a tragic moment would be an act of desertion.

There is much talk of fusion under Señor Maura or under José Sanchez Guerra, former Minister of the Interior, if the former should refuse the responsibility. It is believed the Cabinet will be reconstituted without the usual conference between the party leaders.

RARE BOOKS BRING $131,000.

Dr. Rosenbach, an American, Is Chief Buyer at Sale in London.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 10.—In three hours today £26,211 was realized by the sale at Sotheby's of old books from the famous Britwell Court Library. Dr. Rosenbach of America was the chief purchaser. The highest price obtained was £1,080 for a copy of "Everyman," printed at St. Paul's Churchyard in 1530, and believed to be the only copy known.

For Thomas Church-Yard's "A Mirror for a Man, Wherein He Shall See the Miserable State of the World," printed at the beginning of the sixteenth century, £890 was obtained. It is believed to be the only copy known. The unique "History of Jacob and His Twelve Sons," printed in 1570, realized £750.

ANASTASIA MUCH BETTER.

American Princess Grateful to Dr. Hoover for His Help.

ATHENS, March 10.—The condition of Princess Anastasia, who was operated on Monday, was so good today that Dr. Alden Hoover, the American surgeon, who came here from Constantinople to attend her, returned to the Turkish capital. Her pulse was 98 and her temperature and respiration were normal.

As evidence of her appreciation of the services of Dr. Hoover, Princess Anastasia has expressed a desire to endow an American Red Cross Hospital in Constantinople.

Queen Marie of Rumania called on the Princess today.

WILL NOT TRY MINISTER.

Church Accepts Misunderstanding Plea in du Pont-Ball Wedding.

LOS ANGELES, March 10.—The Rev. Baker P. Lee, who has been threatened with a church trial for marrying Alfred I du Pont of Wilmington, Del., who had been divorced, and Miss Jessie D. Ball of Los Angeles, has "recognized the fact that he failed" through a misunderstanding to comply with ecclesiastical laws, according to a letter made public today by Frederick C. Valentine, Chancellor of the Episcopal Diocese of Los Angeles.

Officials of the diocese plan no further action against Dr. Lee, it was said.

COL. D. M. EDGERTON DIES.

Built the First Railroad West of Mississippi River in 1874.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Colonel David Morgan Edgerton, formerly of St. Louis, died here tonight at the James C. King Home for Aged Men, aged 86 years. Colonel Edgerton was one of the founders of the Republican Party. He was best known as a builder of railroads, having built the Kansas Pacific Railroad, the first road west of the Mississippi River, in 1874.

When he built the Kansas Pacific, he performed the feat of swimming across the Missouri River with General William T. Sherman. General Sherman, with his soldiers, fought off the Indians while the intrepid railroad builder pushed forward laying the steel rails along the old wagon and Indian trails.

He became successively President of the Denver Pacific, the Junction City and Fort Kearney, the Solomon Valley and many other of the earlier Western railroads now long since absorbed by the giant system of today.

John B. Harrison.

John B. Harrison, a retired lawyer, for many years a member of the firm of Field & Harrison, died Wednesday at his residence, 31 Woodland Avenue, New Rochelle, following a general breakdown. He was born in Greenwich Village sixty-six years ago and was graduated from Public School 35 while Dr. Thomas Hunter was Principal. He was a personal friend of Mayor Van Wyck, who appointed him to the School Board. At that time he lived at 28 East 130th Street, which was his home for many years.

Author of "The Rosary" Dies.

LONDON, March 10.—Florence L. Barclay, 59 years old, the novelist, died today at Limpsfield Court, Surrey, after an operation.

She was the author, among other works, of "The Rosary," "The Wheels of Time," and "The Upas Tree." Her husband was the Rev. Charles W. Barclay of Hertford-Heath, Herts.

Samuel S. Parkman.

Samuel S. Parkman, a special envoy of the Salvation Army who had charge of that organization's work at Camp Mills during the war, died Wednesday at his home, 2,900 Briggs Avenue, the Bronx, after an illness that resulted from an automobile accident last November. He was 60 years old.

Bridge for Seabury Memorial Home.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Seabury Memorial Home will give a bridge party in the new ballroom of the Plaza tomorrow afternoon. Miss Edna L. Thomas, Chairman of the committee, is being assisted by Mrs. Harry Hudler, Mrs. Fairfield Mortimore, Mrs. A. E. Pfarre and Mrs. R. D. Dickinson.

DR. JOSEPH RANSOHOFF DIES

Eminent Surgeon Expires at His Home in Cincinnati at 67 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 10.—Dr. Joseph Ransohoff, Professor of Surgery at the Medical College of the University of Cincinnati and known internationally as a surgeon, died at his home here this morning. He had been failing for some time. Dr. Ransohoff was stricken last Summer while the family was at its Eastern Summer home, and although he tried to resume his duties at the Medical College when it opened last Fall, he taught but a few days and returned to his home never again to leave it. The eminent surgeon suffered from a bad heart condition.

Dr. J. C. Oliver, acting Dean of the Medical College, declared that Dr. Ransohoff's death was one of the greatest losses that the Medical College had suffered.

Dr. Ransohoff was born in Cincinnati May 26, 1853. He was graduated from Woodward High School in 1870 and four years later was awarded the degree of doctor by the Medical College of Ohio. He was made a member of the Fellows of the Royal College of Surgeons in London in 1877. In 1879 he married Minnie Workum Freiberg.

Dr. Ransohoff had specialized in surgery from 1877. For the first two years, after returning from England, he was demonstrator of anatomy at Ohio Medical College. In 1905 he became Professor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery, being the leading professor of surgery in Cincinnati for fifteen years.

Dr. Ransohoff was a member of the staffs of the General, Good Samaritan and Jewish Hospitals. He was a fellow of the American Association of Surgeons, Southern Surgical and Gynecological Associations, Western Surgeal Association and American Association. He was an extensive contributor to current surgery literature and standard compilation of surgical works.

Dr. Ransohoff is survived by Mrs. Ransohoff and several children. One of his sons is Dr. J. Louis Ransohoff, who also is a surgeon of eminence. Father and son practiced together.

ADMIRAL J. J. KANE DEAD.

One of Three Chaplains in U. S. Navy to Attain Admiral's Rank.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Rear Admiral James Johnson Kane, retired, one of the three chaplains in the United States Navy to attain that rank, died in the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia Navy Yard, today. He was 84 years old.

Admiral Kane entered the navy in 1861, at the beginning of the Civil War, as a volunteer seaman. Soon he was appointed to command a gunboat carrying dispatches to Admiral Farragut.

He took part in the two naval battles at Fort Fisher. After the war he took a college course and later the law course at Harvard and received his degree in 1870. Two years before he had been appointed chaplain. He had the rank of captain in 1896, when he was retired as Rear Admiral.

GEN. F. H. FRENCH DEAD.

Retired Veteran of Three Wars Dies in Washington at 63.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Brig. Gen. Francis H. French, retired, died today at Walter Reed Military Hospital here after a brief illness. He was 63 years of age and was retired in January, 1920.

General French was appointed to the Military Academy from Indiana, his native State, and was graduated in 1879. His first service was in connection with the Indian uprisings in the West. During the Spanish-American War he held the rank of Captain and participated in several engagements. He also saw service on the Mexican border, and during the World War commanded Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., and the Philippine Department.

Mrs. Barrett's Son Dies in France.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 10.—News was received in Newport today of the death in Cannes, France, of the ten months' old son of Mrs. William Barrett, formerly Miss Alice M. Drexel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel of New York and Newport. Mrs Drexel is at present with her daughter.

The secret marriage at New Rochelle of Miss Drexel and Captain Barrett, the American aviator, was one of the sensations of society in the Spring of 1919. The couple separated in 1920 before the birth of the baby that has just died. Barrett was held for a time by the Los Angeles police last September in connection with the reported loss in London of $125,000 worth of jewels owned by Mrs. John D. Spreckels Jr.

Alexander Roche, Painter.

EDINBURGH, Scotland, March 10.—Alexander Roche, the painter, died here today.

Roche was born in Glasgow in 1861. He studied art in Paris and painted all sorts of subjects, landscape and figure. His paintings at various times won medals at Munich, Paris, Pittsburgh and other exhibitions.

Gen. Aguinaldo's Wife Dead.

MANILA, P. I., March 9.—Mrs. Hilaria del Rosario Aguinaldo, wife of General Emelio Aguinaldo, noted figure in the Philippine insurrecton, died of pneumonia today at her home in Cavite, near here. Carmen Aguinaldo, a daughter, is attending Radcliffe College at Cambridge, Mass. A son also is attending college in the United States.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES G. STODDARD, former head of the Stoddard-Dayton Automobile Company, died yesterday at the age of 57 in a hospital in Galveston, Texas, following an operation.

GEORGE D. SCUDDER, a brother of Wallace M. Scudder, publisher of The Newark News, died Wednesday at his home in Portsmouth, Ohio. He was 65 years old.

WALTER LATTING BURCKETT, Vice President of the State Bank at 378 Grand Street, died yesterday in his apartment in the Hotel Laclede, 104 East Fifteenth Street. He was 54 years old.

ROBERT NATHANIEL LONGSTREET, for twenty years a floorwalker for Frederick Loeser & Co., died of pneumonia on Wednesday at his home, 840 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-seventh year. He was a veteran of the Civil War and for several years was a deacon in the Hanson Place Baptist Church.

MORGAN MYLES WHEELER, an actor in the Y. M. C. A. stock company at Coblenz, Germany, died there on Feb. 13.

ELISHA MINOR, former Selectman of Greenwich, died Wednesday night at his home in Woodbury, Conn., aged 85.

CHARLES LUCIUS, for twenty-four years in the employ of the Department of Highways, died on Tuesday at his home, 7,037 Glenmore Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 64 years.

THEODORE P. VOTTELER, a commercial traveler in the hardware and tinware line, died at his home, 467 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

CHARLES P. DURELS, 87 years old, a retired business man of the Eastern District, died on Wednesday, at his home, 966 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SARAH F. MATTHEWS, an active member of the Prospect Avenue M. E. Church and a charter member of the Ladies' Aid Society, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, 379 East Second Street, Brooklyn. She was the widow of George T. Matthews.

JOHN MEES, a retired florist and farmer of Laurel, L. I., and a well known resident of Riverhead, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Wednesday after an operation. He was in his seventy-third year.

AARON W. WARSHAVSKY, a manufacturer of silver-plated ware and part owner of the Continental Sheffield Silver Company in Brooklyn, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 134 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Warshavsky was born in Russia forty-seven years ago. He was a member of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities and the Zionist Organization of America.

Captain RICHARD H. HARDING, prominent in National Guard circles in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 615 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, aged 52 years. Captain Harding enlisted as a private in Company I, Forty-seventh Regiment, in 1884, and later joined the Fourteenth Regiment. He was honorably discharged in 1895, but re-enlisted as Captain of Company M for service in the Spanish War. He was a member of Manhattan Lodge, No. 22, F. and A. M. and Brooklyn Lodge, No. 22, B. P. O. E.

POLISH FLAGS UNVEILED IN HALL OF CITY COLLEGE

Emblems of Prague and Cracow Universities Restored to Their Pre-War Places.

In the great hall of City College the flags of the universities of Prague and of Cracow, hanging from the pillars whence they were removed during the war, were unveiled before the students body and the public at noon yesterday. Officials from the Governments of Czechoslovakia and Poland spoke in acknowledgment of the restoration. The banners of the universities of Berlin and Heidelberg, also taken down in wartime, will not be put back, it was stated by Dean Carleton L. Brownson after the ceremony. Instead, those of Louvain and Strasbourg universities will be hung in their places.

The restorations were conducted by George McAneny, Chairman of the City College Board of Trustees. He reminded the audience that the Prague and Cracow flags had been removed because the universities they represented were in enemy territory, and said that their restoration was a fitting recognition of Poland and Czechoslovakia's newly won places in the society of nations." Milan Nusk, a Czechslovakian violinist, played his country's national anthem, and Professor Leigh Hunt unveiled the University of Prague banner and the Cracow emblem was unveiled by Professor Arthur B. Turner.

JAMES B. TOWNSEND DEAD.

Editor of American Art News Is Stricken Suddenly at Home.

James Bliss Townsend, editor and owner of The American Art News, which he founded in 1904, died suddenly of heart disease at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at his home, 44 East Eighty-second Street. He attended an art sale the previous evening and only an hour before his death was telephoning a friend and apparently in excellent health.

Mr. Townsend was 63 years old. He was on the staffs of The Tribune, World and Herald. Chiefly as a writer on art, and was art critic of THE NEW YORK TIMES from 1894 to 1900.

Senator Adam B. Crosby.

OTTAWA, March 10.—Senator Adam B. Crosby of Halifax died here this afternoon after a short illness. Senator Crosby was 62 years old and a native of Belfast, Ireland. He was engaged in the export business in Halifax for many years, and served as Mayor of that city for several terms. He was appointed to the Senate of Canada in 1917 by the Borden Government, of which he was a supporter.

Francis R. Upton.

Francis R. Upton, long an associate of Thomas A. Edison and the first President of the Edison Pioneers, died yesterday at his home in Orange after a long illness. He was born at Peabody, Mass., in 1852, of old American ancestry. He was a mathematical expert with Mr. Edison and helped work out the problems of incandescent electric lighting.

Born.

HEISMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heisman (nee Sadie Klein), a son, March 1, at Flower Hospital.

SILVERMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Silverman, (nee Celia Berse) of 207 West 110th St., announce the arrival of a girl on March 10 at the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital.

Married.

RIGGS—WHEELER—At Thomasville, Ga., on Wednesday, March 9, 1921, by the Rev. William H. Higgins, Lucy Dunham, daughter of Mr. Dunham Wheeler, to George Riggs of New York.

MAC RAE—WAGSTAFF—Thursday, the tenth of March, 1921, at one twenty nine East Eighty-second Street, by Rev. William A. Kirkwood of the Congregational Church, Pauline French Wagstaff to Donald Oliver MacRae.

Died.

ABRAHAMSON—Charles, after a lingering illness, March 10, 1921. Funeral strictly private.

ARROWSMITH—At White Plains, N. Y., March 9, 1921, Georgiana, in her 72d year, wife of the late David A. Arrowsmith. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. C. Stolle, 119 South Broadway, White Plains, Friday evening, the 11th, at 8 o'clock.

BARBER—On Thursday, March 10, 1921, Millie H., beloved wife of the late Isaac Barber, 57 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 13, 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Hartford (Conn.) papers please copy.

BLUMENTHAL—Matilda, on March 9, in her 72d year, beloved sister of Meyer, Henry, Jacob and Dena Aufses. Funeral Friday, March 11, at 1:30, from Millheiser's Funeral Parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av. Ladies Star Lodge invited.

BRITTON—Charles C., on March 9. Services and interment at convenience of family.

BROWER—At Orange, N. J., March 9, 1921, entered into eternal life, Sarah Louise Beckley, wife of the late John Brower. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 151 Central Av., on Saturday, March 12, at 10:30 A. M. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

BROWER—At Orange, N. J., March 9, 1921, entered into eternal life, Margareth De Milt Brower, daughter of Sarah Louise Brower. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 151 Central Av., on Saturday, March 12, at 10:30 A. M. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

BUNNELL—Frank J., on March 10, 1921, suddenly, at his residence, 134 West 44th St. Remains will be shipped to Auburn, N. Y., Friday, March 11, 1921, at 10:30 P. M.

CANN—On Tuesday, March 8, Captain John W., beloved husband of Lucy S., and father of Frank W. and Sewall P. Cann, in his 85th year. Funeral services at the Fourth Avenue M. E. Church, 4th Av. and 47th St., Brooklyn, on Friday, March 11, at 8:15 P. M. Interment at Yarmouth (N. S.) papers please copy.

CHAMBERLAIN—Helen Fitz Randolph Anderson, beloved wife of Alexander H. Chamberlain, on March 9, after a lingering illness, in her 42d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 107 Bryant St., Rahway, N. J., Saturday afternoon, 2:30 o'clock.

COSTER—On March 10, 1921, Paul, son of the late Thomas Butler and Eliza C. Wilkinson, and husband of Ida Putnam. Funeral services at his late residence, 355 West 120th St., New York City, on Saturday, March 12, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

COWENHOVEN—At New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday, March 9, 1921, Charles T., son of the late Nicholas Remsen and Anna Rappelje Cowenhoven and husband of Ellen A. Cowenhoven, in his 77th year. Funeral services at Christ Church, New Brunswick, on Friday afternoon at 2:45.

DAVIS—On March 9, 1921, at Riverside Hospital, Newport News, Va., Cornelia Colt Davis of New York City, daughter of the late Cornelia Colt and George K. Davis. Special attention 5th Marines, 2d Division, A. E. F. Services at St. Bartholomew's Church, 50th St. and Park Av., Saturday 3 P. M. Interment Pittsfield, Mass.

DEAN—March 10, 1921, Edith C., beloved wife of Charles L. Dean and mother of B. R. and C. R. and R. C. Stoddard and Mrs. F. M. Boothe. Funeral services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday, March 12, 2 o'clock.

DRESNER—Herman, aged 51, died March 10. Funeral from his late residence, 936 Home St., Bronx, Sunday, March 13, at

ROCKEFELLER FIGHTS INCOME TAX SUIT

Files Answer to Government's Action to Recover $292,678 on Securities.

DENIES THEY ARE TAXABLE

Bases Contention on Segregation of Pipe Line Properties, Reducing Value of Stock.

John D. Rockefeller, through his counsel, Murray, Prentice & Aldrich, of 37 Wall Street, filed in the Federal Court yesterday his answer in the suit brought by the Government for alleged failure to include in his 1915 income tax returns certain securities which Mr. Rockefeller contends were not taxable. The amount involved is $292,678, the tax which the Government alleges is due, with interest at the rate of 1 per cent. a month from June 30, 1916.

Mr. Rockefeller asserts in his answer that the securities in question did not constitute taxable income. He declares that his return in 1915 was in accordance with the Treasury Department's rulings, and that the tax is not a legal tax under the decisions of the United States Supreme Court. He further asserts that the levying in 1917 of $703,682 taxes, paid under protest by the corporations concerned in the present action, was unconstitutional.

The items involved in the Government's suit are shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Pipe Line Company and the Prairie Pipe Line Company. By decisions handed down in the United States Supreme Court on June 22, 1914, the Prairie Oil and Gas Company and the Ohio Oil Company were required to operate their pipe lines as common carriers of oil, and as such would be subject to the supervision, regulation and control of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Federal Trade Commission. Because of this ruling the stockholders of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company decided to separate from the pipe line business and organized the Prairie Pipe Line Company in Kansas, with a capital of $27,000,000, and stockholders of the Ohio Oil Company organized the Illinois Pipe Line Company, in Ohio, with a capital of $20,000,000, to conduct business as common carriers of oil in interstate commerce.

As a result of the segregation of the pipe line properities, Mr. Rockefeller says in his answer, the stockholders of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company and the Ohio Oil Company received nothing out of the assets of the two companies for their separate use and benefit, but on the contrary all of the assets and their entire original investment remained subject to business risks which might result in wiping out the entire investment. In addition, the answer says, the segregation of the pipe line properities reduced the book value of each share of the stock of Prairie Oil and Gas Company and the Ohio Oil Company and proportionately reduced the market value of each share of the capital stock.

After stating that on Sept. 14, 1917, the Prairie Pipe Line and Illinois Pipe Line Companies paid under protest to Collector Mark Eisner the sum of $703,682, as additional income taxes, Mr. Rockefeller's answer says:

"Neither under Section 2 of the Act of Congress of Oct. 3, 1913, nor under any other law or statute of the United States, did the apportionment of the shares of stock of the Prairie Pipe Line and the Illinois Pipe Line Companies to the defendant constitute a dividend, nor did the receipt thereof constitute the receipt of a dividend or taxable income in any form, and no tax was due or has become due to the plaintiff on the shares of stock received by the defendant or any of them."

In conclusion Mr. Rockefeller asks for the dismissal of the suit and asserts that the act under which the tax of $703,682 was levied and the payment of the money was compelled is invalid and void under Article 1, Section 2, Clause 3, and Article 1, Section 9, Clause 4, of the Constitution of the United States and the Sixteenth Amendment.

DROUGHT IN FRANCE.

Seine River Traffic May Soon Be Tied Up by Low Water.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 10.—All eastern and southern France is beginning to suffer from very unusual drought for this time of the year. Since the middle of January very little rain has fallen, even in the mountain districts. Paris has been treated to an exceptional degree of Spring sunshine, and only on one day in twenty has there been a shower.

The result has been that the rivers are lower than at any time for twenty years at this season, and are fast approaching the lowest Summer record. The fall of a few more inches in the Seine will, it is stated, prevent navigation for heavy barges and tugs, and several canals will soon be no longer navigable owing to the failure of the water sources. In some parts of France the authorities have had to post notices urging economy of water, as many wells have gone dry.

In the south of France cool winds have accompanied the long drought and vegetation has been retarded.

HOLDS JAPAN SECURE ON YAP

Uchida Tells Diet of Situation—No Dealing With Soviets.

TOKIO, March 9 (Associated Press).—Japan's position relative to the question raised by the United States regarding the mandate for the Island of Yap is secure, in the belief of Viscount Uchida, Minister of Foreign Affairs. In an address today before the House of Peers the Foreign Minister outlined the situation which has arisen since America has made official objection to the placing of Yap under Japanese control.

Japan, following the policy of the other great world powers, he declared, had not made any effort to open diplomatic negotiations with the Soviet Government in Moscow. Although the Government of the Far Eastern republic, at Chita, Siberia, was of especial interest to Japan because of its proximity to this country, formal recognition had not been extended by Tokio.

Questioned regarding the merits of battleships and cruisers, M. Kato, Minister of Marine, said that Japan favored giving importance to both types of warcraft. He declared that whether major ships, submarines or airplanes would have a superior place would depend upon the policy pursued by other nations.

Winston Churchill Visits Egypt.

LONDON, March 10 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Winston Spencer Churchill, the new Secretary for the Colonies, has arrived in Alexandria, Egypt, says a dispatch from that city today. He will also visit Mesopotamia and Palestine.

ADVERTISEMENT.

BAYER

Aspirin

You must say "Bayer"

When you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years. Insist upon an unbroken package of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" containing proper directions and dose proved safe by millions.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Black pig-skin brief case, containing printed folders and information in relation to moving pictures; left in taxicab taken Monday about 6 P. M. from corner of Lafayette and Broome Streets to Hotel Plaza, 58th Street entrance. Return to Doorman at Hotel Plaza; reward.

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. B46990 for 10 shares in the name "Stoop & Zoon." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., 14 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

LOST—Fresh Pond station, 11 P. M., March 9, D. C. voltmeter, in an oak carrying case with number plate (owning Co.—T. D. C. Co., B. R. T., No. 173); reward. Signal Division, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, East New York.

LOST—Tuesday eve, between Pacific St. near Bedford Av. and President St., Brooklyn, large black pocketbook, silver initials, bills, change, glasses, key, papers valuable only to owner; reward. Sterling 0914.

LOST—Reddish tan pocketbook, inscribed: "To my true friend, David, from Herman, California"; $40, 3 pictures; reward. Cathedral 8462, 1,854 7th Av.

LOST—Broadway surface car, green envelope containing letterheads and papers "Canfield Paper Co." on envelope; reward. Horn, 92 Duane St.

LOST—Black leather vanity bag in taxi Wednesday about 6 P. M. Phone Schuyler 8810; liberal reward.

Jewelry.

LOST—A considerable amount of jewelry, together with money, in a handkerchief, between Pomeroy & Co., 42d St. and Pennsylvania Station; liberal reward. Z 2041 Times Annex.

LOST—Tuesday night at Waldorf-Astoria or en route to dinner dance, Ball Room, Biltmore Hotel, a platinum bar pin set with diamonds; reward. Phone Room 429, Waldorf Hotel.

LOST—Diamond flexible platinum bracelet containing 93 stones, March 7, between 6 and 6, Broadway, 113th and 95th Sts. Liberal reward. De Witt H. Stern, 122 Liberty St.

LOST—Diamond crescent pin, nineteen graduated stones, evening March 8, between 85th and 65th Sts., west side or subway. Liberal reward if returned to M. Ferguson, 411 West End Av. Schuyler 8361.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, initials G. J. L., Sunday, March 6; finder may keep contents, return bag. Miss Gertrude Lane, 21 West 58th St., Plaza 6680.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch on bus No. 3 Wednesday afternoon, between 36th and 146th St.; reward given. Tsurumi, 723 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—Lady's bar pin set blue and white stones, shopping district or along bus line; reward. Hunters Point 1681.

LOST—Gold bracelet with 3 diamonds and 3 sapphires; reward. Minet, phone 2926 Gramercy.

LOST—Saturday, gold bracelet, openwork design, sapphires, initials; reward. W 295 Times.

LOST—Watch and chain, knife attached, subway; reward. 7 Maiden Lane, Room 42.

LOST — 7th Av. car, Wednesday morning, gold wrist watch; reward. W 289 Times.

LOST—Gold cuff button marked C. S. L. Owner, Loder, 30 Church St.

LOST—Gold pencil, name Barbara Meyer; liberal reward. Riverside 8925, Plaza 7272.

A REWARD OF $50 for return of imitation pearl necklace with four diamonds in clasp, lost March 6, vicinity of 50th St. and Broadway. A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of platinum horseshoe pin, containing 41 diamonds, lost between West 47th St. and West 81st St. Sunday, about midnight. Return to Apt. 2D, 116 West 72d St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Tuesday, lady's black cape mackintosh; reward. Phone Audubon 7100, Apt. 8-F.

LOST—Wednesday, raccoon neck scarf, Madison Av; reward. Rhinelander 9362.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST — West 91st, black cocker spaniel named "Stuffy"; reward. Scott, Riverside 1526.

LOST—Angora cat, tiger markings; Apt. 4B, 24 Gramercy Park.

Found.

FOUND—Muff, Rivoli Theatre, evening March 3. Madison Square 6702, Miss Allen.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—NAME AND ADDRESS OF ANY heir or next of kin of William Hearley, who died September, 1920, intestate. Address John B. Swezey, attorney, Goshen, N.Y.

SYDNEY ARNOTT, BEWDLEY, ONTARIO, communicate Mr. Byrne, Room 921 Hotel Claridge, immediately.

S. H.—AM VERY SICK; COME HOME. Signed, DOROTHY.

HAROLD BAUER

Gives a Recital at AEOLIAN HALL on Saturday afternoon, March 12th

Bauer is one of the imposing list of master pianists now recording exclusively for the

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Reproducing Piano

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The value of the Duo-Art Piano to the art of music and to the music-lover is beyond computation.

It reproduces the playing of great pianists with such absolute fidelity of detail, that the reproduction is not to be distinguished from the original performance.

This means that the possesser of a Duo-Art Piano commands the services of Paderewski, Hofmann, Bauer and all the other famous musicians who are making Duo-Art Music Rolls, to play for him at his will, for his pleasure, benefit and educational advantage. No such privilege has ever been accessible to music-lovers before.

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Yours very truly,

(Signed) Harold Bauer

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Besides its wonderful reproducing feature, the Duo-Art Piano is an instrument upon which anyone without musical skill can play practically all piano music, and play it well. For it is also the original Pianola—providing a wonderful technic which you may employ for self-expression in music.

Also, finally, the Duo-Art Piano is a pianoforte of highest excellence. Its desirability as an instrument for hand playing is entirely unaffected by the two Arts which so greatly enhance its value, and broaden its scope. The Duo-Art Reproducing Piano is obtainable in the Steinway, Steck, Wheelock, Stroud, and celebrated Weber Pianos.

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JUST about the newest thing in an oxford for walking. Very simple. Very trim. Therefore particularly smart. Military heel. Long lines. Straight tip. "Midget" eyelets. And made in the very popular mahogany tan shade of Russia calf. Specially priced at $6.85.

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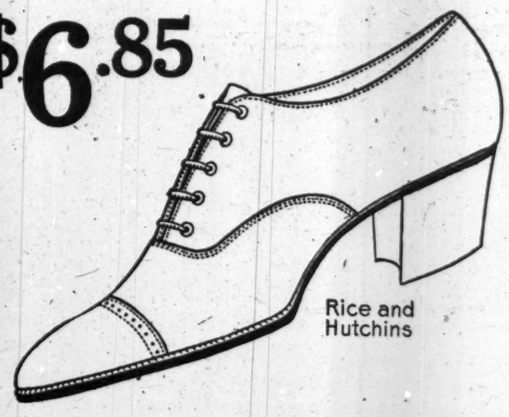

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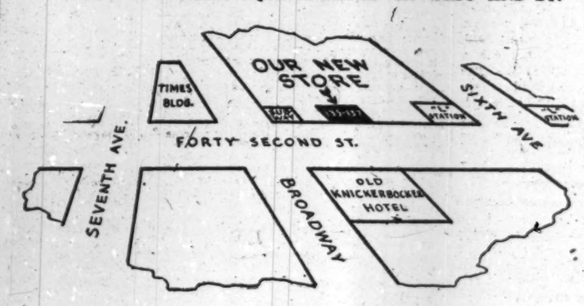
112 WEST 125TH ST. BROOKLYN—557 FULTON STREET
AND OUR NEW TIMES SQUARE STORE—137 WEST 42ND ST.



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AT THE FIRST PEEP OF SPRING

Spring! With the maiden flush of the year's gladdest season tinging the air, we are ready as usual with a most unusual showing of new Spring and Summer suits.

Virgin wool fabrics, of course; durable weaves, trig patterns and gracious color tones. Tailored with a finesse wholly gratifying to gentlemen of exacting tastes and requirements.

You feel as well as you look in a Brill suit. Each is its own eloquent testimonial of excellence and character.

Priced: $40 to $75.

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THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK

GOVERNMENT ADMITS INCOME TAX ERROR

Asks Supreme Court to Reverse Finding in Its Favor Against D. M. Goodrich.

MAY MEAN NEW POLICY

Case Involves Payments on Incomes Derived from Sales of Stocks.

TIME QUESTION AT ISSUE

Solicitor General Tells Court Federal Authorities Took Wrong View of the Statute.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—An important concession by the Government involving a probable new policy in the matter of taxes on incomes from the sale of stock has been made by Solicitor General William L. Frierson, representing the Department of Justice, in two important cases now being considered b the United States Supreme Court.

One of these cases, that of David M. Goodrich of New York, plaintiff in error, against William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second New York District, was argued today. The other case, that of James J. Walsh, Collector of Internal Revenue, against Frederick F. Brewster, brought up on a writ of error from the District Court of Connecticut, will be heard tomorrow. Both involve the payment of income taxes on income from the sale of stock.

In the Goodrich case the Government won its case in the lower court, but after careful study the Solicitor General has informed the Supreme Court that the Department of Justice is forced to the conclusion that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue erroneously construed the statute in that case.

Accordingly, Solicitor General Frierson has asked the court to reverse the judgment of the lower court in favor of the Government and place the reversal on the ground alone that the plaintiff is entitled to recover one of the items of taxes sued for, but not the other.

Two items of income which Goodrich was required to include in his return and upon which he paid taxes are involved in the case argued today. Goodrich bought 1,000 shares of the capital stock of a mining company in 1912 at 50 cents a share, paying in all $500. On March 1, 1913, the stock had advanced in price until it was worth 60½ cents a share. He held it, however, until 1916, when it was worth more than $13 a share, and sold it for $13,031.22. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue required him to report an item of income equal to the difference between the selling price and $695, its value on March 1, 1913, or $13,236.22.

Shares by Gift and Bequest.

Prior to 1912 Goodrich was also the owner of certain shares of stock in the B. F. Goodrich Company, which he had previously received by gift and bequest from his mother. In 1912 this Ohio company transferred its business and assets to a new corporation of the same name organized under the laws of New York.

Goodrich exchanged his shares of stocks in the Ohio company and received in return cash and shares of stock in the New York corporation. At that time the fair market value of the shares in the New York corporation was $81 a share, making the value of 3,600 shares received by plaintiff in error $291,600. On March 1, 1913, however, their value was only about $41.25 per share, or $148,-635.50. Subsequently they increased in price until they were sold in 1916 for $260,340.25. This was $22,253 more than their value in 1912, but $120,710.75 more than their value on March 1, 1913. Goodrich was required to report this latter amount as an item of taxable income.

The taxes in question were collected under the Income Tax act of Sept. 8, 1916, as amended Oct. 3, 1917. The fundamental contention of Goodrich was that the proceeds of the sale of the capital assets do not, in any event, include anything which Congress has the power to treat as income for the purpose of taxation.

With respect to the second item of taxation mentioned, Goodrich contended that, even if mistaken in his principal contention, there is no income in the case of a sale of stocks at less than their cost but more than their value on March 1, 1913, since, in that case, the whole transaction shows a loss and not a gain.

"After a careful study of the statute," Mr. Frierson's presentation of the case to the Court declared, "the Solicitor General is forced to the conclusion that the Commissioner has erroneously construed the statute. It clearly imposes the tax only on gains that are derived from the sale of property. It cannot be said that there has been a gain resulting from a sale of property at less than it cost, no matter how long an interval may have intervened between the purchase and the sale. The error consists in giving too broad a scope to the rule laid down by the statute for determining the amount of taxable gain derived from sales made during a particular year.

Difference of Opinion.

"From the beginning, the income tax acts had imposed a tax only upon gains derived from sale. There had been much discussion and difference of opinion as to whether all such gains should be taxed in the year in which received. It was contended that it would be unjust to tax all of such gains when they had resulted from a gradual increase in values during a long period of years.

"Following the act of 1917, it was, at first, thought that such gains should be taxed only when the transaction from which they resulted both began and ended in the tax year, or at least when the property had been purchased only a short time before the beginning of that year. There was also a doubt of the power of Congress to tax that portion of such gains which would be represented by the increase in value which had occurred prior to the adoption of the sixteenth amendment.

"Under a proper construction of the act, it must be conceded that the plaintiff in error was not liable for a tax on account of his transaction in the B. F. Goodrich Company stock.

"Having made this concession, however, it is proper to make clear the Government's view with respect to a similar and related matter. Losses sustained in business or trade or in transactions entered into for profit are, under certain conditions, permitted to be deducted. Where these losses are allowed and have resulted from the sale of property purchased before March 1, 1913, Congress has made provision for ascertaining the amounts of such losses that may be deducted in much the same language used in providing for ascertaining the amount of income from such sources to be taxed in a particular year.

Loss Before March 1, 1913.

"In the present case if it could be said that, in any event, the plaintiff in error could deduct from the income derived from one transaction the losses suffered through the other, he would not be entitled to a deduction. The reason is that, while he suffered a loss on the entire transaction, the value of the stocks had so greatly decreased before March 1, 1913, that if he had sold then his loss would have been very much greater. He did not choose to take his loss at that time, but held the stock for a higher price, which he finally obtained. In other words, the entire decrease in value which resulted in his final loss occurred prior to March 1, 1913. There was thereafter no decrease in value which resulted in a loss, but, on the contrary, an increase in price which overcame, in part, the previous decrease, and there was no loss occurring under the terms of the act after March 1, 1913, which can be deducted.

"From what has been said, it results:

"1. The taxes paid on the gain derived from the sale of the mining company stocks were properly collected.

"2. There was no gain resulting from the sale of the B. F. Goodrich Company stock, and the taxes collected on account of that transaction were improperly collected.

"3. The plaintiff in error is not entitled to any deduction from the income derived from the first transaction on account of losses sustained in the second."

GENERALS RETAIN COMMAND

Senate's Failure to Confirm Met by Special Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Failure of the Senate to confirm the nominations of officers for appointment to the grade of General officer has resulted in bringing about in the army several peculiar situations.

In the Third Corps area, at Fort Howard, Md., Major Gen. Cronkite, the commanding General, reverted to the grade of Brigadier General on March 4, and became junior to Brig. Gen. Harry F. Hodges, who is commanding the Third Coast Artillery district at Baltimore.

In the Fifth Corps area Major Gen. Read, the commanding General, reverted to the grade of Brigadier General and thereby became junior to Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Sturgis, commanding Camp Sherman, Ohio. In the Fourth Division, Major Gen. Muir, the division commander, reverted to the grade of Brigadier General and thereby became junior to Brig. Gen. R. M. Blatchford, who is commanding a brigade of that division.

Under the authority of the 119th Article of War, the President may assign the command of corps areas and divisions without regard to seniority of rank in the same grade. Under this authority the War Department has issued orders directing that Generals Cronkhite, Read and Muir remain in command of their respective divisions.

The chiefs of infantry, cavalry and field artillery reverted to the rank of Colonel on account of the failure to confirm them as Major Generals, and the War Department has issued the necessary orders assigning Colonel Farnsworth as Acting Chief of Infantry, Colonel Holbrook as Acting Chief of Cavalry, and Colonel Snow as Acting Chief of Field Artillery.

All the other officers who failed of confirmation and who reverted to their former rank were in positions where they could continue their duties without special orders being issued.

20 AUTOS IN DAY'S THEFTS.

Several Expensive Cars Included In Those Stolen Yesterday.

The police were notified yesterday of the theft of the following automobiles:

Ford 1920 sedan, license 128471, motor 3523280.

Marmon 1918 touring, license F429, motor 718869.

Ford 1920 sedan, license 141457, motor 4152564.

Hudson 1921 phaeton, license 148255, motor 36523.

Marmon 1920 touring, license 717170, motor unknown.

Hudson 1920 chassis, license 3205, motor 586.

Marmon chassis, license 1716459, motor unknown.

Mercer touring, license 2349, motor 2002, model 272.

Cadillac touring, license F994, motor 12489.

Cunningham chassis, chassis number 21589, motor 1591.

Marmon landaulet, license 817101, motor 44252F.

Oakland touring, license unknown, motor C 2407.

Stutz 1917 touring, license 2876, motor 5275.

Essex 1920 sedan, license 148953, motor 6A 71580.

Buick 1920 touring, license 188304, motor 567922.

Ford 1920 sedan, license 171581, motor 4077376.

Cunningham 1919 touring, license 176086, motor Y1930.

Chevrolet 1920 sedan, license 171247, motor 49649.

Ford 1919 touring, license 39646, motor 3061710.

Hudson 1918 sedan, license 48888, motor unknown.

ROBBED OF $4,000 JEWELRY.

Philadelphia Woman Charges Four Men With Kidnapping Her.

Joseph Montano, 25, chauffeur, 505 Eighth Avenue; William Wienmer, 23, chauffeur, 376 West Eleventh Street; John Crimmins, 25, oiler, 256 West Thirty-eighth Street, and William Waltz, 22, 349 West Thirty-eighth Street, were locked up last night in the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, charged with robbery and assault.

The complainant was Mrs. Bessie Otalo, 237 South Sixtieth Street, Philadelphia. Mrs. Otalo, who runs a hairdressing establishment, arrived in New York yesterday afternoon. She told the detectives that she was taken to the home of Crimmins, where she was robbed of $180 in cash and $4,000 worth of jewelry.

HELD FOR ACCOSTING GIRL.

H. P. Crane Jr. of Chicago Is Accused by 13-Year-Old Louise Strum.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Herbert P. Crane Jr. was held to the Grand Jury in bonds of $5,000 today after a hearing in police court on charges preferred by a 13-year-old girl.

The verdict came after Crane had testified that he was in his home at the time of the alleged attack. Several witnesses were called to substantiate this alibi.

Louise Strum, the complaining witness, and a chum, had identified Crane as the man who accosted them in Lincoln Park Jan. 26.

Charge Offer of Pay to Kill Husband

CHICAGO, March 10.—Mrs. Albert Dittman, 24 years old, was arrested here today, charged by the police with attempting to hire two men to kill her husband, a student. The police said they had evidence that Mrs. Dittman, whose home was in Woodstock, Ill., had offered two men $100 down and $400 in installments to kill Mr. Dittman.

HYLAN IS HIT ANEW FOR RHINE PROTEST

More Legion Posts Condemn Him for Permitting Meeting Held in the Garden.

ANDERSON SCORED AGAIN

Veterans Join In Urging Big Attendance at Demonstration on March 18.

Mayor Hylan continued to be the object of attack yesterday for permitting the "Rhine Horror" meeting in Madison Square Garden. Lieut. Col. A. E. Anderson of the 165th also came in for attention because of his remarks there, by American Legion posts in the metropolitan district. Each of the latest posts to pass resolutions urged a big "all-American" attendance at the counter-demonstration to be held in the Garden on March 18.

The action of Richmond Hill Post, the first to condemn Mayor Hylan for allowing the meeting, was endorsed by the Executive Committee of the Richmond Hill Civic Association, the largest civic organization in Queens County.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Robert Stowe Gill Post, with headquarters in the Lambs' Club, a resolution was adopted in which it was declared to be the sense of the meeting "that it is impossible for any man or woman to hold allegiance to two nations, and that there is no place in our national life for hyphenated Americans," and since at the Garden meeting "several speakers claiming American citizenship did, by word and act, hurl insulting epithets at the President of the United States and indulged in disparaging remarks concerning our dead comrades," it was resolved that the post "most heartily censure and condemn those persons who were responsible for making such a meeting possible, and also those persons in authority who, knowing the character and nationality of the promoters, allowed such a meeting to become possible."

Eastern District Post of the American Legion adopted a similar resolution, and a copy of this document was sent to Mayor Hylan.

Another which took action was the William A. Balcom Post, 213, whose Executive Committee announced that the organization "expressed its emphatic disapproval of the city Administration in permitting the meeting."

Section Sanitary Unit Post, made up of men who were attached to the French Army, condemned "the action of our Government of the City of New York in allowing meetings to be held at which German sympathizers attacked those Governments which are our allies." This post also demanded "the immediate trial by the American Legion of one A. E. Anderson."

Judson L. Weinand Post, 611, with headquarters in the Plymouth Institute, Brooklyn, after a lively caucus adopted a resolution calling upon Governor Miller to remove Mayor Hylan because of the latter's "pro-German proclivities."

This post also demanded that Lieut. Col. Anderson make a public apology.

Louis Watjen, member of the firm of Nash, Watjen & Bangs, Ltd., 32 Broadway, found yesterday that his name had appeared on a list of "Honorary Vice Presidents" on the official program of the "Rhine Horror" meeting.

"Will you permit me to state emphatically that not only was the use of my name entirely unauthorized, but I have absolutely no sympathy with the object of the meeting or the sentiments expressed there?" Mr. Watjen wrote, adding: "On the contrary, I consider the whole affair a disgrace to the city and country."

Referring to the meeting of Manhattan Naval Post at Public School 17 in West Forty-seventh Street on Wednesday night, which was invaded by Sinn Feiners, Harold B. Silverbaugh, Commander of Judson L. Weinand Post 611, made the following comment in a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES:

"My reason for writing this letter is to give the unbiased opinion of one not a member of the Naval Post. It would be a great mistake if the American Legion were condemned as 'anti-Irish.' Many of the members of the post who protested most vigorously against these rude interruptions were themselves of Irish descent. But it was very plainly shown by the officers of Manhattan Post that a meeting called for the purpose of conducting business connected with Legion matters could not be turned into a demonstration for the Irish cause.

"I am not anti-Irish. Coming of a race which has been persecuted for centuries by nearly every nation on earth, I could hardly be antagonistic toward any people struggling for religious or political freedom. But I must say that fair-minded Americans or American organizations cannot be won over to the Irish cause by any such tactics, and the sooner they are abandoned the better impression Irish sympathizers will make."

CUT IN ARMY AND NAVY IS URGED BY PALMER

Says Economy Is Problem of New Administration—Cheered for His Beer Decision.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 10.—Lifting of the war burden is the most important problem facing the new Administration, according to former Attorney General Palmer in addressing the Atlantic City Kiwanis Club today. The first thing to insist upon is that Germany pay the Allies every penny of her reparations, he said. Next, the United States should cut down operating expenses by reducing the army and navy and armaments, in the opinion of Mr. Palmer.

Lessening the burden of taxation was the outstanding problem of the new Administration, he held. To do this debts owed to the United States must be collected, and there must be a decided cut in appropriations for the military and naval establishments.

"I do not believe that France, England and Italy would consent to cancel the debts they owe to us," he added. "They would not desire to be put under eternal obligations. The future friendly relations between this country and those nations depend upon an honest settlement of the debts."

In his opening remarks he was loudly applauded when he said: "My last official act was to make it possible for a man to get beer when he is sick."

FIGHT CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

New York Broker and Co-Defendant Seek to Quash Indictments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Edward L. Wittmeyer, a New York broker, and Bernard S. Weisberg, a former employe of the United States Food Administration, who were indicted on a joint charge of conspiracy to defraud the Government in connection with the purchase and sale of 100,000 cases of condensed milk, will appear in Criminal Court No. 1 tomorrow before Justice Ashley M. Gould on a motion to quash the indictment and for arguments on the demurrer already filed.

The complaint, which resulted in indictment of the men, was sworn to by Waldemar Dannenberg of the Department of Justice, and recited that on Sept. 15, 1918, the defendants entered into an agreement that Weisberg, who had "inside" information relative to market conditions as regards condensed milk, should impart this information to Wittmeyer in advance of its becoming public property, with a view to dividing the profits arising therefrom.

In keeping with this alleged project it is charged, the defendants purchased the 100,000 cases of condensed milk for $680,000 from various unknown persons, and contracted with allied buyers to sell the entire lot for $730,000 and schemed to divide the $50,000 expected profit between themselves.

Make Final Appeal for Daylight Saving; Tell Governor of Confusion Following Repeal

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Final protest against the repeal of the Daylight Saving law, contained in the bill now before Governor Miller for his approval, was made today at a hearing held by the Governor by the Merchants' Association of New York City and other civic organizations of the State.

W. N. H. Marshall, representing the Merchants' Association, told the Governor that his signature on the bill making it law would constitute a violation of the rights of the majority.

"In effect," he said, "the pending bill requires that as a condition to enjoying the immeasurable health-giving benefits of daylight saving, the vast majority of the people who earnestly desire that boon must submit to the irritation, annoyance and pernicious consequences inevitable upon the destruction of the uniform time standard which will result from approval of this bill."

"The bill cannot become law without transgressing the fundamental principle upon which our Government rests. The laws should reflect and respect the sentiment of a majority of the people. This bill, repealing the statute, does not reflect the majority's sentiment, but instead is in effect special legislation at the demand of a minority and regardless of the views and rights of the great body of the people."

The Governor was told that at least 90 per cent. of the people of the State want daylight saving continued. Speakers pointed out that opponents of the law are almost solely engaged in agricultural pursuits. They attacked the local option feature of the measure as tending to increase rather than diminish confusion. They maintained also that repeal would not aid the farmer.

Speakers pointed out that the confusion resulting from changed railroad time tables would "be all prevading and vexatious in the extreme." Marcus M. Marks, President of the National Daylight Saving Association, asserted that all Stock Exchanges would be embarrassed because twelve countries of Europe were working under daylight saving time.

The State Federation of Labor, the Hotel Association of New York State, representatives of various Chambers of Commerce and other civic organizations, and Health Commissioner Copeland of New York City also voiced opposition.

Agriculture Commissioner Hogue, Assemblyman Witter, F. J. Wiley, Secretary of the New York State Grange, and representatives of other agricultural organizations spoke in favor of repeal.

Governor Miller is expected to sign the bill without much delay.

LAID-UP VESSELS CAUSE SHIPPING ROW

Board Official Calls Anchoring System Off Staten Island "Criminal."

"RUSTING AND ON THE MUD"

Capt. Parker Inspects 38 Freighters and Denies They Are Rotting—Attacks Wharf Owners.

There is considerable difference of opinion among officials of the United States Shipping Board at this port as to whether thirty-eight cargo steamships withdrawn from trade and laid up off Prall's Island, Staten Island, are practically uncared for, and deteriorating to a degree that will cost the Government millions of dollars to repair them, or are being properly looked after so that there will be a material saving in wharfage fees.

It was learned yesterday that affairs came to such a pass several days ago that Washington was called on to investigate. Marine Superintendent Captain W. Parker and two agents of the board from Washington went down to the anchorage yesterday and inspected the vessels. Captain Parker said afterward that the agents had expressed the opinion that the steamships were being properly cared for.

The trouble began several months ago when the falling off in trade necessitated the laying off of many of the board's freight ships. Superintendent Parker decided that instead of paying wharfage, which it was estimated would cost approximately $350,000 a year, it would be more satisfactory to anchor the unused vessels. This has been done, and as each was withdrawn from commission she was anchored off Prall's Island. The crews have been discharged except on seven steamships. It is the duty of these men to look after the other vessels.

An official of the board who would not allow his name to be used said yesterday that the vessels were not put in good shape before they were laid up, and that no fenders were used to prevent their hammering each other. Shipping Board vessels have been laid up at other ports, but, he said, this was the only place where no proper precautions were taken to reduce deterioration to a minimum. Captain Parker's plan, he affirmed, was criminal, and he thought that to save $350,000 a year in wharf fees the Government would in the end have to pay at least $10,000,000 before the ships could be made ready for service. Many of the vessels, he said, are listing, and at low water they rest on the mud.

"My opinion is that this talk was started by wharf profiteers who are losing the money that would be theirs if the vessels were allowed to stay alongside their wharfs," said Captain Parker.

"One of the theories advanced is that chemicals in the water are causing the ships to deteriorate. That is ridiculous. Steel ships that are not cared for will deteriorate whether they are anchored or alongside docks. The deterioration is only that to which all vessels are subject to when not in use. They are being well cared for. As to rust, these Winter months, when frost and cold is in the steel, is no time to paint them. When the proper time comes they will be repainted."

According to the available list of withdrawals some of the vessels tied up at this port are: Lake Flanders, 4,145 tons; West Nohono, 8,500 tons; Ambridge, 9,774 tons; Wtoswan, 8,756 tons; Cabegon, 8,756 tons; Marica, 12,500 tons; Edellyn, 12,100 tons; South Bend, 12,000 tons, and West Grama, 8,171 tons.

COAL UNLOADERS STRIKE.

Threat to Cut Wages on Barges Drives 700 Men Out.

Approximately 700 men employed in the loading and unloading of coal and grain barges went on strike yesterday because of a $20 a month wage cut. Business Agent James Matthew of the Tidewater Boatmen's Union, said that the strike would be extended if any more of the barge owners attempted to cut wages. That the strike was not greater he said was because many of the owners did not carry out their threat to lower the pay of their workers.

The walkout was directed against about a dozen concerns, which were said to have attempted to reduce the present wage of $110 to $90 a month. Union officials said that the large barge companies and some of the smaller ones had reconsidered their plan for reduction. Six companies, it was reported, settled with the union yesterday.

NEXT SUNDAY

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine

Reviews

Rostand's "Last Night of Don Juan."
A review by T. R. Ybarra of Edmond Rostand's dramatic poem in two parts and a prologue.

Poe in a Cloud of Commentators.
Brander Matthews reviews "Edgar Allan Poe—How to Know Him," by C. Alphonso Smith.

Forging the Iron Ring Around Germany.
Comments of Maurice Francis Egan on "French Foreign Policy," by Graham H. Stuart, Ph. D.

Martin Van Buren's Autobiography.
Review of a book, just published, containing recently discovered memoranda of the thirteenth President.

Special Features

The Next Steps in Commerical Aviation.
By Colonel J. G. Vincent, Vice President of the Packard Motor Car Company, one of the men responsible for the Liberty Motor.

French Aid and Present Polish Plans.
By Natalie De Bogory, telling of the achievements of Captain Julius Kaden-Bandrowski.

Here Comes the Picture Bride.
By Helen Bullitt Lowry—the story of European peasant girls' arranged marriages.

King Carnival Done to Death.
By Fred E. Hamlin—a history of the Mardi Gras.

Order in advance from your newsdealer

REVIVES NOMINATION BY CONVENTION

Walton Bill Presented as First Step Toward Direct Primary Repeal.

MILLER TO SEND MESSAGE

Measure Covers State and Judicial Officers Only — Citizens Union Proposes State Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—That the Legislature will attempt to pass bills designed to restore nominations by convention was indicated today in the introduction by Senator Walton of Ulster of a measure which eventually will form the basis of legislation embodying Governor Miller's views.

The Governor announced that he would send a message dealing with this subject to the Legislature in the near future.

The Walton bill is identical with one the Senator introduced at the last session, but which was not pressed, following the announcement of Governor Smith that he would veto it. It provides for nomination by convention of State and judicial officers and may be amended to include Congressional, county, municipal and town and city officials as well. There undoubtedly will be other amendments, the nature of which could not be ascertained.

In some quarters the introduction of the Walton bill is regarded as an attempt to force by Monday night a majority report from the Joint Legislative Elections Committee, which has been charged with recommending changes in the Election laws, submitting suggestions to the Legislature with regard to the proposed repeal of the Direct Primary law. The committee has been unable to agree on a majority report.

Committee Split on Report.

Two of the five members, Senators Whitely of Monroe and Ames of Cattaraugus, Republicans, favor reporting the provisions incorporated in the Walton bill, possibly as ultimately amended, but the third Republican member, Assemblyman Caulfield of Brooklyn, has refused to sign such a report. The two Democratic members, Minority Leader James J. Walker of the Senate and Assemblyman Bloch of New York City, have already submitted a minority report opposing repeal. Assemblyman Caulfield has also withheld approval of that report.

The Walton bill, as it now reads, would not remove the chief obstacle in the way of effective fusion in New York City in the coming municipal campaign. Its provision for nomination by convention does not apply to municipal or other local elections. Failure to obtain sanction in the Republican city primaries four years ago for the candidacy of Mayor Mitchel wrecked his chance for re-election.

Assemblyman Steinberg of New York, a Republican, on behalf of the Citizens Union, today introduced another measure dealing with the direct primary question. This bill is based on the principle of the committee designating system, advocated by Governor Hughes in 1910 in the Hinman-Green bill.

"The measure is designed to eliminate many of the most serious objections disclosed in the working of the present Primary law and to emphasize party responsibility in the selection of candidates for nomination," said Walter T. Arndt, Secretary of the Citizens Union.

Provides for State Committee.

"The measure goes a long way toward meeting the demand for a State Convention by providing for a State Committee of 450, three members being chosen from each Assembly district, which would meet in open convention and name candidates for Governor, United States Senator and State officers. It provides, furthermore, for district conventions of committeemen for designating candidates for Congressional, county, city and other local offices."

Governor Miller today signed the Whitely bill, which provides for the participation of new parties with no enrolment, enabling them to enter the direct primaries in general elections. One feature of the bill would require them to file their nominations simultaneously with the promulgation of nominations made by the older parties in the primaries. That would deprive them of an advantage they hold at present. Under the system now in vogue they are not required to file their nominations until a short time prior to the general election.

NEW TAX BOARD BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Adopted Without Dissent Despite Sharp Attack by the Minority Leader.

ANOTHER MEASURE COMING

It Will Dispose of Transfer Tax Appraisal Machinery Involving 100 Places Throughout State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—After a somewhat acrimonious debate the Senate today passed without dissent the Davenport bill, which embodies reorganization of the State Tax Commission along lines suggested by Governor Miller. The measure now goes to the Assembly, which, it is expected, will concur without much delay.

The bill passed today provides for the creation of a single-headed commission which is to take the place of the present body, composed of three members, and for the transfer of certain taxing functions from the Controller's office and the department of the Secretary of State to it. Another measure, not yet drafted, will create the machinery for the new department.

The bill does not meet all the Governor's suggestions. The Controller will continue to administer the laws governing the levying of the direct tax, the tax to provide State aid toward school teachers' salaries, the stock transfer tax and the licensing of private detective agencies and certain corporations. There is not much patronage connected with these functions, however, compared with what the Controller will lose through the transfer of the Income Tax Bureau and the administration of the inheritance tax to the new commission. The Secretary of State, through the bill passed today, will be stripped of all his patronage and functions relating to the licensing of motor vehicles and operators.

Two Democrats to Go.

From a political angle the Davenport bill is of interest chiefly because it will enable Republicans to get rid of the two Democratic members who constitute a majority on the existing Tax Commission. Its passage will mean the exit of Michael J. Walsh, Democratic leader of Westchester, Chairman of the present commission, and former Mayor James D. Smith of Utica. On this account the action of James J. Walker, minority leader of the Senate, and other members of his Democratic flock in supporting the Davenport bill gave rise to much comment.

In the bill to come interest will centre in what disposition is made of the transfer tax appraisal machinery, which now provides about 100 places, distributed among the sixty-two counties of the State, and approximately $500,000 patronage in the form of salaries and fees. In New York City the system provides at least one place with salary and fees aggregating from $40,000 to $50,000 annually, and a dozen more desirable berths, filled chiefly by Republican district leaders.

Governor Miller, in his message, suggested that these places could well be abolished without loss to the State. If he has his way, the appraisal bureau in New York City, where the bulk of the inheritance tax revenues are estimated, will be placed in the hands of a board of experts. A campaign is already under way to save places in this bureau from the general slaughter.

Walker Quizzes Davenport.

Minority Leader Walker in the Senate debate today complained of difficulty in getting information concerning certain provisions of the bill. Senator Davenport, generally well informed on legislation to which he has put his name, showed a surprising lack of information regarding many features of his own measure.

Senator Walker insisted on enlightenment concerning the method of assessing and levying the special franchise tax under the proposed new system. Senator Davenport told him this function would be performed by the Tax Commission.

"The Controller ought to assess this tax," said Senator Walker. "He is an elective officer and it should be left with him rather than with men who are appointed by the Governor and amenable to his will. I say that after giving considerable study to the sort of appointments the Governor has sent to the Senate for confirmation and the general corporation influence that seems to pervade the air at the Capitol."

"Will the Controller have power to collect claims of the State against corporations, growing out of failure to pay special franchise assessments?" was another question asked by the minority leader.

"I do not know," said Senator Davenport.

"Millions are now due the State from corporations, and yet no provision has been made for collection of these claims in this new law," the minority leader commented.

In closing the debate, Senator Walker said:

"The purpose of this bill is to centralize taxation functions and stop overlapping, and that is a good thing. I was forced into the attitude I have taken from the fact that we cannot get a lucid explanation of what is in the bill. When we ask for information we are practically told to shut up. That is neither right nor decent, it doesn't sound well and it doesn't augur well for the success of our deliberations here. I am going to vote for this bill because I believe it will open the way for improvement."

FIGHT ON DAYLIGHT SAVING.

Connecticut House Passes Bill to Make Standard Time Compulsory.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 10.—Adjusting of legislative business to clock or sun time may prove to be the first controversial question of importance in the General Assembly now in session. The adoption in the House today of a resolution which would make it compulsory for every community to adhere to standard time as established by the meridian at Washington, despite the fact that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad has announced that its train schedules will be advanced an hour on Sunday, March 27, has thrown the argument into the Senate. It will be taken up there next week.

Senator Drew of Ansonia claims that communities ought to have the right of self-determination of their own time. Senator Treat of Orange, a farmer, says that the resolution of the Agriculture Committee ought not to worry the cities. All they should do would be to start work an hour earlier and get through earlier, adjusting themselves to daylight saving without setting back the hands of the clock.

In the House, Mr. Buckley said that the proposed law could not be applied to operation of trains, but that a legislative committee would see the railroad management tomorrow to adjust the condition which will be brought about by legislative trains arriving earlier in Hartford.

Illegal Wearing of Insignia a Crime.

ALBANY, March 10.—The Fox bill designed to make the unauthorized wearing of a badge or button of the American Legion or other military orders a misdemeanor became a law today with the signature of Governor Miller.

Ask Secretary Fall to Name An Indian as Commissioner

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A delegation of Indians urged upon Secretary Fall today that they be given more voice in the control of their affairs. They asked that Thomas L. Sloan of the Omaha tribe, Nebraska, President of the Society of American Indians, be made Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and also requested that the Indians be allowed to name other officials dealing with them. They stated that four-fifths of all the Indian tribes had endorsed Mr. Sloan for Commissioner.

Tribes represented by the delegation included the Chippewas, Sioux, Pawnees, Wyandottes and Cherokees.

NEW TRANSIT JOKER FEARED BY O'BRIEN

Corporation Counsel Demands Hearings on "Secret" Amendments to Miller Bill.

PLAN PASSAGE NEXT WEEK

Changes to Put Powers of Three Boards in One Called a Second "West Side Grab."

Governor Miller's traction bill may provide a vehicle for "putting over another west side grab," Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien said yesterday, charging that the bill transferred to the proposed transit commission not only the powers and duties of the old Rapid Transit Board, the Public Service Commission and the Transit Construction Commission, but the powers and duties given to the Public Service Commission by legislation in 1917 designed to solve the west side problem.

Mr. O'Brien said that the city would demand another public hearing in view of the amendments which have been presented since the city officials opposing the bill had an opportunity to present their arguments.

"The Juggernaut is moving at Albany," he said. "If there were no other reason for the people of the State to rise up and condemn Governor Miller and his henchmen in the State Legislature for their attempt to trample upon the rights of the people, that reason would be found in the plan adopted of driving his legislation through the lawmaking body."

In discussing his charge that the bill opened the way to another "west side grab," Mr. O'Brien said:

"Another glaring instance of the secret, silent, stealthy method of building up in the so-called transit commission in Governor Miller's bill an autocratic power is manifested in Section 108 of the proposed measure, which is entitled 'additional powers and duties of the transit commission.' This section not only transfers to the proposed transit commission all the powers and duties of the old Rapid Transit Board, the Public Service Commission and the Transit Construction Commission, but also all of the powers and duties which are set forth in a sweeping piece of legislation passed in 1917, which was specifically designed to solve the west side problem.

"Neither Governor Miller, nor the immediate sponsors of the bill, Messrs. Knight and Adler, nor Mr. Prendergast, orator for the day, nor any of the open proponents of the measure, have uttered a syllable about this feature of the bill. Why has the Governor been silent? Why have Senator Knight and Assemblyman Adler and a few followers in the Legislature which they have among the New York delegation been speechless so far as this provision of the bill is concerned?

"These tremendous powers which are to be given to the three supermen appointed by the Governor, if his legislation is put over, are all-embracing. They are couched in only a few lines in the bill, namely:

"'All powers and duties conferred or imposed on the former Public Service Commision for the First District by Chapter 777 of the Laws of 1911, as amended by Chapter 719 of the Laws of 1917, are also hereby transferred to and vested in the commission.'

"An analysis of this provision, simple and innocent as it looks, clearly demonstrates that Governor Miller, under the guise of bringing 'relief' to the public traveling on street railways and in the subways, is not only seeking to stabilize the securities of these companies, but is also providing consciously or unconsciously as the fact may be, a vehicle for putting over another west side grab.

"Gradually the public will come to understand why the railroad lawyers were so conspicuously absent on the occasion of the hearing on the Knight-Adler bill on March 2, and why the defense of the Governor's bill was left to the laymen, Metz, Prendergast and Company."

The Governor's bill was praised as a practical suggestion for the solution of the problem by ex-Controller William A. Prendergast in a speech at the Rotary Club luncheon in the Hotel McAlpin. Mr. Prendergast said that opponents of the bill had tried to becloud the issue by trying to focus attention on how it would affect the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, when other systems also would be affected.

Mr. Prendergast said that there were only 200 free transfer points on the surface lines, where there used to be 1,500, and called attention that the elimination of each transfer point meant that the passengers must pay 10 or 15 cents instead of 5 cents. He said that the transit systems of the city were threatened with further dissolution and that the deficit of all the transit lines aggregated $10,000,000 for the year ended June 30 last, without considering that at least $10,000,000 should have gone into improvements.

"Yet the city officials who have been protesting against the Governor's bill have no substitute," he said. "It is nonsense to propose to substitute bus lines for the surface lines."

Mr. Prendergast said that he wished to protest against the argument that the bill was designed primarily to increase fares. "Too much prominence has been given that phase," he said. "I am against an increased fare, if it is possible to do without it."

Justice John Ford in a speech before Lebanon Lodge of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith at 2,307 Broadway yesterday, said that New York lacked proper transit facilities because local passenger transportation had been in the hands of "selfish private interests more concerned with making dividends than in promoting the comfort of their passengers or serving the general needs of the city."

Justice Ford opposed the bill as a violation of home rule and asked what interest a senator from Arcade, Mohawk or Rushville had in a bill to abrogate contracts between local railroad companies and the city.

The Queens Chamber of Commerce passed a resolution asking that the bill be amended so as to provide five commissioners, one for each borough of the city, instead of three. It was said at the meeting that the past experience of Queens showed that each borough would be more likely to receive the consideration its residents believed it deserved if represented by a commissioner.

Word was received here by local Republican leaders that despite some defection among city Republican Senators and Assemblymen, the bill would be passed by both houses next week. William Barclay Parsons and Eugene H. Outerbridge, former President of the Chamber of Commerce of New York State, were mentioned as possible appointees to the new commission.

TRANSIT BILL NOW READY FOR PASSAGE

Leaders Expect Senate to Take Final Action on Next Thursday.

SEE NO NEED OF CAUCUS

They Count on 30 Votes in the Senate and 85 or 90 in the Assembly.

MILLER TO HOLD HEARING

Will Give Friends and Foes Chance to Voice Opinions on Amended Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—The Governor's transit bill emerged tonight from the hands of the Public Printer with the amendments adopted by the Senate Public Service and Assembly Judiciary Committees embodied. It is the intention of the legislative leaders to call it up for final passage as soon as it has reposed in its new version on the desks of lawmakers for three full legislative days, in compliance with the constitutional provision.

The leaders of the Legislature tonight express the utmost confidence that the measure will receive the approval of the Senate and Assembly. It is not regarded likely that the necessity will arise to make it a caucus measure. Approximately thirty votes in the Senate and eighty-five or ninety in the Assembly are said to be assured for passage.

If the present program is followed, the bill will come up for second reading in the Senate on Tuesday. This would make it possible to put it through the final stage or third reading in the upper house by Thursday, unless eleventh-hour amendments should be found necessary. In any event it is fully expected that the measure will be before the Governor for his signature within ten days.

Lawmakers from New York City have been bombarded today by demands for another hearing to discuss the amendments. Senator Knight of Wyoming, head of the Senate Public Service Committee, and Assemblyman Martin of Oneida, Chairman of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, both said today that the time for hearings had passed. Governor Miller was asked if he would use his influence with a view to calling another hearing.

"No one has asked me to," the Governor replied. "Anyhow, the bill is now in the hands of the Legislature. When it reaches me I shall grant a hearing, if one is asked for, and, of course, shall give careful consideration to any objections that may be advanced and to all suggestions made."

The Governor's attitude is aptly reflected by this statement. He has been subjected to pressure and importunities from many quarters to exert his influence in the interest of persons or groups who were anxious to have vital changes made in the bill.

He has refused to be moved by such pleas, even when they were made by powerful politicians within his own party. He referred County Chairman Koenig of New York, when the latter urged that the bill be amended so as to make fare increases impossible except with the consent of the Board of Estimate, to the legislative leaders.

Senator William Duggan of

FEUSTEL'S LICENSE REQUEST IS TABLED

Jockey Club Stewards Fail to Act on Application of Trainer of Man o' War.

CAUSES GREAT SURPRISE

Feustel Says He Knows of No Reason for Official Action—Racing Season Lengthened.

Turf followers received a distinct surprise yesterday when, following a meeting of the Stewards of The Jockey Club, it was announced that the application of Louis Feustel, who came into world-wide fame as the trainer last year of the great champion, Man o' War, for a license had been tabled. No reasons were assigned for the action by the stewards, who maintained the customary silence on their decisions.

The news astonished racing officials, but no more so than it did Feustel himself, who, when informed of the action of the stewards by telephone at Berlin, Md., at first refused to believe it.

"I am so surprised that I cannot believe such action has been taken," said Feustel. "I know of no reason for it and I am certainly prepared to answer any questions that may be asked concerning my conduct in turf matters."

The tabling of the application, which was considered along with numerous others, means that it is to be considered again at a later date; as the action taken yesterday is evidently not final. Several other applications were denied and some were granted.

Friends Are Surprised.

Friends of the trainer were inclined to think that the action of the stewards was due to some error of a technical nature in the application and which could be easily explained and attended to when brought up. There was no other way that they could explain why Feustel did not receive a license as readily as any one else.

Feustel has always been held in high regard among racing folk as well as the public generally. He is employed now, and was last year, by Samuel D. Riddle, owner of Man o' War, and besides handling the great champion, he also trained the balance of the Riddle horses. His name has never been connected with any scandal on the turf and there was no race last season in which his horses took part that came up for question. Feustel has trained for a number of very prominent horsemen, including August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club.

Feustel was widely commended last year for his skill in handling Man o' War and bringing him to each of his many races in excellent condition. Early in the Spring some veteran trainers thought Feustel was taking too much speed out of the horse in morning workouts and called it a mistake. Before the season was over, however, they were ready to admit that Feustel knew his horse better than did any one else and that the fast morning workouts were but gallops for the wonderful racing machine, something Feustel had realized from the first. Man o' War came to his races in such fine condition that he swept the field in the three-year-old division and met with but one really hard struggle, that being his race with John P. Grier.

It is quite evident that there is something back of the action of the stewards which will eventually be made known. It is probable that the matter will be definitely settled before the opening of the racing season.

Local Season Lengthened.

The stewards announced the dates for the coming metropolitan season with the opening coming on May 6 at Jamaica, while the closing date will be Oct. 29 at Empire City. This is the earliest start for racing here since 1910 and the season will be longer by a week than last year.

There has been one change in the order in which meetings will follow one another. Jamaica will have one continuous Spring meeting this year from May 6 to May 26, instead of two short meetings divided by the meeting at Belmont Park. To give Jamaica this continuous meeting and at the same time award Belmont Park the dates which it has always had heretofore was the reason for the earlier start. Belmont Park will follow, from May 27 to June 16. Aqueduct's Spring meeting will be from June 17 to July 8, when the horses will go to Empire City from July 9 to July 30. Saratoga has the entire month of August and Belmont Park's Fall meeting will run from Sept. 2 to 16. Aqueduct will again hold the boards from Sept. 17 to 30, Jamaica from Oct. 1 to 15 and Empire from Oct. 17 to 29.

Three jockeys, who were set down last season for various causes, were reinstated yesterday. These were Ted Rice, M. Rowan and J. Zoeller. Their applications had been favorably reported by the License Committee at a meeting a few days ago.

Johnny Loftus, until last year when he was denied a license, the premier rider of this country, was again denied permission to ride. The little jockey has been making efforts to get back and some hope had been held out that he would be reinstated. No reason was ever assigned for the refusal of a license to Loftus last year, and none was given yesterday. Other riders who met the same fate as Loftus yesterday were Eddie Taplin, who was set down early last season while he was ridding for Sam C. Hildreth, and Charles Gross.

Five trainers were denied licenses. These were James Boden, James Dennison, Vincent D. Hendricks, Cecil Knight and John Mulrennan.

SEEKS SINGLE CONTROL.

Maryland Jockey Club Anxious to Extend Track Management.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 10.—The Maryland Jockey Club, which operates the Pimlico race course, is reported to be proceeding with plans for gaining a controlling interest in the other three one-mile tracks in the State, namely Laurel, Havre de Grace and Bowie, for the purpose of conducting them under one management. This report became current following the meeting on Wednesday between the officials of the Maryland Jockey Club and the State Racing Commission.

The object of the plan is to strengthen the racing situation in Maryland and to overcome the differences that have come up from time to time between the Racing Commission and some of the racing associations.

MEMORIAL GAMES TONIGHT.

Race for Overton Cup to Be Feature of Second Division Meet.

With a big field of star runners entered, the memorial indoor games of the Second Division Post will be held tonight at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. More than 300 entries have been received for the meet. The headline event of the evening will be the two-mile scratch race for the Johnny Overton Cup, in which the starters will include Walter Higgins, the Columbia flash; Allen Swede of Princeton, Ed Garvey of the Paulist A. C., Max Bohland, Nick Gianakopulos and Andy Craw.

Earl Thomson, Dartmouth College star, will make an appearance in the 70-yard high hurdles, and he will be opposed by Barron of Penn State and Meanix of the Boston A. A. among others. Among the top-notchers entered in the 70-yard dash are Bernie Wefers, Victor Grach, Leconey of Lafayette and Ed Farrell of Brooklyn College. There will be one-mile and two-mile relay races in which college teams will battle, and Dick Landon of Yale, Olympic high jumper, will be one of the entrants in the high jump.

Official 1921 Racing Dates As Announced by Jockey Club

Spring Dates.

Jamaica—May 6 to May 26.
Belmont Park—May 27 to June 16.
Aqueduct—June 17 to July 8.
Empire City—July 9 to July 30.
Saratoga—Aug. 1 to Aug. 31.

Autumn Dates.

Belmont Park—Sept. 2 to Sept. 16.
Aqueduct—Sept. 17 to Sept. 30.
Jamaica—Oct. 1 to Oct. 15.
Empire City—Oct. 17 to Oct. 29.

BILL HUNLEY, HELD AT 15 TO 1, SCORES

Upsets Track Following When He Wins Fourth Race at Havana by a Head.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 10.—Bill Hunley sprang a surprise when he won the fourth event at Oriental Park today, defeating Perigourdine, Scarpia II. and five others. He was held at 15 to 1 in the betting, while in the mutuel pool he paid $39.20 for a $2 ticket. Hamam, a rapid breaker, rushed into the lead and set the pace until well along in the stretch. In the last furlong Bill Hunley, under Penman's energetic ride, came along fast, to win in the last stride by a head. Loyalist, the favorite, was caught in a jam soon after the start and never had a chance.

The lightly weighted General Menocal won the fifth event, a claiming handicap at a mile and a sixteenth. He was well supported at 4 to 1. Pastoreau was second, with the odds-on favorite, Smart Money, third. The distance was run in 1:45 2-5. Only two favorites won their races.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-old maidens, claiming, purse $700; six furlongs. Black Pat, 107 pounds (Francis), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Seven Seas, 102 (Lancaster), 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; Thoughtless Beauty, 106 (Smith), 1 to 5, third. Time—1:15. Helen Lucas, Scintillate, Flip, Johnny O'Connell also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; six furlongs. Second Cousin, 101 pounds (Fields), 2 to 1, 1 to 10 and 1 to 3, first; Finis, 101 (Lowe), 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Stilleto, 103 (Lancaster), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Lullaby, Grey Rump, Hope, Assign and Top Rung also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; six furlongs. Hat Rack, 105 pounds (Penman), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, first; Starkader, 105 (Fields), 8 to 1 and even, second; Ava R., 109 (Kelsay), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:13 3-5. Fleer, Aigrette, Hunter Platt, Flying Frog, Presumption and Bucknail also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; six furlongs. Bill Hunley, 110 pounds (Penman), 15 to 1, 6 to 1 and 3 to 1, first; Perigourdine, 103 (Burns), 5 to 2 and 8 to 5, second; Scarpia II., 115 (Kelsay), 3 to 1, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Norfolk Belle, Teacher's Pet, Hamam, Loyalist and Cavan Boy also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $900; mile and a sixteenth. Gen. Menocal, 89 pounds (Wilson), 4 to 1, 7 to 5 and out, first; Pastoreau, 107 (Pickens), 1 to 3 and out, second; Smart Money, 109 (Kelsay), out, third. Time—1:45 2-5. Paney also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; mile and fifty yards. Discord, 110 pounds (Pickens), 6 to 5, 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Wenonah, 110 (Francis), 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, second; Sir William Johnson, 112 (Kelsay), 1 to 3, third. Time—1:44 3-5. Say When, Back Rock and Constantine also ran.

Weather clear, track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Mister Jigs 105 pounds, *James G. 107, *Little Buss 107, *B. A. Jones 107, *Shasta 107, *Rameau 107, *Plantagenet 107, *Hosier 107, Terrible Susan 110, Senator James 112, Cockle 112, Garbage 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Ravanna 108 pounds, Molinero 100, Joe Whippet 100, George W. 100, *Juanita III. 100, *Elga 101, Jim Fogg 103, *Willie Woods 108, *Gundsman 105, Our Jack 108, Honest George 108, Doctor D. 111.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Talent 100 pounds, *Just Fancy 102, *Eddie McBride 103, Delsarte Girl 104, *Marty Lou 104, Al Porter 106, *Fickle Fancy 107, Merry Feast 108, *Langhorne 109, Harlock 111, Twenty Seven 111, Pas de Chance 114.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; three-year olds and upward; claiming; handicap; six furlongs. Allah 96 pounds, Mavehona 96, Black Prince 101, Brig of War 101, Koran 102, Sirocco 103, The Belgian II. 106, Assumption 108.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and fifty yards. Panice Logan 97 pounds, *Ava R. 100, *Breadline 100, *War Tax 103, *White Haven 103, Incinerator 105, *Hush 105, *Litholick 107, Timothy J. Hogan 110, O'Malley 110.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and fifty yards. *Cubanita 85 pounds, *Locust Leaves 96, *Exhorter 103, Harlock 105, Red Start 108, *Candle Light 110, *Grundy 110, Osgood 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

MOBILE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Maidens; for 3-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $300; about five furlongs. Hay, 122 pounds (Mier), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, first; Financial Rooster, 122 (Erickson), even, 1 to 3, out, second; Beesaw, 117 (Korner), 9 to 2, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, third. Time—1:01 1-5. Miss La Velta, Helen Hartman, Oriental Dress and Clean Sweep also ran.

SECOND RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $300; about five furlongs. Valerie West, 115 pounds (Erickson), 7 to 1, first; Corkey W., 120 (Collins), 1 to 2, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Olive James, 115 (Franklin), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:01. Sir John Vergne, Petrograd, Dr. Zab, St. Just, Miss Kruter and First Pullet also ran.

THIRD RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $300; one mile. Sundurla, 117 pounds (Smith), 11 to 5, 3 to 5, out, first; Counterbalance, 116 (Mink), 5 to 1, 8 to 5, 1 to 2, second; Corydon, 119 (Dunkenson), even, 1 to 3, out, third. Time—1:47 2-5. Kebo and Willigan also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; about six and a half furlongs. Mickey Moore, 120 pounds (Mink), 2½ to 1, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Tiger Rose, 117 (Erickson), 3 to 1, even, 2 to 5, second; Parrish, 115 (Mier), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:26 1-5. Susan M., Terrible Miss and Dr. Shafer also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; about six and a half furlongs. Nick London, 105 pounds (Collins), even, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; Old Faithful, 105 (Smith), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Ogden Girl, 120 (Korner), 3 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:27. Chick Barkley, Cousin o'Mine, Old Rose and Brickley also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

MOBILE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $300; claiming; for three-year-olds; about five furlongs. Chief Barthall 116 pounds, Peppery Polly 115, Nick London 112, Countess 111, J. E. Hertz 109, Gladys 107, Echoland 102.

SECOND RACE—Purse $300; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; about five furlongs. Harry Rudder 105 pounds, Dr. Parker 105, Cousin o' Mine 105, Captain Marchmont 115, Verboten 110, Clean Up 110, Chesterfield 110, Catania 105, Dahinda 105, Helen Hartman 105.

THIRD RACE—Purse $300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Boxer 115 pounds, Captain Hodge 115, Kebo 115, Brickley 115, Old Rose 116, Old Faithful 105.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $300; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; about six and a half furlongs. Lad 117 pounds, Sandy H. 117, Shilling 117, Jerry 117, Kirsties Cub 117, Trusty 117.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $300; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; about six and a half furlongs. Counterbalance 120 pounds, Walter Turnbow 120, Captainia 115, Terrible Miss 112, Dinty 112, Olive James 110, Molly O. 107, Princess Lou 107.

Weather clear; track slow.

Columbia Grammar Five Wins.

In the last game of the season the Columbia Grammar School basketball team yesterday defeated Hoboken Academy by a score of 37 to 14. The game was played on the Columbia Grammar School court. At the end of the first half Columbia led by a score of 15 to 6. Whitty starred for the victorious five.

COCHRAN INCREASES HIS BILLIARD LEAD

Defeats Horemans, 300 to 1, in Night Block of 18.2 Balkline Match at Detroit.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., March 10.—Welker Cochran, in the evening block tonight of his 3,800-point match here against Edouard Horemans at 18.2 balkline billiards, literally ran away from the continental cueist, winning the block by the lop-sided score of 300 points to 1, and putting himself so far in the lead that only a wonderful rally by Horemans will enable the latter to win the match. At the conclusion of tonight's play the total score stood: Cochran, 2,460; Horemans, 1,943.

Cochran would not be denied, nothing appeared to be too difficult for him, his draw and masse shots electrifying another big crowd. His unfinished run of 234 is his high mark of the tourney. Horemans, after making a single counter in his first inning, Cochran having scored 66, seated himself in a chair and watched his youthful opponent run out.

In the afternoon block Cochran maintained his lead of yesterday, taking the session by 300 to 210.

The summary:

AFTERNOON.

Cochran—4 7 66 12 5 48 103 7 0 48. Total, 300; high run, 103; average, 30.
Horemans—75 96 12 ₱1 8 10 0 1. Total, 210; high run, 96; average, 23.33.

EVENING.

Cochran—66 234. Total,300. High run, 234; average, 150.
Horemans—1 1. High run, 1; average, 1.

GRAND TOTAL.

Cochran—2,460. High run, 234; high average, 150; grand average, 43.03.
Horemans—1,943. High run, 297; high average, 72.56; grand average, 35.98.

CANNEFAX MAINTAINS LEAD.

Outplays Layton in Strand Cue Match—Score Now 480 to 368.

Robert Cannefax, former three-cushion billiard champion, continued to hold his lead over John Layton, the champion, in both blocks of their 720-point match at the Strand Billiard Academy yesterday afternoon and last evening. Cannefax took the afternoon block, 60 to 35, and won in the evening by 60 to 54. The grand totals are now 480 to 368 in Cannefax's favor. Both men have been making an average of close to 1, which is better three-cushion billiards over such a stretch than has ever before been witnessed here.

In the evening block Cannefax ran out in sixty-six innings. His high runs were two sixes and a four, while Layton had a seven, two sixes and a five. Layton led at the end of the thirtieth inning, 32 to 25, but Cannefax overtook him a few innings later, and it was nip and tuck from then on to the finish.

The scores of the two blocks at the end of each tenth inning were as follows:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cannefax	8	21	37	43	51	60
Layton	5	8	14	19	26	35

EVENING GAME.

Cannefax	10	14	25	39	51	55	60
Layton	7	14	32	38	49	51	54

SCHAEFER LEAPS AHEAD.

Defeats Cutler, 400 to 58, in Second 18.2 Balkline Match.

Jake Schaefer, conqueror of the Belgian Horemans, demonstrated again last night how the habit of winning 18.2 balkline billiard matches has fastened itself upon him. In the second block of his 1,200-point match with Albert Cutler, played at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn, he won by the lopsided score of 400 to 58. This made the total score for the two nights 800 to 344 in the Californian's favor.

Schaefer's position play was wonderful last night, while Cutler had endless trouble in finding his stroke and never could get really started. Schaefer had high runs of 166, 68 and 50 and averaged an even 50 in the eight innings. Cutler's best collection was 44. After compiling his high run of 166, Schaefer missed the 167th shot on a simple carom.

The score by innings:

Schaefer—39 6 45 88 166 4 1 31—400.
Cutler—0 0 0 0 11 3 44—58.

TIED FOR TOURNEY LEAD.

Leu and Vaughn Win Their Games in Amateur Pocket Billiards.

CHICAGO, March 10.—W. H. Leu of Rockford, Ill., and C. A. Vaughn of Chicago went into a tie for first place in the National Amateur Pocket Billiard tournament today. Leu defeated Gus Gardner of New York, 125 to 55 in thirty-nine innings. Leu had a high run of 23, while Gardner's best run was 8.

Vaughn defeated Harry Daw of Detroit, 125 to 98, in forty-seven innings. Vaughn had high runs of 17 and 16. His opponent's high run was 15.

In the first game tonight J. H. Shoemaker of New York defeated G. Gardner, New York, 125 to 66 in thirty-two innings. Shoemaker's high run was 26 and Gardner's 2.

WHITTLE WINS WITH CUE.

Defeats Grobert, 75 to 50, in A. A. B. A. Pocket Billiard Tourney.

Vernon Whittle was the victor in last night's match for the pocket billiard championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association at John Doyle's Academy, defeating David Grobert by a score of 75 to 50 in nine frames. Whittle played well from the start. He led with his high run of eleven and never thereafter was in much danger. Grobert, apparently a trifle nervous, hurried his shots too much. He made a high run of nine. Leon Davidson and Eugene Wiley will meet in tonight's match in this tournament.

FRANTZEN IS CUE WINNER.

Defeats Letzter in Amateur Three-Cushion Tourney, 35 to 27.

A victory for Henry Frantzen was chalked up at Thum's billiard parlors last night in the three-cushion tournament of the American Amateur Billiard Players' Association. Frantzen defeated Mannie Letzter by a score of 35 to 27 in seventy-eight innings. As has been characteristic of his work of late, Letzter executed numerous spectacular shots but missed on apparently easy combinations. Frantzen was steady and led all the way. His opening inning netted him four markers and he ran five in his fifty-second. Letzter's best run was three. Joe Coagrove, the champion, will play J. Cohen tonight.

RYAN WINS FROM JENKINS.

Takes Third Game of Met. Pocket Billiard Tourney, 100 to 75.

Arthur Ryan was victor in the third game of the metropolitan pocket billiard championship tournament of the National Amateur Association of Billiard Players last night, defeating Richard Jenkins by a score of 100 to 75 at the Broadway Billiard Academy. This was the best and most closely contested match of the tournament thus far. Ryan led early in the match by 25 to 0, but Jenkins then found his stroke and made it interesting for Ryan all the rest of the way. Both had high runs of 15. Clarence Hurd and R. Farace will meet in tonight's match in this tournament.

Tilden and Mrs. Mallory Paired for Indoor Tennis

BOSTON, March 10.—The world's champion tennis player, William T. Tilden 2d, recently returned from his Davis Cup exploits in New Zealand, it was announced today, will get into tournament action on American courts again next week, paired with Mrs. Franklin I. Mallory of New York in the national mixed doubles indoor championships at Longwood. Mrs. Mallory, who is the national outdoor woman's singles champion, will also be one of a field of forty-three players to compete in the women's national indoor lawn tennis singles tourney on the Longwood courts.

WILSON TO DEFEND HIS LAURELS HERE

Middleweight Champion Will Meet Mike O'Dowd in Garden Ring St. Patrick's Day.

Promoter Tex Rickard, the impresario of boxing at Madison Square Garden, after a protracted session over the long distance telephone yesterday, added another gem to his collection by closing for a bout between Johnny Wilson, middleweight champion, and Mike O'Dowd, former titleholder. The long-awaited meeting between the two will take place in the Garden ring next Thursday evening, March 17, when the natal day of St. Patrick will also be celebrated.

In this bout Wilson will for the first time seriously defend his middleweight laurels since he won the title from O'Dowd in Boston last May. When the Hub fighter climbed into the ring that evening, he was practically an unknown as far as boxing fame was concerned, but when he climbed out he was the champion of the world. Since that time he and the dethroned O'Dowd have been sparring verbally from State to State, but without result until Rickard clinched the meeting yesterday.

The battle will be for the usual length, fifteen rounds to a decision, and the fighters will weigh in in the afternoon in accordance with the provisions of the Walker act.

Champion Benny Leonard and Rocky Kansas were originally scheduled to exchange blows on St. Patrick's Birthday in the Garden ring, provided that Kansas should gain another victory over Richie Mitchell. Kansas filled his part of the assignment, but on Monday Leonard was taken ill and Billy Gibson, his manager, was compelled to cancel the engagement. Rickard immediately persuaded Willie Jackson to substitute for the champion, but Kansas's manager decided to wait for Leonard to recover and the negotiations were called off.

Rickard began angling for the O'Dowd-Wilson bout on Wednesday evening, when he received a telephone call from Martin Killela, Wilson's manager. Rickard immediately set out in pursuit of Paddy Mullins, who looks out for the interests of O'Dowd. Mullins finally conferred with Rickard in the Garden, and Rickard clinched the bout after another long distance conversation with Killela.

LEWIS IS KNOCKED OUT.

Kid Norfolk Puts Opponent Away in Sixth Round.

Kid Norfolk knocked out Pinkey Lewis in the sixth round of their scheduled twelve-round bout held at the Manhattan Casino last night under auspices of the Central Manhattan Boxing Club. After two minutes and twenty seconds of milling in the sixth session, Norfolk led with a light left to the jaw and followed with a terrific right to the same spot. Lewis had no further interest in the proceedings. He described an eccentric parabola and fell flat on his face in Norfolk's corner. Referee Dan Hickey counted five and Lewis tried to get up to obtain a better view of the shooting stars. He couldn't accomplish it, however, and Hickey finished his mathematics.

The bout was a renewal of the rivalry between the two colored heavyweights, which had been interrupted at their recent appearance at Madison Square Garden by the disqualification of Lewis. The two started at each other hammer and tongs in the first round, just as they had in the Garden bout. There was no stalling any time last night, but Norfolk paved his way to victory in the second round, when he landed heavy rights to Lewis's nose and right eye. These blows took the fight out of Lewis to such an extent that it was evident the end was merely a question of time.

Norfolk weighed in at 180 and Lewis at 205½.

In the semi-final bout Battling Levinsky, the light heavyweight champion, defeated Homer Smith of Kalamazoo in their twelve-round bout. Levinsky gave the impression of having a good bit of fight in reserve, but he was content to go to a decision. He knocked Smith down with a vicious left hook in the opening round and had the better of the fighting all the way. He weighed 185 pounds and appeared to be a little over weight. Smith tipped the scales at 187.

In the other twelve-round bout Jack Kid Wolfe of Cleveland got the decision over Frankie Daley of Staten Island after some lively scrapping. Wolfe weighed 121 and Daley a quarter of a pound more. Artie Pierce of the Bronx earned the judges' decision in his bout with Jack Golden of Harlem at six rounds.

FANNING WINS TWICE.

State Champion Outpoints Both Reggi and Powell at City A. C.

James J. Fanning, State champion at 108 pounds, did some expert boxing in the amateur tournament at the City Athletic Club last night, gaining two decisions in his class. The fast little Hudson Guild athlete outpointed Joe Reggi in his opening match and then disposed of Leroy Powell handily in the final. Both went three rounds, but the judges could have had little difficulty in reaching a conclusion in favor of Fanning.

Another State champion, Archie Walker, won a 135-pound special match from Frank Hyland, getting the judges' verdict after three fast rounds.

The summaries:

108-Pound Class, Preliminaries—James J. Fanning, Hudson Guild, defeated Joe Reggi, Tenmore A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; Leroy Powell, St. Christopher A. C., defeated Herman Martin, Bronxdale A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final—Fanning defeated Powell, three rounds, judges' decision.

115-Pound Special Bout—George Daly, Grace Club, defeated Willie Singer, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

135-Pound Special Bout—Archie Walker, Pastime A. C., defeated Frank Hyland, Paulist A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

RITCHIE WINS ON FOUL.

Scranton Boxer Gets Verdict Over Chaney in Eighth Round.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 10.—Willie Ritchie of Scranton won from "K. O." Chaney of Baltimore in the eighth round of a scheduled ten-round bout here tonight on a foul. The fight was fairly even up to the time Chaney was disqualified.

WINS ELKS BILLIARD TITLE.

Donnelley Takes Club Trophy in Class A Three-Cushion Tourney.

John G. Donnelley was the winner last night of the trophy for the Class A three-cushion billiard championship at the Elks Club, West Forty-third Street, defeating Howard French by a score of 40 to 38. Donnelley was in splendid stroke and had two high runs of 6.

A start was made in the pocket billiard tourney for the club championship, and James Walsh, Exalted Ruler of Lodge No. 1, was the winner of the opening match over Timothy Mara by the close score of 100 to 96.

MISS BAYARD GOES INTO SEMI-FINALS

Defeats Miss Winn in Feature Match of Metropolitan Indoor Tennis Title Play.

Miss Martha Bayard of Short Hills, N. J., became a semi-finalist yesterday in the tournament for the women's metropolitan indoor tennis championship at the Seventh Regiment Armory by defeating Miss Caroma Winn of this city in a match that was filled with excitement by the manner in which the lead shifted constantly from one player to the other. The scores were 6—4, 5—7, 6—4. Miss Bayard will meet Mrs. T. J. Strauss in today's semi-finals, while Mrs. Edwin A. Falk, the national indoor champion, plays Mrs. David C. Mills in the other singles match.

In the doubles Miss Marie Wagner and Mrs. Bernard F. Stenz won their way into the final, as expected, by defeating Miss Adele Cragin and Miss Ceres Baker in straight sets, scored 6—3, 6—2. The one unoccupied semi-final bracket was taken by Mrs. L. G. Morris and Mrs. B. F. Briggs, who defeated Miss Louise B. Cattus and Miss Caroline Robinson by the same scores of 6—3, 6—2. Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Briggs will meet Mrs. Frederick Schmitz and Mrs. Albert Humphries in the semi-finals today and the winners will play Miss Wagner and Mrs. Stenz for the title tomorrow morning. The singles final will also be played tomorrow.

The match between Miss Bayard and Miss Winn was remarkable for the manner in which now one and now the other of the two seemed to be headed toward certain victory. Both had streaks during which it seemed as though their shots could not go wrong and both fell into periods in which their best efforts turned into error-making. It was also remarkable that in each of the three sets the player who obtained the early lead became the eventual loser.

Thus, in the first set, Miss Winn led at 4—2 and dropped the next four games. In the second set Miss Bayard led at 4—1, and dropped six of the next seven games. In the third and rubber session Miss Winn had a score of 4-1 in her favor and victory apparently in her grasp. Once more, however, there was a sudden shift in form and Miss Bayard won five straight games and the match. Five of the ten games in the third set went to deuce, and there was action every minute.

Miss Winn, who is a left-hander, is a harder hitter than the Jersey girl, and when she has the right range of the court she has a winning advantage in this fact. But she was erratic yesterday and there were times when she could not seem to gauge her shots correctly. The ball persisted in finding the net. Miss Bayard outgeneraled her just enough to win. Both girls watched their chance to go to the net and both volleyed with a good measure of success. In the driving duel, steadiness conquered speed.

The summaries:

Singles, Fourth Round—Miss Martha Bayard defeated Miss Caroma Winn, 6—4, 5—7, 6—4.

Doubles, Second Round—Mrs. L. G. Morris and Mrs. B. F. Briggs defeated Miss Louise B. Cattus and Miss Caroline Robinson, 6—3, 6—2.

Semi-Final Round—Miss Marie Wagner and Mrs. B. F. Stenz defeated Miss Adele Cragin and Miss Ceres Baker, 6—3, 6—2.

WINS BELLEAIR TITLE.

Miss Cummings Defeats Mrs. Morrow, 7 and 6—Becomes Champion.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., March 10.—Playing one of her best games, Miss Edith Cummings of Onwentsia won the Belleair women's championship today when she defeated Mrs. G. K. Morrow of the Engineers' Club, 7 and 6. Last year this pair met in this event, but the score then was different, the Chicago golfer winning on the last green.

Miss Cummings today is playing better than ever. After 5 at the first hole, which she won, following it up with a birdie 3, and another 5 on the long third, she stood 3 up. Mrs. Morrow had a hopeless task from here, although she won the fourth when Miss Cummings topped her shot. After a half at the fifth Miss Cummings took the sixth, seventh and eighth, Mrs. Morrow had developed a bad putting stroke and failed to get halves on these holes.

WINS QUALIFYING MEDAL.

Hamilton of Garden City Leads in Pinehurst Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 10.—L. A. Hamilton of Garden City won the qualifying medal in the annual Spring tournament today with a total of 78, 79—157 for the thirty-six holes. More than 300 of the original field of 346 took part in today's final session of the round.

The scores:

First Sixteen—L. A. Hamilton, Garden City, 78—79—157; Parker W. Whittemore, Brookline, 80—78—158; B. P. Merriman, Waterbury, 81—78—159; W. E. Truesdell, Garden City, 79—83—162; F. H. Hoyt, Engineers, 78—84—163; Donald Parson, Youngstown, 82—83—165; F. C. Newton, Brookline, 85—80—165; G. W. Mead, Glen Ridge, 87—82—169; F. B. Elliott, Woodland, 83—86—169; John D. Chapman, Greenwich, 85—86—171; Tom Kelley, Southern Pines, 87—85—172; J. Watson Yullie, Royal Montreal, 86—88—174; H. C. Fownes, Oakmont, 85—89—174; George Van Keuren, Englewood, 85—89—174; H. G. Wellborn, Ardsley, 85—90—175; N. S. Hurd, Pittsburgh, 89—86—175.

MERION GOLFER WINNER.

Willoughby Defeats Langford in Palm Beach Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 10.—Semi-final matches were played in the Palm Beach championships on the Country Club course today. Hugh J. Willoughby Jr. of Merion defeated William Langford of Chicago, 2—1. A. J. Mendes of Siwanoy defeated Alfred G. Kay of Pittsburgh, 1 up.

The surprise of the day was the defeat of Douglas Paige by R. S. Rose in the second flight, 10—8. Rose shot a 38 going out and won every hole. He made it ten straight and ended the match early.

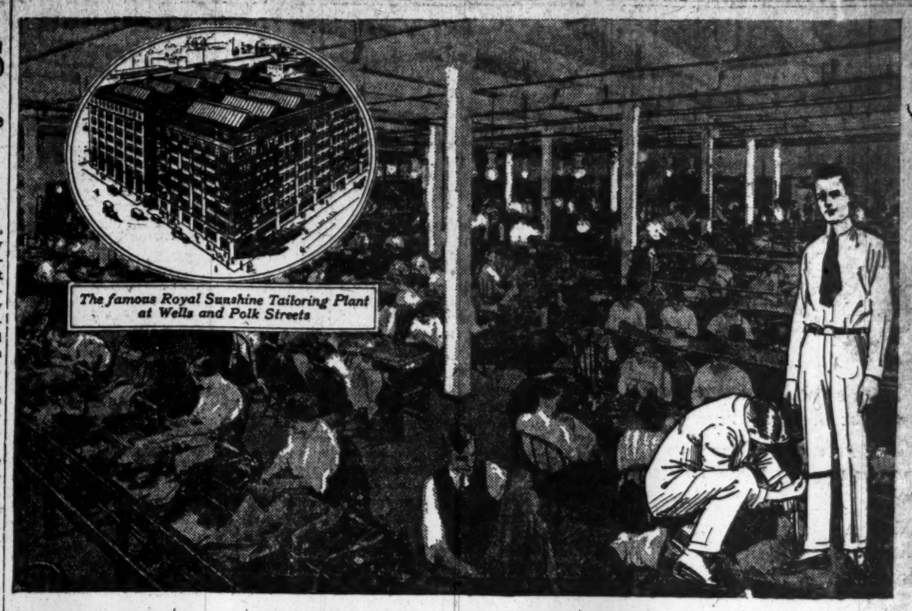
LONDOS THROWS NELSON.

Greek Wrestler Pins Canadian to Mat in Twenty-six Minutes.

Jim Londos, the Greek heavyweight, won the feature wrestling bout at Webster Hall last night, throwing Joe Nelson, the Canadian, in 26 minutes flat by the application of a body scissors hold. Londos weighed 190 pounds and Nelson 200. The Canadian had Londos frequently in trouble in the early part of the bout, but the Greek always managed to slip away when the danger became most serious. After some fifteen minutes of grappling, Londos used the headlock with disastrous effect for Nelson. The latter managed to squirm out of it, but he was weakened, and his back muscles seemed to be cramped and contracted. From that point on it was Londos's bout. Joe Lustig refereed it.

In another meeting of heavyweights, George Kotsonaros won from Helmer Johnson in 36:02, with a crotch hold and half Nelson. Kotsonaros was outweighed, 210 to 188. Johnson was the aggressor all through the bout, and the end came suddenly and unexpectedly, Johnson himself requiring considerable persuasion before he could be convinced that he had been pinned to the mat.

Young Monday defeated Young Stecher in 13 minutes with a headlock. Monday weighed 135 and Young Stecher 128. In the remaining bout, Martin Lodig and Joe Westergar gave a fine exhibition of wrestling for 25 minutes before Lodig was able to throw his man. Lodig, who is instructor at Bothner's Gymnasium, weighed 165 pounds, to 180 for his opponent. A crotch hold gave him his victory.



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PIPP GETS TRIAL IN CENTRE FIELD

Huggins Starts Experiment in Effort to Find Place for Meusel at First.

WARD AT SECOND BASE

Plays With the Yannigans, Who Are Slaughtered by Regulars—Peckinpaugh Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

SHREVEPORT, La., March 10.—After six successive years as an infield regular with the Yankees, Wally Pipp is getting a tryout as an outfielder. The veteran first sacker took a long fielding drill before today's game between regulars and yannigans and then played centre field through the eight-inning encounter, which the vets easily won from the rookies by the score of 12 to 4.

The shift of Pipp to the outfield is part of Miller Huggins's campaign to discover how best to arrange the galaxy of sluggers now under his command, and if Pipp shows sufficient skill as a fly chaser he may bid farewell to the position which he has graced since he reported to Bill Donovan at the training camp in Savannah back in 1915.

Huggins discovered last year that Bob Meusel could not play the outfield up to major league standard, and he also failed as a third baseman. At first base the big Californian showed up satisfactorily, and as a hitter he showed a power not possessed by any other player in baseball, with the exception of Babe Ruth. Bob Meusel and Pipp are too valuable to do bench duty, and Huggins is anxious to learn if Pipp can do what Meusel could not. Before the training trip is ended Huggins hopes to discover whether it will be possible to keep these two sluggers in the game at one time. Pipp appeared a bit strange in his new position, but that was to be expected.

Ward Goes to Second.

Another Yankee regular of 1920 also moved out of his former berth this afternoon as part of the scheme to make the coming campaign a more successful one. Aaron Ward, who flashed brilliantly as a third baseman when the retirement of Baker and the injury to Fewster gave him the opportunity, was at second base this afternoon for the Yannigans, being the only veteran to be cast with the rookies. The return of Baker puts upon Ward the burden of proving himself more capable than Fewster, McNally or Mitchell at second base.

The ball game was a real battle for five innings, the score being 2 to 1 in favor of the rookies when the Regulars, who batted first, took up the cudgels in the sixth frame. Earl Johnson had pitched four hitless and runless innings against the Yannigans, while Ledbetter had scattered six hits well enough over the same distance to keep the big fellows down to one run. Ruth's triple to the centre field fence and a single by Mike McNally in the second, accounted for the scoring. A pair of southpaws, Lepard for the Regulars and Aulbach for the Yannigans, proved ineffective and runs were numerous in the last four frames.

A homerun drive by Ray French with the bases filled was the big event of the battle. With the rookies in front, 2 to 1 and one out in the sixth inning, Ruth singled to centre, Bodie was safe on Mitchell's fumble, and a pass to McNally congested the corner. French cleared the traffic with a smash over the left field wall and after that the Yannigans simply trailed along.

In the seventh inning the Regulars made the game a runaway affair with six more runs, the result of three passes, three hits and some loose fielding.

Ruth Loses Some Weight.

Ruth got rid of some fat through his base running as well as in frequent bending for low throws from the other infielders. Babe raced to third on a smash to centre field in the second inning, getting a close decision at the bag. In the eighth the Bambino stole second and third and raced over the plate when Hofman grounded to McMillan. Bob Connery, umpiring the game, did not give Babe any the worst of it when he ruled him safe at second, and the rookies put up quite an argument. Babe got a triple and two singles in five times at bat.

Neither Roth nor Schang took part in the game, but all the other veterans in camp, excepting the pitchers, participated. The teams lined up as follows:

REGULARS.	YANNIGANS.
Christensen, rf.	Connelly, cf.
Pipp, cf.	Mitchell, ss.
Fewster, 2b.	Hawks, 1b.
Ruth, 1b.	Wingo, lf.
Bodie, lf.	Skinner, rf.
McNally, 3b.	Ward, 2b.
French, ss.	McMillan, 3b.
Hoffman, c.	Gault, c.
Johnson, p.	Ledbetter, p.
Lepard, p.	Aulbach, p.

Roger Peckinpaugh reported here tonight, leaving only three players—Meusel, Collins and Baker—still to join the Yankee squad. Meusel and Collins are still holding out, but Baker is expected to arrive here Sunday.

It developed, after Peckinpaugh's arrival, that the veteran short stop had not signed a contract for the coming season. Peckinpaugh conferred with Huggins at Cleveland a few weeks ago, and had been in correspondence with the club owners, but no agreement was reached. He finally decided to report and discuss terms here. Peckinpaugh was in consultation with Colonel T. L. Huston, half owner of the Yankees, tonight, and it is expected that an agreement will be reached soon.

LANDIS TALKS WITH KAUFF.

But Nature of Interview Is Hidden —Benny Leaves for Giant Camp.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Benny Kauff of the New York National League Baseball team departed from Chicago tonight to rejoin his team in Spring training at San Antonio after an interview with Federal Judge Landis, Commissioner of Baseball, here today.

Judge Landis refused to reveal the nature of his discussion with Kauff, but it was declared in baseball circles that the interview was for the purpose of obtaining any information Kauff may have had regarding charges of gambling during the last Giants-Cubs series of 1919 in Chicago.

DARTMOUTH SQUAD OUT.

Fifty Ball Tossers Report to Tesreau for First Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., March 10.—Fifty candidates for the Dartmouth baseball nine reported to Coach Tesreau this afternoon for the first workout of the year. Drill will be confined to light work in the cage until time for the Southern trip at the Spring recess. With the exception of Bob Reese, crack outfielder, Coach Tesreau has every veteran letter man from last year's squad as well as some promising material from last Spring's yearling nine.

Exhibition Games.

AT CROWLEY, LA.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis Nationals	7	10	3
Indianapolis (American Association)	6	8	2

Batteries—Dodson, Sells and Elffert; Partlett, Ettling, Cavet and Gossett.

AT ORANGE, TEXAS.

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia Americans	7	8	1
St. Louis Nationals	6	13	5

Batteries—Barrett, Keeke, Eckens and Walker; Styles, Reviere, Kircher, Haines and McCarthy, Clemons, Dilhoefer.

Matty Junior Follows in the Footsteps of His Famous Dad

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., March 10.—Christy Matthewson Jr., who, with his famous father, has been a resident at Saranac Lake for several months, is to make his début in the sport which brought fame and fortune to his dad in the role of pitcher for the team of the Saranac Lake High School. The pocket edition of "Big Six" is one of nine pitching candidates, but Coach Jack Walker says young Matty is a whiz with something on every ball he throws and that he will be the big detonation in the Adirondack School League.

M'GRAW'S REGULARS WIN FROM ROOKIES

Even Up Series by Pounding Ball to All Corners of the Lot for 9 to 2 Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 10.—The crucial Spring series between the Regulars and Recruits for the championship of the Giants' training camp stands this evening tied at two games each. The veterans took the fourth game by hammering the offerings of Sallee and Benton to all corners of the field and even beyond its confines. The score was 9 to 2.

Bill Ryan and Jesse Barnes attended to the twirling for the first string team, and they were extremely stingy in the matter of hits. Ryan was in great form and allowed just one hit during the three periods he was on the hillock. This was a triple by Brown, the recruit outfielder acquired from the local team. Ryan struck out five batters and gave one base on balls. His change of pace, with the use of a peculiarly baffling slow ball gave the apprentice players far less than the proverbial Chinaman's chance.

Barnes, too, was very fit, and nonchalantly let the youngsters down with a brace of hits and a lone run in three innings. One of the bingles was a home run by Grimes in the fourth, which would have been only a one-base blow, and maybe not even that, had not the sun fought a duel with Lee King's eyes and come off victorious. The other was a single by Spencer in the last of the sixth inning, which alert fielding on the part of Bancroft would have converted into an out at first.

The regulars crashed out fifteen safe wallops in the course of the matinee, and they sent most of them to distant regions. They averaged almost two bases to each hit, their total bases being twenty-nine.

The line-up:

REGULARS.	RECRUITS.
Burns, lf.	Spencer, lf.
Bancroft, ss.	Monroe, 2b.
Frisch, 2b.	Walker, cf.
Young, rf.	Brown, rf.
Kelly, 1b.	Grimes, 1b.
King, cf.	Gross, ss.
Rapp, 3b.	Kane, 3b.
Snyder, c.	Henline, c.
Ryan, p.	Sallee, p.
Barnes, p.	Benton, p.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

										R.	H.	E.
Regulars	2	1	2	0	1	3	0	1	5	15	0
Recruits	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	

Umpire—Bill Brennan.

Fred Toney is expected to arrive in camp within the next few hours.

Jesse Winters was out on the field this morning, during the light practice called for by Manager McGraw. The pitcher underwent a slight operation yesterday, but it is not expected to retard his conditioning work.

The San Antonio Bears will again be opponents of the Giants on the coming Saturday and Sunday. The two teams will clash in a final tussle on Wednesday of next week, the local associated charities being the financial beneficiaries.

DODGER YOUNGSTERS WIN.

Rally Against Mitchell in Ninth and Defeat Veterans, 3 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—A nine-inning conflict was waged in the Brooklyn's training camp here this afternoon between the champs and the near champs. It resulted in a thrilling victory for the youngsters by a score of 3 to 2.

The deciding run was manufactured in the last inning when Krueger singled and Schmandt tore off a three-bagger. Manager Robbie worked out a half dozen pitchers in the game and each hurled three frames. Post, Miljus and Mitchell performed for the champs, while Pfeffer, Mohart and Schreiber worked for the winners.

Pfeffer, the only regular member of Robbie's celebrated staff, showed a lot of speed in the three chapters he pitched and only one hit was made off his delivery. He is about ready for the battles with the Yankees.

The score follows:

										R.	H.	E.
Near Champs	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3		
Champs	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2		

Batteries—Post, Miljus, Mitchell and Taylor; Pfeffer, Mohart, Schreiber and Miller. Umpire Al Tucker.

RULES OFFICIALS TO MEET.

Gridiron Legislators Here for Annual Session Today.

The advance guard of the members of the Intercollegiate Football Rules Committee arrived in the city yesterday for the annual meeting, which will be held at the Biltmore tonight, to consider suggested changes in the code of rules governing the great American Autumn pastime. The members of the committee are: E. K. Hall, Dartmouth, Chairman; Walter Camp, Yale, Secretary; A. Alonzo Stagg, Chicago; Dr. J. A. Babbitt, Haverford; F. W. Moore, Harvard; William Roper, Princeton; Dr. H. L. Williams, Minnesota; Paul J. Dashiel, United States Naval Academy; Dr. Carl Williams, Pennsylvania; C. W. Savage, Oberlin; Dr. W. A. Lambeth, Virginia, and Walter D. Powell, Stanford.

It is the consensus of members of the committee, coaches, officials and followers that the rules, as they now stand, are highly satisfactory and that vital changes are unnecessary and would be harmful. It is not expected that the Coffin suggestion to regulate the length of games by plays instead of by time, the Haughton suggestion relating to the forwaro pass, the Yost suggestions pertaining to fumbles, or any of the other multitudinous suggestions regarding the various points of the game will receive more than passing attention at the hands of the rule makers.

There are, however, one or two points—points relating to strengthening rules already in force—that will undoubtedly come in for serious consideration. One is the so-called "clipping" rule and the other the forward pass rule. In the case of the former it is probable that the committee will enlarge the scope of the clipping rule to make it applicable to players who are not carrying the ball; and in the case of the latter it is expected that some efforts will be made to curb the practice of coaches sending linemen through to block off defending backs on forward pass formations.

In the absence of important legislation regarding rules, however, there is one phase of today's meeting that will be watched with interest. That is the attitude of the committee in dealing with the suggestions made at the meeting held here last Monday at the call of Major Daly, the West Point gridiron coach. It was then decided to petition the committee to sanction the calling of meetings of coaches and officials immediately after the end of current seasons instead of waiting until the following season was about to open.

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THE NAVAL POLICY OF OUR COUNTRY.

The editor of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE received a letter from the Chairman of the Naval Committee of the United States recently, in which he expressed the deep interest that he found in several naval articles that appeared in the March issue of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE. These articles are of much value and they represent but one of fifty or more important features in the March issue of the magazine. On news stands.—Advt.

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THE LABOR PROBLEM IN SPAIN.

The Assassination of Premier Dato in Madrid proves the critical labor situation in Spain. This subject is treated in the March number of THE CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, and it is especially timely. This is one of fifty or more important features in the March issue. On news stands.—Advt.

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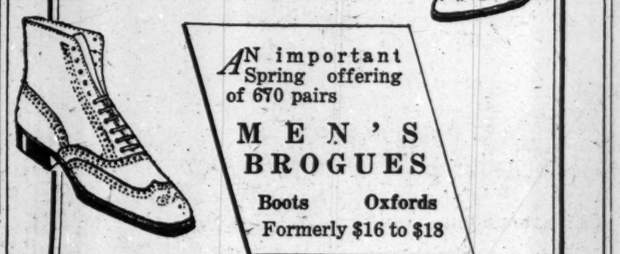

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RIDERS REGAIN LAP IN SIX-DAY RACE

Coburn and Brocco Steal March on Field and Catch Leaders in Garden Race.

PAIR GIVEN AN OVATION

Egg and Van Kempen Still Lead in Points, With Rutt and Lorenz in Second Place.

SCORE AT 2 A. M.
Ninety-eighth Hour.

	Miles.	Laps.
Rutt-Lorenz	1,639	2
Brocco-Coburn	1,639	2
Egg-Van Kempen	1,639	2
Thomas-McNamara	1,639	1
Smith-Taylor	1,639	1
Beyl-Lemay	1,639	1
Chapman-Lawrence	1,639	1
Van Bever-Miquel	1,639	1
De Greaves-Rellens	1,638	5
Parisot-Leonard	1,638	5
Byron-Keenan	1,638	3

Leader, Keenan. Record, 1,945 miles 2 laps, made by Goulett and Grenda in 1914.

Maurice Brocco and Willie Coburn, the heroes of the December grind, gave their thousands of followers something to cheer for during the night session of sprints in the six-day race at Madison Square Garden last night when they regained the lap they had lost earlier in the week and came up on even terms with the teams of Lorenz and Rutt and Van Kempen and Egg, who had shared the leading positions. This was the climax of one of the wildest jams that has occurred in the Garden this week, and for ten minutes, while the little Italian rider and his American partner relieved each other as they whirled around the saucer, the crowd was in ecstasies of joy. The fans had been shouting all week for Brocco and Coburn to do something sensational and they had their wishes fulfilled when the pair finally determined to go out after the leaders.

The teams had just finished the eighth of the ten sprints for points when Coburn slipped away from his companions and shot into a lead of a quarter of a lap. For three laps he went at such terrific speed that he had gained more than half a lap when Brocco came out to relieve him. There were wild shouts when the Italian came on the track. "Brocco will do it!" cried the fans. "Catch them, Brocco!"

Brocco Gets Ovation.

Brocco did all that. He set sail behind the pack and, working in fine harmony with his partner, each relieving the other after two laps of riding, Brocco finally caught the field. Seldom has a rider aroused more enthusiasm or received a bigger ovation than did Brocco when it was seen that he had regained the lost lap and was up with the leaders. The crowd yelled itself hoarse and the announcer had to wait several minutes before he could announce the results of the sprints. Brocco had been saving himself all week for a desperate effort near the close of the race, but he and his partner had been so closely watched that he was never before given an opportunity to slip away. When Coburn dashed away the other riders were just slowing up at the finish of a sprint, and it took them a few seconds to get up speed again. The time for making the dash was well judged.

Brocco and his partner had hardly been registered among the elite of the race when Reggie McNamara dashed out for a lap. He and his partner, Lloyd Thomas, regained this lap with little effort. They were three laps back of the field, and the leaders did not exert themselves. The lap was gained in half a dozen circuits of the track.

The result of the evening sprints found Egg and Van Kempen far ahead on points, with Lorenz and Rutt second. Owing to the fact that they were a lap ahead of the rest of their rivals, eight of the sprints were credited to Egg and Van Kempen and the other two to Rutt. The total at the conclusion was: Egg and Van Kempen, 690; Rutt and Lorenz, 657; Brocco and Coburn, 213, but in third position because of being tied with the leaders on laps; Van Bever and Miquel, 244; Chapman and Lawrence, 233; Smith and Taylor, 174, and Beyl and Lemay, 2.

The last four teams are a lap back of the three leaders. It was announced at the conclusion of the sprints that the three teams which had previously been far back had lost three more laps. These were Byron and Keenan, De Greaves and Rellens and Parisot and Leonard. They had been the victims of the wild riding of the evening and were quite visibly tired of the fast riding of some of their rivals.

While the usual series of sprints for points was going on during the afternoon, Amel Beyl and Ferdinand Lemay, one of the French teams, provided a sensation for the fans. They suddenly tore out from the bunch and before the mad riding was over they had gained back two of the laps they had lost earlier in the race and were up on even terms with the second flight of riders, who are but one lap behind the teams of which Walter Rutt and Oscar Egg are the stars.

Lemay started this jam when he suddenly shot up from the very last of the line, and before any of the other riders were aware of it he had gained half a lap. He pedaled like a man with a gasoline motor concealed about him, and though Rutt and Egg and their partners made a desperate effort to catch the Frenchman and his partner they were unable to do so. While the crowd was yelling its delight over the excitement Beyl, who had taken the track, came up behind the pack with one lap gained.

Frenchmen Keep Up Pace.

If the other riders thought the Frenchmen would be satisfied with one lap regained they were mistaken. Beyl did not even slacken his pace as he came up with the rest of the flock, but dashed right on into first place and was half a lap in front in another turn of the track. Once more the fans roared and the riders dashed off after the whirling Frenchman, but Beyl was quickly relieved by his partner, and after nearly a dozen turns of the track the team regained the lap it was after. This placed Beyl and Lemay but one lap back of the two leading teams.

There was considerable jamming during this mad chase, and after the noise subsided the judges announced that they had fined Peter Van Kempen and Reggie McNamara each $25 for stalling the field during the chase for the Frenchmen. It was alleged that these riders slowed up the pursuers whenever they were setting the pace. Lorenz and Egg set a furious pace when they were in front, for each of these riders had a lead to protect.

Just after the tenth sprint Maurice Brocco and Coburn attempted to steal back a lap, but Lorenz and Rutt, alternating on the track, finally brought the field up and frustrated the attempt. During the sprint De Greaves rode off the track and was penalized a lap.

Riders Fear Brocco.

With the large crowds that have flocked to the race this week the riders have found the sprints for prizes very profitable. By midnight more than $2,000 had been won by the cyclists, this amount being very largely subscribed by the fans who, grown weary of a lack of pace, made the donations to see a little action.

With Brocco back in the first rank, a new situation was created. The Italian rider is probably more feared than any other man on the track, not that he is any better sprinter than several others, but because he is so daring and is apt to jump the field any time. Egg and Rutt felt rather content in their rivalry with each other and were at least willing to wait for the points to determine the winner. Not so with Brocco. He had only got rested from his triumph of the evening when he declared that he would keep the teams he was up with mighty busy to the end of the race.

For several hours after the evening sprints the crowd, which had packed the big arena to capacity, lingered in the hope that Brocco and his partner might attempt to get out and steal a lap on the entire field. It was after midnight before there was the slightest thinning out of the spectators.

Rutt's brilliant riding has won him many friends during the week and he had a large part of the gallery cheering for him. Rutt has not ridden in this country since 1912 and few of the fans realize that he is now over forty years of age, with a son, 19 years old, who is taller than his dad.

Yale Swimmers Too Fast; Are Shut Out From Meet

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 10.—The entries of members of Yale's record-breaking swimming team for the New England intercollegiate championships, promoted by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, were returned today by the meet management with the explanation that Yale's men were considered too fast for the other colleges. The meeting, which is to be held next Saturday, will be the last under these auspices, a new association having been formed to conduct the championships hereafter.

NAVY TO RESUME SOCCER.

Game Again Made Intercollegiate Sport—Seven Games Scheduled.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 10.—Intercollegiate soccer will be resumed at the Naval Academy next Fall with a game with Princeton on Oct. 15. Other opponents of the Middies will be North Carolina State, Western Reserve, Bethany, Bucknell, and West Virginia Wesleyan.

COLUMBIA OARSMEN FORSAKE MACHINES

Coach Rice Puts Blue and White Crews Through First Outdoor Practice in Shells.

The Columbia crew squad left the dank and gloomy recesses of the university gymnasium yesterday afternoon and held its first workout of the season on the Harlem River. Three varsity shells and two freshman barges were sent away from the float of the Union Boat Club, Coach Jim Rice following the oarsmen in a scull. The coaching launch was out of commission, and the Blue and White rowing tutor had to furnish his own transportation.

As usual in the initial drill, the work was not heavy, and was confined to a half hour of rowing. The freshmen, still new to rowing on anything but the indoor machines, were not entrusted with the shells, but were boated in the heavier barges, which they pulled up and down the river under the direction of varsity coxswains.

Rice was able to put his entire first combination on the water, and it shaped up substantially as in the indoor practice. In addition to the varsity, he had a junior boat and a third eight, the entire squad numbering in the neighborhood of twenty-five. About the same number of freshmen was on hand. The workouts will be continued daily unless the weather should force an adjournment to the gymnasium.

The boating of the varsity yesterday was as follows:

Bow, Ruffalo; No. 2, Scovil; No. 3, Thees; No. 4, Cooper, No. 5, Swinburne; No. 6, Gallico; No. 7, Captain Van Houten; stroke, Brodil; coxswain, Brush.

STADIUM FUND GROWS.

Second Alumnus Gives Unsolicited $1,000 to Columbia Project.

The second $1,000 subscription to the fund for a new Columbia stadium was received yesterday from Stephen G. Williams, President of the Alumni Federation and one of the most influential of the university's graduates. Mr. Williams accompanied the offer of a donation with a letter to The Columbia Spectator, in which he urged the immediate formation of a Stadium Fund Committee.

The letter read in part: "It is with great regret that I do not feel myself able to be one of those ninety-nine who "Torreton" suggests might give $1,000 or more to this stadium fund, but I make another proposition, namely, that I will under certain conditions pay into such fund, on or before Dec. 31 next, $200, and will then give four notes for $200 each with interest at 6 per cent. to the respective dates of maturity, namely, Dec. 31, 1922, and Dec. 31 of the three successive years. The only condition I would make would be that not less than ninety-nine other alumni or undergraduates would do the same prior to December, 1921.

"Is not the time near at hand when a stadium fund committee should be selected or appointed consisting not only of alumni but of undergraduates?"

President Butler, it was learned yesterday from an authoritative source, has virtually consented to the proposal that he name a general committee to conduct the campaign for the $2,000,000 or more deemed necessary for the stadium.

SYRACUSE FIVE WINS.

Defeats Columbia in Fast Game by Score of 21 to 13.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 10.—Syracuse defeated Columbia here tonight by the score of 21 to 13. The game was fast throughout and was featured by the clever team play of the Orange quintet. Lavin, the Syracuse forward, was the individual star of the game, scoring 13 points. Johnson's field work featured for Columbia.

The line-up:

SYRACUSE (21).		COLUMBIA (13).
Lavin	R. F.	Tynan
Weltman	L. F.	Eder
Conlin	C.	Watson
Fisher	R. G.	Riley
Parker	L. G.	Johnson

Goals from field—Lavin (3), Weltman (2), Conlin, Parker, Johnson (2), Watson, Riley, Eder. Goals from foul—Lavin (7), Johnson (3).

Substitutions—For Syracuse: Taylor for Lavin, Biffus for Parker. For Columbia: Lantman for Eder.

Douglass to Lead Swimmers.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 10.—Alfred W. Douglass of Brookline was elected captain of the Harvard Varsity swimming team today.

FATIMA
CIGARETTES

"Nothing else will do"

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.

DODGE BROTHERS
BUSINESS CAR

In most businesses which have adopted it, it is on the go from morning till night.

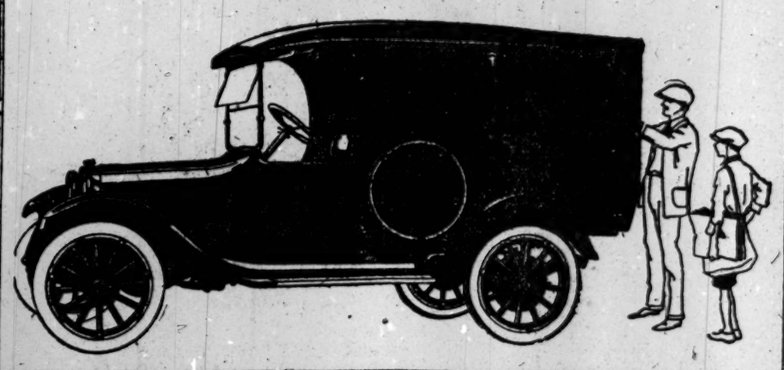
Sturdy construction and uninterrupted service contribute greatly to the pronounced economy of the car.

On Exhibit at the Brooklyn Auto Show

NEW YORK
Stratton-Bliss Company
1847 Broadway

BROOKLYN
Bishop, McCormick & Bishop
1221 Bedford Ave.

NEWARK
Bonnell Motor Car Co.
562 Broad St.



The FINEST $8.00 HATS in America

YOUR search for a hat of quality at a price that's sensible is ended for all time when once you have worn a Berg Hat. Season after season you will appreciate their smart good-looks, their *quality without extravagance.*

Other Grades, $6. to $12.
at your dealers

F. Berg & Co., Orange Valley, N. J.
General Salesrooms
1107 Broadway New York

Berg
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
HATS FOR YOUNG MEN

ADVERTISEMENT.

Public Opinion Warmly Supports a Righteous Move

Bank Presidents, Judges, Newspapermen, etc., Are Among Myriads That Favor Fair Play.

Perhaps no issue in recent years so deeply affecting the public weal in the matter of reducing men's clothing prices to bottom-rock levels has attracted greater attention and met with wider commendation, we are told, than our reply to certain presumably influential retail interests we formerly served who would deny us the right, as wholesale manufacturers, to sell direct to the public, even though that denial, if adhered to, meant the loss of thousands of dollars, the closing down of our factory and discharge of our help.

We are told, indeed, the controversy has become a theme of exceptional interest and is cited as a remarkable instance where public opinion has been so quickly and decisively veered to the side of justice and has discerned so sharply and clearly between an apparent truthful statement of fact and the variegated assortment of advertisements that have since and are appearing, imitating to the letter the typography of every Finkelstein & Maisel statement, but lacking apparently like serious consideration.

However that may be, the wide encouragement and patronage we have received from men of every walk of life—bank presidents, brokers, judges, newspapermen, woolen merchants, down to those even engaged in the clothing trade—has emboldened us to continue dealing direct with the public—mayhap indefinitely.

Which, it is obvious, is of tremendous importance to every man who wants the best in men's clothing and at actual wholesale prices—produced, in fact, at the lowest possible price consistent with first class work—under exceptionally economical conditions—a low, upstairs factory rental, no expensive fixtures or frills, and certainly greatly under the expense that retail stores must meet.

In truth, we will prove to you that you cannot only buy the greatest clothing values you ever saw for the money anywhere, but that at $20, $25, $30 and $35—no higher—you are actually getting custom-style 100 per cent. pure wool Spring and Summer suits and top coats that would retail at much higher prices.

An investigation will quickly prove these statements. In fact, you are guaranteed against every element of disappointment. If you are not convinced our values are among the best ever offered anywhere or feel dissatisfied in any respect, your money will be returned instantly and without question.

This unconditional guarantee applies to fit, materials used and every detail. We give you real custom work and woolens that are absolutely the finest, using only the very best turned out by the American Woolen Co., Dun's French-Rivers, Wamskuck, Etna and Wilson mills.

We ask you, in all sincerity, do we deserve your and every man's patronage in accepting the challenge flung at us—in endeavoring to give you really extraordinary clothing values—and the fairest kind of treatment?

If you do, you are subscribing to that real Americanism that the country now demands—the abolition of the profiteer—the end of the shoddy clothing jackals. Incidentally, you are saving yourself a very substantial sum of money.

Our factory—one flight up—will be open from 8:30 A. M. to 7:30 P. M. during this sale.

Finkelstein & Maisel
"Makers of Clothes of the Better Kind for Men and Young Men."
FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (Take Elevator), ONE FLIGHT UP.
810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N. Y.

Annual Spring Sales Week

Sale of Men's Oxfords and High Shoes

$9.95

The High Shoes come in Black Calf—Tan Russia Calf, Plain and Wing Tips—Tan Cordovan Plain Tip and Tan Cordovan Brogue. Oxfords in Tan and Black Calf and Tan with Wing Tip.

We have removed their former selling figures and replaced them with this low price for no other reason than to make every pair an exceptionally good value in this event. All that are left will resume their former prices when this sale is over. Sizes and widths for all.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue and 35th Street

Men's Shoe Shop—Second Floor

BROOKLYN BRANCH

The branch office of The New York Times is now open at 300 Washington Street, near Myrtle Avenue and Fulton Street, Brooklyn, where advertisements and subscriptions will be received.

The New York Times
Brooklyn Office: 300 Washington Street.
Telephone Main 1300.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING
NEW YORK

What is your money worth in Canada?

Equivalent bond prices in multiples of one-quarter shown in a new book of tables covering premium rates from 3% to 17% on the United States dollar.

A copy will be sent on request for AG-378

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.

Our March Bond Circular describes 165 bonds and notes which we recommend for investment.

These include:

Government and Municipal Bonds

Short Term Bonds and Notes

Railroad Bonds

Long Term Bonds

Ask for Circular A-11

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Ask for Circular 1

It will give you the reasons why Southwestern Power & Light Co. 8% Bond Secured Notes are being purchased by investors seeking a long-term, high-yielding obligation of a conservative type.

Bonbright & Company

Incorporated

25 Nassau Street, New York

New Jersey Municipal Bonds

Perth Amboy	4s
Atlantic City	4½s
New Brunswick	4½s
North Bergen	5s
Teaneck	5s
Gloucester	6s

Amounts, Maturities and Prices Upon Request

R. M. GRANT & CO.

31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

An Era of Conservatism

We have passed through a period of inflation and extravagance and are entering an era of conservatism. People are turning to sound investment securities because they recognize that with the fall in commodity prices the income from fixed interest-bearing securities increases in buying power and that it will probably be many years before money will again have such a high purchasing power in the investment markets as it has today.

Our circular "Conservative Investments" mentions a number of attractive issues yielding from

6% to 8%

Write for circular No. 1327

Spencer Trask & Co.

25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Railway Shares Decline on Stock Exchange—Renewed Advance in Sterling.

The attention which had been directed to the railways by the unfavorable January earnings reports and by several public statements regarding the awkward character of the situation resulted yesterday in distinct weakness of their shares on the Stock Exchange. Such declines as 1¾ in Union Pacific and Atchison, 1⅛ in Pennsylvania, 2¼ in New York Central, 2½ in St. Paul and 3 in Northern Pacific were accompanied by larger selling than has occurred in these shares on the recent market, and was naturally associated with the current talk of a crisis in the companies' situation. The stock market as a whole was much under the influence of this movement yesterday. Total transactions were the largest in nearly two months.

Following Wednesday's announcement by the Pennsylvania management that a program of "horizontal" wage reductions would be undertaken by virtue of necessity (though with full recognition both of the scale of pay for similar work in other industries and of the relation between the wage rate and the cost of living), the New York Central yesterday made a similar announcement. Other companies will naturally take the same action. The proposed reduction will either be accepted by the railway labor organizations, in which case the change would be made automatically, or, on their refusal to acquiesce officially, the dispute would be referred to the Railway Labor Board as provided by the law.

From the Wall Street viewpoint, the incident is disquieting; but it is so for the same reason as the shut-downs and wage reductions in various manufacturing industries, because of the emphasis which it lays on the character of a situation which was already visible to everybody. In the case of the railways there is reason to welcome the bringing of the question to an issue. The greatest danger was that matters might, through force of circumstances, be allowed to drift. Yesterday's distinct announcement from Washington that a "sweeping investigation" of the whole railway situation would be introduced in the Senate on the first day of the extra session was in that respect reassuring. Even a hostile investigation would elicit facts which are quite beyond dispute. But the proposed investigation could not well be hostile when Congress will have to determine, for itself and for the people at large, why its own purposes as distinctly outlined in the Railway act of a year ago have entirely failed of fulfillment. Having established that, the committee would also naturally have to inquire whether there is any other practicable solution than reduction of labor costs.

Little attention was given to the European treaty complications, and European markets gave no more evidence of concern than our own did. Sterling exchange advanced again, recovering nearly all the loss incurred since the London negotiations were broken off; its high rate of yesterday afternoon being only ¼ cent under last Monday's top figure and only 1¼ under the highest of the year. In the day's reports, the Steel Corporation's statement of orders on the books at the close of February attracted interest. The total of unfilled tonnage is the smallest since October, 1919; the decrease in February was 8½ per cent. and since last July a little over 37 per cent.

Last week the English "currency notes," the wartime paper money, increased £1,200,000, after having decreased £32,900,000 in the earlier weeks of the year. But the Bank of England's report of yesterday shows the bank's outstanding notes to have decreased £825,000 this past week, making £4,500,000 total decrease since the end of 1920. This is a pretty good showing of contraction, especially when compared with the increase, in the corresponding part of 1920, of £11,500,000 in Bank of England circulation, against only £28,000,000 decrease in the currency notes. The Bank of France reports for the past week an increase of 220,300,000 francs in outstanding notes, following an increase of 337,800,000 the week before, which brings the French paper currency to the highest figure of the year.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1921.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled all day at 7 per cent. The demand for new funds continues light. No change was noted in range for time money, both classes and all dates being quoted unchanged over prevailing rates. Bankers' acceptances and choice name commercial paper were unchanged as to rates and conditions.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last. (Wednesday's)
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@7
4, 5 and 6 months.....6¼@7
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days..7 @7½
4, 5 and 6 months.....7 @7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....7¼@7½
Other names, 4 to 6 months?.....7½
Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.
Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days 7
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call...6
Eligible for rediscounts with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¾@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....8 @7½

London Market.

Money in the London market was up ½ at 6 per cent.; short bills unchanged at 7 per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 6 11-16@6 11-16 per cent.

Gold bullion on London market was down 4d at 105s 7d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $535,307,333; balances, $51,604,483; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $44,764,146. Exchanges this day a year ago, $831,864,532.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London was unchanged at 31 5/16d per ounce. New York price for domestic bar silver unchanged at 99⅛c per ounce, the Mint price; "foreign" silver ⅝c up at 54½c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	42⅜d Jan. 5	30¾d Mar. 5
New York	68⅛c Jan. 6	53½c Mar. 6

Range for the year 1920:

London	89½d Feb. 11	38¼d Dec. 10
New York	$1.37 Jan. 12	89½c Dec. 10

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	52.61	51.35	51.52	—.76
25 industrials	83.88	82.56	82.73	—1.10
50 stocks	68.24	66.95	67.13	—.93

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Mar. 9	68.62	67.76	68.05	—.48
Mar. 8	69.00	68.06	68.53	—.17
Mar. 7	69.80	68.49	68.70	—.52
Mar. 5	69.42	69.08	69.22	+.11
Mar. 4	69.65	68.69	69.11	—.09
Mar. 3	69.72	68.86	69.20	..

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

March.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1921.	69.80	Mar. 7	66.95	Mar. 10	67.12
1920.	71.14	Mar. 11	70.40	Mar. 31	70.40
1919.	77.93	Mar. 1	76.60	Mar. 31	76.60
1918.	76.81	Mar. 2	75.84	Mar. 28	75.87
1917.	87.23	Mar. 24	86.68	Mar. 8	86.88
1916.	86.70	Mar. 18	86.47	Mar. 8	86.62

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1921.	72.33	Jan. 11	66.95	Mar. 10	67.12
†1920.	92.18	Jan. 5	75.45	Feb. 13	88.15
		Full Years.			
1920.	95.07	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	67.96
1919.	99.53	Nov. 5	69.74	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.86

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	69.76	—.11	—.71	—1.38

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Mar. 9	69.87	—.19	Feb. 28	70.15	—.05
Mar. 8	70.06	—.07	Feb. 26	70.20	—.11
Mar. 7	70.13	—.03	Feb. 25	70.31	—.21
Mar. 5	70.16	+.03	Feb. 24	70.51	—.10
Mar. 4	70.11	—.08	Feb. 23	70.61	+.18
Mar. 3	70.14	+.03	Feb. 22	Holiday.	
Mar. 2	70.11	—.08	Feb. 21	70.48	—.02
Mar. 1	70.19	+.04	Feb. 19	70.46	—.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1921.	71.60	Jan. 20	68.00	Jan. 5	69.76
†1920.	72.51	Jan. 20	69.20	Feb. 13	71.14
		Full Years.			
1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.66
1919.	79.03	June 2	71.03	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

Philippines Short of Gold.

MANILA, P. I., March 10.—The Philippine Government is unable to meet further demand for the sale of gold exchange because the Government has only approximately $1,500,000 gold dollars in the United States, it was officially announced here today.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Market Again Active and Strong, Moving Forward Under Leadership of Sterling.

The foreign exchange market again displayed unusual strength and a good degree of activity. Sterling, which was a feature, advanced to $3.90¾, and closed at $3.90¼, for a net gain of 1¾ cents. French francs also were very firm, going up to 7.18¼, at the day's best, and maintaining an advantage of 4¾ points at the close of business. Marks, which had been as low as 1.53 on Wednesday, rallied to 1.60 yesterday and finished at 1.58½ for a net gain of ¾. Other European exchanges also were higher, as a rule, and the whole market displayed a firm undertone, with most of the strength originating abroad. South American and Far Eastern exchanges were dull and quotably unchanged.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1921.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Wednesday's Final.
LONDON	$3.90¾	$3.89¾	$3.90¼	$3.88½
PARIS	7.18¼	7.14	7.15	7.10½
ROME	3.68¾	3.68¼	3.68½	3.66½
AMSTERDAM	34.35	34.25	34.35	34.20
BERLIN	1.60	1.58	1.58½	1.57¾
MADRID	14.00	13.92	13.96	13.90

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the U. S. Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Thursday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.90¼	3.89¾	3.72
Cables	3.91	3.90½	3.72¾
Com., 60 days	3.85	3.84½	3.68
Com., 90 days	3.83	3.82½	3.66
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	7.15	7.19	7.47
Cables	7.16	7.20	7.49
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.69½	3.66	5.23
Cables	3.69	3.67	5.24
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	7.47	7.54	7.90
Cables	7.48	7.55	7.91
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.58½	1.61¼	1.52
Cables	1.59	1.62	1.55
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.22	.52
Cables	.20½	.22½	.55
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.33	1.28	1.50
Cables	1.34	1.29	1.55
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	16.80	17.55	16.90
Cables	16.85	17.60	17.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.95	2.85	5.00
Cables	3.00	2.90	5.10
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.54	7.48	10.85
Cables	7.59	7.53	10.95
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	34.35	34.25	36.00
Cables	34.40	34.30	36.125
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.24¾	.23	..
Cables	.25¼	.23½	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.68½	.71	.79
Cables	.69½	.72	.82
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	16.10	16.60	17.10
Cables	16.15	16.65	17.25
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.12½	.12¼	.68
Cables	.13	.13	.70
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.38½	1.37	1.80
Cables	1.39½	1.38	1.85
SERBIA, Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.78	2.80	3.55
Cables	2.79	2.85	3.60
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.96	13.96	17.90
Cables	13.98	13.98	18.00
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	22.50	22.25	20.25
Cables	22.55	22.30	20.50
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	16.84	16.68	17.10
Cables	16.88	16.72	17.17

Far East.

	Thursday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	45.00	45.75	98.50
Hongkong, cables	45.10	45.85	98.60
Peking, demand	65.00	65.50	157.50
Shanghai, demand	59.50	60.50	145.50
Shanghai, cables	60.00	61.00	146.00
INDIA—Calcutta, cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.75	27.25	47.50
Cables	27.00	27.50	47.75
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila — Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	47.00	47.75	49.125
Cables	47.25	48.00	49.375
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin:			
Demand	35.00	35.50	..
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen:			
Demand	48.375	48.375	47.25
Cables	48.50	48.50	47.30

South America.

	Thursday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar:			
Demand	34.625	34.75	43.75
Cables	34.75	34.875	43.375
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	13.375	13.875	26.00
Cables	13.50	14.00	26.125

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	87.7	87.8	88.7

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.55	.65
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.50	.55

CHANDLER MOTORS DIVIDEND

Directors Vote $2.50 a Share, Contradicting Adverse Reports.

Directors of the Chandler Motors Company yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2.50 a share. There had been considerable speculation in financial circles as to whether the Directors would declare the payment. Reports had been circulated that the dividend would be cut in half and on the strength of these reports, the stock last week declined to 65, but recovered on favorable reports. The dividend is payable April 1 to holders of record March 18.

President Chandler issued a statement in which he said that "business for some time past has shown a marked improvement and shipments at the present time are on a very satisfactory basis and are steadily increasing. He also said that the company was in a "strong cash position, has a large volume of business on its books and has no indebtedness outside of current accounts."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1921.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1920.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.
777,550	886,985	439,225	1,429,202	1,114,295	30,603,982	50,985,129	33,267,710	29,746,272

1921. High.	1921. Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
19⅜	16	100	Advance Rumely	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼	..	16	18
52	45	200	Advance R. pf. (6)	51	51	50	50	—1¼	49½	50
30¼	25½	400	Ajax Rubber	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	+ ½	28¼	29
1½	1	200	Alaska Gold Mines	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛	1¼	1¼
2	⅞	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..	1⅝	1¾
55½	38¾	4,600	Allied Ch. & Dye	42¾	42¾	41½	41⅝	— ⅜	41⅝	42
37⅜	29¾	1,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	— ⅛	34	34¾
65½	45¾	800	Am. Agri. Ch. (¼)	48½	49⅜	48	48⅝	+ ⅝	48	49
54	46½	100	Am. Bank Note (4)	52	52	52	52	..	51	53½
51	41⅞	1,400	Am. Beet Sugar (8)	43⅜	43⅜	42½	42½	— 1	42¾	43¼
58⅜	49½	700	Am. Bosch M. (5)	53½	53½	52½	53	— 1	52⅝	53¼
32⅝	25	2,600	Am. Can	28	28¼	27½	27½	— ⅜	27½	28
127¼	120	1,100	Am. Car & F. (12)	123	123	122⅜	122⅜	— ⅝	122½	125
22⅝	19⅝	100	Am. Cotton Oil	20	20	20	20	+ ⅝	20	20¼
11	8¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather	9	9	9	9	..	8½	9
53¼	40½	1,500	Am. Hide & L. pf.	44	44½	43½	43¼	— 1⅛	43¾	43½
52	42	400	Am. Ice (4)	49½	49½	49	49	— ½	48	49½
49⅝	38½	5,800	Am. International	43¼	43⅝	41⅜	42	— 1⅛	42	42¼
10¼	8¼	300	Am. LaF. F. E. (1)	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛	8⅝	8¾
87½	81¼	1,300	Am. Locomotive (6)	86	86	85¼	85¼	..	85¼	85½
73⅛	66⅜	400	Am. Radiator (4)	73	73	73	73	+ ⅛	72½	72¾
7	6⅜	2,600	Am. Safety Razor	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅜	..	6⅜	6¾
14	8¾	4,900	Am. Ship & Com.	9⅞	9⅞	8½	9	..	8⅝	9⅛
40	35	5,100	Am. Smelt. & R. (4)	38½	38⅝	36¼	37	— 1	37	37½
83	73¼	300	Am. S. & R. pf. (7)	73¼	74½	73¼	74½	+ 1	74½	75
31⅝	29	600	Am. Steel F. (3)	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ¼	29⅜	29¾
96	88	3,400	Am. Sugar Ref. (7)	90½	91	90	90	— 1	90	90½
107¼	100	600	Am. Sugar R. pf. (7)	102	102	100¾	100¾	— 2¼	100	101
88	73¾	4,400	Am. S. Tobacco (10)	84½	84½	82	82	— 2	83	83¼
102	95¾	400	Am. Sum. Tel. (8)	102	102	101⅞	101⅞	— ⅛	101⅞	102
123⅜	114	1,100	Am. Tobacco (¹12)	116½	116⅝	115½	115½	— 1½	115½	115⅝
120¼	110	1,400	Do., Class B (¹12)	115	115	113¼	113¼	— 1⅝	113	113½
71⅞	57	6,000	Am. Woolen (7)	64	64	62⅜	62⅜	— 1¼	62⅜	63
9⅝	8½	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅛	8½	8¾
40⅝	33⅞	16,600	Anaconda Copper	36⅜	36⅝	34½	34⅝	— 2⅛	34½	34⅞
12¾	11	100	Ann Arbor	11	11	11	11	..	11	..
20⅝	20½	100	Ark. Nat. Gas (1)	20½	20½	20½	20½	— ⅛	20½	..
102⅜	94	200	Associated Oil (6)	97⅞	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝	— ¼	97½	99
84⅝	79½	5,100	Atch., T. & S. F.(6)	80⅝	80⅝	79½	79⅝	— ⅛	79½	79¾
79⅝	75½	200	Atch., T.&S.F.pf.(5)	76½	76½	76½	76½	..	76½	77
86⅛	81⅝	300	At. Coast Line (7)	82	82	81⅝	81⅝	— 1⅜	81	81½
9	6½	200	At. Fruit	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛	6¼	7
76	38½	20,600	At., Gulf & W.I.(10)	40⅝	41⅝	40	40¼	— 2	40¼	40½
44½	33½	1,100	At. G. & W. I.pf.(5)	35½	35⅝	33½	34½	— 1½	35½	35
94¼	84	12,300	Baldwin Loco. (7)	88⅝	89	87½	87½	— 1½	87⅜	87½
37⅝	31⅜	6,900	Balt. & Ohio	32½	32½	31⅝	31⅝	— 1	31⅝	32
54	48	800	Balt. & Ohio pf.	48	48	48	48	— 1	48	49
35	24⅝	500	Barnsdall, Cl.B(2½)	25	25	25	25	— ¼	24⅝	25
4⅝	2½	900	Beth. Motors	..	..	..	..	..	2½	2⅝
59¾	50½	400	Beth. Steel (5)	54	54	53	53	— 1	52	55
62½	53⅜	9,200	Do., Class B (5)	57⅛	57½	56	56	— 1	56	56½
107½	99¾	200	Beth. Steel pf. (8)	105⅝	105⅝	105¼	105¼	— ¾	105¼	105⅝
14⅛	10¼	700	Brooklyn R. T.	12	12¼	12	12	— ⅛	11⅝	12
84	70	200	Brown Shoe pf.	70½	73¾	70½	73½	+ 3¼	71	75
5½	3⅜	200	Bruns. Ter.&Ry.Sec.	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛	4	4¾
91½	81½	500	Burns Bros. (10)	86	86	85½	85½	— 2	85	86
6	4⅜	1,400	Butte Copper & Z.	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛	4½	4⅝
14⅜	10⅝	500	Butte & Superior	11⅛	11⅛	11	11	— ⅛	11	11½
20	14½	200	Butterick Co.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛	18½	19⅝
15⅝	12½	600	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	12⅝	13	12½	13	+ ¼	12½	13
64½	59½	900	Cal. Packing (6)	61	61	60	60	— 1	60	60½
42½	35	2,300	Cal. Petroleum	38¼	38¼	37⅝	38¼	..	38	38½
77½	68½	300	Cal. Pet. pf. (7)	71½	71½	71	71	— ⅛	71	72½
7½	5	800	Callahan Zinc L.(2)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛	5	5⅜
50	41½	100	Calumet & Ariz. (2)	46⅝	46⅝	46⅛	46⅛	— 1¼	45	49
119¼	110¾	6,700	Canadian Pac. (10)	111⅝	111⅝	110⅝	111	— ¾	110⅞	111
43¼	35¼	3,900	Cent. Leather	38½	38¾	37⅞	37¾	— ⅛	37⅛	37½
96	80	400	Cent. L. pf. (7)	83½	83⅝	83	83¼	— ¼	82¾	84
32½	23	9,300	Cerro de P. Cop.(2)	26⅝	26⅝	23	23½	— 3⅜	23½	24
75⅜	64	11,700	Chandler Motor (10)	70¾	72⅜	70¾	71½	— ⅜	71⅛	71¼
62½	57⅜	2,700	Ches. & Ohio (4)	59¼	59⅝	57⅝	57⅝	— 1¼	57⅝	57⅞
6½	3	300	Chi. & E.Ill.pf.eq.tr	3½	3½	3	3	— 1	3	4
9	7¼	800	Chi. Gt. Western	7¼	7½	7¼	7¼	..	7¼	7½
20⅜	16⅞	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛	16¼	17
31	23⅞	13,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	25⅝	25⅞	23	23¾	— 2⅛	23¾	23½
46½	36	9,400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	38⅝	38⅝	36	36⅜	— 2⅜	36⅜	37
71	64½	3,200	Chi. & Northw'n (5)	66	66	64½	64½	— 1⅝	64½	65
70¼	60	200	Chi. Pneu. T. (8)	60¼	61	60¼	61	— 2	61	64
28⅝	24	6,800	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	25⅝	25½	24	24½	— ⅝	24½	24¾
75	70¼	800	Do 7% pf. (7)	71	71	70¾	70¾	— 1¼	70¾	71
64	59⅞	1,200	Do 6% pf. (6)	61¾	61¾	59⅞	60	— 1¼	59¾	60
12¾	9	5,200	Chile Copper	9¾	9¾	9⅜	9½	— ⅛	9⅜	9¼
23½	19⅝	2,000	Chino Copper	20⅝	20⅞	20½	20½	— ⅛	20	20¼
62½	43⅜	500	Cluett, Peabody (6)	45	45	43¾	43¾	— 1	43¾	45
86	80	100	Do pf. (7)	80	80	80	80	— 3	80	86½
25	19	900	Coca-Cola	20½	20⅝	20½	20½	— ¼	20½	20½
30½	26⅜	500	Col. Fuel & Iron (3)	28½	28½	26⅜	26⅜	— 1⅞	26¼	28
37⅝	27½	500	Colorado Southern	33½	33½	32	32	— 2	32	33¾
63	56⅞	400	Colum. G. & E. (6)	58	58	58	57½	— ⅛	57½	58
12¾	7⅜	2,500	Columbia Graph.	8¼	8¼	8	8¼	..	8¼	8¼
83	77½	650	Consol. Gas (7)	81½	81½	80	80	— 1⅛	79½	80½
21⅞	19	1,100	Consol. Textile (3)	19¾	19¾	19¼	19½	— ⅛	19½	19¾
66	56½	400	Continental Can (7)	58	58	57¾	57¾	— ⅛	57¾	58
6	1	1,300	Continental Candy	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	..	1¼	1¾
73½	65	4,700	Corn Prod. R. (16)	70¾	70¾	69½	69½	— 1⅞	69½	69⅞
32¾	27⅝	800	Cosden Co. (2½)	27⅝	27⅝	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅜	27½	27¾
107½	73	11,700	Crucible Steel (8)	91⅝	92½	90¼	90½	— 1⅝	90⅛	90⅜
33½	27½	2,700	Cub. A. Sug. (4) x d	28⅞	28⅞	27¾	27¾	— 1½	27¾	27
26	21	500	Cuba Cane Sugar	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	..	22½	23
102	98½	1,500	Del. & Hudson (9)	101¼	101¼	98½	98½	— 3	98	98½
2¾	⅝	500	Den. & Rio Grande.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½	..	1½	1⅝
4⅝	1¼	1,200	Do pf.	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛	2⅝	..
16½	10¼	300	Dome Mines (1)	15	15	15	15	..	15	15½
7⅝	4⅜	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf.	5½	5½	5½	5½	..	5	7
21¼	17	100	Elk Horn Coal	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ½	19¼	20½
63⅜	52	500	Endicott-John. (5)	59½	59½	59	59½	— ⅝	58⅝	59
14⅞	12½	1,400	Erie	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½	..	12⅜	12⅝
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Light & Power Bonds

Because the industry is an absolutely basic one, bonds of light and power companies with established credit are among the soundest forms of investment. We advise the purchase of bonds of this type at present low prices and upon request will be glad to submit offerings which we consider particularly attractive, yielding from

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Which Type of Security Meets Your Requirements?

Our March Pamphlet summarizes the attractive features of each class of security as a guide to the investor in determining which type best meets his requirements. The discussion of Municipal Bonds, for example, explains to what extent the tax-exempt features of Municipals make them a profitable purchase for individuals of large or small incomes. Specific securities are also recommended and the trend of bond prices is discussed.

Copy of this March Pamphlet sent on request.

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U. S. STEEL ORDERS DROP 639,297 TONS

Loss in February Brings Unfilled Contracts to Low Level of 6,933,867 Tons.

CANCELLATIONS ON DECLINE

Enough Business on Hand to Run Plant Several Months at 65 Per Cent. of Capacity.

The report of the unfilled tonnage on the books of the United States Steel Corporation at the close of February shows another sharp decrease as a result of the prevailing stagnation in the industry. The loss in February amounted to 639,297 tons, bringing the total of unfinished orders down to 6,933,867 tons. This is the first time snice October of 1919 that unfinished business has fallen below the 7,000,000-ton mark, the orders on hand at that time amounting to 6,472,668 tons. The reduction reported in February had been expected in financial circles, conservative estimates last week calling for a loss of about 600,000 tons.

At the present rate of production, about 65 per cent. of capacity, the corporation has business enough on hand to continue operations for several months. According to trade advices, cancellations last month were much smaller than in previous months. The volume of new business was estimated at about 15,000 tons daily.

The record of unfilled orders on the books of the Steel Corporation at the close of each month for the last three years, is shown in the following table:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
March	9,892,075	5,430,572	9,056,404
April	10,359,747	4,800,685	8,741,882
May	10,940,496	4,282,310	8,377,623
June	10,978,817	4,892,855	8,918,866
July	11,118,468	5,578,661	8,883,801
August	10,805,038	6,109,103	8,759,042
September	10,374,804	6,284,638	8,297,905
October	9,836,852	6,472,668	8,353,293
November	9,021,481	7,128,330	8,124,663
December	8,148,122	8,285,366	7,379,152
	1921.	1920.	1919.
January	7,573,164	9,285,441	6,684,268
February	6,933,867	9,502,081	6,010,787

The record of unfilled orders was 12,183,083 tons at the close of business in April, 1917, just after the United States entered the war.

LAUDS STEEL CORPORATION.

Former Employe Takes Issue With Interchurch Commission Report.

The United States Steel Corporation is in receipt of a letter from James R. Patterson, a former employe, of Elwood City, Pa., in which he says that "shots that will be heard, if not around the world, at least throughout the length and breadth of this land, have been fired in the Interchurch Commission report on conditions in the steel industry."

Mr. Patterson says if this report had been made fifteen years ago, "when conditions in the steel industry were bad, I would give a clear-cut endorsement of their report, but being written in this new day I find fault with it and will endeavor to substantiate my claims."

The writer describes the opportunity for workmen to obtain employment at the Steel Corporation's plants. He discusses the labor situation and the open shop, the company's welfare work, education and Americanization, sanitation, safety organization, the benefits offered to employes through the offering of stock, and in general commends the corporation for its treatment to the working man.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co.Am.7		Nov., 1925	96½	96¾	7.85
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 21,'22	91	97½	..
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 23,'25	80	98½	..
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 26,'27	80	87½	..
Am Co. Oil.6		Sep. 2,'24	89½	91	9.05
Am. T. & T..		Oct., 1922	98¾	97	7.85
Am. T. & T.6		Feb., 1924	95	95¾	7.75
Am. Th'd Co.6		Dec., 1928	93½	95½	6.80
Am. Tobacco."		Nov., 1922	100	100½	6.00
Am. Tobacco..7		Nov., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.00
Am. Tobacco..7		Nov., 1923	99¾	99⅞	7.05
Anaconda Co..6		Jan., 1929	86¼	86¾	8.30
Anaconda Co..7		Jan., 1929	93¼	93¾	8.05
A. A. O., Ltd.7½		Apr., 1925	99¾	99⅞	7.55
Arm. & Co. o.7		July 15,'30	96¾	96⅞	7.45
Bell T. Can..7		Apr., 1925	94½	95	8.35
Beth. St. Cor.7		July 15,'22	98¾	99¼	7.65
Beth. St. Cor.7		July 15,'23	96¾	97½	8.25
Can. Pac. Ry.6		Mar., 1924	94¾	95¼	7.80
Cent. Arg. R..6		Feb., 1927	79	82	10.05
C., R. I. & P.6		Feb., 1922	96¼	97½	8.60
C. de P. Cop.8		Jan.,1931	102½	103½	7.50
Con. Gas. Co. of N. Y.....		Dec., 1921	99¾	100	8.00
Cudahy Pack.7		July 15,'23	97½	98½	7.50
Fed. Sug. R..6		Nov., 1924	92½	95	8.20
The B.F. Goodrich Co. cv..7		Apr., 1925	88¼	89½	..
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1921	90½	100	6.00
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1922	99½	100	6.00
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1923	94	95¼	8.00
H.J.Heins Co.7		Dec. 1, '30	97	97¼	7.35
Hocking Val..6		Mar., 1924	91	93	8.80
Int. Rap. Tr..7		Sep., 1921	68	69½	..
Kan. C. Ter..6		Nov., 1923	96¾	97¼	7.10
Kennecott C..7		Feb., 1930	91	93	8.15
Laclede Gas..7		Jan., 1929	89¼	91	8.50
Lig. & Myers.6		Dec., 1921	98¾	99	7.05
Nat. C. & S. 10-year 8		....	91¼	93	9.10
Penn. Co.....4½		June15,'21	99	99¾	6.00
Phila. Co. ...6		Feb., 1922	95¼	96¼	9.75
Proc. & G....7		Mar., 1922	100	100¾	6.75
Proc. & G....7		Mar., 1923	100¼	100⅞	6.55
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7		Mar., 1922	87	89	..
R.J.Ry'lds T.6		Aug., 1922	97	97⅝	7.80
Sears-Roeb'k..7		Oct. 15,'21	98½	99	9.05
Sears, R.& C.7		Oct. 15,'22	94½	95	10.70
Sears, R.& C.7		Oct. 15,'23	94¼	94¾	9.50
Sinc. O. C.7		May 15,'25	90¾	90⅞	10.00
Solvay & Co...8		Oct., 1927	99¼	100⅛	7.90
Southern Ry..6		Mar., 1922	95¾	96¼	10.00
S'west B. T..7		April, 1925	96¼	96½	7.90
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.) 7		Jan., 1931	101¾	102	6.20
St. Oil N. Y..7		Jan. 25,'31	101	103	..
Swift & Co..7		Aug. 15,'21	98¾	99¼	8.25
Swift & Co..7		Oct. 15,'25	96¾	97	7.85
The Texas Co..7		Mar. 1,'23	98¾	99	7.50
Utah Sec. Co.		Sept. 15,'22	88	90	..
West. El. cv.7		Apr. 19,'25	98¾	99½	7.20

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis).

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic Coast L..	1922-36	6½	7.00	6.35
Baltimore & Ohio..	1921-27	4½	7.50	6.75
Bethlehem Steel...	1921-30	7	7.50	7.00
Buf., Roch. & Pit.	1921-33	4½@5,6	7.00	6.35
Canadian Pacific...	1921-32	4½@6	7.25	6.40
Chesap. & Ohio...	1924-35	6½	6.75	6.35
Chicago & N. W..	1921-23	4½	7.00	6.35
Chic., R. I. & P..	1921-27	4½@5	7.75	6.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1921-24	5	7.12	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1921-29	5 @6	7.00	6.37
Delaware & Hud..	1922	4½	7.25	6.50
Erie Railroad.....	1921-27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
Grace Steamship..	1921-34	6	8.00	7.25
Illinois Central..	1921-27	4½@5	7.00	6.35
Do	1925-35	7	6.75	6.35
Internat. Prod. S..	1921-26	7	8.50	7.50
Louis & Nash.....	1921-23	5	7.00	6.35
Do	1922-36	6½	6.90	6.30
Michigan Central..	1921-32	5 @6	6.80	6.25
Minn. & St. Louis.	1921-27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1921-24	5	7.75	7.00
New York Central.	1921-32	4½@5	7.15	6.35
Do	1921-35	7	7.10	6.35
Norfolk & West...	1921-24	4½	7.00	6.35
Northern Pacific..	1921-30	7	7.00	6.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1921-29	4½@5,6	7.70	7.00
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-35	7	6.70	6.30
Penn. Gen. Freight.	1921-23	4 @4½	6.90	6.30
Pitts. & L. Erie.	1921-35	6½	7.12	6.35
Reading Co.	1921-27	4½	7.00	6.35
Seaboard Air Line.	1921-27	4½@5,6	7.75	7.00
Sinclair Refining..	1921	6	8.25	7.00
Southern Pacific..	1921-25	4½	7.00	6.35
Do	1924-35	7	6.75	6.30
Southern Railway..	1921-26	4½@5	7.37	6.50
Union Pacific	1924-35	7	6.70	6.25
Virginian Railway.	1921-30	6	7.25	6.50
White Oil Corpora.	1921-23	6	8.50	7.50

Certificates of Indebtedness.

Following are the closing prices bid in the open market yesterday for United States certificates of indebtedness of the different issues:

Maturity.	Per Cent.	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednes. Bid.	Asked.	Present Yield.
April	6½	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	4.87
May	5¾	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	5.25
*June	5¾	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	5.20
*June 6		100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	5.20
July	5½	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	5.38
August 6		100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	5.50
*September 6		100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜	5.50
October ...	5¾	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	5.50
*December 6		100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜	5.55

*Acceptable in payment of Federal taxes on the dates of maturity.

OIL PROFITS INCREASE.

Standard of California Netted $41.92 a Share Last Year.

The Standard Oil Company of California for the year ended Dec. 31, 1920, reports net profits after depreciation, depletion and Federal taxes of $41,655,254, which was equivalent to $41.92 per share earned on the $99,373,311 capital stock outstanding, compared with net profits of $31,062,768 or $31.26 per share earned on the stock in the previous year.

The net earnings for 1920 amounted to $59,413,819 compared with $46,566,327. There was set aside for depreciation and depletion last year a total of $9,798,565 and Federal taxes aggregated $7,960,000 leaving the balance of $41,655,254. Dividends paid on the capital stock during the year amounted to $13,912,268, leaving a total of $27,742,991 to be added to profit and loss.

SOLAR REFINING EARNINGS.

Report for 1920 Shows a Net of $1,698,206, a Gain Over 1919.

The report of the Solar Refining Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1920, makes a favorable showing as compared with the preceeding year. The report shows net earnings of $1,698,206, an increase of $46,214 over the previous year. This was equal to $84.91 a share as against $82.59 a share in 1919.

During the year the company paid $1,000,000 in dividends, an increase of $400,000 over 1919. After the payment of dividends, there was a balance of $698,206 to be added to the profit and loss surplus bringing that account up to $5,112,197.

American Chemical Calls in Bonds.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company has announced that it is ready to redeem all of its debenture bonds at 101 and accrued interest through the Guaranty Trust Company. These bonds are due on Aug. 1, but may be redeemed at the rate named with interest at any date before maturity. There are $5,035,900 of these debentures outstanding and the funds used to pay off the issue is part of the $30,000,000 recently obtained by the sale of first refunding sinking fund 7½ cent bonds.

NEW DIVIDENDS VARY.

Phelps Dodge $1, Victor Talking $10, as Against $2.50 and $10 3 Months Ago.

Numerous changes were reported in dividend disbursements of industrial corporations yesterday, some companies passing their dividends while others announced smaller distributions. The Phelps Dodge Corporation announced a quarterly dividend of $1, compared with a payment of $2.50 three months ago. The Victor Talking Machine Company announced a quarterly dividend of $10 per share on the common, compared with $15 in the previous quarter.

The Great Western Sugar Company declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the common stock and in addition an extra dividend of 2½ per cent. This, if continued throughout the year, would be equal to 17 per cent. on the common shares. During the last four years the company has paid 47 per cent. on the common stock, the distribution being 40 per cent. extra in addition to the regular annual rate of 7 per cent.

Directors of the Hydraulic Steel Company have deferred the quarterly payment on the common stock of that company. The rate had been 75 cents quarterly. It is reported that this is the first time in thirteen years that the company has failed to pay a regular quarterly dividend. The Royal Baking Powder Company has also deferred its common stock dividend. The quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the common stock of the American Agricultural Chemical Company has been declared payable in common stock, as was done three months ago. Previous to that time the dividend was paid in cash.

F. W. Woolworth Co. February Sales Grow.

The F. W. Woolworth Company reports an increase of $965,881 in sales in February, gross increasing from $8,172,381 in 1919 to $9,138,262. Sales for January and February were $17,475,983, compared with $16,648,760 in 1919.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1921.

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales	$11,083,600	$11,478,800	$11,200,500
Year to date	601,084,250	789,394,750	623,367,250

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg's.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
361½	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	90.30	90.30	90.12	90.12	—.16	90.12	90.24	4.10
	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	....	....	....	....	....	86.70	87.00	4.88
68	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	86.60	86.60	86.42	86.42	—.14	86.42	86.70	5.00
66½	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	86.96	86.96	86.88	86.96	+.40	85.90	85.96	5.14
1	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, reg.	86.60	86.60	86.60	86.60	—.30	....	....	....
1,138	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-'42	86.60	86.60	86.46	86.56	—.10	86.54	86.56	5.28
3	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1932-'47	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	..	94.00	95.50	..
1,110	—Liberty 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	90.20	90.32	90.14	90.32	+.16	90.28	90.32	5.80
1,360½	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	86.80	86.80	86.70	86.70	—.14	86.70	86.74	5.40
7	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	86.60	86.70	86.60	86.70	+.20	....	....	....
155	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	97.48	97.48	97.40	97.40	—.08	97.40	97.42	4.82
3,397	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	97.48	97.48	97.40	97.40	—.08	97.40	97.44	5.85

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Argentine 5s: 2.... 89½; 10.... 70
Chinese Ry 5s: 2.... 40¾; 5.... 40½
City of Bergen 8s, temp cfs: 1.... 94; 1.... 94¼
City of Berne 8s, temp cfs: 2.... 94; 1.... 93½; 2.... 94
City of Chris 8s, K, L & Co ctfs: 1.... 95¼; 10.... 95
City of Cop'n 5½s: 5.... 73
City of Lyons 6s: 3.... 75½; 2.... 75; 7.... 74¾
City of Paris 6s: 5.... 96; 21.... 96½
City of Toklo 5s: 1.... 56¼; 5.... 57; 5.... 58
Dan Mun s f 8s, Ser A, int ctfs: 2.... 96½; 2.... 96¾; 1.... 96¾; 2.... 96¾; 1.... 96¾; 5.... 96¾; 1.... 96¾; 3.... 97; 11.... 96½
B, int ctfs: 3.... 96½; 2.... 96¾; 3.... 97; 1.... 96¾; 3.... 97; 2.... 97; 2.... 97¼; 2.... 97
Dom of Can'a 5s, 1921: 1.... 99½; 5.... 99
5s, 1926: 1.... 99¾; 2.... 99; 5.... 99
5½s, 1929: 5.... 99¾; 1.... 99
French Gov 8s: 8.... 97; 5.... 97¼; 1.... 97¾; 2.... 97¼; 1.... 97¼; 1.... 97¼; 2.... 97¼; 2.... 97; 2.... 97¼; 4.... 97¾; 2.... 98
Govt of Swits 8s, temp rcts: 1....102¾; 2....102½; 6....102¾; 2....102¾
Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan: 1.... 82¼; 20s30t.. 82¾; 6.... 82¾; 2.... 82½
2d series: 27.... 82¼
4s, ster loan: .5.... 63¼; 1.... 64; 5.... 64½; 10.... 64¾; 10.... 64⅞; 5.... 65; 5.... 64¾; 1.... 64½; 11.... 64¾
King of Belg 6s: 2.... 89¾; 1.... 89½; 2.... 90
7½s, regts: 1.... 95½; 31.... 95¾; 2.... 96; 1.... 95½
King Belg 8s, trust rcts: 7.... 97½; 6.... 97½; 2.... 97¾; 1.... 97½; 2.... 97¾; 2.... 98
Kingitaly 6½s: 1.... 81
King Norw 8s, int ctfs: 4.... 98¼; 3.... 98½; 3.... 98½; 7.... 98¼; 2.... 98⅝
Rep Chile 8s, trust rcts: 2 c... 99¼; 18.... 99; 10 c... 99½; 5.... 99¼; 20.... 99; 15.... 99⅛; 7.... 99; 49 c... 99¼; 14.... 99
Rep Cuba 4½s: 1.... 89
Sao Paulo s f 8s, w i: 2.... 97½
U K GtB & I 5½s, 1921: 1.... 99½; 2.... 99; 5.... 99½; 34.... 99; 5.... 99½
5½s, 1922: 2.... 94⅞; 16.... 94⅝; 6 c... 95¼; 2.... 94⅝
5½s, 1929: 5.... 88½; 20.... 88¼
5½s, 1937: 3.... 86; 1.... 85⅞; 1.... 85½; 2.... 85½
US Mexico 5s: 10.... 44½; 23.... 44¾
US Mexico 4s: 1.... 32¼; 10.... 32
N Y City 4½s, 1963: 3.... 93
Adams Exp 4s: 1.... 90
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 1.... 77¼; 2.... 77½; 5.... 77¼
Am T & Trol 4s: 7.... 78½; 7.... 78¼; col tr 5s: 3.... 81½; conv 6s: 5.... 96¾; 4.... 96½; 1.... 96¾; 1.... 96¾; 4.... 96¾; 9.... 96½
A, T & S Fe gen 4s: 5.... 77¼; 1.... 77¼; 5.... 77¾; 2.... 77¼; 10.... 77¾; 3.... 77¼
adj 4s, stpd: 4.... 68¾; 3.... 68½; cv 4s, 1960: 1.... 81
Cal-A 1st & ref 4½s: 1.... 77¾
Atl C L 1st 4s: 1.... 76½
Atl Coast L 7s: 4.....101¼; L & N col 4s: 5.... 67½
Atlantic Fruit temp 7s: 1.... 63⅜
Atlan Ref deb 6½s, int cfs: 4.... 99½; 22.... 99¾
B & O p l 3½s: 4.... 80¾; 4.... 81¼; registered: 5.... 79½
gold 4s: 6.... 67½; conv 4½s: 1.... 74¾; 11.... 74
Beech Crk 4s: 3.... 81½; Bell Tel of Pa 7s, int rcts: 3....102½; 5....102¾; 3....102¾; 1....102½; Beth Stl ext 5s: 1.... 90; ref 5s: 2.... 81¾; Bklyn Edis Co gen 5s, Sr A: 1.... 78; Bklyn R T 7s, 1921: 2.... 42½; 1.... 42; c of d, stpd: 8.... 38½; 1.... 37¾; Bklyn Un El 1st 5s: 3.... 64; Bkln Un Gas 5s: 2.... 75¾; Bush Term 5s: 1.... 67¼; 1.... 68; Cal G & El 5s: 4.... 84½; Can Nor 7s, int'm rcts: 5.... 101½; 2.... 101¾; 1....101½; Canada Cem 5s: 3.... 97½; Cent Leath 5s: 8.... 90½; Cen Pac gtd 5s: 3.... 72; C & O gen 5s: 1.... 92; gen 4½s: 2.... 75¼; conv 4½s: 1.... 74¾; 11.... 74; 3.... 74½; conv 5s: 1.... 81¾; 1.... 81¾; 16.... 81¾; 2.... 81; 7.... 81¾; 1.... 81; Chi & Alt 3½s: 5.... 36½; 2.... 36
C, B & Q Jt 4s: 8.... 97¾; 3.... 97¾; 5.... 97¾; 20.... 97¾; 3.... 97¾; registered: 1.... 97½; 2.... 97½; 3.... 97½; Nebr ext 4s: 2.... 89; Chi Gt Wn 4s: 2.... 50½; 3.... 50; 3.... 50½; 25.... 50; C, M & St P gen 4s, Sr A: 1.... 68¼; gen 4½s: 2.... 73½; 1.... 74; sconv 4½s: 3.... 67; 8.... 80¾; cnv 5s, Sr B: 2.... 88; ref 4½s: 1.... 62½; 1.... 62; 6.... 62¼; 2.... 62½; 1.... 62; 2.... 62½; 6.... 62½; 1.... 62½; 2.... 62¾; 2.... 62¾; C, M & P Sd 4s: 3.... 65; C & N W 6s when issued: 6.... 99½; 2.... 99⅝; 7s: 2....102¼; 1....102; Ch Rys 5s: 1.... 62½; 2.... 62¾; C R I & P gen 4s: 4.... 69¾; ref 4s: 1.... 67⅛; 1.... 67⅜; 2.... 67⅛; 27.... 67; 4.... 67¼; C St P M & O 6s: 1....101½; Ch Un Sta 4½s ser A: 5.... 80¾; 6½s: 1.... 103½; Ch ctfs: 1....103½; C & W I temp col tr 7½s: 1.... 99¾; con 4s: 6.... 60; Chile Cop 7s: 1.... 93; col tr 6s: 1.... 68½; 2.... 69; 5.... 68¼; C C C & St L gen 4s: 1.... 67; ref & imp 6s: 2.... 88; 1.... 88½; 2.... 88; C & S 1st 4s: 1.... 80½; Comp-Tab-R s f 6s: 1.... 81¾; Con G conv 7s: 8.... 99½; 2.... 99¼; 1.... 99½; 1.... 99¾; Cuba C Sug conv 7s: 1.... 83¾; 2.... 83½; 3.... 83¾; Cu Am S Sn when issued: 10....100¾; 5....100⅝; 8....100; Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s: 2.... 78¾; 4.... 78¾; temp 7s: 2....102½; D & R G Imp 5s: 5.... 70; 5.... 69¾; 5.... 69¾; 1st & ref 5s: 3.... 45; 5.... 44¾; 2.... 44½; Det Un Ry con 4½s: 8.... 60; Duquesne Lt col tr 6s: 4.... 89; Erie 1st gen 4s: 10.... 40¾; 25.... 40½; 1st con 4s: 7.... 52½; conv 4s ser A: 8.... 57¾; ser B: 2.... 57¼; con 4s ser D: 1.... 39; 5.... 39¼; 7.... 39; Gen El deb 5s: 1.... 86; 1.... 86½; 3.... 85; 8.... 86; deb 6s: 4....100½; 1....100¾; 1....100¾; Grd Trunk Ry: 1....100⅞; 3....102; 5....101¾; 1....102; 6....101¾; 3....101¾; Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs "B": 3.... 7¼; Ho E & W T gtd 5s: 1.... 86; Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A: 1.... 65; 2.... 65½; 7.... 65; 1.... 64¾; adj inc 5s: 5.... 36; 4.... 35¾; 5.... 35¾; 7.... 35¾; 5.... 35¾; 5.... 35¾; 5.... 35¾; 6.... 35¼; 5.... 35¼; 44.... 35; 1.... 34¾; 1.... 34½; 1.... 34¾; Ill Cent temp 5½s: 1.... 91¼; 1.... 91¼; 1.... 91½; Ind Steel 5s: 25.... 89; 6.... 89¼; Inter-Met 4½s: 10.... 18¾; cfs of dep: 10.... 15⅝; 40.... 16; 2.... 15½; 10.... 16; Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s: 10.... 53; 5.... 53½; 12.... 53¾; 5.... 53; Int Agr Corp col tr 5s: 1.... 72; 2.... 72¼; Int Mer Mar'e s f 6s: 1.... 80½; 32.... 80; Iowa Cent ref 4s: 2.... 40½; 6.... 40; Kan City & P 4s: 5.... 57; K C, Ft S & M 4s: 2.... 64; Kan City So 5s: 4.... 78; 2s: 2.... 55; 3.... 54⅝; 8.... 54½; 5.... 54⅝; 1.... 54½; 4.... 54⅞; 5.... 55; Kan City Ter 4s: 7.... 70½; 9.... 70¾; Kings Co Elv 4s: 1.... 53; Lac Gas Lgt of S L ref & ex 5s: 1.... 74; Lacka Steel 5s, 1950: 1.... 75¾; 1.... 75¼; L, S & M So 4s, 1928: 5.... 83¼; 5.... 83½; Leh Val col tr 6s, t rcts: 2.... 97⅞; Leh Val of Pa con 4½s: 2.... 77; 8.... 76½; Louis & Nash Col Tr 5s: 3.... 91; gold 5s: 1.... 90; unified 4s: 1.... 81¾; 4.... 81⅞; Manhat c 4s: 1.... 56; 1.... 56¼; Mid Steel col tr 5s: 3.... 76¼; 1.... 76⅜; Mil, S & N W 1st 4s: 1.... 76½; M & St L 1st & ref 4s: 5.... 40; ref & ext 5s: 5.... 43; M, St P & S S M 1st con 4s: 6.... 70; M,K&T 1st 4s: 5.... 57¾; 1.... 57¾; 9.... 57½; 2d 4s: 14.... 86½; Mo Pac gen 4s: 1.... 53¼; 2.... 53¾; 13.... 53; 2.... 52¾; 14.... 52¼; 1.... 52¼; 18.... 52½; Mob & Ohio, St L Div 5s: 3.... 77; MontPow5s, A: 2.... 83; Morris & E 1st & ref 3½s: 1.... 68; N, C & St L 1st con 5s: 1.... 85; Nat Rys Mex pr lien 4½s: 2.... 23; N O, Tex & M Income 5s: 2.... 62½; 8.... 62¾; 8.... 62; N Y Air Br 1st 6s: 1.... 91; 1.... 91¾; N Y Cent 7s, int rcts: 13....101¼; 5....101¼; 1....101; 2....101½; deb 6s: 22.... 88; 3.... 87⅞; 2.... 87½; 5.... 87½; 10.... 87½; 1.... 87½; 1.... 88; 4.... 87⅞; gen 3½s: 1.... 67¼; 2.... 67⅜; deb 4s, 1934: 10.... 76¾; con 4s, A: 2.... 69; 10.... 68½; 5.... 68; ref & imp 4½s, A: 2.... 77⅞; L S col 3½s: 1.... 61; M C col 3½s: 1.... 61½; N Y, C & St L 1st 4s: 1.... 79; 3.... 78; 9.... 77⅞; N Y Conn R R gtd 4½s: 14.... 78½; 5.... 77¾; N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s: 1.... 64; 1.... 63⅞; non-conv deb 4s, 1956: 10.... 40¾; N Y Tel s f deb 6s: 2.... 89⅞; 2.... 89½; 1.... 89⅝; 4½s: 3.... 79½; NY, W&B4½s: 2.... 36½; 2.... 37; N & W con 4s: 6.... 75⅝; div 4s: 4.... 74½; 1.... 74; conv 6s: 6....101; 1....100¾; 11....100⅝; 10....100⅜; Nor Pac 4s: 1.... 75½; 3.... 75; Nor Pac 3s: 3.... 53¾; 1.... 53½; Nor St Power 1st & ref 5s: 1.... 77; 1.... 77⅞; Nwn Bell Tel temp 7s: 5.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 2.... 96¾; 13.... 96⅝; 7.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 7.... 96⅝; 7.... 94¾; Oreg & Cal 1st 5s: 1.... 89; 1.... 89⅝; Oreg S Line gtd ref 4s: 4.... 78½; Penn gtd 4½s registered: 2.... 99; Penn R R con 4½s: 5.... 87½; gen 4½s: 10.... 78½; 10.... 78⅝; gen 5s: 21.... 87¾; 6½s when is 44.... 99; 25.... 99½; gold 7s: 1....102¾; 1....102½; 11....102½; 1....102⅝; Penn Co gt 4s ser E: 17.... 72⅝; Peop Gas & C of Ch ref 5s: 1.... 70¾; 1.... 70½; 1st 4s: 1.... 66; Phila Co cons 5s, 1922: 1.... 92¼; C & St L gen 5s ser A: 5.... 82; Read gen 4s: 10.... 81¼; 3.... 81½; 17.... 81¼; R G W 1st 4s: 3.... 63¼; 4.... 63; R I A & L 4½s: 2.... 85¼; 1.... 66½; M & S gen 5s: 5.... 85; unif & ref 4s: 2.... 89½; 5.... 89¾; 10.... 89½; 10....100⅜; Nor Pac 4s: 1.... 75½; 3.... 75; Nor Pac 3s: 3.... 53¾; 1.... 53½; Nor St Power 1st & ref 5s: 1.... 77; 1.... 77⅞; Nwn Bell Tel temp 7s: 5.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 2.... 96¾; 13.... 96⅝; 7.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 7.... 96⅝; 7.... 94¾; Oreg & Cal 1st 5s: 1.... 89; 1.... 89⅝; Oreg S Line gtd ref 4s: 4.... 78½; Penn gtd 4½s registered: 2.... 99; Penn R R con 4½s: 5.... 87½; gen 4½s: 10.... 78½; 10.... 78⅝; gen 5s: 21.... 87¾; 6½s when is 44.... 99; 25.... 99½; gold 7s: 1....102¾; 1....102½; 11....102½; 1....102⅝; Penn Co gt 4s ser E: 17.... 72⅝; Peop Gas & C of Ch ref 5s: 1.... 70¾; 1.... 70½; 1st 4s: 1.... 66; Phila Co cons 5s, 1922: 1.... 92¼; C & St L gen 5s ser A: 5.... 82; Read gen 4s: 10.... 81¼; 3.... 81½; 17.... 81¼; R G W 1st 4s: 3.... 63¼; 4.... 63; R I A & L 4½s: 2.... 85¼; 1.... 66½; M & S gen 5s: 5.... 85; unif & ref 4s: 2.... 89½; 5.... 89¾; 10.... 89½; 10....100⅜; Nor Pac 4s: 1.... 75½; 3.... 75; Nor Pac 3s: 3.... 53¾; 1.... 53½; Nor St Power 1st & ref 5s: 1.... 77; 1.... 77⅞; Nwn Bell Tel temp 7s: 5.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 2.... 96¾; 13.... 96⅝; 7.... 96¾; 5.... 96⅝; 7.... 96⅝; 7.... 94¾; Oreg & Cal 1st 5s: 1.... 89; 1.... 89⅝; Oreg S Line gtd ref 4s: 4.... 78½; Penn gtd 4½s registered: 2.... 99; Penn R R con 4½s: 5.... 87½; gen 4½s: 10.... 78½; 10.... 78⅝; gen 5s: 21.... 87¾; 6½s when is 44.... 99; 25.... 99½; gold 7s: 1....102¾; 1....102½; 11....102½; 1....102⅝; Penn

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COPPER DOWN TO 12, LOWEST SINCE 1914

Larger Producers Still Aloof From the Market, Holding Out for 13.

FOREIGN DEMAND IS POOR

Production 110,000,000 Pounds a Month, With Consumption Only 70,000,000 Pounds.

The price of copper metal again weakened yesterday and sold down to a new low record of 12 cents per pound, this being the lowest price recorded since the early days of the World War. The declining price tells the true story of the copper trade. It is strictly a buyers' market and inquiries are few and far between and what little business is being done goes to producers and dealers who are willing to shade quotations. The larger producers are still holding aloof from the market according to the leading trade journal, at prices quoted at 13 cents per pound delivered, although it is stated that one would sell for prompt delivery at 12¾ cents.

"The amount of metal offered by certain custom and trading interests seems to more than fill all orders, so that price cutting is resorted to for the purpose of securing what business is to be had," says the journal. "Some tempting inquiries for large lots from certain electrical and steel corporations have strengthened this tendency. One large interest is freely offering prompt copper today for 12 cents delivered.

"Foreign demand is very poor, but some cash business has been done in England. The differential between standard and electrolytic in London has grown very small.

"It is evident that even with the present curtailed copper production, stocks are accumulating. One estimate we heard places production at 110,000,000 pounds per month, and consumption at 70,000,000, thus leaving 40,000,000 pounds monthly surplus."

INDIAN SPECULATORS HIT.

Falling Cotton Prices Upset Business of the Bazaars.

BOMBAY, March 8.—The recent heavy decline in cotton has hit the bazaar speculators here, who have been buying continuously on the falling market, and fears were expressed that today's settlement might result in failures. The dealers consequently requested the contract board to postpone the settlement, but this was refused and the board proceeded to fix the settlement price.

The dealers were not satisfied with this action and called a metting to decide upon their future course.

The settlement price fixed by the contract board was 257 rupees per candee (784 pounds).

1920 PUMP PROFITS DROP.

Worthington Corporation's Net Is $2,030,923, Against $3,257,064 in 1919.

The annual report of the Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation for 1920 shows net profits, after all charges, including Federal taxes, of $2,030,923, compared with $3,257,064 in 1919. After payment of dividends on both classes of preferred stock, the balance is equal to $7.07 per share on the common stock, compared with $17.29 in 1919.

In the balance sheet inventory is carried at $13,249,516, against $12,850,224 for 1919. Cash on hand increases from $2,087,000 to $2,367,000. Unfilled orders on hand at the end of 1920 are valued at $9,724,011, against $8,784,542) at the end of 1919 and $26,161,850 in 1918.

C. Philip Coleman, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders, said:

"The volume of orders booked in the early part of the year was satisfactory, but definite evidence of existing conditions became more apparent in the latter part of the year by the partial suspension of buying which then occurred, and which has continued to the present date. The total of the orders now being booked is below normal, but the volume of inquiries is large, and the hope may be justified that, with the probability of an adjustment of some of the major political and economic world problems, and with such adjustments in prices for manufactured goods, raw and semi-raw materials, and in wages as can properly be made, a resumption in buying will occur.

"Billings for the year reached a volume of $27,924,745, the major part of which was normal commercial business, and only a small portion due to the completing of war orders."

LEAD REDUCED TO 4 CENTS.

Price Below That Figure Only Once in Last Fifteen Years.

Following a temporary rally the price of lead has again been reduced to 4 cents, duplicating the low level for the year. "Lead below 4 cents per pound," states The Engineering and Mining Journal, "can only be visualized in company with unusual times, such as the beginning of the war, the panic of 1907 and similar periods."

During only one of the last fifteen years has the price dropped below 4 cents per pound for any length of time, and that was in 1914. The record of average prices follows:

1905.....	4.706	1911.....	4.420	1917.....	8.787
1906.....	5.657	1912.....	4.471	1918.....	7.413
1907.....	5.325	1913.....	4.370	1919.....	5.759
1908.....	4.200	1914.....	3.862	1920.....	7.957
1909.....	4.273	1915.....	4.673		
1910.....	4.440	1916.....	6.858		

"What is happening today in the lead market," says The Journal, "is identical with what has already occurred to other metals, such as copper, zinc and tin, with the important difference that the decline in lead follows an extended period of trading and production at abnormally high prices, so that the depression in lead has not been of the same duration as that in the other metals.

"'Lead producers must now solve some of the problems faced by the copper companies. Fortunately for them, they have no unwieldy surplus stocks comparable to those of the copper producers, and have already taken steps to cut production heavily. In fact, one of the largest lead producers in the country has taken the bull by the horns and decided, as present prices are below his cost of production, to purchase lead in the open market, it being far cheaper to follow this procedure than to mine and market lead at a loss, besides depleting a valuable asset."

China and Price of Silver.

Commenting on the course of the silver market during January, one of the large London bullion houses remarks that stocks of silver in China are so large as to be proving burdensome to the market. It adds, "Heavy sales have been made in London on China account, and America has been selling with considerable freedom in which the firmer tendency of sterling at New York seems to have assisted." Purchases for the Indian bazaars are reported as having been very considerable, but it is added that "relaxation of this demand, at any rate until a lower level is reached, is not unlikely."

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Price for Government Bonds Advances.

LONDON, March 10.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, ¼ point higher, at 46¾; British 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged, at 85; 4½ per cent. war loan, ¼ higher, at 78½.

Rand Mines, unchanged, at 2⅛; De Beers Mining, 10.

PARIS, March 10.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 15 centimes lower, at 58 francs 25 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 83 francs 95 centimes.

Exchange on London, 23 centumes lower, at 54 francs 62 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 14 francs 1 centime, against 14 francs 11 centimes yesterday.

FOREIGN BANK STATEMENTS

Reserve Ratio Higher at London, French Note Circulation Increases.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the last week:

Gold coin and bullion.....decreased		£2,656
Reserve in banking department,		
gold and notes.....increased		$23,000
Notes in circulation.....decreased		$25,000
Loans on Government securities,		
decreased		5,240,000
Loans on other securities.decreased		5,207,000
Public deposits .....decreased		355,000
Other deposits .....decreased		9,273,000
Notes in reserve.....increased		$27,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 13.75 per cent.; last week it was 12.24 per cent.; two weeks ago it was 14.99 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of 1920 was 23½ on March 17; lowest, 7.30 on Dec. 30, which was also the lowest of the war period. Highest for 1921 to date was the 14.99 of Feb. 24; lowest, 8.83 on Jan. 7.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year ago and two years ago:

	1921	1920	1919
Total gold holdings—	£128,324,486	£115,989,240	£82,435,068
Res. in bkg. dept., gold and notes—	18,299,955	31,551,970	29,476,023
Notes in circulation—	125,475,040	102,887,370	71,409,045
Public deposits—	17,880,933	18,555,097	24,354,985
Other deposits—	103,306,917	127,339,396	125,874,913
Government securities—	39,154,016	40,387,349	55,270,544
Other securities—	93,718,513	92,056,616	83,583,397
Ratio of reserve—	13.75%	21.60%	19.60%

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate was left unchanged at 7 per cent., at which it has stood since April 15, 1920. A year ago it was 6 per cent., having been advanced to that rate on Nov. 6, 1919. At this date of 1919 and 1918 it was 5 per cent., against 5½ in 1917, 5 in 1916 and 1915, and 3 in 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand.....increased			198,000
Silver in hand.....increased			1,135,000
Notes in circulation.....increased			220,300,000
Treasury deposits .....decreased			43,183,000
General deposits .....decreased			26,035,000
Bills discounted.....decreased			217,954,000
Advances .....increased			46,829,000
Advances to the State..increased			100,000,000

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	1921	1920	1919
Gold—	5,503,549,250	5,582,710,750	5,537,954,276
Silver—	263,458,495	249,031,768	314,308,922
Circulation—	38,366,247,370	38,044,792,586	35,234,005,685

Advances by the bank to the State during the week were 100,000,000 francs. The highest point which the French Bank's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was 39,644,392,000 francs, on Nov. 3, 1920; the lowest point of the present year to date was 37,808,111,370 francs, on Feb. 24. The bank's official discount rate remains at the 6 per cent. fixed on April 8, last year.

United Alloy Steel to Raise Capital.

The New York Stock Exchange has received notice of a proposed increase in the capital stock of the United Alloy Steel Company. The increase calls for the authorization of 380,000 additional shares of common stock and 50,000 shares of preferred stock.

Tobacco Co. Raises Capital Stock.

Stockholders of the Porto Rican-American Tobacco Company at their meeting yesterday authorized an increase in the capital stock from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000. The company proposes to redeem its outstanding scrip from part of the authorized increase in the capital stock.

Trade Reaction and Employment.

In Chicago the Federal Reserve Bank reports, on the basis of a questionnaire sent out last month, that the number of workingmen employed in the district decreased 20.6 per cent, as compared with the same month a year before, and the amount of payroll 17.7 per cent. Percentage of capacity of all productive plants operating in January, 1921, was 54.9, as against 61.4 in December, and 83.6 in January, 1920.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Company has issued a special booklet, entitled "United States and Canadian Equivalent Bond Prices." The exchange rate existing between the two countries has made for constantly increasing volume of bond business between the two, and the booklet tells at a glance the price the American investor has to pay for bonds in United States funds, according to the premium on our funds.

Morris & Smith, members of the New York Stock Exchange, have issued a special circular on equipment stocks.

Banca Marmorosch Blank & Co. of Bucharest, formerly located at 115 Broadway, is now located at 31 Broadway.

John McAlley Barr and Trueman C. Evarts have been appointed Assistant Secretaries at the London office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

Dresser & Escher of 115 Broadway have just issued a circular letter calling attention to Central Vermont 5s, due in 1930.

The Standard Bank announces the appointment of the following foreign representatives: Leo Gerstenang for Poland, with headquarters at Warsaw; Charles I. Cooper for Rumania, with headquarters at Bucharest; Adolph Gerstenang for Lithuania, with headquarters at Kovno.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company yesterday the retiring Directors were re-elected and Charles E. Graham, Senior Vice President, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, was elected a Director to fill a vacancy.

Vincent H. Olsen, formerly connected with Farson, Son & Co., has become associated with the brokerage firm of S. C. Mayer & Co. of 50 Broad Street.

Bond & Goodwin of New York announce that their Pacific Coast offices have been taken over by Bond & Goodwin & Tucker, Inc., who will act as their correspondents on the Pacific Coast.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Independent Warehouses, Inc., Arthur R. Manice was elected Vice President and James E. Friel Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)..5	Sept.,	1945	64	65
Belgian (restor's).5		1934	67¼	70¼
British Victory....4			292	307
British Fund 4		1960	268	283
Brit. Nat. W. L...5		1922	381	396
Brit. Nat. W. B...5		1927	366	381
Brit. Nat. W. L...5		1929	366	381
Canada 5½	Nov.,	1933	85¾	86¾
Canada 5½	Dec.,	1937	85¼	86¼
French Govt. Vic..5		1931	55¾	58¾
French Loan, '17..4		1942	47¼	50¼
French Prem.....5	Loan of	'20	68¾	71¾
French Loan, '28..5		1920	68½	71½
Italy Treas.....5		1925	34	38
Italy Treas.....5			27½	28¾
Russia, ruble bds..5½	Feb.,	1926	10	14
Russia 5½		1921	15	19
Sweden 6	June,	1939	79½	82½
Switzerland 5½		1929	81¾	82¾

UNITE COMMITTEES OF STOCK EXCHANGE

Quotations and Commissions Hereafter to Be Under Control of One Body.

ADOPTED BY GOVERNORS

Will Become Law Within Two Weeks Unless Members Vote Disapproval.

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange have approved several amendments to the constitution which were submitted to the members and which will become law within the next two weeks if not disapproved by the members under provisions of Article XXVIII. of the constitution. The main amendment calls for the formation of a "Committee of Quotations and Commissions," which will succeed the present Committee on Commissions and the Committee on Quotations, by consolidating the two and increasing the membership from five to nine. The amendment to Article XI., Section 1, covering the new committee follows:

"Tenth—A Committee on Quotations and Commissions, to consist of nine members. It shall have charge of all matters relating to quotations, and to wire connections between members and non-members, and shall approve or disapprove any application for quotations and wire connections of the character referred to.

"It shall enforce the rules relating to commissions, partnerships and branch offices, and shall report to the Governing Committee any violation of said rules or any partnership or branch office which may appear not to the interest or welfare of the exchange.

"It shall have power to appoint, dismiss and determine the number, duty and pay of all employes of said committee and of all employes of the exchange requisite to the collection and dissemination of quotations, and to make such expenditures as it may deem necessary for the conduct of its business, and shall make reports thereof to the Finance Committee."

Decline in Western Food Prices.

A statement made in the St. Louis market to illustrate the changes in staple products of that district during the twelve months ending in the middle of February, shows that in that market eggs had fallen from 50 cents a dozen to 30½, wool from 55 cents a pound to 20, tallow from 13 cents a pound to 4½, bacon from 32@35 cents to 24@26, and hides from 30 cents to 6.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for January—

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Gross	$706,173	$591,175	$470,785
Bal. after tax.	30,155	114,322	32,111
Net op. income	59,474	184,707	35,173

BOSTON & MAINE for January—

Gross	6,120,263	6,830,821	5,445,485
Def. after tax.	1,341,012	*152,006	152,771
Net op. deficit.	1,549,901	157,049	177,845

*Income.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for January—

Gross	6,960,692	7,377,259	5,347,881
Bal. after tax.	778,948	1,978,961	553,403
Net op. income	444,647	1,717,636	485,518

MOBILE & OHIO for January—

Gross	1,743,996	1,500,718	1,215,144
Bal. after tax.	78,753	*16,260	*89,307
Net op. income	105,142	14,327	*89,862

*Deficit.

PERE MARQUETTE for January—

Gross	2,404,554	3,116,812	2,473,433
Def. after tax.	292,348	*251,640	*278,618
Net op. deficit.	290,145	16,989	*215,105

*Income.

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN for January—

	1921.	1920.	Decrease.
Gross	2,152,415	2,332,118	179,703
Bal. after tax.	247,819	254,333	6,514
Total income..	312,030	404,141	91,211
Sur. aft. chgs.	127,311	285,911	88,527

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for January—

	1921.	1920.	1919.
Gross	10,692,929	14,045,676	10,126,420
Def. after tax.	360,828	*2,955,939	*926,481
Net op. deficit.	626,055	*2,479,705	*809,826

*Income.

Public Utilities.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER CO. for December—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	1,111,229	921,244	189,983
Net earnings..	458,248	479,554	*21,306
Total income..	466,747	485,715	*18,968
Sur. aft. chgs.	226,648	277,843	*51,195
12 mos.' gross.	11,477,037	9,397,453	2,080,484
Net earnings..	5,398,803	4,823,913	574,890
Total income..	5,792,737	4,922,737	871,551
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,627,007	2,675,091	*48,084

READING TRANSIT & LIGHT CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES for January—

	1921.	1920.	Increase.
Gross	348,358	343,114	6,344
Net after tax.	19,078	29,756	*9,778
12 mos.' gross.	3,032,894	2,678,762	354,132
Net after tax.	247,196	400,978	*153,782

*Decrease.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Extension	.35
Andes	.40	Florence	.03
Best Belcher	.22	Gold Reef	.04
Bullion	.12	Hasbrouck	.02
Choliar	.06	Kernick	.08
Concordia	.09	Knox	.16
Con. Virginia	.77	Midway	.02
Gould & Curry	.08	Myra	.03
Hale & Norcross	.20	Pay	.03
Jacket	.11	Revert	.08
Justice	.08	Rosetta	.02
Mexican	.18	Silver	.02
Ophir	1.62½	Verdi	.03
Overman	.30	Victory	.03
Potosi	.06	West	.10
Savage	.10	Western	.02
Seg. Belcher	.08	Zone	.18
Scorpion	.04	GOLDFIELD.	
Sierra Nevada	.09	Booth	.03
Union	.36	Consolidated	.07
Utah	.03	Crackerjack	.07
TONOPAH.		Florence	.30
Belmont	1.50	Fraction	.02
Cash Boy	.07	Great Bend	.02
Jim Butler	.15	Jumbo Extension	.07
McNamara	.15	Kewanas	.02
McNamara Cresc.	.12	Lone Star	.04
Midway	.14	Silver Pick	.02
Monarch	.04	Spearhead	.02
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.17	Arrowhead	.09
Tonopah Exten.	1.30	Boundary Min.	.10
West End	.90	Broken Hills	.20
West Tonopah	.04	Bullwhacker	.39
DIVIDE.		Croesus	1.50
Alto	.03	Hamilton	.15
Belcher	.04	Holly	1.65
Belcher Exten.	.04	Round Mountain	.16
Ben-Hur	.03	Silver Hills	.34
Brougher	.10	Simon	.43
Butte & Corbin	.02	Sterling	.03
Divide Tonopah	1.22½	Uncle Sam	.19
Dividend	.03	White Caps	.08

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1	1½	Isabella	4	4¾
Dr. J'pot	2¾	4	Mary McK.	4¾	6
Elkton	5¼	5¾	Portland	44½	46
El Paso	9	10	U. Gold M.	8	9¼
Golden C.	63	66	Vindicator	18	20
Granite	7	14	Rose Nicol.	3	5

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Wednes-day. Bid.
Celluloid	Mar. 31	2¾	4¼	3
Chesebrough Mfg.	Mar. 31	..	½	..
Loco. Storheater	Apr. 5	¼	1⅜	⅛
Reading Co.		13½	14	13½
Seaboard Nat. Bank.	Apr. 14	315	335	310
Shaw (W. W.)	Mar. 19	18	20	17½
Texas Co.		1¾	1⅞	1⅞
U. S. Envelope Co.	Mar. 19	17	21	15

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	5.24	5.30	5.20	5.30
Quicksilver	$50.00	....	$50.00	....
Aluminium	23.00	24.00	23.00	24.00
Iron, No.2X sil.	30.00	....	31.00	....

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 12c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	65	17	6	65	10	0
Copper, futures	66	5	0	66	0	0
Tin, spot	149	10	0	148	0	0
Tin, futures	153	0	0	151	0	0
Spelter, spot	26	0	0	26	15	0
Spelter, futures	26	5	0	26	15	0
Lead, spot	19	0	0	18	5	0
Lead, futures	19	10	0	19	12	6

WORLD'S HARVESTS.

Outlook for the Newly Sown Wheat, as Seen by Our Agricultural Department.

Reports of the past year's wheat harvest in the various countries, generally accepted in the grain trade, show large increase in most producing countries outside of the United States and Argentina, as against a decrease of 144,000,000 bushels in this country, of 10,000,000 in Argentina, of 21,000,000 in Italy and of 12,000,000 in Great Britain. The returns generally accepted by the trade show increase over 1919 of 97,000,000 bushels in Canada, of 98,000,000 in India, of 90,000,000 in Australia, of 54,000,000 in France, of 15,600,000 in Rumania and of 5,000,000 in Germany.

These large gains explain the failure of wheat prices to hold to their high level of a year ago. At this season of the year, however, the question of the outlook for the new crop in the various producing countries begins to be interesting. The February Bulletin of the Department of Agriculture reports from the countries producing early wheat that "in France the agricultural situation generally may be described as normal; the wheat crops, which have been benefited by the rain and have not suffered from the frost, are in excellent condition, and in the central part of France the crops are looking very satisfactory." In Germany "the rain has benefited the new seedings, and altogether the crop outlook is not unfavorable."

In Rumania "the area of Winter wheat is reported to be below normal, with mild weather recently following heavy frost and snow late in the Autumn, which prevented the completion of Autumn sowings." In Hungary "drought and frost delayed late Autumn plowing and seeding, with the result that the area of Winter cereals is much below the average." As for Great Britain, "during the early part of January rain fell more or less steadily over all parts of the country, with the weather excessively mild for January. Although rainfall was seldom very heavy, it was persistent, so that the downfall was considerable in the aggregate and the land very sodden."

Crop prospects in India are said to be generally fair, but this is perhaps rather an optimistic statement, as on unirrigated lands the outlook cannot be very satisfactory, the monsoon having been scanty and moisture lacking all the Autumn, native grains having suffered accordingly." The Argentine harvest, which is now coming to completion, is estimated to cover for wheat 15,004,000 acres, against 14,957,000 a year ago.

Trade in Czechoslovakia.

The lately estimated total import trade of Czechoslovakia in 1920 was valued at 12,400,000,000 crowns, as against 6,555,000,000 crowns in 1919. Exports in 1920 are estimated at 13,220,000,000 crowns, leaving an excess in exports over imports for last year of 780,000,000 crowns. In 1919 the exports were 5,323,000,000 crowns and the excess of imports over exports was 1,231,000,000. The Czechoslovakian crown is worth, nominally 20 1-3 cents American money, but its present exchange value is slightly less than 1 1-3 cent.

$7,000,000 Power Bonds to Be Sold.

Blyth, Witter & Co. and associates have purchased $7,000,000 bonds from the San Joaquin Light and Power Corporation of California, consisting of $5,000,000 in thirty-year unifying and refunding mortgage 7s, and $2,000,000 in one to five-year serial bonds. An offering probably will be made some time this week.

AMERICAN FOUNDRY PROFITS $6,246,496

Year's Business of $59,481,563 Largest Recorded in History of the Company.

DEPRECIATION WRITTEN OFF

President Sees Returning Prosperity When Roads Begin to Use Up Their Equipment.

The annual report of the American Steel Foundries Company for 1920 shows net profit following deduction for depreciation of $6,246,496. After $1,249,800 was set aside for Federal taxes the amount available for the stock was $4,496,000.

In remarks to stockholders on operations and his view of future operations, R. P. Lamont, President of the company, said in part:

"Our gross business for the year (including business of the Griffin Wheel Company) reached the largest total in the history of the company—$59,481,563. During the first three quarters the net earnings ran at the rate of about 10 per cent. on the above figure, or approximately $6,000,000; but, of course, we could not hope to escape the serious decline in general business which became marked during the latter part of the year; our own business began to shrink rapidly in the fourth quarter.

"At the first sign of this shrinkage we stopped all purchases, and by the end of the year had reduced our supplies and raw materials to the lowest point in many years; such materials as we had on hand were written down to market prices, necessitating a reduction in profits of approximately $1,500,000. In addition to this we took a loss on Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes of about $520,000. In spite of this heavy write-off we were able to carry forward to surplus the very satisfactory sum of $4,496,442, arrived at as follows: Earnings, after deducting manufacturing, selling and administration expenses, were $6,915,734. Deducting for depreciation $689,237 and adding miscellaneous income of $424,497, we have a total of profits and income of $6,670,994. From this must be subtracted $924,051 for interest charges, losses on securities sold, earnings of subsidiary company belonging to outstanding minority stockholdings, also $1,249,600 reserved for excess profits and income taxes, leaving net profits as above stated—$4,496,442.

"It would be difficult to attempt to forecast the results of operations for the year 1921. While under normal conditions there has been no overproduction of the things we make, the railroads—our principal customers—find themselves for the time being with more equipment than they can use. We have seen similar surpluses of equipment melt rapidly with returning normal business, and this will occur again. In the meantime we are reducing our expenses as much as possible consistent with maintaining plants and organizations in good working order."

American Advances Sugar Price.

The American Sugar Refining Company has advanced the price of sugar ¼ cent a pound, the new quotations being 8 cents for hard sugar and 7.75 cents for soft sugar.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Bergen 8s	94	94½
City of Berne 8s	93½	94½
City of Christiania 8s	95	95½
City of Zurich 8s	94½	95
Prov. of Alberta 6½s	89½	93
Argentine 5s	69½	69⅞
Belgium 6s	89	90
Belgium 7½s	95¾	96
Belgium 8s	97¼	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	99½	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	99	99½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	90	91
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	93	93¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	89½	89¼
Danish Municipal 8s, A	96½	97
Danish Municipal 8s, B	96½	97
Denmark 8s	97¼	97¾
Chinese Government 8s	40¾	40¾
Norway 8s	98½	99
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	78	79
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	75½	78
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	67	68
Dominican Republic 5s	75¾	79
City of Lyons 6s	75	75½
City of Marseilles 6s	75	75½
City of Bordeaux 6s	75	75½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	72½	73
French Government 8s	97	97¾
City of Paris 6s	96½	96¼
Government of Switzerland 8s	102¼	102¾
Japanese 4½s	82¼	82¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	82½	82¾
Japanese 4s	64¾	64
City of Tokio 5s	57	58
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	99	99½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	88¾	88¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. Ir. 5½s, 1937	85¼	85¾
United States of Mexico 5s	44¾	44¾
United States of Mexico 4s	31	32
Italy 6½s	81	81¼
San Paulo 8s	97½	97⅝

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	..	100¼	Pan 3s, c,		
4s, c, 1925	103¾	108	1961	..	80
			P I 4s, '34.	..	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	27½	30	Do pf.	105	110
A C & D pf.	89	90¾	A B & A.	3¾	4
Air Red.	35	37	Atlas T.	16	18
A A Cattles	103½	105	Aus Nich.	9¾	10
All Realty.	70	..	Do pf.	64	70
Allis-Ch M pf.	79	81	Auto Sales.	3½	5
Am Ag Ch pf.	90	100	Do pf.	9	14½
Am Ag Ch pf.	73½	75	Bald L pf.	98	100
Am Bk N	45	48	Bar Leath.	30	37
Am B Sug pf.	70	80	Do pf.	70	80
Am B S & Fdy	45	49	B'dall, A.	..	28
Do pf.	87	89	Batop, M.	¾	⅞
Am C pf.	85	87	B'ch Cr'k.	34	..
Am C & F pf.	112¼	113	Beth S 7% pf.	90	91
Am Chicle.	21	22	Booth Fish	4½	5
Do pf.	50	65	B'klyn Ed.	88	96
Am Cot Oil pf.	63	66	B R T cts.	7⅛	8
Am D S.	6½	6¾	B U Gas.	57	59½
Am Exp.	120	130	Brown Bh.	33	35
Am Ice pf.	61	63½	B, R & P.	67	74
Am Lin.	46	48	Do pf.	90	..
Do pf.	83½	86	Buff & S.	70	80
Am Lo pf.	106	108	Do pf.	41	49
Am M & G. pf.	20	25	Burns Bros pf.	105	115
Am Sm pf.	63	66	Bush Ter.	..	100
Am Snuff.	102	105	Can So.	40	45
Do pf.	75	85	Case Plow.	5¼	7
Am Stl Fds pf.	86½	91	Case (J I) pf.	80	85
Am S Tob pf.	84½	88	C R R of N J pf.	185	210
Am T & C.	45	50	C'tain-Gord.	..	34
Am Tob pf.	..	96	Do 1st pf.	..	80
ex div.	90	96	Do 2d pf.	..	70
Am Wh pf	94	95	C, B & Q.	200	..
Am Wl pf.	95½	97½	Chi & Alt.	9¼	7¾
Am Wr Pa pf.	30	32	Do pf.

Holt & Co. Will Buy

500 Amalgamated Leather
25 Consmonw'th Finance pf.
25 Continental Guar. Corp.
50 Cushman's Sons, Inc. pf.
100 General Baking pf.
50 Gulf Oil Corp.
100 Humble Oil & Ref.
25 Interstate El. Corp. pf.
50 Magnolia Petroleum
100 Mexican Seaboard
100 Ranger Gulf Corp.
100 So. Oil & Transport
100 Sonora Phonograph pf.
25 Tompkins Cove Stone pf.

Holt & Co. Will Sell

100 Amalgamated Leather
100 Atlantic Lobos Oil
100 Bush Terminal
50 Commonw'th Finance pf.
50 General Baking
25 Geo. W. Helme pf.
50 Higgins Oil & Fuel
100 Magnolia Petroleum
100 Mexican Seaboard
100 Ranger Gulf Corp.
100 Sherwin Williams pf.
50 S. O. of Indiana
1000 Times Sq. Au. Sup. scrip
100 Ward Baking pf.

Holt & Company
71 Broadway. Tel. 7060 Bowling Green

We Deal In

American Light & Traction
Commonwealth Finance Pf.
Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Metropolitan Credit Units
Metropolitan 5c-50c Stores

Foreign Government Bonds

M·S·WOLFE & Co.
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41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
Phone Broad. 25

K&C

Atlantic Gulf Oil
Common'h Finance Pfd.
Manhattan Oil
Merrill-Soule Com.

Chile 8s, 1941
Cub. Am. Sugar 8s, 1931
Humble Oil 7s, 1923
San Paulo 8s, 1936

Am. Pr. & L. Com.& Pfd.
Kentucky Securities Pfd.
Un.Lt.& Rys. Com.& Pfd.
Un. Lt. & Rys. 5s, 1932

KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street. — New York
Phone—John 6330

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

117 American-Hawaiian S. S.
100 American Trading com.
80 Bush Terminal com. & pfd.
100 Celluoid Co. "Rights"
25 Cent. Union Trust stock
25 City of New York Ins.
25 Chase Nat. Bank stock
100 Crocker-Wheeler com.
10 Del., Lack. & West. Coal
200 E. W. Bliss common
20 First Nat. Bank stock
100 General Baking com.
50 General Baking pfd.
25 Home Insurance
100 Ingersoll-Rand common
100 Kan. & Hock'g C. & C. com.
20 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 Lima Locomotive com. & pfd.
50 National Fuel Gas
100 Nat. Ice & Coal com. & pfd.
500 New Mex. & Ariz. Land
100 N. Y. States Rys. com.
25 Niles-Bement-Pond com.
200 Pyrene Manufacturing
25 Phelps-Dodge Corp.
100 Seaboard Nat. Bk. rights
50 Singer Manufacturing
500 Thurber-Whyland Products
50 Un. Theatre Eq. com. & pfd.
25 Victor Talking Machine
100 Winchester Co. 1st & 2d pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Atchison General 4s 1996
Atlantic Lobos (All Issues)
Atchison Adjustment 4s 1995
Butte, Anaconda & Pacific 5s 1944
Utah Northern 5s 1926
Kansas City Southern 3s 1950
Kansas City Terminal 4s 1960
Louis. & Jeffersonville Bridge 4s 1945
Norfolk & Western Cons. 4s 1996
Union Pacific 1st 4s 1947
Seattle Everett 5s 1939
L. & N. St. Louis Div. 2nd 3s 1980
Oregon & California 5s 1927
Dominican Republic 5s 1958
Southern Pacific Ref. 4s 1947

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
63 Exchange Place, New York
Telephones 8300-16 Hanover

Deere & Co. 7½s, 1931
Shaffer Oil & Ref. 6s, 1929
Herchey Choc. 7½s, 1930
Panama Power 8s, 1930
Lake Superior Corp. 5s, 1944
S. S. White Gen. 8s, 1930
Lukens Steel 8s, 1940
Humble Oil & Ref. 7s, 1923

McCown & Co.
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia
New York Telephone
CANAL 4845

Adams Express 4s, 1947
Arkansaw Water 6s, 1930
Ft. Worth & Denver City 6s, 1921

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
74 Broad St. — ESTABLISHED 1888 — Tel. Rector 6340
WIRE CONNECTIONS
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA., MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext.	2	3
Eagle Bl. R.	15	17
Ariz. Tip Top	4	6
Black Hawk	7	9
Boston Mont.	63	64
Calaveras	1¼	1¾
Chief Con.	2½	2⅝
Crystal, new	33	34
Dehbigh	10	11
Eagle Bl. R.	2	2¼
Eureka Cro.	1½	1⅝
Fortuna	3	4
Gadsden	40	45
Goma	5	6
Iron Blosa.	12	18
Iron Cap.	6	6½
La Rose	30	35
Majestic	10	15
Mex. Metals		50
Midway Mosa		15
Monarch		15
Mut. Div. Tr.	30	42
Nat. L. & Z.	3	3
Nixon	3	6
Rainier	11	12
Seven Metals	8	10
Silver Reef	5	6
U. V. Ext.	26	27
Yukon	⅜	1½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N.Y. Phone 6780 Rector

STATE INCOME TAX PUZZLES ANSWERED

Loss in Worthless Stock Deal of 1918 Is Not Deductible From 1920 Return.

ATTACHE'S WIFE MUST PAY

Time Payment Profits Defined—Winnings From Raffle Must Be Declared, Say Experts.

With the time limit for the filing of State income tax returns expiring on April 15, hundreds of questions are being answered daily by the New York State Income Tax Bureau. Answers to a variety of questions relating to the administration of the tax are included in a statement issued yesterday by the bureau. Some of the questions and answers follow:

A. H.—In 1914 I bought stock in the Oceanside Land Company and later in 1917 acquired additional holdings. In 1918 under the mortgage foreclosure my investment became worthless. I neglected to deduct this loss from my 1919 return. May I do so in my 1920 return? A—No. Your stock holdings in this company were without value on Jan. 1, 1919, the effective date of the State law and, therefore, such loss is not deductible in the return for either year.

Bert. B.—I am a new farmer. In my return I can't figure how to treat purchases of a calf, a horse, a cow, and five turkeys, hire of two emigrant cars for moving my family from Minnesota and fire insurance. A—Your purchases for the farm are capital investments and not deductible and your payments for the rental of the emigrant cars are personal expenses and not deductible. Your insurance premium is not deductible, if it covers your barn, but not that part which covers your dwelling.

Cobleskill—In June, 1920, I received $1,020 on maturity of a life insurance policy. What amount of this is income? A—Only the difference between the cash surrender value of the policy on Jan. 1, 1919, plus payments subsequently made on the amount which you received on its maturity.

57th Street—Due to a good market, I sold several pieces of real estate, taking small cash payments and large mortgages. How do I figure the income on these transactions? A—The entire profit or loss from these sales is income in the year of sale. The mortgages are considered the same as cash payments. If in later years you suffer losses by reason of default in payment of them, such amounts are properly deductible in that year.

Doctor—For a thesis which I submitted to a medical magazine, I received $400 and a gold medal. Are these amounts income? A—Yes.

Essex—I bought $25 worth of tickets for a raffle and and won an automobile which I sold for $1,200. What is my income? A—$1,175.

Whitehall—Am I allowed to offset my return of dividends from stocks by amount of $22.14 which the corporation pays at the source to the Government? A—No. Such amount should be included in block 22-B as additional income to you.

Buenos Aires—I am the wife of a commercial attaché of a foreign embassy living in Washington and receive $4,000 yearly from rental of a residence in New York City. Is this taxable income to me? A—Yes; it is, even though your home in Washington is considered according to court decisions the soil of the country which your husband represents.

LUXURY TAX EXEMPTIONS.

Revenue Collector Issues a List of Legal Deductions From Gross Income

Increasing experience with the Federal income tax administration is making individuals keep accurate account of their expenditures, William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue for Manhattan, said yesterday.

"If there is one thing the tax law has accomplished it is to make people keep books," said the Collector. "It is interesting to hear people trying to refresh their memories as to the amount of luxury taxes they paid—for instance, the tax on theatre tickets. I came across a man and woman debating as to when they furnished their home and how much luxury taxes they paid on the different things they bought."

Some of the department stores have notified persons who have accounts with them that they can furnish the figures on luxury taxes paid during the last year. These taxes may be deducted from gross income—not from the tax.

Mr. Edwards enumerated some of the luxury taxes which may be so deducted. Some of these are: Carpets and rugs, including fibre, except imported and American rugs made principally of wool, on the amount in excess of $5 per square yard; picture frames, on the amount in excess of $10 each; trunks, valises, traveling bags, suitcases, hat boxes used by travelers, and fitted toilet cases, on the amount in excess of $25 each; purses, pocketbooks, shopping and handbags, on the amount in excess of $7.50 each; portable lighting fixtures, including lamps of all kinds and lamp shades, on the amount in excess of $25 each; umbrellas, parasols and sun shades, on the amount in excess of $4 each; fans, on the amount in excess of $1 each.

Men's and boys' caps, on the amount in excess of $2 each; men's, women's, misses' and boys' boots, shoes, pumps and slippers, not including shoes or appliances made to order for any person having a crippled or deformed foot or ankle, on amount in excess of $10 per pair; men's and boys' necktles and neckwear, on the amount in excess of $2 each; men's and boys' silk stockings or hose, on the amount in excess of $1 per pair; women's and misses' silk stockings or hose, on the amount in excess of $2 per pair; men's shirts, on the amount in excess of $3 each.

Canada Restricts Oil Leases.

OTTAWA, March 10.—Citizens of any country whose laws deny similar privileges to citizens or corporations of the British Empire are debarred from acquiring permits or leases under the new oil regulations for the Northwest Territory, the Government announced today in interpreting the regulations. A list of the nationals so debarred has not yet been prepared.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per-iod.	Pay-able.	Holders of Rec'd.
Am. Ag. Chem...	2	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 21
Do pf	1¾	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 21
Asheville P.&L. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Assoc Oil	$1.50	Q	Apr. 25	Mar. 12
Avery & Co. pf..	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Bell T. of Can....	2	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Car Pow. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Chat. & Phoenix Bk.	4	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Cluett, Peabody pf.	$1.75	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 9
Gt. Western L.....	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Do.	2½	Ex.	—	—
Green Bay & W....	5	*	Mar. 21	Mar. 19
Hydraulic Steel pf.	$1.75	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 19
Lawyers Title & T.	½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Man. El. Sup.....	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Manila El. R.R.&L.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Pac. T. & T. pf..	$1.00	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Pitts. Pl. Glass..	2	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Wilson & Co. pf...	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Yadkin Riv. Pr. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12

*Payable in stock.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1927.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,700 ‡Acme Coal	1	⅞	1
1,300 ‡Acme Pack	4½	3¾	3⅞
200 ‡AetnaExplo, Bache ctfs	9¼	9¼	9¼
80 ‡AlumMfg pf	79½	78½	78½
1,000 ‡AmWrPaper	5	5	5
300 AutoFuelSup	57	54	54
500 ‡Brit-AmTob, coupon	12¾	12⅛	12⅜
1,800 ‡Chi Nipple	6⅝	6⅛	6⅜
50 Com Finance pf. S Dak.	48	48	48
3,500 ‡DurantMot, w i	21	20	21
6,500 ‡EmpFoodPr	2½	2⅛	2⅛
100 ‡GilSafeRaz	135	135	135
200 ‡Havana Tob	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
400 ‡Int Guild pf	7½	7	7⅛
1,100 ‡Int'cont Rub	6⅝	6¼	6⅜
100 ‡Int Tr Mark	61½	61½	61½
2,500 ‡Kay Co Gas	1	1	1

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

2,900 ‡Ang-Am O.	17¼	16½	16⅝
20 ‡St O of Cal.	297	296	297

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

40,000 ‡†Allied Oil	11	10	11
8,500 ‡Boone Oil			
3,500 ‡†Bos-W Oil			
4,000 ‡Carib Synd	6¼	5¾	6
400 ‡Colum Em	2	1⅞	2
800 ‡Denny Oil	1¼		1⅜
1,000 ‡Elk B Pet	8⅞		8⅝
200 ‡Emerich Oil	1½	1½	1½
1,500 Engin'rs Pet	1	1	1
5,000 ‡Fay Petrol	½		½
500 Federal Oil	⅜	⅜	⅜
300 ‡Glenn'k Oil	2	1⅞	2
5,000 ‡Guff-G O	13	12	12¼
100 ‡Hend F Oil	1¼	1	1¼
3,300 ‡Hudson Oil	⅝		¾
2,600 ‡Intern Pet	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝
150 ‡Kan G Oil	11¾	10⅝	11¼
1,100 ‡Maracai Oil	24	22¾	22¾
1,000 ‡MarOil of D	19	18½	18½
400 ‡Mex Eag O	24½	23½	24½
300 ‡Merritt Oil	12	11⅜	11⅜
2,900 Mexico Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,500 Al-Brit C M	½	½	½
3,600 ‡Atlanta	2	1½	1½
3,000 ‡Atlas Gold	21	19	20
4,500 ‡BelcherExt (a pros.)	4	3½	4
8,700 ††BelcherDiv (a pros.)	5	3½	5
700 Bel Ledge	¾	¾	¾
2,800 ††Booth	5½	4	5
12,000 †Bost & Mon	66	65	65
6,300 ††Caledonia	13½	12½	13½
3,500 ††Candel Sil	16½	15	16
6,300 ‡Can Mahoney	8	7	8
4,000 Con Cop'min	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
100 Con Vir Silv	8	8	8
2,900 ††Cortez Silv	71	68	71
4,500 ‡Crackerjack	9	8	9
500 Crosson Light	1	1	1
18,700 Div Ex (pr)	34½	31⅛	34
500 El Sal Silv	¾	¾	¾
4,700 Emma Silver	3	2⅞	3
185,000 ‡Eureka C M	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500 ††Eurinska Hol	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
14,500 ††Gold Z Div	19	16	18
4,200 ††Goldf Con	9	8	8½
2,500 ††Goldf Dev	2½	1⅞	2
12,700 ‡Goldf Flor	33	31	32
7,000 ††Harm D M	18	14	15
875 Hecla Min	4¼	3½	3½
800 ‡HenriettaSil	1	⅞	1
1,000 Hgwe Sound	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,520 ‡Iron Blos	⅞	⅞	⅞
3,200 ††Jim Butler	16	15	16
4,500 ††Jumbo Ext	8½	7	8
3,200 ††Kewanaa	2½	1½	2
8,800 ††Knox Div	17½	16	17

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80,000 ‡Allied Packers 6s			32	50 51
15,000 ‡Am Agr Chem 7½s			97⅛	98 97⅛
5,000 ‡Am. Light & Trac 6s			90½	90¾ 90⅜
5,000 ‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922			96⅞	96⅞ 96⅞
5,000 ‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924			95¼	95⅛ 95⅛
1,000 ‡Anaconda 6s			88⅛	88⅛ 88⅛
30,000 ‡Anaconda Cop 7s			93⅜	93½ 93½
25,000 ‡Anglo-Am Oil 7½s			99½	99¾ 99¾
9,000 ‡Armour 7s			96⅝	96¾ 96¾
9,000 ‡Beaver Board 8s, 1933			94	91 91
13,000 ‡Beth Steel 7s, 1923			97	96¾ 97
30,000 ‡Beth Steel 7s, 1935			95⅛	95¼ 95¼
5,000 ‡Canadian Nat Ry 7s, 1933			100⅝	100¼ 100¼
40,000 ‡Cerro de Pasco 8s			104	103 103
50,000 ‡Con Gas 8s			99⅞	99¾ 99¾
1,000 ‡Con Textile 7s, w i			95	95 95
38,000 ‡Cop Ex Assn 8s, 1922			100¼	99¾ 100
80,000 ‡Cop Ex Assn 8s, 1923			99¼	98¾ 99
72,000 ‡Cop Ex Assn 8s, 1924			99⅝	99¾ 99
185,000 ‡Cop Ex Assn 8s, 1925			99¼	99¾ 99
20,000 ‡Grand Trunk 6½s, new			99¼	98¾ 99
75,000 ‡Gulf Oil 7s, w i			97	97 97
10,000 ‡Helmz 7s, 1930			94⅞	94½ 94⅝
10,000 ‡Inter Rapid Transit 7s			95⅝	95¼ 95¼
1,000 ‡Louis & N. St. L 6s, w i			69	68 69
10,000 ‡Ohio Gas 7s, 1921			101¼	101¼ 101¼
4,000 ‡Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1923			99¼	99¼ 99¼
8,000 ‡Russian Govt 6½s			17½	17 17
5,000 ‡Russian Govt 6½s			17	16 17
5,000 ‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (3 yr)			18	18 18
2,000 ‡Sinclair 7½s			94½	94½ 94½
30,000 ‡Southern Rys 6s			90¾	90¼ 90¼
40,000 ‡Southwest Tel 7s			95⅝	95⅝ 95⅝
5,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1925			96½	96⅜ 96½
10,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1926			101¼	101¼ 101¼
1,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1927			101¼	101¼ 101¼
3,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1929			101⅜	101⅛ 101⅛
5,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1930			101⅝	101⅜ 101⅜
2,000 ‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1931			103	102¾ 102¾
25,000 ‡Texas Co 7% notes			104	103 103
5,000 ‡Union Tank Line 7s			98⅝	98¼ 98¼
5,000 ‡Union Tank Line 7s			100⅝	100⅜ 100⅜

‡Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Mar. 9, 50 Guffey-Gillespie pf sold at 101. March 9, high sale on Tonopah Belmont was 1⅞, and on Feb 28 sales in Arizona Globe were erroneous.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	91⅜	92½	91⅜
4½s June, 1965	91⅜	92½	91⅜
4½s Mar., 1965	91⅜	92½	91⅜
4½s Nov., 1957	91⅜	92½	91⅜
4½s May, 1957	91⅜	92½	91⅜
4½s Apr., 1966	86½	87¼	86½
4½s Mar., 1964	86½	87	86½
4½s Mar., 1963	86½	87	86½
4½s Sept., 1960	86½	87	86½
4½s Mar., 1960-30	86½	87	86½
4s May, 1959	82½	84	82½
4s Nov., 1958	82½	84	82½
4s May, 1957	82½	84	82½
4s Nov., 1956	82	83½	82
4s Nov., 1955	82	83½	82
4s Nov., 1936	86	89	86

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
3s May, 1954	74	76	74
3s Nov., 1954	74	76	74
3s Nov., 1955	74	76	74

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1933	6.00	5.00	6.00
4½s 1921-1927	6.25	5.25	6.25
4½s 1921-1923	6.00	5.00	6.00
4½s 1924-1931	6.25	5.25	6.25
4½s 1950-1953	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s 1924-1930	5.75	5.20	5.75
4½s 1921-1923	6.50	5.20	5.50
4½s 1940-1949	5.25	5.00	5.25
4s 1940-1953	5.25	5.00	5.25
4s 1926-1950	5.75	5.20	5.75
4s 1921-1925	6.50	5.50	6.50

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
710 Cities Service	239	235	237	242
1,415 Cities Service pf	67¾	67¼	67½	68
946 Cities Service pf B	67⅝	67¼	67½	68
2,826 Cities Service bk. shares	27⅞	27⅝	27½	28
$13,200 Cities Service deb. B	130	125	125	130
51,500 Cities Service deb. C	94	92½	92¾	94¾
48,250 Cities Service deb. D	85	84	84	86
435 Empire Gas & Fuel pf	84	83	83	85

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	103	
Am Gas & Elec pf	36½	37⅜
Am Light & Traction	103	105
Am Light & Trac pf	81	84
Am Power & Light	50	52
Am Power & Light pf	66	70
Am W W & Electric	3	5
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	38	40
Am W W & E partic	6	7½
Appalachian Power	2	4
Appalachian Power pf	23	28
Carolina Power & Light	26	30
Colorado Power	9	12
Colorado Power pf	72	79
Columbus Electric pf	54	58
Com Power, Ry & Lt	12½	15
Com Power, Ry & Lt pf	33	35
Conn Power pf	72	77
Eastern Texas Electric	72	77
Eastern Texas Elec pf	67	73
El Paso Electric	88	92
Federal Light & Trac	6½	7½
Federal Light & Tr. pf	41	45
Galveston-Houston Elec	28½	32

	Bid.	Asked.
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	67	71
Miss River Power	11¾	13¾
Miss River Power pf	75	80
Northern States Power	45	49
Nor States Power pf	78	83
Northern Texas Elec	68	71
Northern Texas Elec pf	67	
Pacific Gas & Elec	19	21
Puget Sound Pow & Lt	17½	18
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	58	60½
Republic Ry & Light	6	8
Republic Ry & Light pf	17	20
Southern Cal Edison	90	91
South Cal Edison pf	100	104
Standard Gas & Elec	110	112
Tampa Electric	35	36
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	7	8
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	5½	6½
United Light & Rys	52	55
United Light & Rys pf	58	58
Western Power	24½	25½
Western Power pf	69	71

BONDS.

Miss River Pow 5s, '51	76½		77½
Miss River Pow 7s, '35	90		91½
Nor States Pow 5s, '24	75½		76
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	81		86
Seattle Elec 5s, '29	79		82
Stand Gas & E 6s, '50	70		75
Stand Gas & E 7s, '21	95		99
Stand Gas 6s, '26	81		86
Tampa Elec 5s, '53	78		
W States G & E 5s, '41	74		79

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
Am Brass	185	195	185
Am Chicle	20	25	20
Do pf	58	63	58
Am Cyanamid	22	27	22
Do pf	50	55	50
Amal Leather	9	20	9
Do pf	30	68	30
Am Light & Trac	103½	105½	104
Do pf	81	84	81
Atlas Powder	131	137	132
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	107	109	107
E W Bliss	33	37	32
Borden & Co	84	86	84½
Do pf	87	90	88
Childs Co	98	101	98
Do pf	93	97	93
Du Pont	137	142	135
Do pf	75	77	75

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
Am Cigar	83	91	87
Do pf	82	85	82
Am Tobacco scrip	100	102	102½
Geo W Helme	154	160	154
Do pf	94	96	95
MacA & Porbes	104	109	104
Do pf	83	86	83
P J Young	95	105	95
Do pf	91	98	91

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	35	40	35
Central Aguirre	70	73	70
Central Sugar	4½	6½	4½
Do pf	27	32	27
Fajardo	86	90	86
Federal Sugar	98	103	98
Do pf	98	103	98
Godchaux	17	22	17
Do pf	68	75	70

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Week-ago. Bid.
Great Western	205	230	215
Do pf	102	108	102
Holly	20	28	24
Do pf	68	75	73
Nat Sugar Ref	123	130	123
Savannah	15	20	14
Do pf	57	62	55
West India	85	89	85

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
420 Allied Ch&D	42¾	42	42¾
170 Allis-Chalm	34⅝	34¼	34⅜
30 Ajax Rubber	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜
50 Am Beet Sug	44	42¾	43⅝
450 Am Can	28¼	27⅝	27⅞
70 Am Car & F	122¾	122¾	122¾
45 Am H & L	9½	9	9¼
170 Do pf	44⅝	43½	43⅝
460 Am Int Corp	43¼	42	42
110 Am Locomo	85⅝	85½	85½
455 Am Safe Raz	6⅝	6¼	6⅜
625 Am Ship & C	9⅞	9	9
680 Am Sm&Ref	39	38⅜	37
210 Am Sugar	91¼	90	90¼
685 Am Sum Tob	84⅜	83	83
970 Am Woolen	64¼	62¾	62¾
110 Am Zinc	6⅝	6¼	6¼
1,780 Anaconda	36⅛	35	35
685 Atchison	80⅝	79¼	79½
2,870 A, G & W I	41¼	40	40⅜
2,380 B'dwin Loco	88⅛	87¾	88
320 Balt & Ohio	32⅜	31⅝	31⅝
50 Beth Motors	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
485 Beth Stl, B	57½	56¼	56½
60 Bosch Mag	58¼	53¼	53¾
30 B'klyn R T	13¾	12¾	13¼
25 Daly-West	3¼	3¼	3¼
675 Davis-Daly	6	6	6
220 East Butte	8¼	8¼	8¼
100 Indiana	50	50	50
60 Isle Royale	20	20	20
50 Mass Cons	2¼	2¼	2¼
50 May-Old C	3¾	3¾	3¾
10 Michigan	2¾	2¾	2¾
105 Mohawk	47	46	46
10 Bost & Alb	125	124	125
60 Boston Elev	64	63¾	63¾
Do pf	82	82	82
87 Boston & Me	22	21	21
20 Amoskeag	87½	87½	87½
200 Am Pneu	3⅜	3	3
10 Do pf	12	12	12
25 Am Sugar	90¼	90¼	90¼
45 Do pf	101¼	101	101
430 Am Tel	102¼	102	102
75 Am Wool	64¼	63¼	63½
96 Do pf	96½	95½	95⅝
50 Atlan Gulf	41	41	41
10 Atlas Tack	17	17	17
200 Boston Mex	30	30	30
77 Eastern Mfg	21¼	21	21
10 Edison	160	160	160
28 Gen Elec	131¼	130	130
223 Gorton	6½	6	6½
740 Gray	14	13¼	13⅝
98 Greenfield	34½	34¼	34⅜
23 Int Cot Mills	40	40	40
100 Int Big Hole	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
12 Int Cement	21	21	21
205 Int Products	7¼	7¼	7¼
20 Island Oil	3½	3½	3½
$5,000 Atchison 4s	77½	76½	76½
4,000 A G & W I 5s	57	57	57
2,065 Abitibi	39½	38½	39
50 Atlantic Sug	30	30	30
740 Brompton	35½	34¾	35¼
75 Can St'ships	28¼	28¼	28¼
25 Con Smelt	18	18	18
25 Dom Glass	58	58	58
2,270 Dom Steel	39	37½	39
320 Laurentide	82¼	82	82
450 Kay T & R	15⅝	14½	14⅝
150 Lack Steel	52	51¾	51¾
190 Leh Val	51¾	50¾	50¾
30 Loew's, Inc	17⅜	17¼	17¼
140 Loft Candy	10¾	10¾	10¾
5,520 Mex Pet	156⅝	154⅝	155
110 Miami Cop	17	16⅞	17
245 Midvale Stl	30½	29¾	29¾
1,

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To Holders of Debenture Bonds Issued by

The American Agricultural Chemical Company

In conformity with Paragraph 15 of a certain indenture made by the American Agricultural Chemical Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, dated the 2nd day of February, 1914, notice is hereby given that The American Agricultural Chemical Company has elected to call in and redeem, and does hereby call in and will redeem and pay at the office of said Trust Company, 140 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the next date on which interest on said debenture bonds shall become due and payable (August 1st, 1921), all its debenture bonds outstanding on said date at One hundred and one per centum (101%) of the face value thereof and accrued interest.

Holders of debenture bonds may, at their election, deliver the same on or at any time prior to, said date, to the Trust Company at its New York office, and on making such delivery with all coupons attached thereto will receive payment for said bonds at the above rate with all interest accrued thereon.

Dated March 11th, 1921.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
By THOS. A. DOE, Treasurer.

THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD & LIGHTING CORPORATION

Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year First Lien and Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article Sixth of the Mortgage and Deed of Trust executed by The Manila Electric Railroad and Lighting Corporation to the undersigned as Trustee, dated September 24, 1903, offers are hereby invited for the sale of the above named bonds to the Sinking Fund to exhaust the sum of Sixty-six Thousand Four Hundred Seventy-eight Dollars and Eighteen Cents ($66,478.18), at a price not to exceed 105% and accrued interest. Offers will be opened by the undersigned Trustee at 12 o'clock noon, March 15th, 1921. Offers should be addressed to the Trust Department. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated March 8th, 1921.

DIVIDENDS.

Certain-Teed Products Corporation

SECOND PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 17
St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors have declared this day the seventeenth quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per centum (1¾%) on the Second Preferred stock of Certain-teed Products Corporation, payable April 1, 1921, to Second Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business March 21, 1921. Checks will be mailed.

ROBERT M. NELSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Certain-Teed Products Corporation

FIRST PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 17
St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors have declared this day the seventeenth quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per centum (1¾%) on the First Preferred stock of Certain-teed Products Corporation, payable April 1, 1921, to First Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business March 21, 1921. Checks will be mailed.

ROBERT M. NELSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

The Chatham & Phenix National Bank

of the City of New York

A quarterly dividend of $4 per share upon the capital stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors, payable April 1, 1921, to shareholders of record at the close of business March 19, 1921. Transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., March 19, 1921, and open at 1 A. M. April 1, 1921.

B. L. HASKINS,
Vice-President and Cashier.

New York, March 10, 1921.

UNITED LIGHT AND RAILWAYS COMPANY

Davenport-Chicago-Grand Rapids

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 42

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the First Preferred Stock on account of the surplus earnings, on April 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, March 15th, 1921.

First Preferred Stock transfer books will reopen for transfer of stock certificates at the opening of business March 16, 1921.

L. H. HEINKE, Secretary.

March 8, 1921.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company

New York, March 10, 1921.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company (No. 63) has been declared payable April 15, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, March 21, 1921.

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Common Stock (No. 38) has been declared payable in scrip convertible into Common Stock at par on April 15, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, March 21, 1921. THOMAS A. DOE, Treasurer.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, Inc.

Preferred Dividend No. 33

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 9, 1921.

The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of $1.75 per share on the Preferred Stock, payable April 1, 1921, to all holders of record March 21, 1921.

Cheques will be mailed.

ISAAC KAUFMANN, Treasurer.

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc.

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 33

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents per share on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable April 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 21, 1921. Checks will be mailed by the Columbia Trust Company.

A. GILLESPIE, Treasurer.

Troy, N. Y., March 9, 1921.

H. R. MALLINSON & CO., INC.,

136 Madison Avenue,
New York City.
March 10, 1921.

Preferred Dividend No. 6.

The Board of Directors of this corporation has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable April 1st, 1921, to Stockholders of record at close of business March 21, 1921.

E. IRVING HANSON, Treasurer.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording Company

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

The Board of Directors of this company have today declared a regular quarterly dividend of $1 per share, payable April 11, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 25, 1921. Transfer books will not be closed.

March 8, 1921. J. S. Ogsbury, Treasurer.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION

Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share has this day been declared upon the 7% preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable April 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th, 1921.

H. F. KROYER, Treasurer.

March 4th, 1921.

AMERICAN CAN CO.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1921, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 19th, 1921. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks will be mailed.

R. H. ISMON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY,

25 Broad Street,
New York, March 3, 1921.

The Board of Directors of Utah Copper Company has this day declared a quarterly distribution of $1.00 per share, payable March 31, 1921, to stockholders of record at noon, March 12, 1921.

C. V. JENKINS, Treasurer.

THE PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO

The Board of Directors has declared the regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the preferred stock of the Company, payable April 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 18, 1921.

E. C. PEARSON, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

E. & B. Jewelry Case Co., has dissolved partnership this day Feb. 21, 1921. Mr. Beekman has taken over the interests of J. Hankin and is responsibility for all debts and liabilities.

L. BEEKMAN.
J. BANKIN.

THE firm of Solomon & Juster of 132 West 23d St., has dissolved partnership this day, March 10, 1921. JACOB SOLOMON.
LAZAR JUSTER.

COTTON DROPS, BUT OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT

Market Activities Indicate Real Southern Liquidation Is Ended and the Crisis Passed.

The cotton market displayed a sagging tendency yesterday. With the exception of a rather brisk, but extremely short lived, rally in the early afternoon, the trend was distinctly downward. However, the market looked better than it has in some time. There was little pressure from the South, and, from the way the market acted, it looked as if the real Southern liquidation were ended.

It is, perhaps, too early to say definitely that the Southern situation has come out of all its difficulties, but the market of the last few days would seem to indicate that the crisis had been passed. There is danger of renewed selling, but the danger is not so serious now as it was. This is real betterment, and with the manufacturing trade already pointed upward, the outlook for cotton is better than at any time in months.

Yesterday's market was characterized chiefly by extreme dullness. There was little trading at any time and there were occasions when the business came almost to a standstill. At the opening prices were down 9 to 18 points and the list sagged until early afternoon, when it moved close to the closing prices of the day before. Then there was another downward reaction and the list sold off about 25 points, on the average, for all of the active trading months. In this decline March, which was almost stagnant, lost only 18 points, but the closing bid was down 28.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	11.40	11.47	11.40	11.30	11.58
May	11.90	12.03	11.80	11.81@11.82	12.08
July	12.44	12.48	12.27	12.30@12.31	12.52
Oct.	13.00	13.05	12.83	12.83	13.00
Dec.	13.18	13.20	13.05	13.05@13.06	13.30
Jan.	13.28	13.30	13.12	13.10@13.12	13.37

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 30 points to 11.60c middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 12.00c, unchanged; New Orleans 11.00c, unchanged; Savannah 11.50c, unchanged; Augusta 10.75c, down .13; Memphis 11.50c, down .50; Houston 10.85c, up .10; Little Rock 11.50, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	14,786	13,612	40,976
Exports	17,979	1,760	45,311
Exports, season	3,405,749	3,404,955	4,637,509
N. Y. stocks	125,514	124,146	51,724
Port stocks	1,417,091	1,415,763	1,345,862

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 7.03d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, of which American 3,000. Imports, 3,000 bales, of which American 2,000. Future opened quiet 7 to 10 points up and closed barely steady, 8 to 14 points down on the day. Prices, March, 7.21d; May, 7.41d; July, 7.63d; September, 7.79d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths, were quiet, but irregular.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	5.95	5.83	5.89	5.84	14.47
July	6.35	6.25	6.30	6.24	14.68
September	6.70	6.61	6.67	6.63	14.47
December	7.03	6.99	7.03	7.04	14.42

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	5.30	5.27	5.30	5.30
July	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50

COMMODITY PRICES.

Markets Show Mixed Trend Excepting in Metals, Where Weakness Continues.

The conspicuous spots of weakness in yesterday's wholesale markets were found among the metal group, where new low record prices were touched in copper and iron No. 2X, Philadelphia. Most of the other staples showed a mixed trend, some scoring net gain and others at declines. In the grains, flour, Minnesota, dropped 25 cents per barrel, wheat, corn and oats remaining unchanged. In the groceries, coffee advanced ⅛ of a cent per pound, and sugar ¼ of a cent per pound. In the dairy products, butter receded 1 cent per pound, eggs unchanged. Lard, in the provisions declined 10 cents per 100 pounds, others unchanged. In the metals, iron No. 2X, Philadelphia declined 50 cents per ton, to a low for the year, copper ⅛ of a cent per pound, to a new low for the year, and since 1914. The advances in this group are: lead 5 cents per 100 pounds, and tin, class A, 25 cents per 100 pounds. In the textiles, spot cotton declined 30 cents per 100 pounds, printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

FOODSTUFFS.	Mar. 10. 1921.	Mar. 3. 1921.	Mar. 10. 1920.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.88¼	$1.91	$2.35
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.88	.89¼	1.78¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.57	.57¼	1.03
Flour, Minn. patent	9.25	9.75	14.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06	.06¼	.15¼
Sugar, granulated	.08	.07¾	.14
Butter, cream., 92 score	.49	.53	.66½
Eggs, fresh-gath. firsts, per dozen	.34	.36	.45
Lard, prime	12.35	12.45	21.75
Pork, mess	31.00	31.00	42.00
Beef, ♦ family	28.00	28.00	21.00
METALS.			
Iron, 2X, Phila	28.00	28.50	46.50
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	60.00
Lead	4.25	4.05	9.25
Copper	12.00	12.25	18.75
Tin	28.00	28.75	61.00
TEXTILES.			
Cotton, mid. upland	11.60	11.50	41.00
Printcloths	.04¾	.05	.15

Highest and lowest prices for the year 1921 to date are as follows:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat	$2.12	Jan. 12	$1.78¾	Feb. 3
Corn	.96¾	Jan. 3	.82	Jan. 31
Oats	.60¾	Jan. 3	.52	Feb. 3
Flour	10.50	Jan. 13	9.00	Feb. 5
Coffee	.07¼	Jan. 12	.06¾	Mar. 9
Sugar	.08	Jan. 3	.06¾	Feb. 3
Lard	13.85	Jan. 7	11.95	Feb. 21
Butter	.57	Jan. 3	.43	Feb. 8
Eggs	.79	Jan. 17	.34	Mar. 9
Pork	32.50	Feb. 2	29.00	Jan. 11
Beef	29.00	Jan. 28	26.00	Jan. 3
Iron	33.25	Jan. 25	28.00	Mar. 10
Steel	43.50	Jan. 4	43.50	Mar. 10
Lead	5.25	Jan. 10	4.00	Feb. 28
Copper	13.00	Jan. 4	12.00	Mar. 10
Tin	39.50	Jan. 10	27.75	Mar. 9
Cotton	18.25	Jan. 10	11.50	Mar. 7
Printcloths	.06	Jan. 19	.04¾	Mar. 7

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,041 packages. Market lower and unsettled, supplies exceeding demand, ladles and packing fairly sustained. Creamery higher than extras, pound, 48¾@49c; extras, 93 score, 47½@48c; firsts, 90@92 score, 46@47c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 46@45c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 33@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 51½@52c; extras, 50¼@51c; firsts, 48@50c; seconds, 37@42c; held or storage extras, 44@45c; firsts, 39@43c; seconds, 36@38c; lower grades, 27@29c; Danish casks, fresh, 47@48c; State dairy tubs, finest, 46@47½c; good to prime, 40@45c; common to fair, 28@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 34@28c; seconds, 23@24c; lower grades, 21@22½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 23@23½c; No. 2, 22c; lower grades, 18@21c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 42,479 cases. Market still unsettled; firsts ranged chiefly 32@33½c, fancy held for more; seconds, 30c. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 35½@36c; extra firsts, 34½@35c; firsts, 32@34c; seconds, 30½@31½c; dirties, No. 1, 29@30c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 26@28c; State, Pennsylvania and near-by Western, fancy selected, extras, 44c; extra firsts, 42@43c; firsts, 39@41c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 39@43c; under grades, 37@38c; Pacific Coast, whites, firsts, 41@43c; under grades, 39@40c; pullets, 35@36c; other Western, 36@38c; Southern, gathered whites, 35@40c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery browns, extras, 38@40c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 35½@36c; firsts to extra firsts, 32@35c; duck eggs unchanged.

BREAK COMES IN WHEAT AT CLOSE

Strong at the Start, but Lack of Outside Support Shifts the Market at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Wheat stocks in all positions in the United States on March 1, as officially reported, were 320,000,000 bushels, 18,000,000 bushels less than last year. The stock of wheat in interior elevators and mills is 82,000,000 bushels, against 118,000,000 bushels last year, a decrease of 30 per cent. The Government consolidated report was somewhat larger than suggested by the private estimates, the latter having been for around 310,000,000 bushels.

Lack of outside buying was entirely responsible for a break in wheat, after the market had shown fair strength early; and, after a range of 2¾@3¾ cents, the finish was within a fraction of the bottom, with net losses of 1½@2¼ cents, May leading and going to 9 cents under the March.

Some of the largest buyers of the previous day were active sellers today. The general run of news was favorable to higher prices, but the market has a way of ignoring the reports and reversing its action every few days. The continued lack of outside trade is regarded as mainly responsible for the erratic fluctuations.

Hedges were removed here against sales of 208,000 bushels hard Winter via the Gulf, with indications of a much larger business, but the leading handlers were unable to confirm the reports of 600,000 bushels being sold to France from the seaboard and messages claimed that Argentine grain had been taken at 15 cents a bushel discount under American. Why Argentina cannot do a large export business at such a big discount is more or less of a mystery to the trade.

The Oklahoma weekly weather and crop report confirmed reports of damage to wheat by green bugs in that State, and the bugs seem to have spread over a wider territory the last week, but, taken as a whole, the damage is not severe as yet.

As is usual when the grain markets have had a decline, sentiment after the close was bearish, with the trade inclined to believe that general economic conditions would cause a still lower range, despite all reports tending to indicate better conditions.

Country offerings continue extremely light, and messages from Kansas indicated that mills there were paying a premium as compared with Kansas City prices. Around half the Minneapolis receipts were Canadian, going direct to mills. The Seaboard took 550,000 bushels.

Cash corn in all positions in the West yesterday and today was at 11¼ over May, track Baltimore and there were orders here for around 500,000 bushels more. Discounts in the sample market were ¼ cent lower, as compared with the May. Despite smaller receipts, corn closed ⅛@¾ cent and oats 2¾ cents lower.

Primary receipts of wheat of 759,000 bushels compared with 690,000 a week ago and 520,000 last year. Shipments were 700,000; week ago, 425,000; year ago, 553,000.

Corn receipts were 1,516,000; week ago, 1,998,000; year ago, 685,000, and shipments, 970,000; week ago, 995,000; year ago, 422,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	$1.69	$1.66¼	$1.66¼	$1.68
May	1.60½	1.57⅛	1.57⅛	1.60

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝	71⅛	1.49
July	73⅝	72⅝	72⅝	73¼	1.43

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May	45⅝	44⅝	44⅝	45⅝	83¼
July	46⅛	45¼	45⅞	45⅝	76⅛

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May	1.44¾	1.42¼	1.43¾	1.40	1.73½
July	1.26½	1.24¼	1.24¼	1.23⅝	1.68

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close	Prev. Close.	Prev. Last Year.
May	12.35	12.12	12.17	12.20	21.62
July	12.72	12.57	12.57	12.52	22.25
Ribs—					
May	11.97	11.80	11.85	11.85	18.60
July	12.35	12.20	12.20	12.20	19.07
Pork—					
May	22.35	21.95	21.95	21.95	

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Seventy-three new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $2,222,250, were chartered today. They include:

H. I. Hymans, Manhattan, lumber, $25,000; C. E. Hill, H. I. Hymans, J. Strauss, 1 Union Place, Brooklyn.

Volz & Olsen, Whitestone, autos, $10,000; M. J. O'Leary, J. Olsen, A. Volz, Whitestone.

Homo Chemical Mfg. and Importing Co., Manhattan, $150,000; G. J. Bidtel, P. Richter, B. Schmidt, 937 East 166th St., Bronx.

Bronx River Supply Co., Bronx, building and contracting, $25,000; F. C. Asparrini, J. V. Troisi, C. di Biasio, 1,954 Honeywell Av., Bronx.

Warren F. Johnston, Manhattan, realty, $5,000; J. N. and W. B. Dressler, W. F. Johnston, 99 Nassau St.

Nonpareil Trading Co., Manhattan, gold and silverware, $10,000; R. Cohen, H. Greenberg, J. Bregman, 233 Broadway.

Caramel Candy Co., Manhattan, Brooklyn, drugs and chemicals, $5,000; B. Levine, R. Adler, A. S. Fischer, 3,957 West 7th St., Brooklyn.

Fermar Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Heidelberger, R. Marshall, A. Ferguson, 227 East 56th St.

Kemper & McLaughlin Co., Utica, engineering and construction, $5,000; J. and A. M. Kemper, A. J. McLaughlin, Utica.

Carman Tire Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Hillman, L. and J. Weiss, 215 Audubon Av.

Dillon & Gallagher, Manhattan, trucking, $5,000; W. G. Dillon, W. H. and J. J. Gallagher, 431 West Broadway.

241 West Fiftieth Street, Manhattan, $100,000; N. April, A. Gross, A. B. Stupel, 114 West 44th St.

Syers & Boyle Corp., Brooklyn, motor vehicles, $10,000; G. J. Syers, V. R. and T. A. Boyle, 3,130 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

States Dominion Corp., Manhattan, grocers, $5,000; F. B. Beebe, A. C. Brauninger, E. Isaac, 2 Rector Street, Brooklyn.

Pride Garment Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $40,000; I. A. Husik, M. Ansell, A. C. Smith, 320 Broadway.

Howe & Howe, Buffalo, realty and insurance, $10,000; H. and H. F. and A. H. Howe Jr., Buffalo.

Delco Hosiery and Underwear Co., Manhattan, 700 shares of preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $75,000; F. and W. Merton, L. J. Frey, 120 West 93d St.

United Waist Band Co., Bronx, $20,000; H. Cohen 8. Sonde, B. Kaplan, 394 East 184th St., Bronx.

Eastman Optical Shop, Manhattan, 420 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $47,000; B. Bernsteicker, G. F. Hollister, S. Eastman, 12 Maiden Lane.

Globe Productions, Manhattan, motion pictures, $200,000; H. L. Gates, G. Perry, A. Rock, 220 West 42d St.

Des Palais Bronx, printing, $10,000; A. Bernstein, H. Schoenfeld, M. Dess, 1,686 Clay Av., Bronx.

William Phillips Interior Woodwork, Bronx, $10,000; L. Blanchert, J. Anthony, W. Phillips, 292 East 137th St.

Artistic Braziers Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Kahn, L. Rocke, M. Shapiro, 270 Broadway.

Ninepeth Sand and Gravel Co., Queens, $20,000; D. D. Deutsch, G. Adelman, V. Fernandes, 785 Columbus Av.

Madison Avenue Jewelry Shop, Manhattan, $5,000; B. Gottlieb, J. and A. Trachtenberg, 735 Madison Av.

Edward A. Davis Printing Co., Manhattan, 400 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 600 common; active capital, $60,000; R. Kay, A. Delmnayer, St., 1,947 Third Av., Bronx.

Carlwill Amusement Co., Manhattan, $20,000; C. Cohen, W. J. and L. Bloch, 15 West 38th St.

James A. Miller, Manhattan, chemicals, $20,000; E. H. Reichman, C. Pechner, J. A. Miller, 368 Greenwich St.

Sobel Lunch Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; H. Cherrnay, S. and L. Sobel, 1,847 Prospect Av.

Schratwieser's Garage, Lynbrook, $10,000; M. Grady, M. Pollini, C. Schratwieser, Lynbrook.

Wonder Household Product Co., Manhattan, household utensils, $5,000; F. Meshirer, H. K. and N. Levy, 362 Fifth Av.

Ironclad Paper Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Kohn, J. J. Nankin, N. Meyerson, 370 Manhattan Av.

Merit Thread Co., Manhattan, $15,000; M. and C. Elkind, I. Taub, 582 Beck St., Bronx.

Star Nursery Reed Works, Manhattan, furniture and rugs, $10,000; L. L. Ross, J. M. Gioia, C. T. Desanctis, 327 East 16th St.

Fowler Fisheries Co., Manhattan, sea food, $650,000; F. M. Van Wagonen, D. R. and F. M. Baldwin, 27 Pine St.

Brazilian Refining and Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $400,000; F. Chamie, J. T. Coggins, J. E. Strowbridge, 812 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

Bradley Waist and Dress Co., Manhattan, $15,000; H. Ross, M. H. Reuben, S. Kantor, 200 West 134th St.

Weston Art Galleries, Manhattan, paintings, &c., $10,000; A. and F. Wetzler, M. Einstein, 1,020 Lexington Av.

Marion Building Corp., Manhattan, $40,000; M. Bogdanoff, W. and H. A. Goidel, 324 East 4th St.

Admirable Clothes, Manhattan, $150,000; A. Mishkoff, H. Goldberg, J. Levy, 544 West 157th St.

Rebuilt Motor Car Export Corp., Manhattan, $30,000; M. and D. Paris, R. Coughlan, 220 West 109th St.

All Klean Manufacturing Co., Queens, make polish &c., $10,000; C. and C. Cunningham, Jr., R. Lee, Queens.

Sea Breeze Bodgem Co., Rochester, amusement rides, $20,000; G. Long, A. Neloe, C. M. Walker, Rochester.

Berje Co., Jamaica, realty brokerage, $10,000; W. A. McLaughlin, S. and H. Berje, Jamaica.

L. Kasdan & Co., Manhattan, real estate brokerage, $5,000; I. and E. Block, L. Kasdan, 1,267 University Av.

Unger Brothers, Bronx, jewelry, $75,000; J. and C. K. and A. Unger, 35 St. Nicholas Terrace.

W. & Z. Hat Works, Manhattan, millinery, $5,000; A. Weissman, G. Zablud, A. Orgel, 129 East 115th St.

White Eagle Sausage Co., Buffalo, $10,000; J. Bojanowsky, W. Trybalski, S. Mazur, Buffalo.

Surf Cigar Store, Manhattan, $5,000; M. Steinberg, M. Fried, I. Spring, 1,230 Brook Av., Bronx.

Columbia Cooperage Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; D. Atanasio, A. W. Locke, C. Tutone, 1,838 West 8th St., Brooklyn.

Hopkins Publishing Co., Manhattan, $300,000; A. P. Simonds, G. M. McKown, O. D. Hopkins, 120 Riverside Drive.

Carter Clothes Producing Corp., Manhattan, theatres and phonographs, $250,000; A. Begg, G. A. Conroy, J. J. Mangini, 228 Hoyt St., Brooklyn.

Louis St. Galante & Co., Manhattan, millinery, $40,000; M. Bodenheimer, R. Rosenberg, L. D. Galante, 228 West 42d St.

Paramount Audi. Co., Manhattan, $7,000; N. Schoenberg, F. Friedman, D. Nadel, 61 West 117th St.

L. & C. Lunch Co., Brooklyn, $32,000; S. and I. Chodorkoff, C. H. Levy, 712 Amsterdam Av.

Rival Knitting Co., Brooklyn, $30,000; L. and S. Seligman, W. D. Jagendorf, 240 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Arlon Shirt Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. and H. and A. Blumberg, 2,004 5th Av.

Hudson Forwarding and Shipping Co., Manhattan, $50,000; J. and C. Friedenberg, G. J. Agrati, 17 State St.

Ellicott Building Corp., Jamestown, $100,000; H. Dow, R. W. Skinner, H. S. Manley, Jamestown.

Shongood & Hart Co., Manhattan, auctioneer and broker, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 450 common, no par value; active capital, $102,250; A. McKenna, L. Levine, A. Hart, 27 East 95th St.

Fur Auction Market, Manhattan, $25,000; D. Abrams, V. Deutsch, R. Epstein, 600 West 174th St.

A. & Z. Trucking Co., Manhattan, $20,000; T. W. and J. E. Morrell, G. Bishoff, 107 West 113th St.

Hoffert & McKenna, Manhattan, real estate agent, $20,000; C. M. and E. Hoffert, C. J. McKenna, 43 Cedar St.

Jaburg Brothers, Manhattan, bakers, $2,000,000; H. A. Kroder, H. and H. Jaburg, Hotel Belleclaire.

Empire Soda and Luncheonette, Manhattan, $10,000; M. H. Stein, L. Gross, E. Smith, 764 9th Av.

New Art Shirt Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Buckerman, A. Olitzky, B. Rosenstein, 427 East 70th St.

New York Contract Purchase Corp., Manhattan, buy accounts and contracts, $100,000; C. W. Appleton, A. K. Baylor, T. Beran, 1,230 Broadway.

United States Salvage Association, Manhattan, marine surveying, &c., 2,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,000; L. F. Burke, W. W. Parsons, E. C. Jameson, 9 East 59th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Llondale Shirt Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Lekas & Drivas, Manhattan, $50,000 to $400,000.

Seventy-first Street Hotel Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $300,000.

Alpha Electric Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

Chile Steamship Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $5,500,000.

Jacob Bikoff & Co., Brooklyn, $5,000 to $35,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Tompkins & Miller Co., Buffalo, $150,000 to $300,000.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Eastern Lumber Co., Minnesota.

DESIGNATIONS.

National Mercantile Marine, Maryland, $100,000; Rep., H. Lee, 11 Broadway.

E. V. Connett & Co., N. J., hats, $2,000,000; rep., F. P. Edgar, 1,107 Broadway.

Lehigh Coal Corp., Del., certificates, $350,000; rep., J. Gooch Jr., 25 West 23d St.

Clyde Iron Works Sales Co., Minn., new rep., N. E. Otterson, 145 Centre St.

NAME CHANGES.

Locomotive Superheater, Del., to Superheater Co.

The Square Auto Supply Co., Manhattan, to Consolidated Distributors.

Buffalo Deaconess Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Buffalo, to Methodist Home for Children.

Girard Finance Corp., Manhattan, to Seaboard Finance Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Times Square Shoe Shop, Manhattan.

Consumers Sales Co., Manhattan.

Walter L. Brown Hardware Co., Oneonta.

Victor Gypsum Co., Rochester.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, March 10.—Charters filed today:

Mary Lincoln Candy Corp., $10,000,000; Arthur W. Britton, George V. Reilly, Austin H. Smith, New York.

Diamond Petroleum Corp., $6,000,000; Frank J. Jackson, Julia S. Jones, Arley B. Magee, Dover.

United Stores of Pennsylvania, $3,000,000; E. E. McCloud, E. M. Little, L. T. Taylor, Cleveland.

Merchants and Planters Sugar Co., $3,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Traverse Oil Co., $31,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Miles Scranton Theatre Co., $1,800,000; as above.

McPhee Cement and Foundry Supply Corp., $1,000,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

J. C. Hennis Co., $500,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Cotten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Stadens Naturopathic Institution, Inc., $500,000; M. M. Lucey, V. P. Lacey, M. D. Kylen, Wilmington.

Moulton Producting and Refining Corp., $300,000; George Wrobleski, Roman Kaczmarek, E. York Ames, Buffalo.

William Penn Theatre Corp., $300,000; Spino Kosmos, James Johnson, Washington, Pa.; James Delas, Greensburg, Pa.

Liberty Transit Co., $150,000; C. J. Keck, W. E. Mosher, H. L. Ellis, Jr., New York.

O-Zem Corp., $100,000; George Cascaden, Wray C. Arnold, Philadelphia; Frank A. Cabeen Jr., Haverford, Pa.

Globe Industries Corp of Delaware, $100,000; M. M. Lucey, M. D. Kylen, V. P. Lacey, Wilmington.

Union Sand and Manufacturing Co., $100,000; M. M. Lucey, V. P. Lacey, L. S. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Excelsior Beverage Manufacturing Co., $50,000; Andrew G. Roberts, Philadelphia; V. P. Lacey, M. M. Lucey, Wilmington.

National Cement Block Products Co., $25,000; John W. Magee, Joseph L. Magee, F. N. Newbry, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fabrice Service Corp., $25,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Florentine Wine Importing Co., $25,000; Nathaniel Guy, J. Edward Rattley Jr., John H. Albert, Washington.

William H. Byers & Co., $10,000; William H. Byers, Harold R. Milliken, East Washington, Pa.; Andrew E. McKee, Waynesburg, Pa.

Argonne Shirt Co., $5,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernor Pimm, E. E. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Miles Academy Theatre Co., $2,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Miles Arcade, Inc., $2,000; as above.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Beckwith Morley Co., New York; $30,000 to $150,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 10.—New charters granted:

Newark Umbrella Frame Co., Montclair, to manufacture, $125,000; Augustus L. Friedman, Joseph L. Murphy, Michael S. Fiala, Montclair.

Hull Supply Co., Passaic, auto accessories, $100,000; Peter J. Wynne, Clifton, John Hanley, Thomas E. Duffy, Passaic.

All-American Brokers, Newark, real estate and insurance, $500,000; James S. Kelly, Robert M. Feely, New York; John A. Hastings, Brooklyn.

Andrew Wilson, Springfield, florist supplies, $60,000; Russell Morrison, M. Ruch Wilson, Andrew Wilson, Springfield.

Arnold Construction Co., North Plainfield, $50,000; Walter Arnold, Edmund H. Arnold, North Plainfield; Louis H. Zimmer, Hartford.

Clensol Chemical Co., Salem, $100,000; Isaac Castelli, Louis O. Burg, Ethel E. Cushing, New York.

Miller Lumber Co., Newark, $100,000; Frank B. Miller, Robert G. Miller, Horace Taulman, New York.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

STEWART, MAXWELL & SMITH, INC., exporting commission business, at 3 Rector St., has assigned to William M. Smith. The company was incorporated in 1918. Charles A. Stewart is its President.

WILLIAM CHARIFSON, dealer in dry goods, at 827 East 180th St., has assigned for the benefit of creditors to Max Thuna.

FREDERICK SCHLESINGER, agent for sewing machines, at 201 East Eighth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, listing liabilities of $23,715 and no assets. Principal creditors are Lawyers' Mortgage Co., $7,438, and Aaron Goldstein, $

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yest'd'y 7⅛ to 7¾ per cent. for the best names Wednes. 7⅛ to 7¾ per cent. for the best names The quotations are for six months' paper.

Ready-to-Wear Deliveries.

Retailers find that, instead of improving, deliveries of women's ready-to-wear have grown somewhat worse. Dresses and waists are the two items causing most trouble, the former because of a good demand and the latter because of the recent interference with production through labor troubles. Buyers' representatives charged with the task of keeping after deliveries are making no efforts to place orders, but are picking up such merchandise as comes through for immediate shipments. Otherwise, it is said, they would probably be a long time in getting any part of the supplies they need.

Garment Jobs Not Plentiful.

Jobs of women's garments for after Easter sales are not so plentiful, and the price cuts taken by manufacturers do not amount to very much. Cotton dresses are said to be an exception to this rule, and wholesalers owning surplises are willing to let go at substantial reductions. Silk dresses are understood to be held very firmly, and some recent canvasses of the market indicate only a small average holding of perhaps fifty or seventy-five extra garments not covered by orders. The reason cited why reductions on jobs do not amount to the customary quantity is that manufacturers were figuring closely when they first made prices and cannot afford the usual cuts.

Gray Goods Sales Few.

Important sales of gray goods in this market yesterday were conspicuously few. In the light of recent developments on the other side, buyers seem unwilling to trade, the situation being not wholly unlike that which marked the early days of the war. Memories of the cheap cotton and low cloth prices of those days seem to be causing buyers to hold off, but with nothing like the justification that then existed. Of the business done yesterday that was worthy of comment, practically all was done in printcloths. The feature was the break of 39-inch 68-72s to 7⅝ cents. For 38½-inch 64-60s buyers again paid 6⅝ cents, and they also duplicated business in 38½-inch 60-48s at 5¾ cents.

Small Dealers Unwilling Losers.

Reports made by traveling salesmen who have lately returned to this city from Spring trips indicate an almost universal unwillingness on the part of merchants in the smaller cities and towns to take losses on stock bought at prices higher than those now current. The smaller the town the greater the apparent unwillingness of the merchant to reduce his prices. Especially is this attitude true where non-branded goods, on which their customers are not so well posted as to price revisions, are concerned. A case was told of yesterday of a shoe merchant in a New York State town who had reduced his prices $1 a pair, with the result that he was asking from $3 to $4 a pair more for his stock than the same shoes would cost here. The large volume of consumer buying held up by retailers of this type is alleged to be one of the reasons why business is not better.

Slow Piece Goods Production.

With a more satisfactory trading basis established all around, the woolen mills are greatly encouraged over the outlook. There is, however, one factor that is causing concern, and that is the concentration of demand on certain constructions. In connection with this, fancy back overcoatings are the most talked of and furnish greatest speculation. Already, there are mill agents willing to predict that the sale of such goods has been overdone and will react detrimentally on the interests of the industry. On the other hand, it is pointed out that fabrics of this description are difficult to weave and that a too plentiful supply will not show up to unsettle the trade. The advice given to buyers is to be sure of the quality of goods they are buying, and to prefer reputable sellers even though a little higher price has to be paid.

Want Gray Kid Gloves.

A demand that is yet to be satisfied, according to those who have sought such merchandise, is the business offered in women's imported gray kid gloves. For some reason or other, the thought seemed to strike many retailers at the same time of purchasing gloves of this description. They are desired in any of the popular lengths, including two clasp, strap wrist and twelve button patterns. Glove men assert that only a small portion of the kid produced will take a gray glace finish, and that the business is too uncertain to warrant going after it strongly. It was the opinion of some that 2,000 dozens would cover the entire retail demand, and that the manufacturers or importers would be foolish to figure the amount of business according to the inquiries made.

The Question of Skirt Lengths.

From the views of garment buyers it seems that style developments, where skirt lengths are concerned, will have a distinct bearing on the progress to be made by the Directoire mode, just introduced. As stated before, if this fashion should gain headway it might prove of distinct benefit to the sale of suits. The angle now brought to bear on the question, however, is that skirts will first have to become longer before the way will be smoothed for accepting the Directoire, as that design does not appear to best advantage with a short skirt.

Denim Prices Not To Change.

Prices made on the indigo denims of the Cone Export & Commission Company on Jan. 8 will continue in force on goods for delivery during April, according to an announcement made here yesterday. The prices in question are based on 17 cents for 2.20-yard "white backs" and 14½ cents for 2.40-yard "double and twists." When originally made they covered January and February deliveries only. Later, however, they were extended to March shipments, and will now apply to April deliveries as well. To certain factors in the market, who had been looking for still lower prices, the announcement was something of a surprise. The manufacturing trade regarded it as welcome news, however, in that merchandising plans based on the prices concerned will not be disrupted by a change.

Raw Silks About Unchanged.

The Yokohama raw silk market continues steady at unchanged prices, and a good demand is reported for size 20-22, both in white and yellow silks. H. L. Gwalter & Co., report stocks on hand there at 39,000 bales, against 11,000 bales last year and 27,500 bales in 1919. The Canton market is active and stronger, with only 1,000 bales of old season's silk left of the quality suitable for export to the country. A premium of 30 cents a pound is now being paid for old silks over the prices asked for new crop silk for April shipment. Recent fluctuations of exchange have brought Shanghai silks into the interest of American buyers, and the market is more active than it was. Milan continues with a good demand for American account, and stocks of good silks are limited. Demand in the local market is broadening visibly.

Will German Hosiery Come?

One of the things that was said to have been a factor in causing the hosiery sold here at auction on Wednesday to bring such good prices was the possible removal from competition with American merchandise of exports of German hosiery from the Chemnitz district as a result of the allied occupation. Even if the goods did come through, it was asserted, the enforcement of the proposed 12½ per cent. export tax on them would make a material difference in their landing cost in this country. However, there is more reason for believing that the prices obtained at the sale were due to the ability of many of the buyers present to buy goods more cheaply there than they could get them through the regular channels of trade. This is shown by the amount of buying done by the smaller retailers, who ordinarily would have to get the goods through a jobber.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Meetings of the notions and toilet goods buyers of the Dry Goods Alliance will be held at 404 Fifth Avenue on Tuesday next.

Announcement was made yesterday that the business of Patterson, Gottfried & Hunter, hardware, 211 Centre Street, had been taken over by Manning, Maxwell & Moore, Inc., 119 West Fortieth Street. The absorbed firm was in business here for thirty-two years.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.: J. M. Hassett, aprons, children's dresses; basement; 37 West 26th (E. M. Soatman).

ATLANTA, Ga.—Bloch & Co.: H. Bloch, silk, white serge, skirtings; 1,161 Broadway, room 411.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; W. F. Coggins, notions, leather goods, toilet goods; 554 4th Av.; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—N. Rosen & Co.; N. Rosen, women's suitings; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—W. A. Korb, carpets, rugs, linoleums; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—L. Greif & Brother; D. L. Greif, clothing materials; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Oriole Dept. Store; M. E. Gundersheimer, furn. goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; B. R. Reid, dress goods, silks; 354 4th Av.; Broztell.

BALTIMORE—Pioneer Cloak Mfg. Co.; P. Dupkin, mfrs. suits, cloaks; 1,204 B'way; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Ryan, silk sweaters; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; Miss G. Cohen, junior's coats; Miss C. Murphy, div. mdse. mgr., misses' and juniors' wear; 1,164 Broadway, 3d floor.

BOSTON—Leopold Morse Co.; P. H. St. Armour, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Killam, women's costumes; 10 E. 32d.

BOSTON—Smith Taylor Apron Co.; W. L. Taylor, ginghams, percales; 200 5th Av., room 510.

BOSTON—J. Reiner, A. Reiner, children's coats; J. Reiner, children's; juniors' dresses; 34 West 27th.

BOSTON—Brodé & Bagran; S. B. Broudé, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.; Pennsylvania (United Garment Buyers).

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; C. Durant, men's, boys' clothing; 200 5th Av.; Broztell.

BRADDOCK, Pa.—Katz & Goldsmith; S. E. Francis, women's ready-to-wear; 3 W. 29th.

BUFFALO—The Globe; J. Alpern, clothing, furnishings, hats; Breslin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—S. Mendelsohn & Co.; A. Mendelsohn, silk skirtings; 1,161 B'way, Room 411.

CATTLETTSBURG, Ky.—The D. H. Carpenter Co.; D. H. Carpenter, general mdse.; Bristol.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; G. E. Johnson, piece goods, men's, young men's clothing; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, women's, misses' wash, silk dresses; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; H. Simon, frames, trimmings; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's; Z. Dicker, house dresses, underwear, children's dresses; 912 B'way, 11th floor.

CHICAGO—S. Phillipson & Co.; M. Segal, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; B. L. Sloan, dress goods, silks, notions, wash goods; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—H. Ostrowsky Co.; B. Shulman, notions, laces, millinery; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Stone Bros.; J. T. Stone, notions, neckwear, jewelry, hair goods; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHICAGO—L. Klein; H. Wolf, furn. goods; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHICAGO—A. E. Anderson & Co.; E. Anderson, uniforms, suitings; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Leavitt Bros.; I. Leavitt, representing; 1,270 B'way, Room 418.

CHICAGO—Hart, Schaffner & Marx Co.; J. C. Hart, men's suitings; 200 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Edson, Keith Co.; J. J. Hollahan, untrimmed hats; W. E. Knudsen, ribbons, silks, velvets; 225 5th Av.

CHICAGO—C. Levine, children's coats; 1,161 Broadway.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn.—N. V. Gerhort's Sons; I. P. Gerhort, dry goods; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—M. Einsel Co.; M. Einsel, cloaks, suits, children's coats; 31 Union Square; Woodward.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; J. W. Bauer, mdse. manager; 1,150 Broadway, Pennsylvania.

COLUMBUS.—O. F. & R. Lazarus Co.; A. Jacobs, men's clothing; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green & Co.; L. Pollok, ready-to-wear; 333 7th Av.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; J. Donenfeld, ready-to-wear, basement; R. Plumer, rugs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DENVER, Col.—Denver D. G. Co.; E. N. Wood, mdse. manager; 200 5th Av., Room 336.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; J. Ritter, jobs silk waists; 303 5th Av., Room 1038.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; E. G. Aruffe, carpets, rugs, linoleums; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).

DETROIT—Newcomb Endicott Co.; W. G. Whipple, linens, blankets, domestics, wash goods, draperies; 200 5th Av., Room 1150.

FORT WORTH, Texas—L. G. Gilbert; D. Gilbert, silk, taffeta dresses, 2-6, 8-14 years; 117 West 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Brown-Belk Co.; T. B. Brown, ready-to-wear, genl. dry goods; 120 W. 32d. (A. Fanti).

GOLDSBORO, N. C.—A. A. Joseph, clothing, furnishings; Pennsylvania.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss K. D. Sheean, muslin underwear, shirtwaists; J. J. Egan, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; umbrellas; G. D. Allan, suits, dresses; Miss K. M. Rice, ribbons; Miss I. L. Keene, representing; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; S. H. Polman, house dresses, petticoats, basement; M. P. Slonin, men's, boys' clothing; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

HAZLETON, Pa.—P. Delsroth's Sons; A. Y. Delsroth, suits, coats, dresses; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; L. L. Harris, hosiery, notions, laces, handkerchiefs; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

INDIANA, Pa.—L. Brody, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Guggenheimer & Co.; O. S. Engledove, furnishings, notions; 352 4th Av.; Kirby, Block & Fischer).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; F. M. Spear, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

NEW ORLEANS—C. A. Haufman Co., Ltd.; E. Levy, shoes; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

NORFOLK—Watt, Rettew & Clay; Mrs. L. Newbery, millinery; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; D. La Pre, men's furnishings; 432 4th Av.

PARIS, Texas—J. O. Pirtle Co.; J. O. Pirtle, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Herman & Co.; A. Herman, woolens; Grand.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Weinstein & Co.; J. Weinstein, hosiery; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—B. F. Dewees; Miss E. G. Christie, laces, trimmings; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; P. L. Cohen, Mrs. D. J. Long, Miss J. Pincus, Miss M. Hayes, millinery; Miss B. McClain, misses', juniors' coats, suits; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; M. Hershkowitz, draperies, curtains, upholstery; Miss Moffatt, high-grade trimmed hats; 404 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—S. Heuman, wool piece goods; Pennsylvania.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Mr. Toor, millinery; 621 B'way, Room 628.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—M. Halff & Bro.; D. Merkin, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard, Room 200; Cumberland.

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Holzwasser, Inc.; J. T. Vaughn, boys', men's clothing, furnishings; 252 4th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Mrs. K. Maurer, specials, muslin and silk underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SCRANTON, Pa.—Hagen & Wagner Co.; W. H. Hagen, domestics, flannels, blankets; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Irwin, Inc.; H. Katzman, jobs suits; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Irwin, Inc.; H. G. Katzman, jobs suits; 276 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—N. Friedman & Son; H. A. Friedman, children's Fall coats; 3 West 29th (Merchants Buyers Syndicate).

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Mrs. E. Sherman, jobs women's high-class suits; Miss A. Becker, jobs women's high-class coats; 1,107 B'way, 5th floor.

ST. PAUL—The Golden Rule; A. S. Kurtz, jobs silk dresses; 3 W. 29th.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch; Mr. Freedman, jobs coats, hosiery; I. B. Tully, jobs coats, suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

UTICA, N. Y.—Paul Jacobson, coats, suits, wraps, dresses; McAlpin.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Palais Royal; C. F. Werner, gloves, hosiery, underwear, cheap cotton underwear; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

WASHINGTON—L. Freedman, silk hosiery, waists, jersey bloomers; 220 5th Av., Room 914.

WICHITA, Kan.—Cohen-Hinkel D. G. Co.; F. Bernstein, jobs silk and kid gloves; 116 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

WORCESTER, Mass.—J. C. McInnes Co.; Miss E. Reider, representing; 432 4th Av.

BUILDING TRADE IMPROVES.

February Expenditures $77,840,102, Gain of 32 Per Cent. Over January.

There appears to be some improvement in the building trade, according to Bradstreet's records of building permits. These show a total expenditure at 146 cities for the second month of the year of $77,840,102, a decrease of 25 per cent. from February a year ago, but a gain of 32 per cent. over January this year.

In connection with this decrease from February a year ago, it needs to be observed that the decrease in January from the like month a year ago was 53 per cent., and the falling off in December was 52.8 per cent. In fact, it is necessary to go back to July last year to find a smaller decrease from the like month a year ago than was shown for February. An additionally favorable feature of the February as contrasted with the January returns is that while only one group, New England, shows a gain over February, 1920, only one group, the Western cities, shows a decline from January this year.

Weather In Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Weather forecast:

Ill.—Increasing cloudiness Fri.; rain, colder Sat.

Mo.—Increasing cloudiness Fri., becoming unsettled by night; Sat., rain, colder.

Wis.—Unsettled Fri., followed by rain or snow at night and Sat., colder.

Minn.—Snow, colder Fri.; Sat. fair, cold.

Iowa—Cloudy Fri., rain or snow by night and Sat., colder.

N. Dak.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; colder Fri.

So. Dak. and Neb.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., probably snow; colder Fri.

Kan.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., probably rain or snow; colder Fri.

Mont.—Probably snow Fri.; Sat. fair; continued cold.

Wyo.—Probably snow Fri. and Sat.; colder Fri.

N. C., S. C.—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Fri.; unsettled on coast; Sat. cloudy.

Ga.—Fair in interior, cloudy and warmer on coast, Fri.; Sat. unsettled.

Fla.—Generally cloudy Fri. and Sat.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Increasing cloudiness Fri., followed by showers Fri. night and Sat.; mild temp.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair, warmer Fri., followed by showers Fri. night or Sat.; colder Sat.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Fri.; Sat. cloudy, unsettled.

Ind.—Cloudy, warmer Fri.; Sat. unsettled, colder, probably rain.

Lower Mich.—Partly cloudy in s., rain or snow in n., Fri.; Sat. unsettled, colder, with snow in north.

Upper Mich.—Snow Fri.; Sat. clearing, colder.

WHEAT IN SLIGHT DECLINES.

Stores at Mills Smaller, but on Farms Larger Than a Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Stocks of wheat in country mills and elevators March 1 aggregated 81,946,000 bushels, as compared with 117,950,000 a year ago, a reduction of 30 per cent., according to Department of Agriculture estimates today.

Wheat stocks on farms were estimated at 208,000,000 bushels, as compared with 165,000,000 a year ago, and the visible supply at points of concentration, 30,000,000, as compared with 56,000,000 a year ago.

The total in sight was 320,000,000, as compared with 336,000,000 a year ago.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS Wanted—Olive drab serge, for cash. Schlesinger, 45 East 8th.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 329 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2899.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Tan, Pekin and Reindeer; any quantity. Tuchman, Meyer & Co., 22 West 27th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American, Normandy, or similar; any quantity; any color; cash. Fitzroy 2138.

BOLIVIAS and Velours Wanted—Quantity no object. Supreme, 100 West 26th St.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All colors, also American 112, broadcloth. Spring 4846.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 18078; all colors. Phone Spring 8076.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—Redfirn Costume Co., 22 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Fall coats, children's, juniors' and ladies'. Rear elevator, 115 West 30th St., 9th floor.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES Wanted—Retailer, popular priced. Call Monday, Harlie's, 226 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

COATS, Dolmans Wanted—Cash for 5,000; any quantity jobs, sample lines, entire stocks. Watkins 5154.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking juniors', children's, infants' Spring coats. I. F., 15 East 30th.

COATS, WRAPS, CAPES Wanted—Spring, sizes 2 to 6 and 8 to 14. Bijou, 48 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Fall ladies' and misses' coats all day. 9th floor, 62 West 21st.

COATS and Wraps Wanted—Jobber placing large orders. 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at silk coats all day Friday. 116 West 29th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted—Placing order on sport coats. Harry Frank, 40 West 27th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Exporters, miscellaneous stocks, hosiery, underwear, &c. Huise Bros., Daniel Co., 16 West 22d.

COTTON Wanted—Black and white checks; also remnants; large quantities; must be cheap. Longacre 4532.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Organdies, voiles and ginghams. 315 5th Av., Room 306.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Dotted Swisses, in all colors. Kayano, 38 West 33d.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Sateens, muslin and cambrics. Stylish, 40 West 27th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Pacific or Lonsdale jean. Watkins 7613.

CREPE DE CHINE and Canton Crepe Wanted—Quantity of good quality, for cash. M. and E. Goodman, 1 East 33d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—3 thread, crepe or finished; spot cash. Stanton, 122 East 25th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—White, flesh, bisque; spot cash. Friedberg Bros., 42 East 32d.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—3-thread, flesh and white. A. Gussow, 395 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Representative of a Los Angeles jobber is open for good line of organdy and georgette dresses; orders will be placed immediately on snappy styles. J. Sklar, 41 West 17th; ask for Mr. Mager.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobber open to buy dresses in any quantity — silks, crepe de chines, satin, Canton crepe, all qualities. Call morning before 10. Brodie-Siegel Co., 52 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders for organdie, dotted swiss and voile; also cash paid for jobs in silk. Fourth floor, rear elevator, 161 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on foulard, printed georgettes, dotted swiss and organdie; also sport combinations dresses. Baer & Goldschmidt, 164 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Printed voile, out of town jobber placing stock orders; cheap and medium grades; Friday morning 8:30 to 10:30. Room 307, 170 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on sport, Canton crepe, taffeta and cotton dresses; must be new. Big G Dress House, 109 West 26th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Western jobber placing orders on organdies and dotted Swiss; good labor essential. Box 118, 1626 St. James Bldg.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on organdy, dotted Swiss and sport dresses. 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at cotton dresses, 6-8 East 27th St., 14th floor; see Mr. Cohen.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying styles for Autumn and Summer silks. 44 East 32d St., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on snappy models of satin and silk dresses. 22 West 30th St., 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs of dresses; newest styles in all materials. See Mr. Kastenberg, 5 East 31st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—2,000 taffetas, crepe de chines and georgettes; must be cheap for cash. 230 5th Av., Madison Square 7328.

DRESSES Wanted—In serges, middy models, sizes 4-14. Room 715, 41 Union Square, New York City.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on organdies, dotted swiss and net dresses. 11th floor, 54 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on sport and wash dresses; immediate delivery. 34 West 32d St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on cotton voiles, printed georgettes and Canton crepes. 40 West 27th, 16th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will place orders on voiles and ginghams, regular and stouts. Kalish & Co., 129 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at samples in stout cotton dresses. Call morning only, S. Bernstein & Co., 30 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at samples in wash dresses. Call morning before 10, Brodie-Siegel Co., 52 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on high grade sports, organdies, cottons. 12 West 27th, 14th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on cotton dresses; call with samples, 10-5. Kayano, 38 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Cash, any quantity; taffetas, crepes, &c.; jobs sample lines, entire stocks. Watkins 5154.

DRESSES Wanted—Dotted Swiss ginghams and organdies; ready to place orders. Kalish, 22 East 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Ginghams, dotted Swiss, organdies and sport silks. 145 West 30th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash; between 5 and 11. Frankel & Semmelman, 17 W. 30th.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobs wanted for cash; quantity no object. Heimlich, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash for all kinds silk dresses. 23 West 32d St., one flight up.

DRESSES Wanted—High-grade jobs, regular, at a price. Telephone Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Sport models, medium grades. 9th floor, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Better grade, cotton and sport dresses. 22 West 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—All kinds, cheap; spot cash. Hoffman Brothers, 65 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Organdies, dotted Swiss. Call after 12. 145 West 27th, 1st floor.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for 500 pieces of very good 2x3 georgettes, white and flesh. Melba Waist, 38 East 30th.

GEORGETTES and Peau de Cygnes Wanted—Black and brown; must be very cheap. L. Dulberg, 12 West 32d.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Will buy any colors or greige goods, for spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 102 East 32d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x3. Lazerus & Newfield, 22 West 30th St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All qualities. Leberman, 8 West 30th St.

GEORGETTE Wanted—All colors; cash. Phone Longacre 5670.

GINGHAM Wanted—Checks; all colors; will pay cash for quantity. Tenth floor, 129 West 27th.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Small checked ginghams. Redfirn Costume Co., 22 West 27th St.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Checks, plaids, chambrays; spot cash. Gramercy 6485.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Imported, immediate delivery. Billy Foaner, 44 E. 32d.

GINGHAMS AND CHAMBRAYS Wanted—All makes. Phone Chelsea 2598.

JAP SATINS Wanted — 6-7 mme., Uezen, white, flesh, at a price. Sarsohn, 50 West 17th.

JERSEY Wanted—Fullwool or similar, all colors; cash. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

JERSEY Wanted—All wool, heather, all colors; any quantity. Watkins 2374.

JERSEY Wanted—Wool, tan and gray heather. I. Arbus, Watkins 3384.

LACES Wanted — Irish crochet laces, any quantity, for spot cash; immediate delivery. Biltmore Waist Co., 121 West 27th.

LININGS Wanted—Printed japs, tubs and tussah; cash. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

MARVELLA VEL MIRAGE Wanted—All colors, also black and navy, veldyne. Rapaport & Gottlieb, 150 Madison Av., Vanderbilt 4083.

MESSALINES Wanted—Open for qantity of navy and copen at a price. Block & Schiller, 142 West 29th St. Phone Watkins 8809.

MESSALINES and Peau de Cygnes Wanted—All colors. Murray Hill 5026.

ORLANDO MARVELLA Wanted—In all colors, for cash. Longacre 5116.

PLAIDS Wanted—Desirable patterns of prunella plaids or stripes, Bochmann's, Walther's or similar goods; can use half pieces and will pay cash. Madison Square 4361, Extension 6.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Good quality in tan and gray. Fitzroy 3984.

POLO Wanted—Open to buy DeLand's 1920, for cash; any quantity. Rosing & Cohn, Inc., 1,833 Broadway.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Open for all kinds of polo cloth. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th.

POLOS and VELOURS Wanted—Deland's 1920-8. Dave Rosengarten, 144 West 27th.

POLOS and Velours Wanted—Deland 1920-8; cash. Friedberg-Marcus, Gramercy 4183.

POLOS Wanted—De Lands 1920 or similar cloths; cash. Longacre 4664.

POLOS Wanted—Any quantity, at a price. Harry Wadler, 11 East 26th.

POLO Wanted—Deland's 1920, color 8 or similar. Phone Watkins 2620.

POLOS Wanted—American 15056, shades 1 and 2. Royal Coat, 44 West 28th.

POLO Wanted—Stevens 6142 or similar, any shade; cash. Fitzroy 2138.

POLO Wanted — 17 pieces camel's hair, at $1.35. Watkins 6365.

PONGEES Wanted—Quantity 12 momme, best quality, at a price. Kevelson & Son, 14 East 32d.

PONGEES Wanted—13 momme, first choice, will pay 80c. Madison Square 5668.

FONGEES Wanted—12 and 14 momme. Heller Textile Co., 320 Broadway.

RADIUM Wanted—Good quality in plain, tan and gray. Fitzroy 3934.

RAMONA Wanted—Will pay cash for Holden Leonard 810, colors 5471, 5219, 5561 and Clark & Dana 86520, all colors. Longacre 5935.

RAMONA Wanted—Also American 0417 Bolivia, all colors. Brahmson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Watkins 6264.

RAMONAS, Orlandos, Marvellas and Veldynes Wanted—All shades, pay cash. Longacre 4087.

ROSHANARA Wanted—Mallinson or similar, all shades, for cash. Irving Katz, 11 East 26th. Madison Square 9515.

SATEEN Wanted—White and flesh, English warp sateen. Manhattan Petticoat, 3 West 29th.

SATEENS Wanted—Printed, D. F. 33 East 33d, 4th floor, 9-10:30.

SATIN Wanted—Navy blue, can use quantity at a price. Nelson & Levene, 320 5th Av.

SERGE Wanted—Black, 7614, or similar. Joseph B. Friedman, 48 West 21st.

SERGE Wanted—Andrews 1464, navy. Gramercy 2926.

SERGE Wanted—7120, 6120, black; spot cash. Stats, 151 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted—235, 834, 5008, 0308, 7614 for cash. Telephone Watkins 7779.

SERGES Wanted—Pacific, MFL, navy. Phone Chelsea 1262.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Silk; open for a quantity of 5 or 4 thread white crepe de chine, white jersey and satin striped crepe de chine. Rainbow Shirt Corp., 189 Greene St., near Bleecker, Spring 6622.

SILKS Wanted—Odds and ends; job lots of every description for cash; must be cheap. Telephone Fitzroy 1817 or call 130 West 34th, Store.

SILKS Wanted—Seconds and remnants crepe de chine or satin, in pink, light blue, old rose, Copen., lavender. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Japs, 3½ and 4 momme, 36 inches wide; any quantity. Samuel Ehrman Co., 138 5th Av. Watkins 6827.

SILKS Wanted—Plaids and stripes, for skirting; Susquehanna or other makes. Elite Silk Co., 18 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Japs; also shirtings in livias; call with samples. Horowitz & Square 4846.

SILKS Wanted—Open for plain and fancy linings. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SILKS Wanted — Changeable messalines, cheap, cash. Schwarz Co., 3 W. 29th.

SILK Wanted—Artificial, any quality. Steinberger, 51 Bond St. 1706 Spring.

SILKS Wanted—Charmeuse, in all colors. 315 5th Av., Room 305.

SILVERTONE Wanted—American 16011, tan and Pekin. Chelsea 9535.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber wants salesmen to call with popular priced skirts. Watkins Dress Co., Inc., 41 West 24th St.

SKIRTS Wanted — Placing stock orders on plaids. Call 2-4, 35 West 19th, 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobs of Spring suits, wraps and discarded samples; will pay spot cash; must be cheap. 41 West 33d, 4th floor. Pennsylvania 1162.

SUITS Wanted—Cash paid for immediate delivery, suits, coats and wraps. Call after 4 P. M. all week, 4th floor, rear elevator, 161 West 26th.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Navy, black and brown; crepe de chines, in all qualities; also shirtings and sport silks, for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2673.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open to buy quantities, navy and brown. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors, at a price. Trevas & Schack, 36 East 29th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Pacific, style T. R., navy and black. Klein Marcus Cloak Co., 7 Division St. Orchard 3666.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, in rookie. Phone Orchard 7275.

TUSSAH Wanted—Brocaded and changeable tussah. Watkins 3922.

VELDYNE Wanted—F. & H., navy. Fitzroy 1773.

VELOURS Wanted—American 10016, 13911, or similar qualities; all colors. Spring 8676.

VELOURS Wanted—All makes; rookie, tan and Copen. American Cloak Co., 22 West 26th. Watkins 8720.

VELOURS Wanted—Open to buy 500 pieces high shade velours for cash. F. B. Cassidy, 46 West 25th.

VELOUR PLAIDS Wanted—Large and small checks, suitable for skirts, good qualities only. Babette Sports Wear, 18 West 27th.

VELOURS and TRICOTINES Wanted—Light shades velours, and all shades tricotine at a price. W. Philips & Co., 145 W. 28th.

VELOURS Wanted—300 pieces, American or similar; any make; any quantity; spot cash. I. Funt, 142 West 26th. Chelsea 9613.

VELOURS Wanted—All makes, at a price; pay cash; all colors. I. M. Reffer Company, 28 East 20th.

VELOUR Wanted—American or similar; reindeer and pekin. Lipshits and Weller, 150 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—50 pieces, 13911, shades 357,359. Wm. Bernstein & Co., 114 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13911, 16016, 13110, for cash. Victor S. Everett, telephone Watkins 2620.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13911 and similar; Stevens's, Deland's Bolivia. Vanderbilt 4116, Ext. 3.

VELOURS Wanted—13911, 13110, 16016, Merrimac, Buckley & Cohen, bolivias; cash. Orchard 5522.

VELOURS Wanted—All makes, also mixtures, Kelly 242 and Stevens 1096. Chelsea 4597.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens, all colors, for cash. Paramount Textile Corp., 25 E. 21st.

VELOUR Wanted—American, 16016, 049, copen. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—Tan and copen, cheaper grades. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st.

VELOUR Wanted—Buckley & Cohen, 711, or similar; quantity; pay cash. Chelsea 5830.

VELOURS Wanted—Polos, &c., jobs Spring shades. Irving Finkelstein, Longacre 4291.

VELOURS Wanted—Tan, reindeer, copen, pekin. Glantz & Schreiber, 127 West 26th.

VELOUR Wanted—All Spring shades. Expert Cloak & Suit Co., 115 West 29th.

VELOURS Wanted—Pekin, tan lightweight. Kantor & Wasserman, 3 East 17th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13811, 13911, colors 357 and 359. Watkins 2616.

VELOURS Wanted—For cash, any make, high shades only. Chelsea 6987.

VELOURS Wanted—American, 1311, or similar. Chelsea 9089-3575.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight reindeer. Fleater & Biller, 150 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—In all colors. Watkins 7958.

VELVETEENS and Chiffon Velvets Wanted—At a price; Julliard's, Lawrence's, Cheney's and Stern's qualities. Write full details. K 158 Times.

VOILE Wanted—Open to buy quantity Butterfield's, Normandy 30, navy, brown, black and French blue. Vanderbilt 4188.

V

GERMAN CHEMISTS GRIP OUR INDUSTRY

Joseph H. Choate Says Three Billion Dollars Is at Stake in Dyes.

A POWERFUL ASSET IN WAR

He Would Exclude German Products With Licensing Plan Similar to British.

The United States is still at the mercy of German chemists, said Joseph H. Choate Jr., counsel for the Chemical Foundation, in an address at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon before New York City Colony, National Society of New England Women.

Mr. Choate advocated a licensing of the importation of dyes, and would exclude German dyes, like the British. We ought to do it in the form in which the Senate committee left the Longworth bill, he said.

Mr. Choate, who investigated the German control and ownership in the American chemical industry during his association with the office of the Alien Property Custodian, said that American industries producing $3,000,000,000 worth of goods annually used coal-tar colors, and that unless they could get the colors the industries could not go on.

"It is important that our $3,000,000,000 worth of products that depend on the dye industry should not many longer depend on the Germans," he said. "It is important these products should not be placed at the mercy of an industry which is practically organized as a part of the German Government. I say to you, however, that that importance is not a fraction of the vital importance to this country of this industry.

"The dye industry is interchangeable with the explosives industry. I won't go into that any further than to say that in the case of one important dye, sulphur black, with which most of our stockings are dyed, the whole process of its manufacture is the same, up to the last point, with the manufacture of picric acid, which is one of the two great shell-fillers used in war. By varying the last process to a slight degree you can make the job result either in sulphur black to color your clothes or in picric acid to blow up your opponents' trenches.

"In the same way TNT is almost produced in the manufacture of a large number of different dyes. You can turn a large dye works overnight into an explosives factory and get all the explosives you can ever need, and so if you have a full-grown dye industry in time of peace you need never maintain any great supply of explosives or special explosive factories, or bother about having a trained force of explosive chemists and employes and engineers who are especially experienced in that line. That, however, is a secondary matter. The great war began as a 100 per cent. explosive war. In the last fighting more than half the shells fired were filled with poisonous gases. The Germans made every pound of their poison gasses in their dye works without changing them in the least. They had the factories ready to their hand, they had the men and the materials, they had everything."

At the present time this country has developed a dye industry far in advance of any in the world outside of Germany, according to Mr. Choate.

"And the question is, are we going to keep it?" he continued.

Considering the question with reference to the great demand for disarmament, Mr. Choate stated that disarmament was limited by national defense. No nation would disarm beyond the point at which national defense was imperilled.

"But how can any of us disarm if Germany is left armed?" he asked. "As long as Germany maintains a dye monopoly or is in a position where she can regain it, she has an armament for chemical warfare superior to that of any other nation.

"An otherwise unarmed nation is today in a position to develop a chemical attack which, against a nation not chemically armed, will be simply undefeatable. The Germans are in this position. Heaven alone knows what devilish contrivance they have up their sleeves. We do know that if we destroy every gun they have they will still be in a position where they can launch a deadly attack against any other nation, armed or unarmed, so long as they retain their chemical facilities.

"Today we are in that same happy position and so, too, to a certain extent, are the British. The French are approaching it. But our chemical industry is by far the best of the lot. Today if all our guns and planes and tanks and rifles were destroyed, we should also be able to carry on a chemical war as well as everybody else, or very nearly as well. But if we lose our organic chemical industry we lose that advantage."

Tenement Investments.

The two tenements with stores at 29 and 31 Madison Street, fronting 54.10 feet, runnning through to 33 and 35 New Bowery, have been sold by Bernard B. Block for the estate of Nicholas T. Brown, a former Coroner, to Vanella Brothers.

George W. Sasse has sold for Mrs. Augustina Till 2,073 Eighth Avenue, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25.6 by 100 feet.

The five-story apartment house, 25 by 100.11, at 21 East 111th Street, near Madison Avenue, has been sold by Oscar Kramer to an investor.

Fred Schieren purchased from Charles Kirschof 536 East Eighty-ninth Street, a five-story flat, 25 by 100.8, near East End Avenue.

$800,000 Curb Market Loan.

The New York Title and Mortgage Company has announced that almost half of the $800,000 loan on 78 to 86 Trinity Place had been subscribed before arrangements were completed for its public offering.

This is in line with the active market in guaranteed first mortgages which has existed for several months, according to the company. The recent loan is on the property fronting 124 feet on Trinity Place and 181 feet back to Greenwich Street, with a frontage on that street of 178 feet. The mortgage is about 60 per cent. of the value of the land. Upon this property the New York Curb Market Association is erecting the building which is to be the home of the Curb market.

Bank of South Africa Lease.

The ninth floor in the new Kerr Steamship Company building at 44 Beaver Street has been leased by the National Bank of South Africa, which has been located for a number of years in the Astor Building, 10 Wall Street. The bank has taken its new quarters on a ten-year lease at a gross rental of approximately $300,000. Fred E. Sturgis and E. W. Lyon were the brokers.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON March 10.—In the Federal Supreme Court today, Mark Hyman of New York City was admitted to practice and these proceedings were had:

369—American Column and Lumber Co. et al., applts., v. the U. S.—Assigned for re-argument on April next.

207—A. Rennie, plff., v. J. W. Gibson—Passed on account sickness of counsel.

347—Miller & Lux, Inc., plff., v. the Sacramento and San Joaquin Drainage Dist.—Argument continued for plff. and concluded for deft.

523—The U. S., plff., v. B. Yuginovich et al.—Argued.

665—D. M. Goodrich, plff., v. W. H. Edwards, Coll. of Int. Rev.; and 742—J. J. Walsh, Coll. of Int. ReVv., plff., v. F. F. Brewster—One hour and a half allowed each side. Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for March 11—Nos. 663 (and 742), 694, 200, 201, 205, 209, 210, 211, 212 (and 213), and 216.

REDS CAN'T GET THE CALL.

But Ellis Island Authorities Let Them Have 'Proper Reading Matter'

The organization of radicals on Ellis Island awaiting deportation has written through their Secretary, Frederic de Chaine, to the Volkszeitung, alleging that the authorities on "Hell's Island," as they call it, have denied them the right to see newspapers.

According to the letter they asked for THE NEW YORK TIMES, The World, The Call and several newspapers in other languages, but were refused.

"They are forbidden to receive The Call and other radical newspapers," said Deputy Commissioner Byron S. Uhl, "but they may have any proper reading matter. They have never been denied the right to read THE NEW YORK TIMES or The World. However, the Government does not furnish them to persons detained on Ellis Island. There are no restrictions on their subscribing for them or receiving them from their friends."

Bronx Borough Sales.

The plot on the southwest corner of Barnes Avenue and 222d Street, 89.7 by 130 feet, has been purchased by Lucia D'Avola from Charles E. Watson. The broker was Edward Polak, and he also sold for M. La Gitola to Mr. Lederfine the two-family house at 2,124 Arthur Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100 feet.

The five-story new-law flat at 2,473 Davidson Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100 feet, has been resold by the Benenson Realty Company to Leo Goodman. It was held at $80,000. Edward Polak was the broker.

Schwab & Co. sold the five-story new-law apartment house at 283 East 168th Street, northwest corner of College Avenue, on a plot 36 by 85 feet. It was held at $55,000.

Nicholas Lopard sold for Mrs. Anna C. Mueller the two-family house, on a lot 18 by 100, at 885 Cauldwell Avenue, to Charles M. Roth, and also for Mrs. Audenzia Guagliardo, the two-family house at 733 Cauldwell Avenue, on a lot 20 by 100, to John J. Cashman.

Brooklyn Realty Activity.

The four-story flat with stores at 147 Seventh Avenue, lot 18.9 by 96 feet, has been sold by the Realty Associates to Leo Pokras.

Frank H. Malone has sold the dwelling at 175 Sixty-eighth Street for Morris Hilfman.

The two-family dwelling at 249 Utica Avenue has been sold for Anna M. Dillmeier to a client by Charles Partridge.

The McInerney Klinck Realty Company has sold the three-story apartment at 990 Flatbush Avenue for Isaac Rothmann. It covers a lot 20 by 103 feet, just south of Albemarle Road.

Suburban Buying.

William E. Morrell, Inc., of White Plains sold for Edmund H. Lunken his property at Prospect Park, White Plains, including house and one acre of land, to Alfons Wile. The consideration was about $65,000.

The Payson McL. Merrill Company sold for Charles A. Munn to Mrs. George W. Merck three and one-half acres of land on Mountain Avenue, Llewellyn Park, West Orange.

The Halleran Agency has sold at Flushing for Edward W. Cassebeer to Fred. E. Hillebrand the six-room bungalow on the northwest corner of Brewster and Mitchell Avenues, on a plot 45 by 151 feet

Emerson Apartments Resold.

The Benenson Realty Company resold to an investing client of Nathan Frank, attorney, the Emerson Apartments, at 3,852 to 3,858 Tenth Avenue, at the foot of the 207th Street subway station. The property consists of two five-story apartment houses, with five stores, covering a plot 110 by 170 irregular. It has an annual rental of $28,000 and was valued at $150,000. The sellers recently acquired the property from Walter McCarthy.

Westchester Realty Board Dinner.

Three hundred members and guests attended the annual dinner of the Westchester County Realty Board held last evening at the Hotel Astor. President George Howe acted as toastmaster and introduced the speakers of the evening, Lee Parsons Davis, District Attorney of Westchester County; Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of the Supreme Court and the Rev. Otho F. Bartholow.

Four New Dyckman Apartments.

The Mohawk Holding Company has filed plans with the Tenement House Department providing for the erection of four five-story tenements in Vermilyea Avenue, in the Dyckman section.

Each house will occupy a plot 50 by 100 feet, accommodate twenty-one families and cost $90,000. Walter Haefell is the architect.

Sale in 125th Street.

Daniel B. Freedman has purchased from Charles Lanier and Henry B. Closson, trustees for the David Eggleston estate, the four-story business building at 57 East 125th Street, on a lot 18.9 by 100 feet, between Madison and Park Avenues.

Harold L. Lewis was the broker.

Commercial Leases.

Payson McL. Merrill Company have leased for a term of years for G. Schirmer to the American Kardex Company the store, basement and space on the upper floors in the building at 10 East Forty-fourth Street, which will be known as the American Kardex Building. The company is a large manufacturer of the open card filing system.

Ames & Co. have rented for Ungerer & Co. the store and basement at 110-112 West Twenty-sixth Street to William Ashton.

Roy Scherick has leased for George Backer space in the Textile Building, Fifth Avenue, Thirtieth and Thirty-firsts Street to Kohn-Adler & Co., Philadelphia, silks and ribbons; Harry Rosenthal, Inc., silks, and the Fiber Silk Company.

Building Plans Filed.

Eastburn Av, n w corner Mount Eden Av, 2-story and attic brick dwelling, 25x56.6; Louis Goldstein, 1,653 Eastburn Av, owner; M. J. Harrison, 110 East 31st St, architect; cost $25,000.

Fox St, n e corner Home St, 1-story brick stores, 100x23.16; Bronx National Realty Co, owners; Alexander Selkin, 862 Prospect Av, President; A. Irving Margon, 355 East 149th St, architect; cost $15,000.

180th St, s w corner University Av, 5-story brick tenement, 100.2x98.11; Benasult Construction Co, owners; Michael Kaufman, on premises, President; Charles Kreymborg, 2,534 Marion Av, architect; cost $275,000.

Chisholm St, w s, 100 ft s Freeman St, 2-story brick factory, 25x40; Fred A. Lieman, 1,293 Chisholm St, owner; Albert E. Davis, 258 East 138th St, architect; cost $6,000.

Tinton Av, n e corner 151st St, 1-story brick garage, 100x114.84; Mary Blossom, 38 West 57th St, owner; Abraham Farber, 1,746 Putnam Av, Brooklyn, architect; cost $65,000.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

62d St, 221 East, to a 4-story dwelling; Maurice Corp., 116 East 10th St., owner; H. V. Hartman, 125 West 16th St, architect; $15,000.

79th St, 177 East, to a 3-story dwelling; Mrs. T. F. Ryan, 858 5th Av, owner; J. Wolfe, 9 East 49th St, architect; $20,000.

7th Av, s e corner 16th St, to a 6-story building; J. L. Van Alen, Newport, R. I., owner; J. F. Van Blarcom, 280 Broadway, architect; $25,000.

Wall St, 108, to a 4-story offices, &c.; F. De R. Wisman, 30 East 42d St., owner and architect; $10,000.

Results at Auction.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Joseph P. Day.

137th St, 500 East, s s, 562.6 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100, 5-story tenement; Agnes Carpenter et al vs Marco Realty Co, Inc, et al; Chamberlain, Kafer & Wolda, attorneys; Alfred J. Amend, referee; due on judgment, $31,387.32; taxes, &c., $472.87. Sold to the plaintiff for $15,000.

HOME DEVELOPMENT ON THE EAST SIDE

Architect Purchases Old Dwelling in Seventy-fifth Street for Modern Alteration.

REMODEL FOURTEEN HOUSES

Making a Choice Home Centre in the Block Between Lexington and Third Avenues.

In the sale yesterday of an old residence in Seventy-fifth Street between Lexington and Third Avenues another of the many illustrations within the last few months was presented of the development of partially long neglected blocks in that part of the city for choice residential purposes. The house sold was the three-story dwelling at 180 East Seventy-fifth Street, covering a lot 16 by 102.2 feet. It was purchased by H. R. Clawson, an architect, who is preparing to remodel it into an American basement home for his occupancy.

This house, which was held at $28,000, is one of fourteen old-fashioned properties purchased by the Seventy-fifth Street Syndicate for the purpose of converting the block into a fine residential area. Eight of the houses have been resold and most of them have been altered into attractive homes. Among the buyers were Mrs. J. B. Tailer, Edward Le Roy, Dr. Einar Hansen, Franklin B. Kirkbride, Miss Marjorie Nott and Miss Harriet Rogers.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. acted as brokers in the sale for the owning syndicate to Mr. Clawson.

Joseph P. Day in conjunction with William H. Taylor sold for Myra L. Fogg two three-story private dwellings, on a plot 36 by 100, at 132-134 West Fifty-third Street to William W. Hart for investment. The property was held at $45,000.

The three-story dwelling at 173 West 126th Street, 17 by 99.11, has been sold by Francis S. McDermott.

H. Aldhouse sold 255 West 131st Street, a three-story dwelling, 17 by 100.

Ames & Co. have sold for Maude Van Beuren Holmes the Astor leasehold private dwelling at 311 West Forty-sixth Street to H. C. Smith.

The three-story dwelling at 1,891 Madison Avenue, lot 20 by 100, has been sold by Paul S. Bolger.

Buys Greenwich (Conn.) Estate.

The residence known as the Apthorpe on Glenville Road, Greenwich, Conn., has been purchased by R. H. Adams from Mrs. Herman Pauli. The property consists of a large house with garage and outbuildings, and three acres of land on a hilltop overlooking the Rock Ridge section of Greenwich. It was held at $50,000. Ladd & Nichols were the brokers in the sale.

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100 ft. on Avenue; stores and apartment. Terms; quick action necessary.
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Beautiful Plot—1 1/5 Acres
Situated in exclusive Prospect Park section, semi-Colonial house of massive frame construction, 3 baths, gas, electric, steam heat, solid oak finish, 2 open fireplaces, 2-car garage; wonderful lawn, space for tennis courts, golf course and Country Club easily accessible. Ideal Summer and Winter home.
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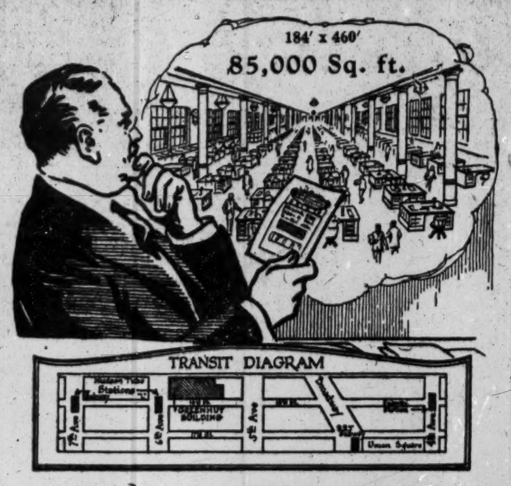

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Best location for carriage trade, bet. 42nd and 57th Sts.
Apply to
Madison Ave. & 50th St. Corp.
217 Broadway Barclay 41
or Supt. (Mr. Rose) on Premises.
Plaza 4600

6TH AVENUE BUILDING
38th & 39th Sts. (45 by 85 ft.)

21 YEAR LEASE

AARON'S, 808 6TH AVE.
Phone Bryant 4776.

Brooklyn.

Borough Park Theatre Building,

51st St. and New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn. Floors and offices to rent. Apply on premises, or Levy Bros., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 745.

CITY REAL ESTATE

55 cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

TODAY'S BEST OFFERINGS.

50th St., East, between 2d and 3d Avs., 4-story brownstone, lot 20x105; price $22,000; terms.

57th St., East, between 1st and 2d Avs., 5-story and basement brownstone, lot 22x105; 18 rooms, 3 baths, 3 toilets; electricity; price $25,000; terms.

EDMUND M. BRENNAN CORP.,
11 East 59th St. Plaza 7604-5118.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL SECTION.
145 EAST 38TH ST.—FOUR-STORY AND BASEMENT, PRIVATE HOUSE. 20x38.9 FEET; FREE AND CLEAR; POSSESSION APRIL, 1921; $40,000 TELEPHONE CHELSEA 7570.

ESTATE offers for sale at about assessed valuation, a modern fireproof business building on West 46th St., near 5th Av.; particulars to principals only. Harris, Vought & Co., 6 East 46th St.

NO REMODELING NECESSARY.
253 West 11th St.—Good corner in fine section of Greenwich Village; 11 rooms, steam heat; room for garage; immediate possession; price $17,500.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 GREENWICH AV. RECTOR 8583.

TWO-FAMILY DWELLING, 450 West 153d; 3 story and basement brick dwelling, newly decorated, 10 rooms, 2 baths, electric light, nice rear porch; immediate possession of entire house; price $14,000; cash $4,500. Keys at Ryan & Co., 142 West 125th.

122D, 126 WEST—19x100, 11 rooms, bath; possession guaranteed May 1; mortgage $13,000, 6% for 5 years; will make terms; can be seen 2-4 P. M. today. Louis Marks. Harlem 6500.

BUILDING, 5-story and basement, good exposure, high ceilings, electric hoist, sidewalk elevator; steam heat; immediate possession; owners on premises. Britt, Loeffler & Weil, 269 Canal St.

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159 WATT ST.,
between West and Washington Sts., near vehicular tunnel to Jersey; small three-story building; possession April. Owner, Samuel Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

NO. 294 WATER ST.,
between Oliver St. and Catharine Slip, three-story brick building, $6,500. Samuel Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 3408.

WILL buy or lease building two or more stories, 50 or 100x100, in Manhattan or Bronx; must have heat and elevator. F. D., 166 Times.

$4,000 cash each buys three five-story double flats, 100 feet from 5th Av. and Central Park; rent $12,000; five-year first mortgages. Miller & Co., 898 8th Av.

REAL ESTATE—Young man, 29, educated, selling and executive experience, desires to make connections with a progressive organization. D 502 Times.

GRAMERCY PARK.
Fine old dwelling for sale, facing park; 26 feet wide; splendid condition. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

TO RENT, approximately 5,000 feet ground and second floor space; financial district; $24,000 per annum; 12-year lease. W 820 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Ten-year lease on fourteen apartments, just completed; below 42d St. K 176 Times.

FOUR stories, 15 roms, 5 baths; near 72d subway; price right; easy terms. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d.

FOUR-STORY single flat, 21½x102, 7 light rooms and bath. Owner, 602 East 84th, opposite Park.

A 30-FOOT double flat, Yorkville, $3,250 cash, first mortgage, 5 years; act quick. W., Box 53, Times.

GROUND value, 303 West 89th; 3 stories, 11 rooms, 2 baths; electric light, parquet floors; easy terms; caretaker.

CHEAPEST American basement dwelling, 90th St., near West End Av. Murray Hill 5513.

TO LET, 8 Broadway, alley, rear 268 3d Av., 4-story building, about 25x50. Inquire Jos. M. Adrian Jr., 187 East 34th St.

CHEAPEST 4-story dwelling, Murray Hill; possession October 1. Murray Hill 4639.

92D, WEST—House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, gorgeously decorated, $29,000. Bryant 6914.

LEASE—Beautiful house, West 154th St., 11 rooms, $2,100. Phone Bryant 6914.

55TH, 112 EAST—Private house; long lease; doctor's residence; offices. Lenox 1330.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

PRIVATE HOUSE, five complete apartments, basement, could be altered apartments; investor, builder, operator's opportunity. STEDMAN, 7 Pine St.

5-STORY American basement, West 79th St.; electricity, parquet; just redecorated; vacant; estate will sacrifice at $26,500. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

ELEVEN-ROOM corner house, with large garden and two-car garage; all latest improvements, situated in West Bronx, near New York University; must be seen to be appreciated. 1,697 Macombs Road. Tel. Tremont 822.

2,046 VALENTINE AV., (179th and 180th Sts.)—Lot 25x150; 3 families; 2-6's—1-5; steam heat; electricity; price, $16,000. Owner, Ely J. Riesar, 28th St. and 1st Av.

FIVE-STORY flat, 2 stores on 3d Av., 156th St., business centre Bronx; excellent income, with future value increase; investors opportunity. Owner, T 1202 Times Bronx.

BEAUTIFUL 4-story dwelling, Park Place; every improvement; will sell completely furnished, if desired; terms. E. A. Snyder, 49 Wall St. Hanover 7568.

WEST BRONX apartment site; will exchange $12,000 equity for dwelling, or sell on liberal terms; principals only. Room 610, 220 Broadway.

TAXPAYERS, 6 stores, on Tremont Av., best section; price $40,000. Clement H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av., Tremont 618.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

BROOKLYN.
TWO-FAMILY HOUSE
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Fifteen minutes from Wall St. by subway Nostrand Av.; Bishop built two-family house with two-car garage; fine neighborhood, 1,221 President St.; 11 rooms, all outside, private halls, two tiled baths, parquet floors throughout, electricity, expensively decorated; large basement laundry, toilet and storerooms.

Quick sale for $22,000, no brokers, or will rent apartment (5 bedrooms) from April 1 for $125 with garage. Write Mrs. Thos. J. Browne, Princeton, N. J. Phone 436R.

FLATBUSH, frame, 1-family, detached, 8 and bath; plot 32x120; park frontage; newly painted, new roof, lawn, hedge, steam, electric, gas, parquet floors throughout, grate, laundry with electric washer, screened porch, near express station, 27 minutes to Times Square or Wall St.; $13,500 to satisfactory buyer. Owner, Z 2034 Times Annex.

BARGAIN—QUICK ACTION.
Seven-story elevator apartment; best location in Harlem; first mortgage $65,000, 5 per cent., savings bank; second mortgage $13,000; rental $20,167 year; rents low; have not been increased the past year; nets about $10,000 a year; $20,000 above the mortgages will buy. S. Bloomberg, 660 5th Av., Brooklyn.

BRIGHTON BEACH detached year-around bungalow; gas, water, electricity; five rooms, bath, attic, large pantry; garden; A1 condition; 1¼ blocks to station; trains to Times Square, 5-cent fare. Owner Titus, 641 East 169th St., Bronx.

$100,000 loan, high-class apartment site for sale, with $100,000 loan and subordination on land for 100-foot 4-story apartment, to responsible builder only. William Liss, Inc., 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

$15,750, MODERN three-story, near Park, eleven rooms, tile bath, small extensions, electricity; possession; $6,000 cash. Henry Pierson, 309 Flatbush Av. Phone 4300 Sterling.

PLOT 63.800 square feet, frontage four streets, Greenpoint section, Morgan Av., Brooklyn. F. D. C. Mach. Co., Building, 86 47th St., Brooklyn. Sunset 6214.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

NEW HOUSES.
$12,500 2 family frame, 11 rooms, 2 baths; electric, parquet, tile bath and kitchen; 2 steam plants, shower, sewer; upper and lower finishes; driveway; cash $3,000. Walter Reider, 93-13 Jamaica Av., near Woodhaven Boulevard. Phone 1290 Richmond Hill.

VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY IN WOODHAVEN—6 rooms, bath; detached; enclosed porch; steam heat, electric lights, parquet; open fireplace in living room; individual drive; price $7,750; terms; other good propositions. Phone Harry Sullivan, Richmond Hill 1136.

MUST SACRIFICE fully improved building plot, 60x100, $1,500 cash; worth $3,000; 30 minutes from Penn. Station; privilege private bathing beach; no assessments; refined home colony. Roberts, Room 207, 200 West 34th St. Longacre 4899.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED
15,000 to 20,000 sq. ft.
14th to 59th St.
Between 2nd and 4th Aves.
Would Like to Hear from Some One Who Will Put Up or Alter Building on Long Lease.
E. F., 672 Times Downtown.

OFFICE SPACE IN HARLEM
Ground Floor.
Office space wanted (whole or part) in active business section of Harlem. Must be well lighted and on or near 125th St.
W 1019 Times Annex

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

EAST RIVER
PIER
—TO LEASE—
50 FOR A TERM OF YEARS OR LONGER

The Only One on Deep Water IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Immediately Available on Long Lease at Straight Rental for Entire Period.

G. P. BUTTERLY
Real Estate
S. S., R. R. and Waterfront Division
16 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 6865.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bachelor Apartments

Pleasantly furnished rooms with bath, for permanent guests, $18 to $25 per week. Hotel service available. Moderate priced restaurant in building. Phone Bryant 9775.
HOTEL YATES.
147 WEST 43D ST.

Unfurnished—West Side.

145 W. 55th St.

NEW YORK'S NEWEST APARTMENT

Occupancy Now

2 to 4 Rooms

Semi-Housekeeping

Every Modern Convenience

Restaurant and Swimming Pool

LEASES BEING MADE

Fred T. Ley & Co., Inc.,
19 W. 44th St. New York
Phone Vanderbilt 2865

MORTGAGE LOANS.

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED, 1ST AND 2D MORTGAGES, MANHATTAN OR BRONX REAL ESTATE. BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. BRYANT 1527-7738.

QUICK 2d mortgages for Manhattan, Bronx or Brooklyn; in amounts up to $50,000. Duross, 261 Broadway. Barclay 5734.

MONEY TO LOAN—MANHATTAN, BRONX. Brooke & Georger, 29 W. 34th. Fitzroy 1880. Mortgage Negotiations Since 1869.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BARGAINS—Radiation, pipe, valves, new and used hardware, lumber, doors, windows, roll roofing, corrugated asbestos sheets, plaster board, prompt delivery. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. 'Phone 1313 Westchester.

LATH—About 12 carloads of 1st and 2d reasonable for quick sale. 329 Fordham Road, at Bambridge St.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

WANTED, March 15, year or two years' lease, small modern furnished house with yard; $1,200 to $1,800 year rent, with privilege of purchase. A 588 Times.

WILL LEASE or buy building with store, between 50th and 75th Sts., Lexington or Madison Av.; possession by May 1; no brokers. Kahn, 730 Lexington Av. Plaza 4016.

WANTED—Private house, suitable for institution; rental approximately $5,000; between 34th and 59th Sts. Apply D. Kempner & Son, 522 5th Av. Murray Hill 4015.

WANTED, Flatbush, two-family house; garage. Particulars Harris, 41 Pinehurst Av., city.

FOUR-STORY, basement, 70s, 80s; suitable for roomers; pay $5,000 cash. Phone Columbus 1036. Will buy apartment house.

Country Property.

WANTED—Small furnished apartment in private house or farm, for married couple, in nice country, preferably near the Sound, within 30 minutes or commuting distance of New York; highest references exchanged. Y 2472 Times Annex.

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished, a six or seven room modern house with steam heat, electric lights and conveniences; within one hour New York; improved locality; rent not more $85; permanent. 320 5th Av., Room 208.

WANTED—A bungalow or cottage, May to November, commuting distance New York or water; four adults. J. W. Reddall, 167 Watchung Av., Montclair, N. J.

WANTED—Furnished bungalow or cottage on water, commuting distance New York; May-November; four adults. J. W. Reddall, 167 Watchung Av., Montclair, New Jersey.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

HOUSE in suburbs of Brooklyn or Long Island in exchange for 10-room house in Philadelphia. This house is valued at $12,000 and owner would like to locate within half hour ride from Brooklyn. Y 2497 Times Annex.

AT RIDGEWOOD — Suburban home of 18 rooms, 4 baths, hot water heat, every improvement; 2½ acres; lawn, garden, shade, shrubbery; best location; wants city income. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York City. Tel. Rector 7718.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH, WEST—Bungalow, well located, for sale, $2,100. K. Blanc, 526 Livingston St., Brooklyn. Phone Nevins 2371.

LONG BEACH REALTY CO.—Cottages for sale or rent. NASSAU HOTEL BLDG.

Summer Homes Wanted.

WANTED to rent, about 7 or 8 room furnished house, in Sound suburb or Bronxville or nearby suburb north of city, from May to October. C. Stewart Comeaux, 103 Park Av., New York, N. Y.

FARMS.

Virginia.—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254. Emporia, Va.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

FURNISHED

WANTED—To lease from two to five years, from June 1st next, by family of three, elegantly furnished, modern, up-to-date residence in the neighborhood of East 79th Street, preferably in East 79th Street. Address full detailed information, stating rental, to
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,
141 BROADWAY.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

55 cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ROCHELLE.
WYKAGYL.

English half timbered stucco; 9 rooms, 3 tiled baths and showers; stone foundation; heated garage and laundry in cellar; oak floors; copper gutters and leaders; slate roof; large open veranda and glassed-in sun parlor; electric wiring all in armored conduits; best quality trim and finish throughout, steam heat with thermostat control; oversized boilers; 4 large master chambers, large maid's room; plot 100x200; more land available if desired; cost $30,000 to build and I can prove it, but for quick action will take $26,500 and make terms; a house when decorated and completed will bring $35,000 any time, so it is not only a home but a good investment. OWNER, 46 Times.

WHITE PLAINS, CHARMING HOME;
BEAUTIFUL PLOT, 1 1-5 ACRES,

situated in exclusive Prospect Park section; semi-Colonial house of massive frame construction; 3 baths, gas, electric, steam heat, solid oak finish; 2 open fireplaces, 2-car garage; wonderful lawn, space for tennis courts, golf course and country club easily accessible; ideal Summer and Winter home; price $37,500; terms. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 8178.

LARCHMONT-ON-SOUND.

An all-year house, with wonderful view of water, near beach, fine big living room, with fireplace; five master sleeping rooms, two baths, four more rooms on third floor, with bath, hot water heat; can be bought completely furnished; held at $30,000, can be bought for $24,000. Inquire S. Van Dusen, Larchmont, N. Y. Tel. 184 Larchmont. Pelham Manor. Phone 1108 Pelham.

"MAKE A NOTE OF THIS."

In one of the best sections of NEW ROCHELLE I am offering a Dutch Colonial clapboard house of 8 rooms and 2 tiled baths, with vapor heat, on a large plot of ground; a perfect house and real bonded value at $17,800; terms may be had; inspection by appointment. Washington, 28 Times.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.

10-room dwelling in most select section of Yonkers, perfect condition; hot water heat, electric lights, &c; quartered oak floors and trim; large sleeping porch overlooking Hudson River; must be seen to be appreciated; sacrifice $13,500. Breithack & Co., 33 South Broadway. Tel. 701 Yonkers.

WE build homes to suit your taste, 20 minutes from Grand Central Station, in the heart of high-class residential section. Midland Jerome Co., Inc., Office on Property, Yonkers Av. and Dunwoodie Sts., Yonkers. Harlem train to Mount Vernon, go west on Yonkers Av. car (7 minutes).

CRESTWOOD.

Charming little six-room house, 30 minutes from Grand Central, 5 minutes to station; pre-war construction; living room 14x24, with fireplace; 3 bedrooms and sleeping porch; steam heat; garage.
BURKE STONE, INC., Bronxville. Tel. 1480.

BRONXVILLE, $16,000.

Owner, called to Philadelphia, must dispose of his attractive stucco residence, near the station, 9 rooms and 2 baths; steam heat; large living room, with open fireplace; spacious porch; corner plot.
BURKE STONE, INC., Bronxville. Tel. 1480.

NEW ROCHELLE—SIX-ROOM FURNISHED COTTAGE, ALSO GARAGE, ALL IMPROVEMENTS; FIVE MINUTES FROM ALL STATIONS, ALSO TEN MINUTES FROM SEASHORE, TO RENT OUT FROM MAY 1 TO SEPT. 30. INQUIRE OR WRITE TO 5TH FLOOR, 152 WEST 25TH ST.

FOR RENT,

a very attractive, modern house at Scarsdale, furnished, for year, $4,800; for Summer season, $2,400; unfurnished, $4,200 per year; other houses furnished, for Summer. Call C. B. Prince, Hartsdale, N. Y. Tel. 3027 White Plains.

For Selected List Westchester Houses.
FOR SALE OR RENT,
Prices from $15,000, rents from $150.
Write or phone
HERKIMER, INC.,
25 West 43d St., N. Y.
Tel. Murray Hill 0789.

FOR SALE—179 Liberty Av., New Rochelle—Corner, 60x104, frame house, nine rooms, one bath, hot air heat, open fireplace, electricity, gas, extra toilet, laundry in cellar; excellent condition; opposite College New Rochelle, residence park; price $12,000; cash above mortgage $6,000.

MOUNT VERNON—Exceptional opportunity to purchase beautifully appointed English stucco house; large living room, tiled kitchen, sun porch, four bedrooms, two baths; garage; ideal location; inspection will prove its merits. Chauncey B. Griffen & Co., Tel. Murray Hill 9326.

FINEST CONSTRUCTION—High, corner plot, Pelham; stucco on hollow tile, steel floor beams, hardwood floors and trim; built eight years; five family bedrooms, two baths, two maids' rooms, bath, garage; circumstances force owner to sell and will sacrifice. Chauncey B. Griffen & Co. Tel. Murray Hill 9326.

SAVE YOUR RENT.

Buy this two-family house in a good section of White Plains for $10,500; live in one side and the rent from the other will carry the property. Details from L. R. Kent, White Plains. Telephone 2676 White Plains.

A PARTICULARLY livable house in a community of friendly people; modern; good view; convenient commuting; $11,400; terms. For description and inspection arrangement write, phone or call MILTON WEND, Tribune Building, New York City. Beekman 2890.

WE have several desirable homes in Bronxville, Scarsdale and all sections Westchester County at reasonable prices, favorable terms; state your requirements; we will save you time and trouble. Kite-Powell Realty Co., Inc., 25 Pine St. Phone John 5287.

ONE YOU WILL REMEMBER.

Cozy 6 rooms and bath; stucco; artistic interior and exterior; hot water heat, fireplace, all improvements; near station; one-half hour out; price $10,000; terms. J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 1171.

DOBBS FERRY up-to-the-minute six-room cottage, large plot, $10,000; two-family house, 14 rooms, every improvement, $8,500. Breithack & Co., 43 Cedar St. Tel. 59 Dobbs Ferry; 53 South Broadway. Tel. 701 Yonkers.

SOUTHFIELD POINT.

Beautiful Italian villa, 11 rooms, 3 baths; garden, double garage with quarters; bathing, tennis and golf at hand; 5 minutes to Stamford station. F. L. FIELD, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9326.

SPECULATORS

Four-story brick, 16 apartments, every improvement, convenient to N. Y. Central Station and subway; rental $15,000; cash $20,000; price $75,000. Breithack & Co., 53 South Broadway. Tel. 701 Yonkers.

BEAUTIFUL eight-room house; all modern improvements; in restricted section Vernon Heights, Mount Vernon; large grounds, 100x100, and fruit orchard, 50x100; price, $18,500, cash, $10,000; rare opportunity. Phone Hillcrest 2249.

MODERN HOUSE, 10 rooms, 2 baths; big lot; hot water heat; near depot; 50 minutes out; bargain, $4,000; cash $13,000 on mortgage. Mr. Mullaly, Vanderbilt 350. 18 East 41st, Room 902.

HOUSE, seven rooms, bath; all improvements; $8,500; cash $2,500; plot, 50x100. Brown & Brown, Depot Square, Harrison, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE, PELHAM—Several modern homes; low as $16,500 to $23,500; desirable locations. Taylor & Son, Murray Hill 6424.

SEVEN ROOMS, 2 porches, bath, steam heat; excellent trees; $11,500. Owner, Box 528 Scarsdale.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY—Will rent two new homes with garages; splendid location: $2,200 and $2,400. Murray Hill 6424.

PELHAM—Modern eight-room house; 85x153; $19,500; unusual opportunity in best location. Murray Hill 6424.

CITY ISLAND—Four-room bungalow, furnished, May and June. Phone Wadsworth 2259.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE—Our listings of superior homes are very complete; let us know your requirements. I. T. McKnight; 22 East 33d St., 3,640 Murray Hill, 408 Great Neck.

SMALL six-room house within commuting distance; near railroad station. Apply by letter or in person Saturday afternoon or Sunday morning. W. F. Rooney, Westbury, N. Y.

AT FREEPORT—FROM OWNER.

Nine large rooms, bath; modern conveniences; double garage; plot, 70x240; beautiful garden; price, $13,500. Telephone Freeport 1435.

AT HEMPSTEAD—Sacrifice beautiful 8-room stucco bungalow; modern improvements; garage; large garden; 45 minutes out; $8,750. Owner, Wetsel, 121 West 42d. Bryant 3105.

COTTAGE, 7 rooms; acre beautiful lawn; water front, south shore; will sell cheap; easy terms. Keesing, 130 Post Av., Manhattan.

FLUSHING—Several one or two family homes for sale; brick, stucco or frame; all improvements; easy terms. Fallamo, 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

FLUSHING—8 rooms, bath, steam heat, electric lights, gas; corner plot; $12,500; near station and school. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitz Roy 6896.

KEW GARDENS—FOREST HILLS.

Beautiful furnished homes for rent, $250-$400. Mrs. Dowd, Murray Hill 1435.

DOUGLAS MANOR, CORNER; CHEAP.
E. G. Snyder, 1 W. 34th St. Fitzroy 2270

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

MOTOR OUT TODAY TO WESTMORELAND and see the eight beautiful Colonial cottages we have just completed, containing seven and eight rooms and one and two baths, with every modern improvement, located on large plots, with beautiful evergreens, hedges and flowering shrubs; moderate cash payment and balance like rent; full benefit of ten years' tax exemption law. Follow Broadway through Flushing to Little Neck. 20 minutes by express train from Pennsylvania Station to Little Neck Station, then 5 minutes' walk to the houses. Best week-day trains 10:20, 1:22, 2:41, 3:38, 4:33 and 5:03; Sunday trains 22 minutes after each hour. Rickert-Brown Realty Co., 53 Vanderbilt Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 9484.

! ! ! BARGAINS ONLY ! ! !

I can save you time, money and disappointment if you will TELEPHONE ME NOW an exact description of the suburban home you desire and the way you want to pay for it. I will tell you frankly just what real bargains I, as a bargain-hunting broker, have to offer you at charming HEMPSTEAD; rapid electric train service; all city conveniences; TELEPHONE ME NOW. D. F. Miller, Room 305, 1 West 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 5250.

LARCHMONT-ON-SOUND.

DOUGLASTON, L. I.—For rent, furnished, 25 minutes Penn. Station, beautiful location, 3 minutes from station, Dutch Colonial, 7 rooms and sleeping porch; large fireplaces and exceptional heating equipment; 2 baths and built-in shower; living room and main bedroom, each 30x16; porches and house artistically and completely furnished; grand piano, Victrola; lovely grounds; $350 monthly; unfurnished; best references required. Write V 710 Times Downtown.

FLORAL PARK—Attractive seven-room residence, in finest section; two baths, servants' quarters; all modern conveniences; parquetry and hardwood finish; garage, driveways, plot 60x100; abundance shrubbery and fine shade trees. Must sell $12,500. EDMUND D. PURCELL, opposite railroad station. Telephone Floral Park 333.

GARDEN CITY.

Immediate possession, seven rooms, two baths; white Colonial clapboard with green shutters; hot water heat; every improvement. Bargain at $17,500. Terms. Call Fitzroy 5218. John W. Ross, 1 West 34th St.

LYNBROOK, L. I.—We have 50 houses of various types in all sections of this community, from $4,500 to $25,000; inspection invited; office near depot, open daily 9 to 6, Sunday 2 to 6. Thos. F. O'Connor, Inc., Atlantic Av., Lynbrook. Established 1899.

AM LEAVING New York; will sell my 8-room house, garage, large plot, at a bargain, in refined community, 50 minutes to New York. Represented by H. G. Robinson, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

AMITYVILLE, L. I.—On Merrick Road; house of eight rooms, bath, electricity, hot water heat; ground 300x400 or more; many outbuildings; only $13,000. Alderman Bros., 43 Woodbine St., Brooklyn.

TWO new houses, six rooms and bath; sun parlor, large attic; all improvements; driveway; Forest Park section; must be seen to be appreciated. Benedict Av., between Perry and Forest Park. Owner, Beekman 2607.

GARDEN CITY, "Nassau Boulevard"—Stucco house, ten rooms, two baths; every improvement; for immediate action, $13,000; half cash; consider selling furnishings; principals. Bryant 9253.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS — Beautifully wooded plot; price right; build your own home; take advantage of tax exemption. A. L. Kingsley, 47 W. 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

THIS quaint rural-suburban remodeled farm home for year-round living solves the high rent question; investigate now; less than one hour from New York City by train, splendid commuting service; grounds of almost an acre, shaded by fine old trees; house has just been remodeled from top to bottom and freshly decorated; there are 9 big rooms, a bath, 2 open fireplaces, a garage and complete chicken house and yard; there is running water, electric light, steam heat in every room and spring of fine water with well house; high chase, purely residential neighborhood; boating and fishing rights on chain of pretty lakes; 700 feet elevation; no mosquitoes; $2,200 cash secures title and occupancy, balance on easy term mortgages. For full details address Home, Post Office Box 748, City Hall Station, New York City.

RIDGEFIELD PARK, N. J.—$500 buys beautiful six-room stucco bungalow, all-year home, real open fireplace in living room, electric light, modern gas kitchen, gas hot water heater, up-to-date heating furnace; corner plot, 75x100; paved streets, sewer; all improvements and city conveniences; 30 minutes New York, 8c commutation fare; two railroads; excellent train service. JOHN A. BALDWIN, Ridgefield Park, opposite station. Tel. Hackensack 673.

FOR SALE—Two ten-room houses, with large garage and boat and poultry house on one plot; river view; renovation to order of buyer at net cost by undersigned; Summer connections via Sandy Hook boats; all-year-round family dwellings; slight alteration will transform building above garage into dwelling; $30,000; easy terms. Apply to George Brower, Locust, N. J., in charge, or Mount & Robertson, Inc., 41 Beaver St., New York City.

COMFORTABLE, beautifully located home, 11 rooms, bath, steam heat, gas, electricity, furnished; three-car garage; 2½ acres; 200 feet private beach front; surrounded by fine estates; easily accessible to New York by rail or boat; convenient ocean beaches, country club; amidst all Summer and Winter sports; $27,000, furnished; liberal terms. H. C. de Guzman, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 1720.

THIS COMPANY in a business deal has lately come into possession of a delightful 1-family house in the very finest section of Orange, New Jersey; can be purchased at a very great sacrifice; immediate possession. Jersey City Galvanizing Co., 80 Morgan St., Jersey City, N. J. Phone Montgomery 3266. Glenridge 6

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LARGE OFFICE, partitioned into two private offices, with telephone, good light, excellent service.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
$100 MONTHLY.
DUANE CO., 59 4th Av., Opposite Wanamaker's, 4th floor.
No lease required.

17 WARREN ST., Near Broadway.
For rent, offices and show rooms, 2 upper floors, 20x70 each; together or separately; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; immediate possession. H. B. ITTELSON, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7[illegible] or your own broker.

OFFICE SPACE.
1,750 square feet office space, in new building between Wall and Fulton Sts.; light on six sides. Apply Room 1515, 115 Broadway. Telephone Rector 8530.

SMALL OFFICE TO LET.
IMPORTERS AND TRADERS BUILDING,
24-26 STONE ST.
THROUGH TO 59-61 PEARL ST.
Adjoining Broadway. Phone Broad 4700.

LOFT, 3,500 square feet, $2,500; fixtures, including sample room; Holmes protection, safe, desk and other fixtures, $1,200; immediate occupancy; 2-year lease. Buddy Dress, 15 West 18th.

ATTRACTIVE OFFICES & SHOWROOMS, 1 W. 34th St., 150-1,200 sq. ft.; poss. May 1.
171 MADISON AV., COR. 33D ST.
Possession at once, 615-1,600 sq. ft.
Possession May 1, 460 to 3,000 sq. ft.
S. Wilchins, 1 West 34th. Fitzroy 3089.

SHOWROOM WITH OFFICE FIXTURES, ALSO DESK ROOM TO LET; UP-TO-DATE BUILDING, ON 125TH ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 6TH AV. BOX W 270 TIMES.

AUTOMOBILE district in high-class building, front of office facing Broadway; about 250 square feet; telephones and office attendance; suitable for drafting room or general business. K 190 Times.

TO LET—Suite of offices located on West 46th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; telephone connections; one or two years' lease. Apply Room 324, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1962.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, small suites, three rooms and single office, one room, together or distinct; 9th Av., corner 26th St., overlooking Madison Square Park; rent reasonable. Phone Madison Square 642.

GUARANTEE TRUST BLDG., 44th & 5th Av. 800 square feet and other desirable units in vicinity, available now or May 1.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP.,
TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

NICELY FURNISHED private office, private entrance, overlooking Brooklyn Bridge; light, sunny; immediate occupancy; telephone installed; service. Room 1124, 150 Nassau St.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCH DAVIES, 52 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

AT 500 5TH AV. (COR. 42D ST.)
BEST ADDRESS IN NEW YORK.
Desks, with excellent service, $7 up. Mail and telephone service, $4. Room 402.

42D STREET SMALL STORE,
between Broadway and 6th Av., north side street; under desirable location. Eugene D. Kahn, 1,400 Broadway. Fitzroy 2391.

ATTRACTIVE OFFICE SPACE—Will sublease all or part 3,300 sq. ft. attractive office space, Broadway frontage, 149 Broadway. W 850 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity. 241 7th Av. (24th-25th), store, suitable wholesale, retail, showroom, office, manufacturing loft with salesroom; reasonable.

BROADWAY CIRCLE OFFICES.
Furnished private offices, $60; desk, $25; complete office service; stenographer, typist, telephone, &c. Room 502, 1,735 B'way (59th).

NEW ROCHELLE; 2,000 foot loft, excellent for light manufacturing; rent reasonable. Lang & Pressprich, 2d floor, 171 Beechwood Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

6TH AV. (near 45th St.)—Part of loft, including front window; one flight up; ideal for retail show room; immediate possession. Murray Hill 1870.

DESK ROOM, $20; private office, $30; also mail privilege, $5 monthly; telephone attendant; excellent service. Call Stuyvesant 8131. 59 4th Av., opposite Wanamaker's.

CORNER loft, 2,000 feet; all light; either one or five lofts, reasonable rent; possession. For particulars apply H. C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 9747.

270-272 PEARL ST., NEAR FULTON.
Store and basement, 30x86; fifth loft, 30x 68; roof pent house, 10x53; elevator, heat. Loughlin Bros., 1 Platt St.

LIGHT loft, 800 square feet, first floor, best locations, opposite Pennsylvania Hotel; suitable for suit, coat or fur jobber; also resident buyer. 134 West 32d St.

TWO LOFTS, 6,030 square feet each; will rent together or separately; sprinklers, heat, elevator; watchmen. F. E. Allen, 607 West 43d St. Longacre 286.

LOFT TO LET, 4,000 sq. ft.; all improvements; light; good location for help; suitable for light manufacturing. 204 East 107th St. Telephone Harlem 885.

DESK ROOM and space for cage or sample display; telephone and stenographic service; rent reasonable. Abrams & Winter, 25 East 26th St., Room 814.

BROADWAY CORNER,
near 42d; 5,000 square feet; good light; 21 windows; suitable offices or showrooms; will divide. English, 1,531 Broadway.

BROADWAY OFFICES.
Rolltop desk, $25 monthly; mail and telephone privilege, $5; telephone attendant; excellent service. Duane Co., 296 Broadway.

SUNNY office suite of 3 rooms in remodeled elevator building, Madison Av., cor. 48th St.; can occupy part for living if desired. Herbert Gulick Co., 25 East 48th St.

5TH AV., 500 (42d St.)—7th floor, 3,000 sq. feet to one tenant; sublease; immediate possession. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

41 SOUTH STREET.
Four stories and basement loft building, 23 feet by 80 feet.
LOUIS MARTIN, 44 South St.

DESIRABLE OFFICES AVAILABLE NOW or May 1, 42d St. and Broadway.
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION,
TIMES BLDG. BRYANT 1527-7738.

LOFT TO LEASE.
Fireproof building. 31 East 10th St., near Broadway, second floor, 44x80; elevators; immediate possession. William D. Klipatrick, owner, 149 Broadway. Cortlandt 8403.

LOFTS 5,000-7,000 SQUARE FEET.
100% sprinklered; midtown sections.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.
BRYANT 7738-1527.

STORE AND BASEMENT, NEAR HUDSON TERMINAL, 25x100; POSSESSION MAY 1. WOLINS & BULL, 214 FULTON ST. TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 521.

STORE, 20x100, on 29th St., suitable for raw furs and skins; good lease; very reasonable rent. Apply Dinitz-Weinstock, 134 West 25th St. Watkins 7658.

TO RENT, two floors in Grand Central zone; good light; about 600 feet each floor; steam heat and electricity; newly renovated; $900 and $1,000 per floor. 214 East 45th St.

DESIRABLE SECOND FLOOR, 25x76; NEAR GRAND CENTRAL; LARGE DISPLAY WINDOWS; PHONE SERVICE. SILVER, 153 EAST 42D. VANDERBILT 4820.

FACTORIES, 2 fine buildings, 1 and 2 story, 20,000 and 25,000 square feet; modern conveniences; good locations; sale or lease. Nelsen Offices, 2 Court St. Main 8294.

5TH AV., 31ST ST.
Desk room, about 100 square feet, in light offices; phone and stenographer service; moderate rent. Telephone 5008 Longacre.

AT 145 West 45th St., light offices for immediate occupancy. Particulars, Seneca Co., Beekman 6386.

OFFICE, about 700 feet, partitioned; all or part; furnished or unfurnished. Room 1506, 395 Broadway. Canal 1687.

LOFTS, 75x90, sprinklers, live steam, elevator; possession May 1 or earlier. Kasimir & Meltzer, 504 East 74th St.

HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
50 Church, office containing 315 square feet; rent $100. Apply Room 1563.

TO LET—Large, light loft, windows all around; skylight, steam heat, 50x95. Adams Happel, 408 East 93d.

DESIRABLE office, also desk room; service; rents reasonable. 1,170 Broadway, Room 415.

ATTRACTIVE room, 41 West 21st, $100; manufacturing allowed. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

PART OF LOFT, VERY LIGHT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. 10TH FLOOR, 17 WEST 17TH ST.

FOR SALE—Three-year lease on modern 5th Av. office, near Madison Square; $80 per month. W 273 Times.

STUDIOS—Magnificent furnished or unfurnished studios; excellent light. Inquire Superintendent, 662-664 6th Av.

DESK ROOM for rent in engineering suite, facing 23d St., Broadway; stenographic and telephone service. Room 802, 1,270 B'way.

PART of loft to let, about 2,000 square feet, for storage or light manufacturing; low rate. Williamsburg 1735.

30TH ST., 29 WEST—Large and small rooms to let for business; reasonable. Ga Nun & Parsons.

DESK ROOM for rent in elaborately furnished office; new desks. 5 West 29th, suite 609. Longacre 5088.

SHOWROOM, stockroom and office for sale or lease. 35 West 19th St., Fourth floor.

MILLS BUILDING, 15 Broad St., Room 801—Desirable outside suite, 544 feet; three-year lease; immediate possession; $4.

STORE, 25x100, steam-heated, Broome St., near Broadway; high ceiling; state nature of business. Rosen, 853 Broadway.

LOFTS, 75x90, sprinklers, live steam, elevator; possession May 1 or earlier. Kasimir & Meltzer, 504 East 74th St.

34TH ST. and Madison Av., large room suitable for office, showroom or workroom; exceptionally well lighted. Pitaroy 4253.

112 FRONT ST.—Light basement and offices on the fourth floor.
Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORES for rent, Broadway, upper 90's; new building; possession May 1. Hines Realty o., 334 5th Av., Pennsylvania 1072.

LIGHT lofts, 3 small, one large; second floor; immediate possession; rent reasonable. Apply, premises, 145 West 18th St.

LOFTS, light four sides; elevator, heat; immediate possession; will divide. 529 5th Av., near 36th St., phone Vanderbilt 1538.

SECOND floor loft, 24x60, 121 West 52d St.; immediate possession. Morton W. Smith Co.

FOR RENT—Part of loft for offices or manufacturing; reasonable. Call immediately. Spring 4219. 683 Broadway, 5th floor.

LOFTS—Possession: 13 West 20th, 56x92; 128 Bleecker St., 25x100; 21 White St., 20x100. Owner, 2722 Longacre.

FURNISHED office, waiting room privilege; desk room; telephone. Suite 38, 33 Warren.

OFFICE sublet; immediate possession. Park Row Bldg., Room 853.

SMALL light office space or desk room with telephone. Berg, 117 West 46th.

A DESK ROOM, furnished, light corner office; telephone. Room 605, 109 Broad.

VERY desirable office to let, about 1,000 sq. ft. Apply Room 1103, 110 William St.

BIG front window loft, 50x100; suitable for any line of business. 119, 117 West 45th.

DESK room for rent in large, light offices. Apply Room 401, 305 Broadway.

DESK room, part office, furnished; congenial party. Room 606, 347 5th Av.

57TH, 368 WEST—Desirable office; large windows; very light; avenue; $50.

Brooklyn.

INDEPENDENT building, ground floor, basement, for light manufacturing; 6,000 feet, 14-foot skylight ceiling; steam heat, service; two blocks Clark St. subway station, 5 minutes Wall St., 15 minutes Times Square. 100-102 Pineapple St.

MODERN 2-story and part basement building, 80x100; light on all four sides, high ceilings, electric elevator, Edison power and light, Bush Terminal district; splendid shipping facilities. Z 2001 Times Annex.

LOFT TO LET—Light corner loft, 60 x 100, steam heat, elevator; good location for help. 588 Hendrix St., Brooklyn. Telephone Glenmore 9051.

BUILDING, 7-story; electric elevator; $450 month. Owner, 170 Sands St., Brooklyn.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

New Jersey.

LOFT BUILDING,
PLOT 50X90.

TWO STORY AND BASEMENT FOR SALE; LOFTS 25X52; GARAGE ON EXTRA LOT; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR QUICK BUYER; SUITABLE ANY KIND OF MANUFACTURING. JACOB BARTFELD, 714 MONROE PLACE, NEAR WEST NEW YORK, N. J. TEN MINUTES FROM 42D ST. FERRY. TEL. UNION 4842.

WEST END, N. J.—Large store, has been occupied by Acker, Merrall & Condit for past 10 years; splendid opportunity for first-class wholesale and retail grocery. Full information, W. Hirsh, 42 Elm St., New York.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED FOR LAW PRACTICE,
1,200 TO 1,500 SQUARE FEET,
ALL LIGHT, OUTSIDE OFFICES,
GRAND CENTRAL OR COLUMBUS CIRCLE OR TIMES SQUARE ZONES, AT NOT OVER $2.50 TO $3 PER SQUARE FOOT.
ROOM 1506, 41 PARK ROW.
PHONE 2910 CORTLANDT.

WANTED—To lease a small gasoline station and tea house, or suitable place on thoroughfare within 30 miles. Address Campbell, 76 St. Nicholas Place.

WANTED immediately, loft or part loft, 400 to 500 square feet, City Hall location. David Dean, 315 68th St., Brooklyn. Shore Road 5128.

DENTIST wishes space, vicinity Times Square, Herald Square or will share other dentist's office. Phone Murray Hill 7740.

FACTORIES.

FACTORY site at Elmhurst, 13 acres in plots to suit; railroad siding available; 50 cents to $1 square foot. John A. Rapelye, Broadway, Elmhurst.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 37 (Hotel Grosvenor)—Apartment two large rooms, living room 19x25, private hall, large bath, two extra large closets; splendidly furnished, complete hotel service; to sublease until Oct. 1st. Ask for Apt. 17.

8TH ST., 11 EAST.
Three large rooms, bath, kitchen, charmingly furnished; conveniences; entire second floor; reasonable.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

31ST (Lexington)—Charmingly furnished two rooms, large kitchenette, bath, $90. Stuyvesant 6728.

32D, 34 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Comfortably furnished apartments, 2, 3 rooms; from $23 weekly; special rates permanent guests.

33D—Two big rooms, kitchenette, bath; $140; (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

34TH ST., 126 EAST—Seven-room apartment, two baths, in elevator house, beautifully furnished; will sublet to reliable family 4 months or longer, $260 per month. Telephone 8502 Vanderbilt.

35TH, 36 EAST — Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; expensively furnished, Oriental rugs, overstuffed furniture; southern exposure; exclusive neighborhood; references required. Tel. Vanderbilt 7364.

45TH ST., 129 EAST—Two minutes from Grand Central, Commodore and Biltmore; two rooms, bath and kitchenette, completely and attractively furnished in mahogany; telephone connection and electricity; maid service optional; references required; $150 per month until Oct. 1 only. Apply on premises. Mrs. Berg.

49TH ST., 140 EAST—Four-room apartment, elegantly furnished; bedroom, living room, dining room and kitchen. Apt. 42.

60TH ST., 44 EAST—Handsomely furnished, large 2-room apartment; large bath with big window; two painted cedar closets; tile kitchen, bedroom, silk paneled; 10-piece bedroom suite, old Cromwell; living room, Jacobean oak; walls to match; draperies paneled; going to Europe; $325. Plaza 1096.

67TH, 18 EAST—Sublet special two rooms, handsomely furnished; restaurant. Jacinto Hotel.

75TH ST. AND PARK AV.—Six rooms and bath; March 15 to Sept. 1; exceptionally cool; $150. Phone Rhinelander 2215.

76TH ST., EAST—Desirable five-room duplex; April to Oct. 15; $250 monthly; references required. Telephone Butterfield 4363 before 10 A. M. or after 5:30 P. M.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av. (Southwest Corner 93d St.)—Newly decorated apartment, one room and bath, $45 up; two rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

CHARMINGLY furnished 7-room 3-bath apartment, facing Gramercy Park; April to October; $375 per month. Gramercy 4315.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 626.
Choice selection of apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished; season or year.
PARK AVENUE AND VICINITY.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6264.

LEXINGTON AV., 812 (62d) — Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $125. Smith.

179 MADISON AV., NEAR 34TH ST.
2 rooms and bath, furnished; maid service.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—2 rooms, bath; bachelor apartment; magnificently furnished; $100 month. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 27 WEST.
To let, furnished, until Oct. 1, studio apartment, two rooms and bath, $150 per month; immediate possession. Apply Ball, phone Chelsea 2941.

10TH (Washington Square) — Five rooms, bath; piano; $160. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

11TH (Just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuyvesant 1410.

16TH, 5 WEST—Attractive large room, private bath; lease; $65; old mahogany, chintz, fireplace, continuous hot water, immaculately clean, electricity, telephone; restaurant connected.

29TH ST.—Rooms, apartments, kitchens, baths. Chelsea 6005.

44TH ST., 210 WEST—Two and three room bachelor apartments; first-class hotel service $100 to $150. Apply Manager.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $75-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH ST., 65 WEST (Hotel San Rafael)—One, two rooms, with bath; well furnished; hotel service. Tel. Bryant 1700.

46TH (Near 5th Av.)—Parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath. Mr. Diamond, Bryant 8830.

48TH, 133 WEST—To sublet, two rooms. See Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

50TH ST., 4 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL opportunity; living, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; completely furnished; linen, silver, china; immediate possession; reduced $375. Call 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., Mrs. Claire's apartment. Phone Pelham 1460.

50TH ST., 74 WEST—Attractive small apartment, living room, bedroom and bath, every modern convenience, $100.

50TH, 34 WEST—Exceptional apartment, bargain until October. Mitchell, Circle 8785.

51ST (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

52D ST., 223 WEST (corner Broadway)—High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; hotel service; 2 rooms and bath; $140 up; references required.

52D ST., 43 WEST—Beautiful one-room-bath studio apartment for sale most reasonable; seen afternoon, evening only. Rados.

55TH ST. (CORNER 7TH AV.) — THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; ONE AND TWO ROOMS AND BATH; $140 TO $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

56TH, 206 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITES WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $90 TO $200 MONTHLY; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator; furnished or unfurnished. Circle 1330.

57TH, 58 WEST—Nicely furnished studios, sublet Oct. 1. Superintendent Circle 3580.

57TH (near 5th Av.)—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath; $135. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

58TH, 57 WEST—Three rooms, beautifully furnished, complete for housekeeping; 8th floor.

59TH ST. (Near 5th)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower, closets. 3778 Plaza.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (Pasadena) (Corner Broadway)—Near elevated, subway; newly decorated 2 rooms, bath, overlooking park; bountiful closets, light; linen, maid service included; $25-$30 weekly, $100-$250 monthly; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

62TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two 3-room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $80-$135; references required.

67TH ST., 33 WEST—Artistically furnished duplex studio housekeeping apartment, seven rooms; immense studio with north light, fireplace; restaurant in building; to Oct. 1, with probability of longer lease if desired; $375 per month; may be seen 11-4, or by appointment. Thompson, 3227 Columbus.

67TH—Immense studio, duplex, north light, 3 master bedrooms, 1 maid's, 2 baths, elegantly furnished; $325. Columbus 3786.

70S—Six rooms, bath, attractively furnished, $135. Bigelow, 25 West 42d St.

72D, 240 WEST (Subway express)—Artistic; ground floor; open fire; phone; Victrola; sell furniture; lease. Columbus 3566, afternoons.

72D, 210 WEST—Two bedrooms, parlor, kitchenette, restaurant, Victrola. Columbus 9301. Richards.

73D, 140 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, HIGH-CLASS PARLOR, BEDCHAMBER, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY; SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER, PIANO, VICTROLA; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished 2-room suites, with bath; moderate monthly and weekly rates; $100 monthly up; $25 weekly up.

74TH ST., 164 WEST—Very attractive two-room apartment in exclusive American plan hotel. Phone 3290 Columbus.

78TH ST., 229 WEST (Apartment 21) — 6 rooms, beautifully furnished, 3 baths. Seen by appointment at 210 Madison Sq.

79TH—8 rooms, 2 baths, front, elevator, outside, piano; $250. Columbus 1278.

80TH, 102 WEST (Hotel Anderson)—One and two rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished; restaurant service.

80TH ST., 249 WEST (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished apartment; maid service included.

80-S, WEST—New building, 5 rooms, handsomely furnished; $200; details. Columbus 3974.

80S—Apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; piano; $130. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

81ST, 204 WEST (B4)—Beautifully furnished two rooms, kitchen, bath, $135 monthly until October.

81ST ST., WEST—3 rooms and bath, real kitchen; linen, piano, elevated; $150. David Lamb, Schuyler 9376.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished, 2 and 3 rooms, bath; $125 per month up. Hotel Colonial.

83D, 58 WEST—Attractively furnished light 3-room apartment, large kitchenette; piano; private phone; immediate possession. Apply Lindh.

84TH—5 rooms, 2 bedrooms, front, elevator, elegantly furnished; $175. Columbus 1278.

85TH ST., 350 WEST—Apartment three large rooms; highest class house; furnishings today, $650; cost, $3,000; rent, $140.

85TH, 58 WEST—Large, sunny room, private bath, real kitchen; reasonable.

86TH ST., 310 WEST—Eight rooms, with three baths, beautifully furnished, to October.

86TH, 309 WEST—Charming 1-room, bath apartment; hotel service; restaurant. Apply, Superintendent.

86TH, 143 WEST—Large room, dressing room, bath, kitchenette; $120 monthly.

86TH, 132 WEST—Large one room, bath, kitchenette; also floor suitable physician.

86TH ST., WEST—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Schuyler 1666.

87TH, 40 WEST—Elegant furnished 5-room apartment; also high-class large and small room with all conveniences.

88TH ST., 178 WEST—Three beautiful rooms, bath; light housekeeping; reference.

88TH, 179 WEST — Sublet newly furnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Maisel.

89TH, 305 WEST — Beautiful parlor floor, three enormous rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150; sunny front suite, bath, kitchen; $100.

90S, WEST—Apartment, large; wish to sell furniture with apartment; half sublet furnished pays rent. F 454 Times.

90-S-RIVERSIDE—Seven rooms, 3 baths, 3 bedrooms, complete furnishings; season or 18 months. Columbus 3974.

91ST—Three rooms, real kitchen, attractively furnished; $165 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1452.

92D, 317 WEST—Large, elegantly, newly furnished apartment, near Riverside Drive; 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; will rent to refined people with unquestionable references; will sell furniture if desired.

92D, 147 WEST—Attractively furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; lease; references.

94TH, 310 WEST—Beautifully furnished 5 room and bath apartment, ready for occupancy; $175 per month to Oct. 1.

97TH (West End)—Separate apartment, two large rooms, kitchenette; attractively furnished; twin beds; $150. Phone Riverside 10071 afternoons.

97TH, 308 WEST — One, five, immense rooms, southern exposure; furnished or unfurnished; elevator, telephone; reasonable rental. Riverside 7830.

98TH ST. 305-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
Two to five rooms and kitchen; $25 per week and up; completely furnished; hotel service.

101ST, 215 WEST (7C)—Eight large outside rooms, three baths; luxuriously furnished throughout; Oriental rugs, period furniture.

106TH, 206 WEST—Modern elevator seven-room furnished apartment; lease one, two years; convenient subway, elevated; reasonable; shown by Superintendent. Academy 2166. Apartment 21.

109TH, 107 WEST—Two and three rooms, high-class, $75 up; also weekly rates. Telephone Academy 1611. Open Sundays.

116TH, WEST—4 rooms, excellent in every respect. Telephone business hours Fitzroy 993, other hours Riverside 4446.

117TH (Broadway)—Seven-room apartment; four bedrooms; grand piano; $235. Cathedral 5825.

115TH ST. (370 Manhattan Av.)—To sublet immediately elegant apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; stylishly furnished; Oriental rugs, draperies, &c. Apply Apt. 1C. Tel. Cathedral 10064.

115TH, 604 WEST—Three large rooms and kitchenette, nicely furnished, immediate possession, $150 per month. Apt. 3D.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 1-2 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

121ST, 527 WEST — Front apartment, four outside rooms; attractively furnished; real kitchen.

122D, 509 WEST (Apt. 3)—Attractive five-room apartment, including alcove; will sell furniture very reasonable. Morningside 4670.

127TH, 611 WEST (Teman Place)—3 rooms, kitchenette, immediate possession. Apt. 54.

130TH, 508 WEST—Five rooms, two bedrooms, housekeeping, nicely furnished, elevator, $140 monthly. Apt. 63. Superintendent.

140TH ST., 509 WEST (Apt. 4A)—Four large rooms, elevator, steam, highly furnished, $125; possession March 21 or April 1. Phone Barclay 784.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

140'S (Broadway)—Six rooms, bath, $95; sell furniture, $450. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

149TH ST., 551 WEST—Attractive five rooms, 2 bedrooms, piano, Victrola, 40 let Oct. 1. $125. Audubon 5510. Apt. 5.

150S (Riverside)—Five rooms, bath, piano; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

199TH ST., WEST—Four rooms, all outside; beautiful view Hudson; piano; elevator; phone; immediate to October, $125. Phone H. I. Knickerbocker, Bryant 9060, for appointment.

170TH ST., 715 WEST—4 outside rooms to sublet, beautifully furnished; 9 windows; overlooking Hudson River; April 1 to Sept. 30; $150 monthly. Apt. 12.

179TH ST. (Fort Washington Av.) — Seven rooms, two baths, furnished, June 1 to Oct. 1; references required. Phone for appointment Wadsworth 2259.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY; exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. DINGLEMAN, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Col. 836.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room kitchenette, kitchen apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $75 up; weekly rates; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1643.

BROADWAY (163d St.)—Completely furnished rooms and bath, situated one block from Drive; possession; April 1 to October; $145. Phone 5164 Canal for appointment.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 88 (60th St.)—Facing park; 6 large rooms, 2 baths, handsomely furnished, Steinway, grand, April 15 to Nov. 1. Columbus 4738.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 73d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENT SPECIALIST.
Wickliffe Gray, 280 W. 73d. Columbus 3974.

GRAHAM COURT, 7th Av.-116th—Beautiful 8-room furnished apartment, spacious, all outside, $250. Call between 4-6, Apartment J, 8th floor; House 3.

IN palatial residence, 2-room apartment, artistically furnished, overlooking Central Park, kitchenette, bath, service optional; $125. Apply 467 Central Park West (at 106th).

IMMEDIATE possession; beautifully furnished 10-room and 3-bath apartment, facing Manhattan Square Park; one family on floor; all outside exposures; view from four sides; can be had furnished. Apply Alfred P. Coburn, 159 West 72d. Columbus 4256.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 67 (corner 79th St.)—Apartment, two bedrooms, kitchen, sitting room, large bath to lease. Apply by letter, 1,123 Broadway, Room 309, or phone Watkins 2670.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Convenient 110th subway, handsomely furnished, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $250 month; immediate possession. Phone Vanderbilt 1450.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 564—Elegantly furnished, rent or lease; $100 month. Morningside 8056.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151 (87th)—Large one room, bath, kitchenette; also unfurnished suite; reference.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454—7 rooms, splendidly furnished, for 6 months or 1 year; facing river. Tel. Morningside 9080, Apt. 2B.

SAN REMO HOTEL—To sublet, delightful, two-room-bath apartment, newly furnished; Chickering grand piano, lamps; park view; sunny; $240; immediate. Suite 901.

VERY attractive furnished apartment to sublet at sacrifice rental for balance of lease, April 1 to Sept. 30; two baths, four master rooms; convenient situation. Phone Cathedral 9751.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Will sell handsomely furnished four-room apartment, facing Hudson River; baby grand. Phone Wadsworth 4674 (10B.)

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Attractive, sunny three-room apartment; rent $100. Murray Hill 53.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS — Five (5) large modern rooms, completely furnished, $160 monthly. Audubon 2365.

WEST END AV., 905 (CORNER 104TH)—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED 8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS; RIVER VIEW; EVERYTHING NEW; $400 MONTHLY UNTIL OCT. 1; NO CHILDREN; WILL SELL IF DESIRED. ACADEMY 1340.

WEST END AV.—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; linen and silver; very low rate.
David Lamb, Schuyler 9376.

WEST END AV., 785 (98th)—Parlor floor, furnished, private bath in private residence; occupancy March 12.

WEST END, 855 (3B)—Newly furnished three outside rooms, foyer and bath; real kitchenette; immediate possession; elevator apt.

WEST END AV., 512 (84th St.)—Small, attractive apartment; private phone. Queen.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

WILLOW ST., 146, Brooklyn—Completely furnished two-room-bath-kitchenette apartment ready for occupancy, April 1-Oct. 1, two blocks from Clark St. subway. Call 9-11 A. M., 7-9 P. M. Abbott.

Furnished—Long Island.

FREEPORT—Four rooms, private bath, in beautiful home; references; $80. Telephone 1023-J.

Unfurnished—East Side.

9TH ST., 25-5TH AV.
WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
IN THE NEW 14-STORY BUILDING; 3-ROOM HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT, TENTH FLOOR; OPEN FIREPLACE IN LIVING ROOM; $2,400.

19TH ST., 126 EAST (Gramercy Park Section)—Penthouse apartment in modern building; elevator; good light and air. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

27TH, 39 EAST—Four and seven rooms, elevator apartments; agent premises.

30TH, 32 EAST—A wonderful opportunity, parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; most accessible location; price $110 per month. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel, next door.

30TH ST., 6 AND 8 EAST.
Two rooms and bath.
Modern apartment.

33D ST., 155 EAST—Two rooms, studio apt., bath, kitchenette. Murray Hill 4961.

48TH, 15 EAST—Two rooms and bath; valet and maid service; restaurant Criterion. Apply superintendent.

60TH, 132 EAST—Parlor floor; private; doctor or business; three rooms, bath.

85TH, 112 EAST—Apartment, doctor's office, 2 or 3 floors. Lenox 1330.

GRAMERCY PARK.
EIGHT ROOMS, TWO BATHS.
An unusually choice corner apartment to lease from October at $4,200. May be secured for Summer at large concession. Has 110 feet window frontage. Park privilege procurable. V 704 Times Downtown.

MADISON AV. (near 48th St.)—Four beautiful rooms or more, with all improvements; $1,500 up; will furnish if necessary. Inquire Irving Bachrach, 74 East 92d. Lenox 2044.

MADISON AV., 110—Studio apartment; two elegant rooms, bath, kitchen; $75 month; lease. Information Phone Bryant 7911.

PARK AV.—7 rooms, 2 baths, sublet unfurnished 2½ years; rent $300; will consider renting furnished to Oct. 1. Telephone Rhinelander 2445.

THREE ROOMS AND BATH, $50.
On first floor in the co-operative plan elevator apartment house, NO. 17 EAST 95TH ST., near 5th Av., in the social centre; cash investment, $1,200; the rental value of this 3-room apartment being $100, the investment is saved in two years. William Cruikshank's Sons, 85 Liberty St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Apartments, 1, 2 or 3 large rooms, bath; steam, open fireplaces. 13 East 9th St.

5 ROOMS AND BATH—$85 TO $115—in the co-operative plan apartment houses, Nos. 17 and 19 East 95th St., near 5th Av., in the social centre; cash investment $2,300 to $3,000, which includes cost of stock ownership, renovation and decorating; living room 26 feet long, closets 3x8 and 3x5 feet; unique, equitable, money-saving, co-operative plan. William Cruikshank's Sons, Agents, 85 Liberty St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

44TH ST., 210 WEST—2 and 3 room bachelor apartment; first-class hotel service; $100 to $160. Apply Manager.

47TH ST., 107 WEST—Studio apartment, two elegant rooms, bath; improvements; $65 month; lease. Information phone Bryant 7911.

50TH ST., 29 WEST—Superb 2-room bath, kitchenette apartment; $100 month. A. H. Stout. Telephone 382 Circle.

62D, 41 WEST (near 5th Av.)—High-class one large room, bath.

64TH, 32 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive two large rooms, bath; redecorating; furnished or unfurnished; fireplace; entire floor; open for inspection; lease; $185. Phone Lenox 5817.

67TH ST., 162 WEST—One room and bath, $90-$100 month; 3 rooms and bath, $175 month; yearly leases. Feltx Isman, Inc., 501 5th Av. Murray Hill 2250.

68TH, 200 WEST—Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Superintendent.

69D ST., 28 WEST—Two rooms, bath, $95. Elevator man or Jacob J. Tabolt, 598 8th Av.

72D ST., 305 WEST—Most attractive southwest corner apartment in the Luxonia; five rooms, two baths; unfurnished; lease. Phone Columbus 9452.

72D, 54 WEST—Two rooms and bath; sublease at reduced figure

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

OPERATOR, switchboard, four years' experience; tactful, efficient; best references. F 422 Times.

OPERATOR, switchboard, typist, file clerk, six years' experience; references. H 546 Times.

SEAMSTRESS—Hand sewer; unexcelled; fine underwear a specialty; highest references. Plaza 8171.

SEAMSTRESS by day; $3.50 a day. M 476 Times.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, 8 years' experience, secretary to busy executive; thoroughly competent to assume responsibilities, desires good connection; possesses initiative, tact; well educated, wide awake; good appearance. A 1018 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, varied experience, capable and efficient, absolutely dependable, desires position under high-grade executive. Miss Hart, Room 819, Woolworth Building.

SECRETARY—Southern girl, well educated, refined, six years' experience, wishes responsible position requiring executive ability. K 202 Times.

SECRETARY, I am looking for a good business connection for my private secretary; able, rapid, accurate, educated and reliable. Call Mr. Amig, Bowling Green 4320.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; manuscript, bibliography and reference work a specialty. Phone University 6354.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Excellent worker; rapid, accurate, grammarian; agreeable, initiative. H 553 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, American, Protestant; competent handling volume detail; available immediately; $35. C. D., Chelsea 2980.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent position; salary $30; with opportunity for advancement; references. A 1017 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, beginner, desires position. Hebrew Technical School for Girls, 15th St. and 2d Av. Telephone Stuyvesant 5011.

STENOGRAPHER; bright beginner; good education; no agency; $15. M 791 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, six years' experience; moderate salary; best references. H 528 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, ambitious; initiative, trustworthy; moderate salary. L 836 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; 5 years' experience; conscientious, reliable; references; $22. E 967 Times Uptown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert typist, desires manuscripts, plays, minutes, documents; reasonable. H., Plaza 8649.

STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' technical experience, neat, accurate, well educated; salary $30. D 458 Times.

STENOGRAPHER or Underwood typist desires part-time position. F 609 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience; trustworthy; references; $20. E 968 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; reliable; references; $18. E 971 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, competent, energetic; $23. H 527 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; refined; references; $30. L 890 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, competent, accurate, reliable. ✱ Columbus 0651.

TEACHER—Experienced teacher of classical, character, interpretive and social dancing, desires position. D 496 Times.

TYPIST, three years' experience, rapid, reliable; references; $17. M 797 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, 3 years' experience; $20. H 529 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position in doctor's office; experienced. Miss Ashcroft, 204 East 32d St.

YOUNG WOMAN, adaptable, six years' bookkeeping, corresponding and office detail; moderate salary. H 531 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT — Commercial engineer, 6 years' accounting and auditing experience, wishes permanent position with reliable firm; English and French; first-class references. F 430 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, aged 26, single, desires position with firm of accountants; eight years' experience on ledgers, costs, timekeeping, payroll, bookkeeping, &c. L. B., 7 Linden St., Maspeth, L. I.

ACCOUNTANT, Bookkeeper, Auditor, expert organizer, controlling accounts, financial statements; full knowledge Spanish; A1 references. J. V., 23 West 85d.

ACCOUNTANT, public, audits, systems, tax returns, bookkeeping arrangements, satisfaction guaranteed. Goldberger, Pulitzer Building, Beekman 8386.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, four years bookkeeper, seeks position with C. P. A.; best references; graduate New York University. F 630 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires position with accounting firm; objective, experience, not salary. D 989 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, expert, books kept for small firms; trial balance, statements; moderate. H 545 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Income tax specialist, audits, &c.; terms reasonable. V 709 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, desires temporary engagement; expert on cost work and tax reports. K 153 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (age 38), bookkeeper; competent; salary $40. M 757 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, with a record of success in managing National campaigns, using dominant magazines, local dailies and direct-mail, dealer-helps; seven years' advertising experience and sales promotion work; selling ability; college education; married. F 455 Times.

ADVERTISING CLERK, 32, several years with leading metropolitan newspaper experience, wishes steady position. Kline, 321 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

AUDITOR and accountant, England; C. A., wants position in England, auditor, office manager or allied work, 35, married. Y 2005 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-CORRESPONDENT, 5 years' practical experience, thoroughly competent, controlling accounts, financial statements, knowledge stenography, capable taking full charge, seeks permanent position; $26; highest references. Edward Keller, 1,261 Madison Av., city.

BOOKKEEPER, CREDIT MAN, OFFICE MANAGER, 28; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; 8 YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE LADIES' APPAREL LINE. ZIMMERMAN, 927 EAST 163D ST.

BOOKKEEPER, age 25, married, experienced in bank and commercial work; knowledge of accounting and costs; salary $35-$40. E 981 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 699 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, experienced, accurate, well educated; pleasing personality. D 440 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced credit man, desires position offering good future. D 449 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 19, desires position with reliable firm; accurate at figures; experience; references. F 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, 4 years' experience; full set books; controlling accounts; high school graduate; best references. D 477 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, experienced; best references; reasonable salary. H 502 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Part time work. L 854 Times Downtown.

BUYER AND MANAGER, with twenty years' mercantile experience, desires connection with reliable concern; fully acquainted with the market conditions and is thoroughly known through the general merchandise trade; excellent references. H 535 Timees.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, thoroughly experienced on all cars, foreign and domestic, with over ten years' practical experience, both mechanical and driving; references; neat, courteous and willing; desires city, country position. Noonan, 217 7th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, exceptional mechanic, careful driver, 11 years' practical experience, high grade private family; references; neat appearing, obliging, pleasing manners; reasonable salary. S. T., 60 Times.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Chauffeurs, 1,947 Broadway, Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, private; Stanley steam car and other makes; mechanic; married, age 28; reference. M. Panzetti, 388 Spring St., West Hoboken, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR, valet, experienced young man, Irish, wishes position; country preferred. L. S. Nestor, 1,280 Shakespeare Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 25, neat appearance, 8 years' experience on high grade cars, wishes private position; best of reference. Charles Galets, 225 West 115th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 14 years' experience all cars; private; reference. Address James Kellett, 125 West 89th. Tel. Riverside 6842.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—American, married; 10 years' driving, shop experience; 5 years last position; reliable. Kaufhold, 180 West 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, 28, married, wishes steady position, private family, ten years' experience. Davis, 109 West 70th.

CHAUFFEUR, college education, former naval aviator, expert mechanic; references. F 457 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, colored, wishes position, city; 5 years' experience; best reference. Harris, 205 West 140th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman would like to place chauffeur; can give very best reference. Morningside 617.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 10 years' private experience; best references. Phone Schuyler 4406, Cavanaugh.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, single, wishes private position; references. Ed. Fischer, Phone Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, desires private position; competent mechanic, reliable driver; private references. D 406 Times.

CLERK, packer, foreign parcel post, 3 years' experience; 25, ambitious, conscientious, a hustler; reasonable salary expected. D 490 Times.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER — Technical graduate, 7 years' experience; available immediately; estimating, purchasing, field, general; architect's superintendent. D 460 Times.

COOK, Japanese, wants position as general houseworker in small family; has references. Hashi, 9 West 98th St.

COOK or butler, part time; Japanese student; experienced. A 1022 Times Harlem.

CORRESPONDENT, French, Spanish, German, English correspondence; young man, 25, good general experience export, import; full knowledge of French-Spanish markets. F 627 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, general office man, 14 years' practical training; credentials. F 446 Times.

COUPLE, Dutch, want to work in camps, mining or lumber where; man experienced cook, wife for help; good reference. Apply Oudshoorn, 329 West 14th St.

DRAFTSMAN, technical graduate, assistant to consulting engineer doing steel, reinforced concrete design, research investigations, construction material tests; five years' field work. H 492 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 24, structural steel, concrete, mill buildings, plant layout. A 182 Times.

EDITOR—Young man with initiative, ideas and ambition; 10 years continuously with organization recognized as one of the largest and leader in its field; last 2 years as managing editor of 2 weeklies; widely traveled, well read; engineering education. Y 2453 Times Annex.

EDITOR, 5 years' trade journal experience; writer and reporter; more than average ability; now employed. A 189 Times.

EDITOR, thorough experience, expert with proofs and make up; trade paper and publicity. N 388 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, university training, 9 years' varied experience. D 367 Times.

EXECUTIVE, young man, 30, excellent education, understands selling, office responsibility, advertising, publicity, training suitable as executive secretary to big business official. F 436 Times.

EXECUTIVE, domestic, foreign salesman, office manager, expert stenographer, secretary; at present SECRETARY large mercantile corporation; desires change. F 622 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, production and operating manager, 32 years age, American college graduate, ten years' experience, organize and handle male and female help. D 280 Times.

FARMER—Farm bred American bachelor would like position with American family as caretaker of horses, cows, poultry or garden. D 456 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, general, Japanese wants position, with reference; $35. Hamada, 445 East 57th.

INSTRUMENT MAKER.
Young man, clean-cut, studious, industrious, 10 years' practical experience, A1 references, wishes connection experimental capacity with mechanical engineer. Lacker, 189 Menahan St., Brooklyn.

INTERPRETER-VALET, Japanese, young, college graduate, Japan and America, desires accompanying gentleman to Orient. A 1009 Times Harlem.

JAPANESE, position working in small family; am attending school. Please write H. Y. Toba, 445 East 57th St.

MANAGER—Thoroughly experienced man in men's furnishings or hats desires to connect with first-class store; have 20 years' experience; am fully capable taking complete charge of business, including the trimming of windows; can furnish highest class commercial references. H 523 Times.

MAN, hardware, 30, accounting, selling, foreign trade experience; speaks English, Spanish, German. K 177 Times.

MAN, 36, wishes position, doorman, reception or guard. Ryan, 36 West 10th St.

OFFICE MANAGER, capable correspondent, bookkeeper, resourceful; excellent references. E 979 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION ENGINEER, 26, graduate; experienced time study, plant layout drafting, system installation, production cost estimates. 131 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

PURCHASING AGENT—A CAREFUL AND CONSCIENTIOUS BUYER OF STATIONERY, PRINTING SUPPLIES, &C., WANTS CONNECTION WITH A FIRM THAT APPRECIATES SAME. M 738 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PUBLICITY—Young man, excellent education and training in publicity, desires all or part time position. F 435 Times.

SALESMAN, energetic man, desires responsible inside position with reliable wholesale men's furnishing house; have had long experience; capable and trustworthy in this line; highest class commercial references. H 522 Times.

SALESMAN, 12 years' business and sales experience, married, 33, at present employed; offer my absolute best in exchange for permanency and possibilities; no blue sky considered. F 190 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, excellent sales ability, seeks connections with importer; possesses intelligence; good personality; traveled. H 521 Times.

SALESMAN-EXECUTIVE, 15 years one concern; excellent references; moderate. F 441 Times.

SALESMAN, building materials, ten years as accountant, estimator, city salesman with leading concerns. K 142 Times.

SALESMAN desires staple line; energetic, experienced; available March 15. D 407 Times.

SALESMAN-EXECUTIVE, 15 years one concern; excellent references. F 384 Times.

SHIPPING, receiving, stock recording; executive ability; married, 27; reliable. D 482 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, 21; high school graduate; three years' office experience; competent, accurate, rapid; excellent references. F 616 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, 21, experienced, five years; salary $25. Phone Audubon 4370.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, energetic, resourceful; character, ability; unpadded credentials. E 978 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MAN, experienced in expediting, purchasing, general office system; 24, 5 years' with largest construction company, desires position any capacity with reputable organization where adaptability, initiative and intense interest for work is wanted. F 429 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN desires connections where ability will bring advancement; thoroughly familiar all phases export and import shipments; take full charge. T 403 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER,
expert on rates, routes, classification, loss, damage and overcharge claims, offers services part time. P 749 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGER or assistant, expert on rate routings, classification and claims; best references. H 519 Times.

VALET, houseman, Japanese, years' experience; strictly sober, willing. Yamayama, 9 West 98th.

VALET OR BUTLER, English; reference; city. Craven, Telephone Lenox 9192.

YOUNG MAN, 33, American, extensive experience in Latin American countries, fluent Spanish, good correspondent, knowledge of conditions and requirements, desires permanent position with reliable concern. F 610 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, French, 24, useful, little English, want work, private house or hotel; wish chiefly learn English; salary secondary. Raymond, 108 West 54th St., French Y. M. C. A.

YOUNG MAN, 20, 2½ years' experience in railroad office, typist, wishes connection with export, import or steamship company. E 992 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, experienced sales, claims, accountancy; formerly assistant credit manager Standard Oil New Jersey. K 197 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, several years' selling experience, 5 years' head of stock, wishes position; no securities, insurance; best references former employers. F 438 Times.

YOUNG MAN, who has an artificial leg, desires position; energetic, capable and has personality; highly recommended. H 536 Times.

YOUNG MAN wants position as paper cutter; have knowledge of paper stock; can take place as foreman in manifold house. F 619 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, selling ability, 6 years' commercial experience, seeks progressive wholesale connection; salary $20. D 402 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires work in electrical line; salary no object. Robert Elnicke, 688 Seneca Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, bright, intelligent, desires to learn a trade. Nichols, 68 West 88th.

YOUNG MAN, 21, timekeeping, payroll, typist; good references. F 622 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, business experience; college education, desires position. D 497 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position with firm offering advancement. D 493 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, clerical position; knowledge typewriting. E 977 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, desires position; anything. E 993 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, commission, church and civic monthly publication of Brooklyn; excellent leads. Apply Brooklyn Forum Magazine, 379 Bridge St.

ASSISTANT BUYER.
STERN BROTHERS
Have vacancy for a capable
and experienced
ASSISTANT BUYER,
CHINA and GLASSWARE.
Apply after 9:00 A. M. at
Superintendent's Office,
Sixth Floor.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY, dentist's office; unusual position for capable young woman; give full particulars; salary. H 517 Times.

ATTENDANT in dispensary; experience unnecessary; hours 1 to 5; $6 weekly. 231 East 57th.

BILLING CLERK—Must be experienced, accurate and quick on Underwood machine; permanent position for capable young woman with large silk concern; state experience and reference. W 283 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, to take charge of department; must be familiar with controlling accounts and have knowledge of foreign drafts, letters of credit, &c.; state age, experience in detail, and salary expected. T 1117 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, typist wanted, for manufacturing concern, located in Cypress Hills section to take full charge trial balance, controlling accounts, &c.; experienced only need apply; state full particulars in first letter. W 293 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for manufacturing concern; must be experienced, highly efficient; one with knowledge of shorthand preferred; answer in own handwriting stating age, experience and salary. Box 726, 209 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in shirt manufacturing business; must have executive ability and take entire charge of office and books. W 245 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; farm accounting office; answer in own handwriting, stating salary, experience and references. K 193 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, knowledge of stenography; steady position. Address, stating experience and salary desired, call 10:30, Room 605, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, by wholesale clothing house; state references and salary expected. W 291 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for wholesale cloak house; must know stenography; steady position. J. Michaels, 8 West 30th St.

BUYERS.
STEINBACH COMPANY,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.,
REQUIRE
BUYERS,
EXPERIENCED, FOR HIGH-GRADE DEPARTMENTS; MUST HAVE ABILITY TO BUY, CONDUCT DEPARTMENT AND PROMOTE SALES; GOOD SALARY TO START AND INCREASE IN GENEROUS PROPORTION AS RESULTS PROVE ABILITY.

CASHIERS,
for our pneumatic tubes.
Apply General Office, 4th floor,
H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125th St., West.

CASHIER.
Must have had 2 years' experience in furniture installment business; permanent position, good hours, attractive salary. See Mr. Schaffer, care Ludwig Bauman's & Co., 1,449-1,459 Broadway, Brooklyn.

CASHIER—Reliable young woman, opening and distributing money mail, publishing house; give references and experience. D 462 Times.

CASHIER—Front office large hotel; good opportunity; state qualifications fully. T 406 Times.

CIRCULATION DEPT. HEAD CLERK, experienced in independent distribution; must be excellent correspondent and stenographer; unusual opportunity for capable, trustworthy worker with high-class references; state salary, qualifications, &c. C. W., 298 Times.

CLERKS.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, while not requiring additional clerks at present, is desirous of accumulating a reserve list of desirable young people who would like to enter its employ, and who, in all probability, would not have to wait very long before obtaining a position, due to the growth of the business; desirable applicants are those of 17 and over, preferably with high school training, but certainly with full course of grammar school instruction, and living with parents or near relatives. Call Room 5033, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

CLERICAL WORKER, preferable with library training, and typewriting, no stenography, for special work in executive office in charge of chain of stores. Apply by letter, giving full information as to education, experience and salary to start. F 625 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Attractive young woman wanted for office of country club; prefer typist; room and board furnished, addition to salary. Apply by letter, stating age, salary, references and experience as clerk, to Box 124, Grand Central Station, New York.

CLERK, young woman, to assist on stock records in modern piano factory in Bronx; state age, qualifications and salary desired. Box 721, 209 Cable Building.

CLERK—GIRL FOR FILE WORK.
Rosenwasser Bros., Inc.,
346 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

COMPANION WANTED.
A lady of social standing wants a companion who has culture, refinement and tact; highest references required; please answer by letter only stating qualifications, salary expected, age, &c., to Miss Christine Yolz, 270 Linden St., Brooklyn.

COOK and laundress; must be first-class; sleep out; A1 references. Call Mrs. Simpson, 171 West 71st, Apt. 6E.

DESIGNER on robes and kimonas for largest kimona house in the city. W 259 Times.

DRESSMAKER WANTED, QUICK, COMPETENT. FULL KNOWLEDGE OF ENTIRE DRESS; REFERENCES; APPLY IN PERSON, WINIFRED, INC., 52 WEST 57TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

DRESSMAKER, thorough, stylish, to connect with exclusive establishment. Steele, 10 West 50th St.

DRESSMAKER wants alteration hand and helper; come prepared. 218 West 70th.

FILE CLERK.
Level-headed, experienced file clerk for position in a large downtown bank; must be capable of assuming responsibility; state age, education, experience and salary desired. C. R., 742 Times Downtown.

FITTER, experienced in high-class dressmaking establishment. Apply after 9 A. M., 17 East 57th.

GIRL to address circulars. Call 47 West 63d St., fourth floor.

GIRLS WANTED.
54 ROCHESTER AV., BROOKLYN.

GOVERNESS,
not over 35; proficient in French, piano, physical and mental training; country home; good pay. Apply Thursday, 10 to 12 A. M., Suit 1016, National Association Building, 25 West 43d St.

GOVERNESS, nursery, mother's helper, Summit, N. J., boy 7, girl 4. Apply 40 Wall St., Room 165. Telephone John 4707.

GOVERNESS wanted, child 3 years; good home. Apply B. Holman, 131 West 30th, between 12 and 1 or 5 and 6.

HOUSEKEEPER, for physician's small apartment; no laundry; references; steady. F 443 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, general, plain cooking; family of three, in suburban home; permanent home for good woman. Phone 2148 Laurelton.

LADIES to canvass silk hosiery; easy seller; big demand; liberal commission; beginners should earn $50 weekly. Room 801, 15 West 37th St.

LADIES to sell tickets for Hebrew charity Sunday performance; commission. Room 467, 47 West 42d.

MAID, experienced, to cook and serve meals in small private family; colored preferred; references required. Telephone Broad 6800, Extension 403.

MAID for general housework; no laundry; references. Winters, 1,200 Madison Av. Lenox 2632.

MODEL, experienced misses' suits, size 16; steady position; good salary. Apply H. Biegler & Co., 22 West 32d.

MODEL, size 36, experienced, for fur coats. Call Ben Kahn & Bro., 120 West 29th.

MODEL, size 16, for dresses. Litwin, Brilliant & Co., 25 West 32d.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODEL.
STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
require an experienced
MODEL
for
WOMEN'S CLOAK and SUITS.
Apply after 9 A. M., at
Superintendent's Office,
Sixth Floor.

MODEL.
BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV., AT 38TH ST.,
require the services of
a refined, stately
MODEL
for their special order dressmaking department. Young lady who is about 5 feet 8 inches tall and wears size 36 gowns desired.
Apply Superintendent,
6 East 38th St.

NURSE; take care two children, 3 years and 9 weeks; must have experience; not over 35 years. Call between 12 and 1, or 5 and 6, Mrs. H. Nelson, 1,417 Grand Concourse, Apt. 1A. Tel. 5326 Tremont, Ext. 77.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, English or French; capable of taking entire charge of children of 4 and 6 years old; neat, plain sewer; A1 references. Call Mrs. Simpson, 171 West 71st St., Apt. 6E.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young lady as office assistant, for general office work, in retail drug line; must be neat, quick and accurate; permanent position with chance for advancement; state salary and experience. W 285 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young lady, typist, over 18, to assist in office; experience desired, but not absolutely necessary. Call after noon, Stonebridge Manufacturing Co., 23 Warren St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, advancement. Box 19, 1626 St. James Bldg.

OPERATOR, experienced, wanted on ladies' silk underwear. Call 138 West 17th St. Dayan.

SALESLADIES (25), EXPERIENCED IN WOMEN'S WEARING APPAREL; GOOD PAY; STEADY. CALL READY FOR WORK, A. MORTON OPPENHEIM, 11 WEST 34TH ST.

SALESLADIES, experienced in selling hosiery, underwear, gloves, &c., to high-class trade; must come well recommended. Nat Lewis, 1,580 Broadway.

SALESLADY, experienced, knowledge of buying, for cloak and suit store, also bookkeeping. Box S., 1,058 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALES LADIES wanted. Goodyear Raincoat Co., 835 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY.
Experienced, neat and efficient at figures.
Apply Employment Office, 6th floor.
A. I. NAMM & SON,
FULTON ST., B'KLYN.

STENOGRAPHER
over 20 years of age; high school graduate preferred; an exceptional opportunity with a downtown company for a clean-cut young girl; hours 9-4:30, Saturday 9-1:30; beginning salary $18-$20; state age, education, experience. F. B., 655 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in insurance broker's office; reply should state qualifications, references, age and salary expected. F 420 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; office of manufacturing concern; Flatbush section Brooklyn. State experience and salary desired. D. B., 299 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in office of wholesale grocery house; state age, reference and experience; opportunity to advance; to start, $18. F 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; state age, experience, references and salary desired. Write W 287 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, with some experience, able to operate L. C. Smith machine. M. J. Waldinger, 48 West 47th St.

STENOGRAPHER, by French export firm; must be able to take dictation French and English. D 442 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, bank; $25; good future; state age and experience. W 840 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, legal; experienced, competent, reliable; $20 to start. Apply by letter only. Manager, Room 727, 225 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, thorough knowledge of Spanish; state full qualifications and salary desired. W 284 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist; experienced, state salary expected. H 548 Times.

TEACHER—Kindergarten in normal school; September; $2,000 up. D 466 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR with office experience. Apply 7:30-8 A. M., Friday. J. H. Michaels Co., 204 Front St., N. Y.

TYPIST and office assistant for general office work; hours, 9 to 5:30; salary, $15; must be good penman. Apply letter only, "Typist," Macniff Co., 54 Vesey St., city.

WAITRESS, apartment, family 4. Telephone Lenox 3060, Friday morning and evening.

WOMAN, middle aged, no family connections, to assist in general housework, &c., who is desirous of obtaining a good home and would be satisfied with small monthly allowance. Apply in writing, W 852 Times Downtown.

YOUNG, educated, personality, can earn $25 daily in commission selling our educational service; remuneration during training. 16 East 40th St.

WOMAN as superintendent in the Brooklyn Baptist Orphanage, one accustomed to managing children. Address E. T., 563 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

WOMAN, experienced cook, general houseworkers. Quarters, 20 Governors Island. Phone Broad 6800, Mrs. Winslow.

WOMAN, settled, assist with housework; no waiting; country; best reference. Jordan, care Eastman, 426 West 57th St., city.

WOMAN, 25 to 30 years, for office position; Christian house. Lida Seely, 38 West 52d St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted with best references for a select family hotel near New York. Address Box 35, Hicks Advertising Agency, 217 Broadway, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY, with some experience on power sewing machines, to make samples, to learn special machine operating; state age and previous experience; salary $12 to start; chance for advancement; steady work; lunch room, pleasant surroundings; not a factory. L 879 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY
WORK IN FILE ROOM LARGE INSURANCE CO.; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; SALARY $60 MONTHLY; HIGH-SCHOOL GRADUATE PREFERRED. WRITE V. V. V. 1111, ST. PAUL BUILDING.

YOUNG LADY in large mercantile concern to relieve switchboard operator and assist file clerk; steady position. Reply, stating age and salary expected, Box 753, 200 Cable Bldg.

YOUNG WOMAN, well educated and energetic; we are marketing an educational service of high character which has been approved widely; we have important work for an ambitious, capable woman; not office position. M 250 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN between 20 and 30, as nursing companion to a lady; education and refinement essential, both in character and appearance; income unnecessary. Telephone Rhinelander 6920.

YOUNG WOMAN for clerical work in large silk house. D 480 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, to do simple pen and ink work; good wages. W. 847 Times.

A busy stock broker requires the services of a stenographer of pleasing appearance, even temperament, of at least three years' experience, who is intelligent, accurate, very rapid and grammatical, whose transcription requires no examination, and who is familiar with the brokerage business; to such an individual an adequate salary will be awarded after one month's successful trial; hours from 9:30 to 5:30. Address M. C., Box 852 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

FITCH PERSONNEL SERVICE.
1,476 Broadway, at 42d. Bryant 8314.
Clerks, high school graduates familiar with mathematics, physics and computing, $22; stenographer and bookkeeper, $30; stenographer, $20-$30.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 NASSAU. BEEKMAN 3551.
POSITIONS TO BE FILLED TODAY: ONE SECRETARY, $30; 6 STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$25; FILE CLERKS, $90; OTHERS, $15-$16; TYPISTS.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, INC.,
115 BROADWAY.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 Nassau St.; Stenographers, $25-$30; dictaphone operator, brokerage, small office, $25.

STENOGRAPHERS, $23, $22, $20; advancement; Christian firms. Atlas Agency, 132 Nassau St.

NURSES, GOVERNESSES, for infants, children. Mrs. Egan, 136 East 60th. 9

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

J. H. EARLY,
220 W. 42d St.; Suite 1006.
STENOGRAPHER: (Executive Office) $110.
STENOGRAPHER: (Patent Exp.) $23
STENOGRAPHER: (Secy., executive) ..$25
STENOGRAPHER: (Good at figures) ..$25
COMPTOMETER OPER: (Little typing) $20
TYPIST: (Stencil Exp.).....$90-$100.
Many openings in vicinity Grand Central.
J. H. EARLY,
220 W. 42d St.; Suite 1006.

WARD-WILLIAMS EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
110 WEST 40TH ST. BRYANT 7378.
Two refined, intelligent stenographers for good organization, $25 weekly; Christian firm; age 21-25.
NEW POSITIONS COMING IN DAILY.

Instruction.

LEARN MORE MONEY.
Be a filing specialist; file clerks trained by us are first to get the good positions, because they bring their employers specialized knowledge of all up-to-date filing systems, indexing and cataloguing. That means increased office efficiency. You can enter a class now; in one month we'll prepare you and then place you in a position. Write for catalogue. Better still, come in and talk it over.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN — Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
THREE MONTHS' COURSE. Students entered on probation at any date.
35 West 42d St. Y. M. & W. Hebrew Building.

FILING COURSE, $15.
Girls, ladies, learn filing, typewriting, comptometer, switchboard. Capt. O'Brien, 112 East 23d.

INDEPENDENCE FOR EVERY WOMAN—Learn how Marinello Methods of Beauty Culture can raise your income. Call or write today. Marinello, 366 5th Av., 4th floor.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

HELP WANTED—Male

ACCOUNTANT wanted with knowledge of grain business and ability to manage large office staff. Z 2026 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, live wire, on trade journal; commission. W 822 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, commission, church and civic monthly publication of Brooklyn; excellent leads. Apply Brooklyn Forum Magazine, 379 Bridge St.

ASSISTANT BUYER.
STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
have vacancy for a capable
and experienced
ASSISTANT BUYER.
CHINA and GLASSWARE.
Apply after 9 A. M., at
Superintendent's Office,
Sixth Floor.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTOR—A man who thoroughly understands automobiles and possesses ability to teach others. D 505 Times.

BODY PAINTER
AND FINISHER
on high-class commercial bodies.
Apply to Garage Supt.,
LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT CO.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

BOOKKEEPER—Must be thoroughly competent to handle a complicated set of books, with a volume of detail; must be well recommended; film exchange experience preferred. Reply by letter only, stating age, experience and salary. Room 701, Park Row Building.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced man on accounts receivable ledgers; write stating age, experience and salary expected. M 792 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; young man, experienced, trial balances, automobile company; state experience, salary. P 230 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge or real estate business. Apply by mail only, Room 25, 9 Church St., N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER—Trial balance; over 35; printing; salary; references. F 631 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; splendid opportunity with large leather manufacturing concern. Box 20, 1626 St. James Bldg.

BOY.
Ambitious; plain, neat writer; accurate figurer; with horse sense; willing and dependable; $18; state age, education, &c., fully; manly American. B. L., 118 Times Downtown.

BOY, for office and showroom, must be graduate of public school, with earnest desire for advancement; make application in writing only, giving full details of your qualifications to Mr. Goldfarb, 9 East 22d.

BOY, 15-17, in office of large uptown mfg. concern; excellent opportunity; interested in bookkeeping; state particulars, including salary desired. A 1026 Times Harlem.

BUYER FOR
CONFECTIONERY AND
SODA DEPARTMENTS.
Unusual opportunity for a man of vision and sound progressive merchandising knowledge, thoroughly experienced, to buy for and manage the departments; write in fullest and freeest confidence, stating salary and giving complete details. Address Dept. W.,
BLOOMINGDALE BROS.,
59th Street and 3d Av.

CHIEF CLERK, 30-35, in office of wholesale grocery concern; must have business experience; state age, reference, experience and salary expected. F 629 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST—Chief assistant chemist required for soap and glycerine works laboratory at Toronto, Ontario; must have had previous experience in similar work; good salary for fully qualified man; junior assistant also required. Y 2454 Times Annex.

COUPLE—Man to [redacted] for lawn and small garden, woman first-class cook and housework; reference required from present employers; Long Island, 40 miles from city; modern 8-room house, two in family. E 991 Times Downtown.

COUPLE wanted, man for gardening, wife as chambermaid and waitress; Danish or Swedish preferred; must come well recommended. W 275 Times.

COUPLE wanted, white, for house in suburban town; near city; references required. Apply A. E. Eacret, 33 West 46th St., between 9 and 12.

CUSTOM CUTTER on men's clothes, ambitious to become a designer. Apply G. N. Vincent, 524 6th Av.

CUTTER AND DESIGNER
on silks and cotton petticoats; steady position. W. Freedman & Son., 1,315 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FIELD REPRESENTATIVE.
Wanted a $5,000 man to interview the Presidents, Treasurers and Comptrollers of large manufacturing and jobbing houses in New Jersey and New York in the interest of a national credit service organization. This position can only be filled by a man who has actually arrived as a salesman. Prefer to employ man on straight commission basis, but will give consideration to any fair proposition advanced by a man who seems qualified for position. Send complete statement of experience, age, nationality and previous earnings. Address Manager, P. O. Box 463, Newark, N. J.

FOREMAN, caskets, to take charge of trimming department; steady position to one who understands all branches of the work; references. Address Trimmer, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

GARDENER AND CHAUFFEUR.
MAN TO TAKE CARE GROUNDS OF SMALL PLACE (LESS THAN ONE ACRE) IN NORTHERN N

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines.)
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.... 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Help Wanted 50c
Real Estate, &c..... 55c
Lost and Found..... 35c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 40c
Country Board..... 40c
Mortgage Loans 45c
For Sale 45c
Automobile Exchange 45c
Agents Wanted 45c
Employment Agencies 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers. 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday; Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 2 P. M. Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

INQUIRE
concerning our speed classes in stenography, now getting under way; unusual opportunity to fit yourself to handle court reporting, &c. Phone for details. Drake Business Schools, Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau St., Tel. Beekman 2723. Special night classes for your convenience.

ACCOUNTANCY.
Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer or Office Manager? If so investigate the professional courses of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

WHAT IS YOUR FUTURE WORTH?
Our expert character analysts have helped others determine their life work. Fee for thorough vocational appraisal $15. Come in and ask about it. Booklet "K" free. Merton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.). Tel. Watkins 9795.

AUTOMOBILE Motion Picture Instruction—New, short, inexpensive, practical course showing workings, use and care of automobile. Complete, with lectures, $10. Get free pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Phone Columbus 7920.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

EARN $35-$100 weekly; learn photography, "movie," portrait, commercial, 3 months, day, night; instalments. Brunel, 1,269 Broadway.

MEN wanted to operate moving picture machines in theatres; we teach you days or evenings. American Theatre Building, 644 8th Av., 42d St. Bryant 1919.

AGENTS WANTED.

SEND for free booklet of letters from our agents who are building up a good business selling our goods by mail order or local trade; an order for five dollars, ($5), of goods, will start you in exclusive territory. R. H. Company, Agents Dept, 92, Ocean Park, Cal.

FOR SALE

GIVING UP HORSE SERVICE.

FINE PANEL BODY

DELIVERY WAGONS.

HEARN, 22 W. 13TH ST., N. Y.

LATHES, two, LeBlond, 36-inch x 42 feet, do-motor-drive, lead screw and boring rail; Lathes, 19, gun-boring, 26-inch x 38 feet, McMyler-Interstate, about 230 tons. Inspect these now at Lake Denmark, Dover, N. J.; no motors included. U. S. Navy will sell as is by sealed bid March 18, 2 P. M., at Board of Survey, Appraisal & Sale, 29th St. and 3d Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sunset 8100, Extension 53. Ask for Catalogue 345, U. S. Navy.

FOR SALE,
COUNTERS AND DRAWER SECTIONS. ALL FINISHED IN GENUINE MAHOGANY, OVER 150 FEET OF COUNTERS; WILL SELL FOR LESS THAN 10 PER CENT. OF THEIR VALUE. APPLY W. A. WINHAM, 372 5TH AV., NEW YORK CITY.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Furniture.

FACTORY FURNITURE SALE.
BIG "G" FURNITURE WORKS,
3D AV. AND 76TH ST., N. Y.
EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME
DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
Goods purchased now held for future delivery free of charge.
The thrifty housewife will reap the benefits not only of the changed conditions which have lowered prices, but also secures the reductions made for this month, together with the usual savings afforded by our CASH ONLY FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU method.
SAVINGS OF 25% TO 40%.
LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED
AT FULL FACE VALUE
AT TIME OF PURCHASE.
CATALOG NO. 47 ON REQUEST.
Showrooms Open Until 6:30 P. M.
Saturdays 10 P. M.
BIG "G" FURNITURE WORKS,
203-205 EAST 76TH ST., N. Y.
Just a Step East of 3d Av. "L" Station.
PHONE RHINELANDER 4360.

HANDSOMELY carved Circassian walnut bookcase, very long table, two smaller tables, chair, two paintings, suitable for club, large refrigerator, box couch, miscellaneous furniture. Seen mornings, 10:30 to 1; afternoons, 2:30 to 4; Friday and Saturday, Manhattan Storage Co., Lexington Av. and 42d St.

FULL EQUIPMENT office furniture, including mahogany roll top, flat and typewriter desks and chairs, partitions, safes, also steel filing cabinets, Sloane red rug, 17x20; dictaphone and typewriter; must dispose of immediately on account of death. Room 600, 7 West 45th St.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany: desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 462 Broadway.

REED AND WILLOW FURNITURE for all homes, direct from factory; largest selection, lowest prices, in single pieces or sets. LONG BEACH WILLOW CO., 136 East 41st.

ELEGANTLY furnished apartment for sale; linen, silver; two rooms pay rent. Wadsworth 5900. 580 West 161st St. Apt. 1S.

I PAY highest price contents apartment, pianos, Oriental rugs, linens; send postal. Parsent, 408 Audubon Av. Wadsworth 9336.

TAPESTRIES—17-18 century. Apartment 43, 215 West 100th.

Musical Instruments.

FAMILY must sacrifice beautiful high grade 1920 mahogany 88-note playerpiano, bought November last; guaranteed. 24 West 123d.

MASON & HAMLIN double A grand piano, slightly used, at half market price. 15 West 12th. Phone Chelsea 8753.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE.
In oak, mahogany and American walnut; desks, tables, chairs, filing devices, &c.
FOR THE MODERN BUSINESS OFFICE.
JACOB BARSKY, 1 BEAVER ST.
Phone Broad 3045.

MULTIGRAPH equipment, electric drive, printing, signature attachment; cost $1,200; sell $600; brand new; also Elliott electric addressograph. Green & Co., 28 Whitehall St.

COMPLETE MODERN OFFICE FURNISHINGS, including safe, at a sacrifice. W 274 Times.

60-INCH oak flat top desks, $55; other bargains accordingly. Lapedes, 38 Pearl St.

Typewriters.

UNDERWOOD or Remington, visible, $50; guaranteed perfect; rented, bought and repaired. Phone Stuyvesant 6004. Albright & Co., 825 Broadway.

Wanted to Purchase.

DRUG STORE fixtures and soda fountain; must be in first class condition; state size and price for both. Reply to Drugs, X 217 Times Downtown.

ONE or two of the best made pocket billiard tables, new or slightly used; will exchange new 1921 automobile or truck of popular make. Z 2012 Times Annex.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 129 University Place. Stuyvesant 3783.

FOR SALE—Mahogany Steinway baby grand; like new. Paul, 229 East 42d St. Call Friday and Saturday.

BURROUGHS adding machines and comptometers. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., N.Y.

HIGHEST prices paid for all merchandise. Broome, 302 6th Av. Longacre 4612.

FOR SALE.

Wanted to Purchase.

HIGHEST CASH prices paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

A PETITION UNDER THE PRESUMPTION of Life Limitation (Scotland) Act 1891, having been presented to the Lords of Council and Session at Edinburgh (First Division), Lord Ashmore Ordinary, Mr. Moir Clerk) by Mary Walker or Harper, 54 Dempster Street, Greenock, widow of William Harper, cabinetmaker, Greenock, and others, craving their Lordships to find that John Walker, Junior, only child of the deceased Peter Walker, railway fireman, who resided in Glasgow, has disappeared, that he was last known to be alive on 31st December, 1893, and that he must be presumed to have died on 31st December, 1902, being exactly seven years after the date on which he was last known to be alive. In said petition Lord Ashmore has pronounced the following interlocutor: "16th February, 1921. Lord Ashmore Act Patrick. The Lord Ordinary appoints the petition to be intimated on the walls and in the minute book in common form and to be advertised once a week for two successive weeks in each of the following newspapers, viz.: "New York Times," New York, and the "St. Louis Times," St. Louis, and allows all parties having interest to lodge answers thereto if so advised, by the 12th day of May, 1921.
JOHN WILSON.
Of all which notice is hereby given by T. M. Pole, Solicitor, 38 Constitution Street, Leith, Agent for Petitioners.

CREDITORS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST Morris Latzer, 62 Av. B, should make claim at premises; money being held for payment; store sold. Inquire immediately.

ISIDORE MERMELSTEIN SOLD HIS GROcery store, 90 Rivington St., to Wolf Arbelt and Max Kramer. Creditors should present their claims until March 15, 1921.

WARNING IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT W. H. Drew is not authorized to sell coupons for photographs to be taken at Kikuchi Studio, 437 5th Av.

WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted for by anyone besides myself. DAVID S. POLEINER.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Parker, Col. J. H., to Jefferson Barr.
Graham, Lt. Col. W. B., and Lane, Maj. A. W., to Ft. Leavenworth Gen. Svce. Schools, as student offrs. at Gen. Staff School, for year 1921-22.
Card, Capt. L. W., to Ore. Agri. Col. as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci.
Irish, 1st Lt. W. R., and Beatty, 1st Lt. G. S., report to Comdg. Gen., Camp Benning.
Martin, 1st Lt. H. F., retired.

Medical Corps.

Schmitter, Maj. F., to Ft. Houston.
Boyle, Capt. W. A., to Walter Reed Hosp., duty.
Moore, Capt. E. L., to Ft. Travis.
Merrick, 1st Lt. J. N., to Camp Travis.

Cavalry.

Schunk, Col. W. A., to 9th Corps Area, San Fran.
Connell, Lt. Col. W., to Gen. Staff Sch., Ft. Leavenworth.
Henry, Maj. R. O., to 6th, Ft. Oglethorpe.

Field Artillery.

Smith, Col. W., to 80th, Camp Meade.
Foy, Lt. Col. R. C., to Gen. Staff Sch., Ft. Leavenworth.

Miscellaneous.

Steeve, Maj. J. G., retired, to consult or superintend construction or repair of any aid to navigation in 16th Lighthouse Dist., relieving Col. J. B. Cavanaugh, Engrs.
Miller, Chaplain F. L., to Panama Canal Zone.
Schlandt, 1st Lt. F. P., C.A.C., to Camp Holabird.
Anshelm, 1st Lt. W., F. S., retired, relieved from further active duty.
Plummer, 1st Lt. H. F., C.W.S., report to the Adjt. Gen. of the Army, upon arrival in U. S.
Bloom, 2d Lt. G. B., A. S., to Carlstrom Field.

Leaves.

Greenleaf, Col. H. S., M.C., 2 mos.
Rees, Col. T. H., C. of E., 1 mo. ext.
Clark, Maj. J., Finance Dept., 1 mo.
Griffith, Capt. T. E., inf., 1 mo.
Greeley, Capt. M. N., Q.M.C., 10 days.
Quinn, Chaplain P. J., U.S.A., 20 days.
Matte, 1st Lt. P. J., cav., 1 mo.
Jessee, 1st Lt. W., inf., 2 mos.
Ancrum, 1st Lt. J. N., inf., 1 mo.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for inspector of elevators, Grade 1, will be received until 4 P. M., on March 16. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Experience, 4; technical, 5; city shop, 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. There are several vacancies in the Buildings Bureau at $1,464 each a year.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for dairy husbandman, male or female, age 21 to 50, for vacancies in the Dairy Division, Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty in Washington, D. C., and in the field, at entrance salaries ranging from $2,500 to $3,000 a year. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on: General education and scientific training, 40; practical experience and fitness for carrying on work, 40; thesis or publication, 20. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing in a course of dairy husbandry or animal husbandry, and in addition at least two years' successful, responsible experience in connection with dairy husbandry since leaving college, are prerequisites. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military and naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retiremnt with an annuity.

Coast Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—This Coast Guard order has been promulgated:

Yeandle, Lt. Comdr. S. S., detached office Capt. of Port., Philadelphia, and assigned headquarters.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—These Marine Corps orders have been issued:

Butler, Maj. H. M., to the United States.
Leonard, Maj. H., to resume retired status.
Evans, Maj. F. F., and St. Clair, 2d Lt. C. C., to 1st Brig., Haiti.
Riner, Maj. C. C., to 2d Brig., D. R.
Ingram, 1st Lt. C. A., to United States.
Llenhard, 1st Lt. J., to Mot. Trans. Trg. Sch., Camp Holabird.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Unusual facilities for the purchase and sale of used cars. Rate 65 cents a line.

APPERSON—Several brand new Apperson 8's, built for export; full factory guarantee; can be bought considerably below list. Wiesbader's Garage, 225 West 49th St.

BUICK 1919 tour, HUDSON late 1920 0-11. CHANDLER sport 1921. CHALMERS later 1919 tour.
KISSEL coupe, sedan, sport, speedster. STUDEBAKER sedan, late 1920. GRANT 1919.
FRANKLIN tour.; bargain. MAXWELL, make offer.
PIERCE landaulet sedan. STUTZ coupe. Fine PEERLESS coupe. OLDSMOBILE tour. MANY OTHERS AT GREAT REDUCTIONS. BOWMAN'S, B'way and 132d. Morn. 6600.

BUICK, 1918, 7 passenger; perfect condition; any demonstration. 152 West 90th. River 1773.

BUICK roadster, 1920; like new. 152 West 90th. River 1773.

BUICKS.
Flack Co., 236-240 West 54th St.

BUICK 1920 COUPE. MAKE OFFER. Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC,
1918 Limousine Brougham, thoroughly overhauled and new painted.
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch,
16 West 61st St.

CADILLAC "AMESBURY" TOURING TYPE "57"—VERY EXCEPTIONAL.
Handsomest car ever offered for sale; price positively right; condition most exceptional; inspection invited, 9 to 9 daily, Sunday 10 to 1. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1920 SEDAN
TYPE "59"—5-PASSENGER.
SCARCELY USED.
Cannot be told from a new car; substantial discount; can be seen and inspected from 9 to 9 daily, Sunday 10 to 1. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLACS.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, Broadway at 61st.

CADILLACS.
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CORP., USED CAR SALESROOM,
7 WEST 61ST ST., AT BROADWAY.
PHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC—Sedan, Model 55, convertible Springfield body, good as new, fully equipped; must be seen to be appreciated; $2,200. Bobker, 9th floor, 250 West 54th. Phone Circle 2907.

CADILLAC phaeton, 1919, in good condition. Now on sale with Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, Broadway at 61st St. Columbus 8900.

CADILLAC touring car, 1917, will be sacrificed to cash buyer. Packard Motor Car Co., of New York, Broadway at 61st St. Columbus 8900.

CADILLAC 1915, 8-cylinder touring, in good running condition. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av., at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

CADILLAC, sedans, coupes, limousines, landaulets, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920 models, at special bargain prices. Call, make offer Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC touring, 1920; splendid condition; a genuine bargain. 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1919 sedan; exceptional car and value. Stark, 2,010 Broadway. Columbus 4086.

CADILLAC, late 1919 Amesbury Sedan; almost new; two extra shoes; for cash. Richard W. Lehne, 26 East 45th St.

CADILLACS, 1921, sport sedan, custom built body; mileage only 1,500; $4,500. 397 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 909.

CADILLAC Amesbury sedan, type 59 present series; condition like new. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3672.

CADILLAC 4-pass., delivered April, 1920; 4 new tires; car equal to new. Packard Auto Ex., 140 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC 1919 TOURING.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC 1920 (59) LIMOUSINE.
R. UNDERHILL, 2800 MURRAY HILL.

CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SEDAN.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC 1919 touring; condition exceptional. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

CHANDLER touring, 1920, 7 passenger; run 4,500 miles; reasonable. 152 West 90th. River 1773.

CHANDLER 1920, 4-passenger, dispatch model, excellent condition, $1,300. Phone Prospect 909.

COLE Aero Eight Sedan; run only 1,200 miles; large discount. Cole Motor Co. of N. Y., Inc., 1,804 Broadway, at 59th St. Tel. Circle 0510.

CRANE Simplex touring Sedan; latest model. Wallace, Circle 1438.

DANIELS 1920 speedster, submarine type; will show speed of 90 miles per hour; special built show job; classiest car in New York; big bargain. 21 West 62d St.

DANIELS, 1920, 4-passenger coupe; cost $6,500; run less than 3,000 miles; reasonable offer accepted. Residence, 137 Lenox Road, near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

DANIELS 8, late 1919, 6-passenger touring, like new; run 5,000 miles; highest bidder. Call Union 9345.

DANIELS 1920 4-passenger; practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

DE DION-BOUTON 1915; beautiful 7-passenger limousine; fully equipped. Newton 0344J.

DODGE roadster 1917, perfect condition; $575. 1502 West 90th. River 1773.

ESSEX Touring car with new Winter top; overhauled; revarnished; $1,150. 236 West 59th.

ESSEX roadster, 1920; almost new; many extras. 152 West 90th. River 1773.

FIAT 1921 BABY TYPE TOURING.
157 W. 56TH ST. CIRCLE 5308.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments; Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments. Ford Authorized Dealer. Melrose 8081.20

FRANKLIN SEDAN,
five-passenger, in most exceptional condition; has been reconditioned mechanically and refinished like a new car; wire wheel equipment. Can be seen 9 to 9 daily, Sunday 10 to 1. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

FRANKLIN for sale; practically new; 4-passenger; run 1,500 miles; full standard equipment, including wire wheels; bought in December; personally and carefully used; in A1 condition; exceptional value at $2,750. Address J. F. Donahue, 53 4th Av., New York City.

HUDSON Super-Six limousine, late model; overhauled and refinished; exceptionally fine; specially priced at this time, $4,200. Hudson Motor Car Co., 325 West 56th St. Used Car Dept.

HUDSON Super Six Tourings, Limousines, Limousine Landaus and Town car; overhauled and refinished. Hudson Motor Car Co., Used Car Dept., 325 West 56th.

HUDSON Super Six, 4-pass., speedster, model M, overhauled; repainted; $1,400. Used Car Dept., Hudson Motor Car Co., 325 West 56th.

HUDSON Super Six Touring; model J; overhauled; refinished; exceptionally fine; $1,100. Hudson Car Co., Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th.

HUDSON, 1918, Sport model, $1,300; six wire wheels and tires. Silverstein, 4648 Columbus.

HUDSON, 1920 limousine, practically new; slip covers, many extras; can be bought reasonably. Wiesbader's Garage, 225 W. 49.

HUDSON speedster, latest model, fully guaranteed. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

HUDSON 1920 coupe; slightly used; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

KING sedan, 7 passenger 1918; good cord tires; sacrifice $950; no dealers. Levy Bros. China Co., 39 Ainslee St., Brooklyn.

LOCOMOBILE.
Current Model.
Has been used for demonstrating purposes.
Run approximately 3,500 miles.
Guaranteed by us.
Big saving in price.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch,
16 West 61st St.

LOCOMOBILE,
1918, 48 H. P. Limousine.
Equal to new.
Will be sold with
new car guarantee.
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch,
16 West 61st St.

LOCOMOBILE,
1919, 48 H. P.,
Healley sport touring.
Rebuilt and newly painted.
Guaranteed by us.
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch,
16 West 61st St.

OLDSMOBILE 1920, 8-cylinder; run less than 4,500 miles; looks and runs like new. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av., at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

LOCOMOBILE 1920 4-passenger sport; like new. Stark, 2,010 Broadway. Columbus 4086.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, sacrifice to quick buyer. Silverstein, Columbus 4648.

LOCOMOBILE 1919 "48" four-passenger sport. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

McFARLAN 1920 4-passenger; Fisk wheels; good condition. Phone 999W Bergen.

MARMON 1920 7-pass. sedan; practically new. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MAIBOHM sedan 1920, six cylinder, five passenger; like new; $950. Morningside 6943.

MERCER 1919 SPEEDSTER.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

MERCER 1920 4-passenger; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MITCHELL, 1920, $900; like new; many extras. Silverstein, 4648 Columbus.

MITCHELL Coupe, 1917; $375; demonstration. 236 West 59th.

MURRAY touring car, 7-passenger, late model; excellent condition; make offer. Lozier Motor Co., 601 West 47th. Phone 1170 Longacre.

NASH 6-cylinder, 5-passenger; like new; bargain. $950. 205 West 128th.

OVERLAND 1919 TOURING, $275.
Balance $275, 6 instalments, purchases attractive model 90, special paint, Rolls-Royce blue, custom made top, guaranteed 6 months. 490 East 163d. Melrose 6765.

OLDSMOBILE 1920 6-cylinder touring; run very little; genuine bargain. Guaranteed by Oldsmobile Company, 905 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

OLDSMOBILE 1920 6-cylinder, 4-passenger coupe; condition guaranteed. Oldsmobile Company, 905 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, near Washington Av.

OLDSMOBILE—7-passenger, 8-cylinder, 1920 model, good condition; sell at sacrifice. Call Murray Hill 7740.

OLDSMOBILE, 1920, 6-cylinder sedan, guaranteed; rare bargain. Oldsmobile Co., 905 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, near Washington Av.

OLDSMOBILE 1919 touring, $550; like new; many extras. Silverstein, 4648 Columbus.

PACKARD
1920, 3, 35,
7-passenger touring.
Car equal to new.
Has been run 2,000 miles.
Sold at a sacrifice.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch,
16 West 61st St.

PACKARD Twin Six touring car, in good condition, at reasonable price. Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, Broadway at 61st St. Columbus 8900.

PACKARD 1920 7-passenger; new condition; very low mileage; cost about $6,500; price, $3,500; terms to right party. Z 2011 Times Annex.

PACKARD 1920 Judkins sedan with partition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PACKARD twin six landaulet, like new; fully equipped; by appointment. Morningside 6894.

PACKARD, 1919, touring, unusual condition throughout; mileage 8,479; $2,650. Ryan, 2,294 Broadway.

PACKARD 3-35 touring; guaranteed perfect; fully equipped; must be seen to be appreciated. Oberwerger, Circle 618.

PACKARD twin six touring car. Westinghouse shock absorber; $750. Phone Main 422.

PACKARD coupe 1920 custom; privately owned; exceptional. Murray Hill 1617.

PACKARD CABRIOLET, NEVER USED. Privately owned; exceptional. Mur. Hill 1617.

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Selling used cars with us is incidental to the sale of new Pierce Arrows and not for profit. But we have a real interest in every car sold, for we haven't discovered any better way to secure new customers than by giving efficient service to those we have.

It will be a pleasure to tell you about the Dual Valve and Series Four models, available now.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors in New Jersey for Fourteen Years.

PIERCE-ARROWS.
1920 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. limousine.
1919 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. Fr. suburban.
1919 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. Fr. brougham.
1920 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. Fr. brougham.
1919 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. touring.
1919 D. V. 48 H. P. 7-pass. touring.
1919 D. V. 38 H. P. 7-pass. touring.
1918 B. 4-48 H. P. 7-pass. sub. limousine.
1917 B. 4-48 H. P. 7-pass. landaulet.
1916 B. 4-48 H. P. 7-pass. touring.
USED CAR DEPARTMENT.
HARROLDS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
253 West 54th St. Circle 1800.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 landaulet; late model; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW,
1918, 48 H. P.,
7-passenger touring.
Rebuilt and newly painted.
Equipped with cord tires.
Two Spares.
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
HARE'S MOTORS, INC.,
Locomobile Branch.
16 West 61st St.

PIERCE-ARROW Berlin limousine car; Pierce-Arrow B4 limousine car; bargains. P 231 Times.

REO touring, six cylinder, seven passenger, like new; equipped; $950. Morningside 6045.

STANDARD 1920 suburban sedan, used 4 months. Stark, 2,010 Broadway. Columbus 4986.

STEARNS 1920 COUPE.
STEARNS 1920 TOURING.
STEARNS 1918 SEDAN.
STEARNS 1918 TOURING.
STEARNS 1917 Chum. Roadster.
STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1918 TOWN CAR.
OLDSMOBILE 1920 COUPE.
CHANDLER 1920 4-pass., enclosed.
OVERLAND 1920 COUPE.
All cars reconditioned; price right.
STEARNS CO., 415 W. 55th. Columbus 7603.

STUDEBAKER—Economical family car, 6 cylinder, 5 passenger, with two auxiliary seats; reconditioned; like new; repainted; sold with Standard Studebaker Factory Warranty. Studebaker Corp., Bedford Av., at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 BIG 6, TOURING.
SCARCELY USED.
Very exceptional in every way; car is almost new; substantial discount; can be seen from 9 to 9 daily, Sunday 10 to 1. BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

STUDEBAKER, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger Landau roadster; just the car for young doctor; very low price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av., at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUTZ.
STUTZ 1914-17-18-20 roadsters.
STUTZ 1919-20 bear cats, sport models.
STUTZ 1917-18-19-20, 4-6 pass. touring.
STUTZ 4-passenger sedan; bargain, $1,800. All cars mechanically perfect and newly painted.
STUTZ 1920, new 6-pass. body, complete.
WILLIAM PARKINSON
MOTOR SALES CO., INC.,
5,706 Broadway. Circle 5376.

STUTZ USED CAR DEPT.,
622 West 57th. Circle 5370.

STUTZ AND H. C. S.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, Broadway at 61st.

STUTZ speedster, 1920; sporty appearance; splendid motor; bargain. 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STUTZ BEARCAT SPEEDSTER, 1920—Like new; sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Woodward.

STUTZ 1920 four and six passenger, fully guaranteed. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

TAXI—Renault, $300. Silverstein, Columbus 4648.

WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING 1919; PERFECT THROUGHOUT. CATHEDRAL 3100.

WINTON limousine, late model; excellent condition; make offer. Lozier Motor Co., 601 West 47th. Phone 1170 Longacre.

EXTREME REDUCTION SALE.
WONDERFUL VALUES.
1920 Buick roadster.
1919 Ford sedan.
1920 Chevrolet touring.
1919 Essex touring.
1920 Chevrolet sedan.
1920 Oldsmobile roadster.
1920 Dort touring.
1919 Chalmers touring.
1920 Elcar touring.
1919 Apperson roadster.
Many others.
STUDEBAKER REBUILT CAR DEPT., 1,700 Broadway. Cor. 54th St.

GUARANTEED USED CARS.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger touring; repainted. HUDSON 1920 7-passenger; cord tires, slightly used.
NATIONAL 1918 4-passenger Highway Six.
MERCER 1918 4-passenger sport touring.
STUTZ 1918 4-passenger club roadster.
STUTZ 1918 roadster; overhauled and repainted.
SMITH, 154 West 124th. Morningside 0176.

PRIVATE OWNER
offers for sale Cadillac limousine, Model 57, New Haven body, excellent condition. Thomas J. O'Reilly, 51 Chambers St. Worth 2828.

Unused Cars.

HUDSON Super Six Touring Limousines, Limousines, Landaus and Town Car; overhauled and refinished. Hudson Motor Car Co., Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th.

CHEVROLET 1921 touring, model 490; $650. Bendaya Auto Sales, 786 7th Av.

Motor Trucks.

FOR SALE—1-5-2 Packard dump truck; 3-5-2 Packard flat body trucks. H. F. Cherigo & Sons, 904 Eastern Av., Baltimore, Md.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, from private owner, Pierce-Arrow 4-passenger touring, 1916 or 1917, 38 H. P.; must be in good condition; mention lowest price. L. M., 43 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW OR PACKARD, 2 OR 4 PASSENGER, PREFERABLY ENCLOSED BODY; SPOT CASH. W 207 TIMES.

WANTED—Pierce, Packard, Cadillac or Simplex, 1919, 1920, in perfect condition; no dealers. Phone Circle 1808.

BUICK, late model touring, wanted; state lowest price cash. J. M., 46 Times.

STUTZ wanted, late type; state lowest cash price. W. O., 80 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2809. First-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

THOMPSON'S Auto Renting Service—Pierce-Arrow, Cadillac; special rates on all work. 108 West 54th St. Circle 2309.

CADILLAC, beautiful limousine, by hour, day, week; very reasonable. Phone Schuyler 5848.

Garages.

$30 DOWN, $15 A MONTH.
Own your own fireproof garage, $240 up; immediate construction; only 14 monthly payments. Iron Clad Garage Co., Room 610, 1,482 Broadway. Bryant 1581.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $66, with driving, $90; weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue 1. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1900.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Weather Bureau issued flood warnings Thursday for the Ohio River from and below Louisville, Ky., to Shawneestown, Ill., and for the lower Connecticut River.

Within the last twenty-four hours there were light local snows along the north border from Lake Superior westward to Montana, and during Wednesday night there were local rains in the Atlantic States.

The temperature was considerably lower Thursday in the Atlantic States, and decidedly lower in the Far Northwest. The weather became much warmer Thursday in the region of the Great Lakes, the great Central Valleys and the Southwest.

In the Atlantic States the weather will be fair and warmer on Friday and becoming unsettled, with moderate temperature on Saturday. In the East Gulf States, Tennessee and the lower Ohio Valley the weather will become overcast and warmer Friday, followed by showers and lower temperature Saturday. In the upper Ohio Valley and the lower lake region the weather will be fair and warmer Friday and unsettled Saturday. In the upper lake region the weather will be unsettled, with probably local rains and snows Friday and Saturday and colder weather Saturday.

FORECAST TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Friday. Saturday cloudy and unsettled, not much change in temperature.

Southern New England—Fair Friday. Saturday cloudy, moderate temperature.

Eastern New York—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday cloudy, becoming unsettled.

New Jersey—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday cloudy and unsettled.

Western New York—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday cloudy and unsettled.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 7:45 P. M., taken from the thermometer on the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, was as follows:

	1921.	1920.		1921.	1920.
3 A. M.	40	34	4 P. M.	50	50
6 A. M.	33	35	7 P. M.	49	51
9 A. M.	37	39	9 P. M.	45	50
12 M.	43	48	11 P. M.	43	49

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48; for the corresponding date last year it was 45; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 36.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 37; at 8 P. M. it was 47. Maximum temperature, 51 degrees at 5:15 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 58 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.20 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.39 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
6:45	31 Malden Lane; Curtis Co.	Not given
7:20	451 Greene St.; David Friedman	Slight
9:05	139 E. 46 St.; B. Cotter	Not given
10:00	420 E. 13 St.; Runfolo Shoe Store	Not given
11:20	240 W. 111 St.; J. W. Farring-ton	Not given
P. M.		
1:15	530-532 E. 134 St.; Sarah Werner	Not given
1:20	298 6 Av.; F. Stuhlman	Not given
5:00	828 6 Av.; F. Stuhlman

Reinforced concrete building for A. L. Reed Co., Richmond Hill, N. Y.

We specialize on medium-size industrial buildings. That is why we build good buildings at such low cost.

Do you want "Speed with Economy" on a new factory or warehouse?

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Industrial Construction
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Our contact with the problems of Financing, Operating and Selling often enables us to indicate the means of great savings, or replace departments costly to single companies by the economies of a service maintained on a large scale basis.

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Founded 1883
332 So. Michigan Ave. - CHICAGO
Operating 36 bituminous mines in 11 fields with annual capacity of 18,000,000 tons

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Our pipes are made of the finest imported, well-seasoned BRIAR-ROOT. We use NEITHER PAINT NOR VARNISH, leaving pores open to absorb moisture. They color like meerschaums. Absolutely NO BREAKING IN. Each pipe perfect and guaranteed.

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Investment Securities.

A long list of bonds and stocks not listed elsewhere is advertised in the Open Security Market of The Annalist. Names of brokers given and bid and offered prices. The Annalist, published every Monday by The New York Times Company, 10 cents at news stands; $5 a year by mail.

TAKES POLICE CASES AWAY FROM CRAIN

Whitman Obtains Transfer of Trials From General Sessions to Supreme Court.

OBJECTS TO EARLY TRIALS

Gets Police Records by Subpoena to Enright After Clerk Refuses to Produce Them.

The cases of Chief Inspector William J. Lahey and ten other members of the Police Department indicted for taking illegal fees were transferred from General Sessions to the Supreme Court yesterday by Supreme Justice Vernon M. Davis on application of ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman.

This action of Mr. Whitman followed upon the order of Judge Thomas C. T. Crain in General Sessions granting to counsel for several of the defendants the privilege of inspecting the Grand Jury minutes unless the prosecution agreed within three days to begin trying the cases on April 1 and to try them thereafter in order without attempting to cause delay. Mr. Whitman had previously asked delay in several of the cases on the ground that early trials would force him to a premature disclosure of matters under investigation. In his argument before the court Mr. Whitman alleged that the graft which he had found in the Police Department was colossal.

Whether the transfer of the cases will prevent the defendants from inspecting the Grand Jury minutes is a question. Judge Crain said yesterday:

"I granted the inspection of the minutes to the defendants conditioned upon the failure of the District Attorney to sign the stipulation. There is a grave question of law as to whether or not the transfer prevents the inspection of the minutes."

Another question of law which was raised was whether the transference of cases from the Court of General Sessions to the Supreme Court was legal, without the concurrence of the Court of General Sessions.

Mr. Whitman yesterday sent Emil Kling, a process server, to Police Headquarters to obtain the police records relating to all pensions for the last two years and to the raising and distributing of money in connection with the annual police games of the last few years. These records were refused by E. J. Healy Jr., a bookkeeper, on the ground that it was against the police rules to remove them from the building. Healy was summoned before Judge Crain in General Sessions, where the Grand Jury appeared. After talking with the bookkeeper, Mr. Whitman said:

"Healy informs me, your Honor, he was acting on the advice of the Corporation Counsel, who gives it as his opinion that these records should not be produced and should not be removed from headquarters. The witness is acting under instructions from the Police Commissioner. The Corporation Counsel contends that the subpoena does not sufficiently identify the records wanted, but Healy has indicated that he could probably identify the records wanted from the subpoena."

Judge Crain instructed Mr. Whitman to withdraw the subpoena against the bookkeeper and address a new one to the Police Commissioner calling for the records.

"For your information," Judge Crain said to Healy, "a Grand Jury subpoena supersedes any rule of the Police Department or of any other city department."

The books were produced promptly after the second subpoena had been issued.

The Grand Jury held a long session yesterday, hearing testimony relating to new police cases, but returned no further indictments.

WOMAN CONVICTS A ROBBER.

But "I Can't Say I'm Overjoyed," Says Miss Rothenberg, Prosecutor.

Miss Rose Rothenberg, the first woman Assistant District Attorney to prosecute a case in the criminal courts in this State, heard a jury announce a verdict of guilty yesterday in Judge Koenig's part of General Sessions against Eugene Bell, a negro, who said he was a "theatrical manager" of 2,110 Madison Avenue. He was convicted of grand larceny in the second degree for holding up and robbing Harry Butler, a salesman, of $112, in a saloon at 2,192 Fifth Avenue on Dec. 10.

"I can't say I am overjoyed in seeing him convicted," commented Miss Rothenberg. "But I am glad I beat Mr. Feldman."

Samuel Feldman was assigned by the court to defend the negro.

Miss Rothenberg told the jury it was not a personal matter with her whether the defendant was convicted or not. "You gentlemen must be the judges of the facts presented here," she said. "We ask you on behalf of the people to do your sworn duty."

The jury reached a verdict after two and a half hours. Bell, who is liable to imprisonment of from two to five years, was remanded for sentence.

HETTRICK CLERK ON STAND.

Not an Estimator, but He Handled $40,000,000 in Plumbers' Bids.

John Aisenbrey, former clerk for John T. Hettrick, testifying yesterday before Supreme Court Justice McAvoy and a jury in the case of Hettrick and six others, said that he handled bids for work aggregating $10,000,000 for plumbing while in Hettrick's employ. The defendants were indicted on a charge of violating the Donnelly Anti-Trust act.

Aisenbrey identified colored cards on which the bids were sent into Hettrick's office and said that although he applied a rubber stamp marked "Found correct," he had no expert knowledge of estimating.

On cross-examination by Charles H. Hyde of counsel for the defense the witness said he telephoned bidders at various times saying figures submitted by them were incorrect, but declared he had never induced any of them to raise their bids. The trial will continue at 10 o'clock this morning.

FLIP COIN IN DIVORCE SUIT.

Husband's Attorney Wins Right to File Papers in Court First.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The flip of a coin in the Civil District Court today decided that Ernest A. Allegeyer, son of a prominent Louisiana cotton man, should be allowed to file his petition for divorce before that of his wife.

Lawyers representing Mr. Allegeyer and Mrs. Allegeyer raced for the office of the Clerk of the Court and got there together. Clerk John O'Neil was puzzled, so was Judge Fred B. King. Both attorneys claimed to be first. Witnesses declared it a tie.

Selecting a 5-cent piece, the Judge flipped it into the air, covered it with his hand and asked the attorneys to chose heads or tails. The husband's attorney won, and his suit was filed first.

BUILDING DEALERS CHALLENGE THE LAW

Demurrer to Indictment Under Donnelly Act Offered by 84 Defendants.

DECISION IN CASE DELAYED

Court Grants a Week to Attorneys to File Brief on Constitutionality of Law.

Counsel for fifty-six individuals and twenty-nine corporations, members of the Association of Dealers in Building Materials and the Builders' Supply Bureau, argued yesterday before Supreme Court Justice McAvoy on demurrers to the indictment charging the defendants with violating the Donnelly Anti-Trust law. One of the defendants is John A. McCarthy, former business partner of Charles F. Murphy.

Following the argument, Special Deputy Attorney General William A. De Ford declared that if the defendants won in their challenge of the constitutionality of the Donnelly law the result would be that all prohibitions of monopolies in this State would be wiped out and there would be no law to prevent combinations in any commodities.

Because he was not prepared offhand to attack the allegations of unconstitutionality raised by Martin Conboy of counsel for a group of the defendants, Mr. De Ford suggested that the Court give him time to exchange briefs with Mr. Conboy. The Court gave Mr. Conboy until Monday to serve Mr. De Ford with a brief and Mr. De Ford has until the following Friday to make his answer. The Court will decide on the arguments contained in the briefs.

Mr. Conboy, George Z. Medalie, Don Carlos Buell and several other attorneys appeared in court on the matter. At the request of Mr. De Ford indictments against Alonzo Rose, James A. Heaney and William J. Peck were dismissed. Rose and Heaney are dead and an affidavit was filed on behalf of Peck stating that he was not a member of the firm bearing his name during the statutory period of two years prior to the commission of the alleged crime.

Argument yesterday was along the lines of four motions. Mr. Conboy, acting in the main as spokesman for all of the defendants, first argued on a demurrer to the indictment, then on a motion to inspect the Grand Jury minutes, application for a return of certain records to the two organizations, and last, on his application to set aside the indictments against the corporations on the ground that the Attorney General did not have the right to appear before the Grand Jury in the cases.

Mr. Conboy's chief contention as to the unconstitutionality of the law was based on the fact that farmers, dairymen and others were exempted, which he said was discriminatory class legislation and therefore unconstitutional.

SAYS NOW IS TIME FOR HOME BUILDING

S. W. Straus Declares Patriotic Americans Should Finance the Erection of Dwellings.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 10.—S. W. Straus, New York banker and head of the real estate mortgage bond house of S. W. Straus & Co. in Chicago, declared today that the existing building crisis challenged the patriotic spirit of all Americans. Intensive building, not only in Chicago but throughout the United States, was essential, he said, not only for a revival of business, but for the securing of industrial peace and the alleviation of the unrest in America.

Practically all the money needed for the construction of flat buildings to cst $200,000 and upward was promised Chicago builders by Mr. Straus at 6 per cent. and an underwriting charge that would cover the expense of distribution without profit. At the same time he made the suggestion that other Chicago banks and banking houses join in the movement of cutting out the big commissions now charged in connection with high rates of interest.

"If you have the money build, and if you have not enough to build your own home help in the construction of apartment buildings by lending your money to finance such propositions," is the way in which Mr. Straus summed up the situation.

"If you control an organization or investment house engaged in lending money for the erection of buildings," Mr. Straus said to bankers, "it is clearly your duty and that of your institution to lend without profit until the housing shortage is alleviated. If you are a savings bank depositor or an investor, the most patriotic deed you can perform today is the investment of your savings, either directly or indirectly, in the building of homes or in safe security issued for the purpose of erecting flats and apartments.

"The home shortage has become a vital factor of patriotism for individuals and particularly for the institutions which finance building. If you or your company bought Liberty bonds during the war, the same spirit of patriotism should compel you to do your part toward meeting the country's urgent need, which is homes.

"The housing shortage is a fundamental cause of the unrest which prevails throughout the country, of bolshevist tendencies, of unreasonable strikes, of disorders.

"The country has weathered the crisis, proving its stability. This should give increased confidence and stimulate immediate activity in building. The cost of building has receded from 20 to 25 per cent. below the peak of 1920, and further appreciable reductions are very unlikely. On the contrary, when a keen demand for materials develops a stiffening of prices may be expected. Labor is plentiful today, and when building begins in earnest the labor slack will be taken up.

"This, therefore, is the best time for building that we are likely to see in years, not only because of the demand for houses but because of the profit and economy of building now."

ONE MORE CHICAGO MURDER

Third Victim in Three Days Found in Nineteenth Ward.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Another murder, the third in three days in the Nineteenth Ward, which was the scene of several bombings during the recent aldermanic election campaign, was revealed today when three men on their way to work found the body of a man under an elevated line track.

Documents in the man's clothing indicated that his name was W. Willenstein and that at one time he had lived in Toledo, Ohio.

His face had been badly mutilated, apparently with a club, and two bullets had penetrated his body. A gold watch and chain on the body indicated that robbery was not the motive of the slaying, the police said.

With a heavy force of police already patrolling the district as a result of two lieutenants of Alderman Powers being shot to death on Tuesday, the discovery of the body this morning caused additional details to be sent to the quarter, with orders to "shoot when in doubt and ask questions afterward."

Police protection was sought today by Anthony d'Andrea, Powers's political opponent at the aldermanic elections, who said he had received death threats over the telephone. Two written warnings and a score or more telephoned threats have been received in the last few days by political leaders in the district, police declared.

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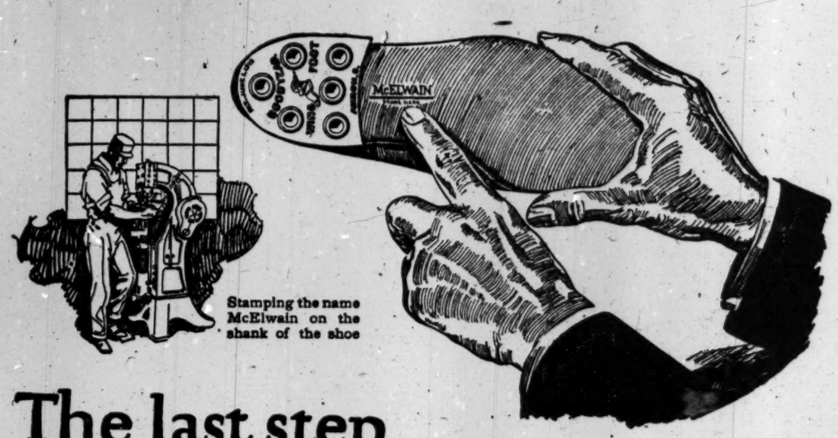

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